The Times

LOS ANGELES

XIXTH YEAR. FOUR PARTS AND WEEKLY MAGAZINE SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1900. FIVE CENTS

I
1—8

THEATERS—
For Theatrical Announcements See Page 1, Part IV.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—
Open Sundays from 1:00 Till 6:00 p.m.

THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE WEST OF

OSTRICH FEATHER BOAS,
OSTRICH FEATHER FANS,
PLUMES AND TIPS.

You can save from 25 to 35 per cent. by buying your feathers direct from the producers.

COMPLETE CATALOGUE MAILED ON RECEIPT OF 2-CENT STAMP.

METROPOLITAN JUBILEE SINGERS—
The Famous Colored Singers in plantation melodies and popular songs at Y. M. C. A. Hall, 209 South Broadway, Monday and Tuesday evenings, October 1 and 2. 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents.

BLANCHARD HALL—Can be engaged for concerts, recitals, receptions, dances and general public purposes. Blanchard Building Music and Art Studio.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

TIME TABLE—

TRAINS LEAVE LOS ANGELES.	
a 8:20 am	Santa Fe Route
b 9:10 am	Redondo Ry
9:30 am	Santa Fe Route
1:30 pm	Redondo Ry
a 1:30 pm	Santa Fe Route
3:00 pm	Redondo Ry
5:04 pm	Santa Fe Route
b11:30 pm	Redondo Ry

Returning trains leave the Beach 7:05 a.m., 8:50 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:15 p.m., 6:30 p.m., 10:34 p.m., 12:00 p.m.

a Saturday only
b Sunday only

Redondo Beach..

Fine Fishing from the two long wharves, surf and plunge bathing. Ten-ride Tickets $1.50

Good for yourself and friends. Tickets interchangeable.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND—
Three and one-half hours from Los Angeles.

Holds the World's Rod and Reel Fishing Record.

A glimpse through the glass bottom boat and 10 fathoms of Catalina's crystal waters will reveal an ocean of living wonders. The great stage ride and golf links. Glass tank exhibition of living fish and animals. Hotel Metropole always open. Daily steamer service except Fridays from San Pedro wharves connecting with Southern Pacific and Terminal trains, leaving Los Angeles at 9:05 and 8:00 a. m. respectively. Fare round trip $2.75; Excursion round trip $2.00. Sunday excursions allow 2½ hours on the island; other days about 30 minutes.
Telephone Main 36. BANNING CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

GRAND BAND CONCERT—
Terminal Island, Sunday, Sept. 30

This favorite resort will continue Sunday Concerts during October and will keep open Bath House and Hotels all Winter. Fishing from the wharves continues good. No better place for Sailing and Sea Bathing.

TERMINAL TRAINS Leave 8:50 a.m., 10:25 a.m., 1:35 p.m. Return leave beaches 4 p.m., 6:35 p.m. and 9:30 p.m. New Time Card goes into effect October 1st.
Phone 960 and 656 for information.

SCENIC MOUNT LOWE

MT. LOWE RAILWAY—
"Grandest Scenic Trip on Earth."
Sunday Excursion.
ROUND TRIP $1.75 "Lowest Rate Ever Made."
First-class accommodations at Ye Alpine Tavern. Rates: $2.50 per day and $12.50 per week.
Passenger and Ticket office, 250 S. Spring Street (Bullnos Block.) Telephone Main 969.

$5.35 TO SAN FRANCISCO—INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS—MERCHANTS' INDEPENDENT LINE
Sailing Monday P.M. Office 222 South Spring St. Tel. Main 36. C. J. LEHMAN, Agent.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

CARBONS—Every picture a work of art. *16—Medals—16.* Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world. Studio 220½ S. Spring, up Stairway. *Steckel*

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS' RALLY—
ELKS' HALL EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.
HUGH AND HARRIMAN. WILSHIRE for Congress.
HURRAH FOR SOCIALISM!

FOR CONGRESS—H GAYLORD WILSHIRE, Social Democrat.
"Let the Nation Own the Trusts."

PIONEER HOUSE FACTORY—J. G. Cunningham, Prop., 220 S. Main St., Tel. Main 819. Upholstering and dealer in Trunks, Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Leather Goods.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.

ARLINGTON HOTEL—
Santa Barbara,
With an addition of forty bathrooms and new passenger elevator makes the most comfortable resort hotel in the State. Roses, flowers and sunshine always. Games bathing every day. Perpetual May climate.

NATICK HOUSE—Cor. First and Main Sts., Hart Bros., props. "The Popular Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished, everything strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan, $1.25 to $3.00, latter includes suites with private baths. European plan, 50 cents up.

BELMONT TERRACE HOTEL—Copper Sixth and Figueroa Sts., Gen. W. Lynch & Co., Props. Rates, $1.00 per day; first-class Family Hotel. Fine cuisine, newly furnished, sunny rooms. Rates $5.00 and up. Large playgrounds for children. An ideal, picturesque California Hotel. Special terms by the week.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL—J. G. Yates, Prop., 726 Westlake Ave. A select family hotel in the residence portion, one block from Westlake Park. Newly furnished. Telephone in every room. Rates $5.00 and up; special rates to families by the month.

THE CALIFORNIA, Cor. Second and Hill Sts., City—A select family hotel, conveniently located, having been entirely renovated, under new management. THOS. PASCOE.

MORE BODIES FOUND.

Remains of Twenty-eight Victims of the Flood Recovered at Galveston Yesterday.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

GALVESTON (Tex.,) Sept. 29.—Twenty-eight bodies were reported to have been recovered from the débris today, the report includes but three words out of the six wards which are known to contain bodies buried in the wreckage, a date 2300 bodies have been officially reported found.

PACEMAKER IS KILLED.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 29. — William Foulkes, city detective, was shot and instantly killed tonight while trying to put a stop to a shooting affray between union and non-union moulders. Two of the union men were shot and slightly wounded.

[THE CRISIS IN CHINA.]

KEEP THE DOOR OPEN.

Uncle Sam Has a Chinese Policy.

Plain Instructions Sent to Minister Conger.

American Trade Interests to be Amply Protected.

Two Chinese Ports to be Guarded with a Strong Naval Force—Prince Tuan Deposed.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] America's definite policy in China developed further today when an outline of the instructions sent to Minister Conger was allowed by the State Department to become public property. These instructions are highly interesting, especially to Californians, in that they show that the United States has in view a policy looking toward protecting American trade interests and rights in China by keeping, through force, if necessary, some Chinese ports open to free and unrestricted trade in accordance with the "open-door" agreement among the powers, and in accordance with the existing Chinese-American treaties.

CONGER'S INSTRUCTIONS.

The instructions to Minister Conger are substantially as follows:

First—That Prince Tuan be removed from office and some one acceptable to the powers appointed in his place.

Second—Minister Conger represents the United States as plenipotentiary and has no connection whatever with mediation for China.

Third—Any reasonable programme outlined by the majority of the powers, whose stipulations will be less severe than those of Germany, may be accepted by Conger.

Fourth—That in the event of continued disagreement among the powers and China, Minister Conger is to proceed to negotiate with Earl Li and Prince Ching solely with regard to American interests, and with a view to determining the attitude of the United States as to future actions.

Fifth—That Minister Conger plainly inform the representatives of the powers that the United States intends to guard Amoy and Niuchwang with a large naval force, solely in the interest of trade rights, and that aside from a legation guard at Peking, no American troops will be permitted to remain in China.

These instructions are expected to meet with at least partial approval from all the interested powers. Germany certainly will agree with the first proposition—that Tuan be deposed from his newly-acquired power—and this approval on her part may lead to a closer understanding between Washington and Berlin than exists now. France, it is expected, will readily join with the United States in these general propositions.

MEDIATION IMPRACTICABLE.

While there is much talk about mediation in the air just now, this talk is not taken very seriously here, and beyond hoping things may be settled peaceably, officials are not disposed to give much credit to the great plans for peace formulated every few days in foreign capitals. This government realizes, and its officials frequently express the thought, that in the present case mediation can accomplish but little, as there are so many conflicting interests to be protected, and, after all, China can never pay the damages she will be called upon to foot, except by giving land.

Therefore, while all this talk about a settlement is going on, the United States keeps firmly in mind the idea that if American interests are protected in China, this is the time to get ready for protecting them, as China's partition is almost inevitable within a comparatively short time.

NOTICE TO THE POWERS.

So the fifth section of the instructions to Conger, given above, is doubly interesting. That section shows that the American government proposes to keep guard around two important places. Niuchwang, which the United States gives notice it proposes to protect, is an important port upon the Liatung Peninsula. This is the section of China which Japan covets, as it lies in proximity to the present Japanese possessions. Amoy is south. This shows that the United States is serving notice that it expects to have trade relations in the future with widely-separated portions of the Chinese empire, and in a measure is a somewhat informal notice to the powers, delivered in a forceful way, that the United States opposes the partition of the empire, although there is no disposition here to stand in the way of partition beyond diplomatic representations.

GERMAN PLAN REPUDIATED.

Great Britain, Russia and France coincide with the position of the United States, that the Chinese government and not the powers, be given the opportunity of punishing the Boxer ringleaders, and that negotiations for peace should proceed without reference to punitive measures. Austria-Hungary and Italy accept the German proposition in the interest of harmony, and are willing to join the other powers in undertaking the punishment of the Chinese anti-foreign leaders, but agree with the United States that such course is impracticable, and might well be avoided. Therefore, it appears that Germany has unqualified approval of her proposition from Austria and Italy, only. The answers of greater powers constitute a practical repudiation of the radical course which the Kaiser's government desires to pursue. In these circumstances there is considerable interest in Germany's move, and there is a general feeling here that it may have important bearing on the Chinese situation.

No confirmation of the press reports from London that Germany has agreed with France and Russia on a modification of her punitive proposition, has been received here.

TUAN'S MACHINATIONS.

Tuan realizes that the German plan of punishing the ringleaders of the Boxer agitation reflects immediately upon himself, and that he will suffer if the plan is not checkmated. To prevent the accomplishment of that object, he unquestionably sought favor of the Emperor and Empress Dowager, and by obtaining high honors from them, placed himself not only under protection of the throne, but in a position to influence the course of China's peace plenipotentiaries. No doubt, should the German proposition become effective, there would be an immediate resumption of the Boxer agitation, as through that means alone, would Tuan be able to save his head. The powerful influence of Tuan in the Boxer organization would be sufficient, it is believed, to cause a resumption of hostilities, and the present disturbed condition of some districts of North China are attributed to Tuan's machinations.

REASONABLE CONTENTION.

The contention that the agreement of the powers to the American suggestion that China be permitted to punish the ringleaders, would satisfactorily accomplish the object at which Germany aims, but in a way better calculated to improve the relations between China and the powers, is regarded by the administration as exceedingly reasonable.

IMPERIALISM.

A Wild, Weird Creation of His Own Imagination.

CHINA TAKES THE HINT.

Steps Taken for Punishment of Boxer Leaders—Prince Tuan Degraded.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Important news came from China at the end of the day which in itself tends to advance materially the efforts for a final settlement. China has accepted the suggestions of the United States contained in the answer to the German proposition, and has begun voluntarily the punishment of the reactionary Chinese leaders who are responsible for the Peking outrages.

The Department of State is informed by Consul-General Goodnow at Shanghai that Sheng, Chinese director of railways and telegraphs, has handed him a decree of the Emperor and Empress dated at Taignan, September 25, blaming their ministers for encouraging the Boxers. The edict orders the degradation of four princes, and deprives Prince Tuan of his salary and official servants. He is to be brought for trial before the Imperial Clan Court.

It will be recalled that in its answer the State Department was careful to state that while it did not believe in demanding the surrender of the Chinese ringleaders as a condition precedent to negotiations, it was resolved firmly, as Secretary Hay had said in his note of July 3, that in the end the guilty parties should be held to the uttermost accountability. The Chinese government has taken this intimation to heart, and perhaps hastened in its action by the recent manifestations of dissatisfaction by the United States government at the reported promotion of Prince Tuan, already has begun the punishment of him and the other Chinese leaders who are held guilty.

The decree reciting by Sheng is felt to be of the utmost importance as indicating a complete change of heart on the part of the reigning dynasty. It means that the reactionary influences which have been dominant in Peking through the uprising and have even continued of late days, have suffered a complete overthrow, and that their most conspicuous figures are degraded and on trial. It is believed here that if this action is genuine, it will be hard for any of the powers to find a reasonable excuse for longer refusing to heed the appeals of the Chinese government for the opening of negotiations looking to a settlement.

The importance of the action is shown by the determination to try Prince Tuan before the Imperial clan court. This is the supreme judicial tribunal of China, and is the only one having jurisdiction over the members of the imperial family. It is presided over by Prince Li, with the well-known Prince Ching as first vice-president. Prince Li is the first of the eight princely families of China, and is regarded as friendly to the progressive element. The attitude of Prince Ching has been notable throughout the trouble, as friendly to foreign interests.

(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)

GERMANY'S BACKDOWN.

Fatherland Now Willing to Waive Its Truculent Demand.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A special dispatch from Berlin to a news agency here says:

"It is reported here in official circles that Germany is ready to waive the condition that the punishment of the guilty Chinese functionaries should precede negotiations for a settlement. It is recognized that satisfaction of Germany's vengeance is a special condition which should not be imposed upon the other powers."

News Under to The Times This Morning

Part I.

1. Minister Conger's Instructions.
Kansas Solid for the G. O. P.
2. Bryan in Red River Valley.
Bourke Cockran on the Stump.
City Censuses Almost Complete.
Englishmen at the Polls.
3. Salt Lake Road Promoters Confer.
Howard is Sentenced to Hang.
4. Lunatic Injures an Attendant.
6. Settlement of Strike Still Remote.
Sports Waiting for Corbett.
Fighting Over in South Africa.

Part II.

1. Marching of Troops on Peking.
2. Liners: Classified Advertising.

Part III.

1. Women's Club of Los Angeles.
2. Behind the Curtain.
3. Dangerous Fire at Santa Monica.
4. Editorial Page: Paragraphs.
All Along the Line.
5. Vital Campaign Issues.
6. Democrats Hunting for Chaves.
7. Los Angeles Man's Plight.
8. The Public Service: Official Doings.
Police Commission Wrangle.
Million Dollar Damage Suit.
9. Military Topics Carefully Compiled.

Part IV.

1. The Big Strike in Pennsylvania.
2. The Stage: Music and Musicians.
3. The Social World: Personals.
4. Great Work Being Done by Harvard.
5. Our Daily Story.
6. Doings in the Oil Field.
7. Financial and Commercial.
Local Produce Quotations.
8. News From Arizona Towns.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Police change at Pasadena....Good fish catches at Catalina....Raise in beet prices at Anaheim....Heedless lad hurt by train at Redlands....Republican campaign opened at Covina....Republican meeting at Ramsburg....Supply bids opened at Soldiers' Home....New rate for power in Riverside....Death of a well-known Ontario man....Training ship Adams awaiting the Wisconsin at Santa Barbara....Turnfest celebration in San Diego.

THE CITY. Further attempts to call off Candidate Graves....Los Angeles woman scorched in Santa Monica hotel fire....Opening of Women's Club session....Grievance of Police Commissioners....Los Angeles man's close call from Birdie....Will Johnson's love affair....Republican headquarters opened....Programme for Republican speakers....Business Men's Sound Money Club organizes....Local oil strike....University notes....Young Ross acquitted....Total registration Federal grand jury this week....Socialists ratify....Los Alamitos Sugar Company sues for $1,000,000 damages. University loses in land controversy.

POLITICAL. Roosevelt concludes his Kansas tour....Bryan in the Red River Valley....Bourke Cockran speaks in Chicago....Senator Butler sees no hope for Bryan.

FOREIGN, BY CABLE. English Parliamentary elections....London's new Lord Mayor....Queen to bestow titles on South African war heroes. Lord Wolseley's prophecy anent the end of all things....W. K. Vanderbilt makes a thank offering for the safe return of the Duke of Marlborough. Birthday of the King of Portugal celebrated by British troops....Berlin gossip....Steamer sunk in collision.

PACIFIC COAST. Hospital attendant badly injured by a lunatic....Three burglaries at Stockton....Tragedy in San Francisco City Hall....Mrs. Craven must appear next Saturday....Shooting in Vallejo saloon....Big warehouse burned at Danville....Wholesale bicycle thief confesses....Arizona postoffice robbed....Big damage suits for patent infringement....Fatal accident at Carter's....Inquiry into naval militia.

SPORTS. Sporting men anxious to hear Corbett's defense of charges of faking....All favorites beaten at Gravesend....Hurdlers fall at Hawthorne....Five first choices in first at Kinloch Park....Last day at Windsor track....Fort Erie winning list....Golf contests at Lake Forest, Ill.

CHINA. United States policy defined in instructions to Minister Conger. Open door must be maintained, by force if necessary....Prince Tuan degraded and to be brought to justice....Germany willing to waive its truculent demand....German press still criticising the President....Von Waldersee arrives at Taku....Prince Ching answers foreign ministers' notes.

[POLITICAL.]

KANSAS IS ALL RIGHT.

Natives are Solid for Roosevelt.

Teddy's Triumphal Tour of the State.

Tremendous Ovation Given the Governor at Kansas City.

Bryan Bores North Dakotans With His Fallacies—Bourke Cockran on the Stump.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 29.—Immediately upon the arrival of the Roosevelt special train at this place this evening, the Governor was escorted to Chawnee Park, in Armourdale, Kan., where an immense open-air meeting was held. On being introduced to the vast assembly, an organized effort was made by a large number of men and boys on the edge of the crowd to prevent his making a speech. Cries and interruptions were frequent during the first moments. Each interruption was followed with hard hits from the speaker until quiet was restored, and the greater part of the speech was listened to in respectful silence.

On the conclusion of his Armourdale address, Gov. Roosevelt was driven to Convention Hall, where an audience was assembled, which for numbers and respectability of appearance is seldom faced by any campaign speaker. The vast auditorium was filled, the ingenese galleries had not a vacant seat, and there was no standing room anywhere. The seating capacity of this hall is said to be 22,000. Although the people had been waiting from 7 o'clock until 10:30, their enthusiasm was undiminished, and their patience unexhausted. When Gov. Roosevelt mounted the platform the audience broke into waves of applause, which swelled and died away and arose again, lasting for at least twenty minutes.

Order being at last restored, the Governor proceeded with his address, which continued for three-quarters of an hour. He called attention to the prosperity of the country, contrasting the economic conditions now with what they were four years ago. He dwelt somewhat upon the prophecies of Mr. Bryan, and showed how those prophecies had not come to pass. On the whole, the welcome and demonstrations at the two meetings and on the streets, was something seldom witnessed anywhere.

Gov. Roosevelt will spend Sunday at the Midland Hotel. He will attend the Dutch Reformed Church in the morning, and in the afternoon will take a gallop into the country with some friends. He will see no callers and attend no functions. He will rest and sleep, and prepare for his Nebraska tour during the coming week.

Tonight's meeting marked the opening of the Republican campaign in Kansas City. Besides Gov. Roosevelt, Joseph Florin, Republican nominee for Governor; E. F. Allen, on the same ticket for Lieutenant-Governor, and W. C. Brown, Republican nominee for Congress from this district, also spoke.

GETTING WARMED UP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 29.—At Cherryvale, Chanute, Parsons, Cherokee, Weir City, Pittsburgh, Pleasanton, Poala and Olathe short stops were made, and at some places where no stops were made at all, considerable crowds assembled on the platforms of the stations to cheer the train as it passed.

At Fort Scott, Gov. Roosevelt addressed a meeting for three-quarters of an hour, dwelling upon the issues of militarism, imperialism and expansion. At one point in his more than impassioned address, he exclaimed:

"I feel as if I were approaching a crusade. I don't feel as if this were an ordinary political contest. I feel that I have a right to appeal to the manhood of every American, as we appealed to it in the days of the civil war. I ask you to stand with us for the sake of orderly liberty, which is the corner-stone of this republic, and for the sake of preserving the national prosperity which we have now attained."

AT FUNSTON'S TOWN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHANUTE (Kan.,) Sept. 29.—Gov. Roosevelt's train reached Iola at 11 o'clock this morning. He spoke for a few moments from the rear platform of the car. He said:

"It is with peculiar pleasure that I am able to stop and extend a word of greeting to you in Iola, the town that gave to the honor roll of the United States as gallant a soldier as ever wore Uncle Sam's uniform—Gen. Funston.

"I fail to see how in this town there can be any man to vote against the honor of the United States flag."

Here a shout for Bryan was heard. Cries of "Put Him out," and shouts for McKinley were made. Mr. Roosevelt continued:

"No, let him shout for Bryan and Aguinaldo until he is black in the face, but for heaven's sake do not let him mention Gen. Funston in connection with either."

ALONG THE WAYSIDE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

IOLA (Kan.,) Sept. 29.—At 8 o'clock this morning, Gov. Roosevelt made a five-minute address at Eldora.

At Eureka, the next stop, the Governor spoke from the rear platform of

ROOSEVELT CONCLUDES HIS CAMPAIGN TOUR OF KANSAS.

his coach. Among other things he said:

"I have a certain peculiar right to come before you, because it was Kansas more than any other State that insisted upon my nomination for Vice-President, so you are responsible in a large measure for my being here."

At Yates City another stop of five minutes was made. The Governor was greeted by the population with a great deal of cheering, but the time was so short that he had scarcely time to say more than that he was glad to meet the people of Kansas and to travel through their historic State.

Several thousand people were assembled at the station at Chanute watching for the arrival of Gov. Roosevelt. No time was lost in preliminaries and here he compared in a few words the prophecies of disaster uttered by Mr. Bryan four years ago, with the prosperity of the present time, and asked his hearers to judge of the lesson taught thereby for themselves.

DEMOCRATS ASHAMED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

DENVER, Sept. 29.—At a large meeting at the Broadway Theater tonight, held under the auspices of the Arapahoe County Democracy, resolutions were introduced by Gov. C. S. Thomas, and passed, concerning the incident at Victor recently, during the visit of Gov. Roosevelt and party. After stating that the "disorder was provoked by the presence and aggravated and continued by the conduct of Senator E. O. Wolcott," and that "during the progress of Gov. Roosevelt and his party to the depot a fight took place between certain Republicans who mistook each other for disturbers of the peace," the resolutions continue:

"Resolved, that we unqualifiedly denounce the wilful and malicious manufacture and circulation of the false and wholly imaginary rumors and reports which are made for the purpose of influencing the political action of the people, and whose only effect can be to injure and reflect discredit upon the good name and standing of the commonwealth. We protest against the men who so recklessly and wantonly slander and malign our people for a supposed political advantage, and reproach a cause that requires resort to such an infamy to secure success."

VICTOR RESOLUTIONS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

VICTOR (Colo.,) Sept. 29.—The Teller County Democratic Convention and the Democratic Club of Victor have adopted the following resolutions unanimously:

"Whereas, Gov. Roosevelt and party were not received in Victor with the tolerance and courtesy due to the Governor of a State, therefore,

"Resolved, that we, the Democrats of Victor, in convention assembled, condemn the spirit of intolerance and discourtesy exhibited on that occasion, and disavow all responsibility for the disturbance of the speakers in a public hall and for the subsequent violence indulged in by members of the Republican Marching Club, further

"Resolved, that we also deplore the folly that induced the Republicans of Colorado to provoke disorder by bringing Gov. Roosevelt to this city under the auspices of the cordially detested traitor and renegade, Senator Edward O. Wolcott."

WEST VIRGINIA TOUR.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Arrangements for Gov. Roosevelt's tour through West Virginia were perfected today at the Republican national headquarters. He will reach Wheeling October 17 and arrive at Baltimore October 31.

BRYAN IN THE FAR NORTH.

Tries to Beguile Farmers of the Red River Valley with His Fallacies.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CROOKSTON (Minn.,) Sept. 29.—Mr. Bryan today explored the valley of the Red River of the North, traversing this rich agricultural section from Wahpeton to Grafton, and turning back from Grafton to Grand Forks, then started eastward and reached this place at 7:15 o'clock tonight. He made nine speeches again today, and several of them were again more than an hour in length.

The first stop of today was made at the little town of Hankinson, and from that point on there was speaking at intervals throughout the day, and until 10 o'clock tonight. All the speeches were made in North Dakota, except that of tonight at this place. The speeches were generally addressed to farmers, and Mr. Bryan spoke to them as a farmer. The weather was again good, but at places was somewhat too breezy for comfortable outdoor speaking. Between Grand Forks and Grafton some one carried off Mr. Bryan's best hat, supposedly as a souvenir.

Mr. Bryan was received at Grand Forks by a crowd which filled the athletic park grounds. He spoke there for more than one hour, and the crowd which heard him was so enthusiastic that at the close of his speech a number of young men unhitched the horses from his carriage and themselves drew the vehicle back to the train. Mr. Bryan said:

"A government to be good, must be good not for a few, but for all, and when I protest against injustice, when I protest against the plunderings of the many for the benefit of the few, I do not want you to answer me by saying I am arraying one class against another. I am not, if I know my own heart. My ambition is to draw people together, not to separate them, and my philosophy teaches me that you cannot make people love each other when injustice reigns between them."

FAVORS ARBITRATION.

In response to a question in regard to the advisability of arbitration as a means of settling the strife in the anthracite coal region, Mr. Bryan said today:

"Arbitration is the only justifiable means of adjusting disputes between corporate employers and their employés. While arbitration is usually asked by the employés, it ought to be acceptable to the employers, if they believe they are treating the miners fairly, and it ought to be demanded by the public generally, because the great strike affects the public at large more than it does the employers or the employés. Those who refuse arbitration confess that they are not prepared to submit their arguments to an impartial tribunal.

"I had intended to speak at several places in this State," said Mr. Bryan in introducing his speech at this place tonight, "but I don't see any use in doing so, since all the people are here."

Seven or eight excursion trains had brought their burdens into the city from the outlying country during the day, and these, added to the inhabitants, gave Mr. Bryan one of the largest crowds he has had during the tour. The meeting was held in the city school grounds, and Gov. Lind was among those on the stand. Mr. Bryan began speaking a few minutes before 8 o'clock and continued for about an hour.

BUTLER IS DOWNCAST.

Populist Chairman Says Bryan is Doomed to Sure Defeat.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Senator Butler of North Carolina, chairman of the National Populist Committee, reached here today downcast. Senator Butler said for publication that Bryan would not carry New York, Illinois or Ohio. Privately he said Bryan had about as much chance of being elected as an elephant had of flying from New York to San Francisco.

Bryan is the regularly nominated Populist candidate for President, too. Butler said Chairman Jones and some eastern gold bugs are playing havoc with Bryan's campaign.

TALKS OF THE DAY.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

FARGO (N. D.,) Sept. 29.—Hankinson was the first stop today of the Bryan special train. Mr. Bryan talked to the large crowd for five minutes, dealing freely with the questions of the increase of the standing army and imperialism. He told them that the one was dependent upon the other, and he said that in our purchase of the Philippines we had only secured an option on a fight for the islands.

The next stop was at Wahpeton. Here a stand had been erected in the center of the town, and from it Mr. Bryan spoke for fifteen minutes. He said, in part:

"Under the Republican administration the trusts have increased. If you like the trusts you ought to vote the Republican ticket. I am reminded of one of Solomon's proverbs. He said: 'The wise man forseeth the evil and hateth himself, but the foolish pass on and are punished.'

"Sometimes I find a Republican who cannot remember long sentences, so I have condensed this so that they can remember it. Solomon's proverb condensed reads this way: 'The wise man gets an idea into his head, the foolish man gets it in the neck.'"

Discussing the Philippine question, he said:

"You will search history in vain for a more dishonorable part than the Republican party has taken in turning a war for humanity into a war for conquest."

He referred to the fact that a company of soldiers for the Philippines had been organized in Wahpeton, and asked how many of the orientals should be required in exchange for the life of one of them. He wanted expansion of trade as much as any one, he said, but he was "not willing to put one American boy on the block and auction him off for all the trade of the East."

ADDRESS AT FARGO.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

FARGO (S. D.,) Sept. 29.—This point was reached at 10 o'clock and a stop of an hour and a half was made.

Mr. Bryan spoke to a large assembly, dwelling upon what he designated a tendency in this country to inmitate England.

"My attention has been called to another imitation of English methods," he said. "It will be remembered that the Republican party, in order to meet the protests which the Porto Rican Bill aroused, offered to give back to the people the taxes which had been collected from them. This was paraded before the public as an act of great benevolence, and yet it was an imitation of the action of the English government in dealing with the American colonists.

"On page 2604 of volume seven, of the world's 'Great Orations,' will be found a protest read in the United States Congress in 1774, by Mr. Jay, who had been appointed to prepare an address to the people of Great Britain. It was approved by Congress on October 21 of that year. From this it will be seen that the English government, in order to silence complaint, decided that revenue collected in America should be expended in America for its protection and defense. The Republicans, who have never by their votes, indorsed imperialism or the colonial idea, should be alarmed at the constant tendency of the Republican party to abandon American doctrines and substitute European ideas."

MONEY QUESTION.

Mr. Bryan said it was not his intention to discuss the money question at this time.

"You have never had occasion to doubt my position on the money question," he said, but when the Republicans tell you that the money question is more important than any other, they stamp their own policies as dollar-mark policies and confess themselves unable to see around a dollar, no matter if human rights stand beyond.

TALK ON TRUSTS.

Speaking on trusts Mr. Bryan said:

"Whenever a Republican comes to you and tries to answer your anti-trust argument by telling you there is an ice trust in New York, I want you to tell him that the New York ice trust is a State affair and not an interstate affair. The people of New York are the only people who suffer, and the Governor of the State is a Republican and instead of staying at home and destroying the ice trust, he travels through the West making speeches."

AS TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Upon the Philippine question Mr. Bryan said:

"If you think that the Filipinos are fighting against our authority over there merely because I am a candidate for President, I answer that the Cubans struggled for thirty years while I was not a candidate. The colonists fought for independence over 100 years ago, and my name had not been even hard of. No, no, it was not Democracy nor my candidacy that placed in the heart of the Filipino the hatred for foreign domination."

THE NEGRO QUESTION.

Someone in the crowd asked: "How about the negroes?"

Mr. Bryan answered warmly: "I am glad you spoke of the negroes. If you will look at the Sulu treaty you will not have a chance to talk about the negroes during the campaign. I do not know of a purer piece of hypocrisy than the hypocrisy of the Republican who defends the Sulu treaty and condemns the negroes in the Southern States. Under the Sulu treaty the flag floats over the Sulu Sultan's palace and under Sec. 10 it is provided that the slaves can buy their liberty at the market price when they earn enough to do so, working at nothing a day. If you find that there is a race question in this country that will require all the patriotism and the intelligence of people, North and South, to solve, is it a reason why you should drag in another race question? Is it a reason why you should bring into this country 8,000,000 brown people not to share in the destiny of this country? There is not a Republican in a position to defend the negro question. The Republican party has taken the negro for thirty years to an office door and then tied him on the outside. The negro has bestowed Presidents on the Republican party, and the Republican party has given to the negro janitorships in return."

TALKS TO NORWEGIANS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

HILLSBORO (N. D.,) Sept. 29.—Mr. Bryan stopped half an hour at this place, the county seat of Traill county, a Norwegian settlement and the Republican stronghold of the State. Mr. Bryan's speech was therefore addressed freely to the Republican farmers and was an appeal to them to vote the Democratic ticket. He said the Western farmer was in the habit of looking after the protection of everybody's interest, except his own, while nobody was looking after his interest. While the Republican farmer was guarding the interests of the trust magnates, they were also busy in that direction, and in consequence there was not a fair exchange.

BOURKE COCKRAN ON THE STUMP.

Begins His Western Campaign Tour with a Speech in Chicago,

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—W. Burke Cockran of New York, in opening his western campaign itinerary here tonight, spoke to an audience that crowded the Coliseum, built to seat 12,000 persons. The speech was made under the auspices of the Anti-Imperialist League and attracted thousands who were unable to enter the auditorium.

The crush at the doors when Mr. Cockran, accompanied by Mayor Harrison and others, arrived was so great that scores of men and women fainted, and both Mr. Cockran and Chicago's executive were jostled and half suffocated. United States Senator Jones and his wife were caught in the throng and only by heroic efforts was Mrs. Jones rescued from injury.

Mayor Harrison introduced Mr. Cockran, who began with an attack on the expansionist policy of the government. He said:

"We are told by our Republican adversaries that the issue of this campaign is the preservation of our national prosperity. I accept that issue. I go further and I say that on the results of this election depend not merely the prosperity of the American people, but the prosperity of the whole human race.

"The Republican candidate offers us professions of morality which are the most unexceptionable. We find him shooting down people in the eastern islands and professing the utmost regard for their prospects. He tells us that he is opposed to imperialism, and yet he is seeking to establish a government at once arbitrary and of unlimited powers. He affects to resent the assertion that he is introducing militarism into the United States, and yet we find the army has been quadrupled during his administration and a policy established which will lead to further armament if it should be successful at the polls.

"Stated in its very narrowest compass, the issue before the American people is the right of this government to seize distant territory and govern it against the will of its inhabitants, not under our constitutional government, but through officeholders to be named by the President, who will administer their functions outside the Constitution and independently of its limits. On the one side the Republicans contend, inasmuch as the extraconstitutional powers are to be exercised outside the United States, imperialism so far as this country is concerned, is not an issue of this campaign, and they go on to say that even if it were dangerous they would be bound to vote for it, because to defeat it by the election of the Democratic candidate would be to bring about a money panic and that would be too great a price to pay for the security of Democratic institutions. Now, to that the Democrats answer that such a policy would be in violation of the principles that government derives its just powers from the consent of the governed, and that it would be infamous to repudiate in our hour of strength the principle which we invoked in our hour of weakness. They contend further that despotic or arbitrary powers cannot be confided to officers of a Republican government without endangering the integrity of Democratic institutions. And, lastly they contend that since Republican government is shown by the history of the world, since the establishment of this government, to have been the fountain of the greatest prosperity that mankind has ever enjoyed, its preservation cannot endanger prosperity, but must contribute to its permanence and to its growth."

Mr. Cockran then reviewed the history of the Louisiana purchase, maintaining there is no resemblance between Jefferson's and McKinley's policies.

"On the contrary," he continued, "in every element that distinguishes them there is a radical and irreconcilable difference. Jefferson took territory to avoid war. McKinley is making war to take territory. Jefferson took contiguous territory, to do justice and avoid the provocation of war in the future. McKinley is taking remote territory, which, if he succeeds in subduing, will cause future contests without number. Jefferson took territory to incorporate into union of States and extend over it the beneficent influence of our constitution. Mr. McKinley is seizing territory, not to expand our constitutional government over it, but to turn it over to office-holders to be exploited and plundered by syndicates and favorites."

Mr. Cockran ridiculed the various arguments of the Republican orators upon the Philippine question and said:

"'Trade follows the flag.' That is the most attractive phrase in the whole repertoire. It was not invented in this country. It was brought over to the custom house. It was originated for English use and every English sympathizer has assumed it here. When has trade followed the flag? If trade follows the flag, English trade with Canada ought to be much better than it is with the United States. As a matter of fact since the English flag was driven out of the United States and maintained in Canada, it has been increased but little beyond the St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes. It has grown with the United States until it exceeds her trade with all her colonies combined.

"Trade does not depend upon a flag—trade depends on markets. If it be profitable to take the Philippines, I would like to know what power it would be improper to take. Now, I believe every patriot would like to see Canada annexed to the United States. I think everybody believes that it is an inevitable development of the future. And the annexation of China is much more reasonable a suggestion now than the suggestion of the annexation of the Philippines would have been three years ago. In fact, the reason for taking the Philippine Islands is that they lie so close to China that they would give us access to Chinese markets. Well, China lies closer to itself. Moreover, we have the same reasons for annexing China. China has insulted us, insulted our dignity in the person of our Ambassador. The Filipinos never did anything except to help us on the field of battle with their alliance."

After reviewing the efforts of the Boer envoys to obtain recognition at the hands of the government, he said referring to the relations of the administration with the English government:

"There was not an alliance. That would not have been the proper way to do it. It was a surrender of this government to the control of the British War Office."

He maintained that if the gold standard is not secure now it could never be made secure by the election of a Republican.

SENATOR HANNA TALKS.

TO COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Senator Hanna talked to the Commercial Travelers' McKinley and Roosevelt Club at noon today. B. F. Cory, deputy naval officer of the port, presided and introduced the speakers. Ferd Ziegel, president of the club, read a letter received from President McKinley, which was as follows:

"My dear sir: I have your letter of the 21st, telling of the work you are doing, and send greetings to you and the members of your club. Please accept my thanks for your kindly expressions of good will which are appreciated. Sincerely yours,

[Signed] "WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

Senator Hanna's speech consumed twenty minutes.

LEAVES FOR CLEVELAND.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Senator Hanna left this afternoon for Cleveland, where his family is. It is said he will not return to New York till the last week in October. The Senator will accompany Senator Frye on a tour of South Dakota.

ADLAI'S OHIO DATES.

ARRANGED BY COMMITTEE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—A. E. Stevenson's itinerary for Ohio has been arranged by the National Democratic Committee. He will start at Greenville October 5 and end at Coshocton, October 8.

George Fred Williams of Massachusetts was among Senator Jones's callers today. He will go to Kansas to make speeches for Bryan and Stevenson.

BUSY DAY AT CANTON.

PRESIDENT STAYS INDOORS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CANTON O.,) Sept. 29.—Inclement weather all day kept President and Mrs. McKinley in the house and kept the number of visitors far below the average. In consequence the secretaries and clerks of the executive office had a good chance to make headway with the great volume of business that accumulates here in spite of all efforts to keep pace with it.

COLD WATER CANDIDATES.

COMPLETE NORTHWESTERN TRIP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

MILWAUKEE (Wis.,) Sept. 29.—John G. Woolley and Henry B. Metcolf, Prohibition candidates for President and Vice-President, concluded a ten days' tour of the Northwest, with a well-attended rally tonight. About 1300 persons were present.

The special will leave Milwaukee at 4:55 o'clock Sunday morning, arriving in Chicago at 7:30 o'clock.

AT WISCONSIN CAPITAL.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

MADISON (Wis.,) Sept. 29.—The Prohibition special train arrived here from Minneapolis this morning, making a stop of four hours. A forenoon rally was held n the room of the State Committee, a large crowd being present. Chairman Dickie introduced Henry B. Metcalfe, candidate for Vice-President, who delivered an address.

John G. Woolley was warmly greeted. He spoke on the principal issue of his party. Today's schedule includes stops at Janesville, Fort Atkinson, closing with the evening meeting at Milwaukee.

SANTA CRUZ NOMINEES.

ONE DEADLOCK IS BROKEN,

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA CRUZ, Sept. 29.—The Democratic County Convention today nominated T. J. Leonard of Aptos for Assemblyman; G. W. Newman, J. Ball and U. W. Thompson as Supervisors. The deadlock among the delegates from San Lorenzo township over the Republican nomination for Supervisor was broken today, after eight ballots had been taken, by the selection of G. N. Root.

Ran With Cooper.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29.—Samuel Fenton Carey, who was the Greenback candidate for Fice-President, with Peter Cooper in 1878, died here tonight, aged 87. He was elected to Congress in 1887 on a labor ticket.

Idaho Populists.

BOISE (Idaho,) Sept. 29.—The Populist Executive Committee, by a vote of 3 to 2, decided to place Democratic candidates for Governor and Attorney-General on the Populist ticket.

TRIAL OF NEW WARSHIPS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—It has been proposed to the Navy Department that the trial trips of the monitor Wyoming and the torpedo boats Paul Jones and Preble shall be in San Francisco Bay by the standardized score method, instead of over a measured course as is usual. These craft are now in course of construction by the Union Iron Works of San Francisco.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

[ENGLAND.]

ENGLISHMEN AT THE POLLS.

Members of Commons Voted for.

Ministerialists Capture Many Seats.

Alderman Frank Green to Be London's Next Lord Mayor. Cable Gossip.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] One hundred and sixty-seven constituencies, returning one-fourth of the membership of the House of Commons, made their nominations today. Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon fifty-eight members had been elected, unopposed, comprising forty-three Conservatives, eight Unionists, five Liberals and two Nationalists.

Among the interesting personages on the government side returned today without opposition, were Joseph Chamberlain, George Wyndham, Charles T. Ritchey, Sir John R. Cromb, Jessie Collings, Joseph Powell Williams; Col. Sir Charles H. Vincent, John Henniker Heaton, Charles B. Stuart-Wortley and Sir Edward Albert Sassoon.

The five Liberals returned unopposed, include William Court Gully, Speaker of the House of Commons, and Sir Henry Bartlett Fowler, formerly Secretary of State for the Home Department.

An interesting feature of the elections is the intervention in the colonies for the first time in the election of the motherland. A dispatch from Hobart, Tasmania, announces the adoption of a resolution by the Tasmanian Assembly, proposing a joint Australian cablegram, congratulating Mr. Chamberlain on the British successes in South Africa, and hoping the electors of Great Britain will emphatically insist on the fruits of victory being effectually secured.

In all sixty-six candidates were returned. The ministerialists aggregate 59, Liberals, 5, and Nationalists, 2.

Viscount Cranborne, Conservative, eldest son of the Marquis of Salisbury, was reëlected at Rochester.

Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India, who has represented the Ealing division of Middlesex in the House of Commons, and who is a brother of the Duke of Abercorn, had a very stormy reception at a Unionist meeting in London this afternoon. The Liberals had evidently packed the audience and the disturbance was so great that his lordsip was finally obliged to desist from addressing the meeting, and communicated the balance of his remarks to the reporters who congregated on the platform.

CAMPAIGN WOUND UP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The numerous speeches of representatives of both political parties made tonight practically wound up the campaign, as, with the commencement of the polling on Monday, little further interest will be taken in the speech-making.

ALDERMAN FRANK GREEN.

LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Alderman Frank Green was formally elected Lord Mayor of London for the ensuing year at the Guild Hall today. Mr. Green is a native of Maidstone, Kent, and is a paper merchant. His wife, a daughter of Joseph Hayden, the author of "The Dictionary of Dates," died last winter, so the duties of Lady Mayoress will be undertaken by Mr. Green's daughter.

CRISP CABLE GOSSIP.

HEATED ELECTORAL CAMPAIGN.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[Special Cable Letter. Copyright, 1900.] The electoral campaign is developing unexpected heat, chiefly due to the vigorous efforts of the Liberals to show a united front. Personalities are figuring more than usual in the contests. Joseph Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, by reason of the aggressive tone of all his speeches, is the object of many bitter personal attacks. Some of his enemies have declared him to be politically dishonest, and even go further than that.

Winston Churchill, in Oldham, has been so vigorously attacked that Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, the Adjutant-General, had to come to his assistance with a letter declaring there was nothing dishonorable connected with his resignation from the army, and vouching for the correctness of Churchill's dual role of officer and correspondent. Some of the Liberals of Oldham apparently make more serious insinuations against the young candidate, but, like his father, Churchill seems to revel in a fight and is said to stand a good chance of being elected.

Another war character, Capt. Lambton of the British cruiser Powerful, has been assisted in his fight against the government by gettin a letter from Lord Rosebery. He is backed by all the aristocratic interests.

RELIGION AND POLITICS.

Church associations are figuring actively in the campaign. The Imperial Protestant Federation has received promises from thirty-two candidates to oppose to the utmost any movement tending to bring England and the Vatican in closer touch or toward "Romanizing" the established church. On the other hand, the leading Roman Catholic papers almost unanimously support the Conservatives, believing that if they are returned with a solid majority they will achieve the project of giving Ireland a Catholic university and in other ways see that the educational interests of Catholics in England do not suffer.

ANNUAL CHURCH CONGRESS.

The annual church congress in progress at Newcastle was attended by the Archbishop of Canterbury and nearly all other Episcopal and lay dignitaries, including several American and Canadian clergymen. Though held in the midst of the election excitement, politics was carefully avoided, and the proceedings were marked by unexpected harmony. The spectacle of John Kensit, the antiritualist agitator, speaking goodhumoredly before ritualists upon the effect of the reformation, suggested to a writer the lion lying down with the lamb.

TALMADE'S TRIP.

Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage has returned to London, after an extended trip through Europe, from which he has benefited considerably. He preaches in Wesley's old chapel, London, September 30, and then goes to Ireland. There he will address meetings at Belfast and Dublin, whence he returns to the United States.

HONORS FOR WAR HEROES.

The Queen now has a long list of names submitted to her as those of persons worthy of honors for service in South Africa. The identity of those who figure in this list is already causing keen speculation in certain circles. The shower of C. B.'s (Companion of the Bath,) C. M. G.'s (Companion of St. Michael and St. George,) etc., will be unprecedented. It is rumored that Lord Wolseley will be made an earl, and be appointed viceroy of Ireland, to succeed Earl Cadogan, whose resignation seems impending. What Lord Roberts will get still remains secret, but Lord Kitchener, it is said, if he remains in South Africa, will be given the local rank of a full general, so that he can be second in command to Gen. Buller after Lord Roberts leaves.

END OF ALL THINGS.

Lord Wolseley, by the way, is quoted in an interview as saying that China, "through love of nature and art must one day develop into a great nation." The end of all things, in Lord Wolseleys' opinion, will be China fighting the United States for the supremacy of the world.

TWO NEW WEEKLIES.

Two new weeklies are about to appear. The first is Clement Scott's Free Lance, which will be published next year with an article by Marie Corelli as the chief attraction. The second is a new society paper which Mrs. Williamson is about to bring out. Mrs. Williamson is a young woman of unexceptional social position the wife of a colonel in the British army, and has many influential friends here and in America interested in her venture. She brought out the celebrated "Book of Beauty" four years ago, and has lately been editing the society column of the Daily Mail, and writing for it under the signature of "The Onlooker," which will be the name of her paper. Mrs. Williamson says the paper will be run entirely on the idea of the "great value of the Anglo-American coöperation in all questions of politics and trade."

AT LONDON THEATERS.

The London theaters continue to play to crowded houses, and new pieces are rapidly making their appearance. The most notable of these is J. M. Barrie's "The Wedding Guest," which was produced for the first time at the Garrick Theater Thursday evening. It is the old story of the betrayal of an innocent Scotch lassie by an artist, with this new feature, that he promises his victim who professes to have lost her love for him that he will never marry another woman. He breaks his promise and the usual dramatic exposures follow, ending in the philosophic determination of both women concerned to make the best of a bad job. It was well received and contains delightful touches of humor and some particularly strong scenes. The critics differ in their opinions, several maintaining that the material would make a good book, but it shows Barrie's weakness as a playwright. However, it is an assured success. H. B. Irving and Violet Van Brugh have the leading parts.

It was prophesied that it would be impossible for two Nell Gwynn plays to appear successfully in London at the same time, but "Sweet Nell of Old Drury" at the Haymarket, and "English Nell," at the Prince of Wales Theater, are receiving excellent patronage.

Richard le Gallienne is sailing for the United States, on another lecture tour, which will begin in Minneapolis.

VANDERBILT'S CHECK.

GIVEN AS A THANK OFFERING.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the World from oLndon says that William K. Vanderbilt has given his check for half a million dollars to his daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough. The gift is in the nature of a thank offering for the Duke of Marlborough's safe return from the war in South Africa. The Duchess, accompanied by the Duke, is now in Paris, investing the money in antique furniture and decorative articles for the house now building for her in Mayfair, one of the most fashionable districts of London.

RED CROSS FESTIVAL.

AGENT WORKING IN ENGLAND.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Frank D. Higbee of New York has come to London as director of the twentieth century watch meetings, which will be held in American and Canadian cities and towns on the last night of the present year in the interest of the National Red Cross, says the London correspondent of the Tribune.

His success in obtaining messages and greetings from many of the most distinguished people of France for these watch meetings is likely to be surpassed in England, where the services rendered by the American hospital ship Maine are remembered with gratitude. Mr. Higbee has entered with enthusiasm upon his work in England and expects to obtain messages from the Queen, leading public men and representatives of all classes. He will return from England to the continent and seek to interest the German Emperor and other sovereigns in this unique festival of the American National Red Cross.

NO REVERSAL OF POLICIES.

ANNEXATION IS A CERTAINTY.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

"Public interest is now centered upon the elections, to the exclusion of anything else. There is still a good deal of uncertainty about nominations for as many as eight county divisions, but the results of the uncontested elections will not differ materially from those in 1895. The Unionists then had, outside of Ireland, a majority of 110 on uncontested seats. They cannot have a majority of more than 130 now on uncontested cases, outside of Ireland, and it will probably be cut down below 120.

"The Liberals have not been without resources for bringing candidates into the field, and Herbert Gladstone has thrown his influence in favor of the Liberal imperialists who are prominent figures in the Liberal campaign. Capt. Lambton at Newcastle is the most conspicuous candidate on the Liberal side, and his speeches are delivered with the authority of the quarter deck and are supported by his unique experience on the ramparts of Ladysmith. Even at Northampton the Imperialist lion and the Radical [illegible] are lying down together, and at [illegible] ness Dr. Clark is hotly opposed [illegible] Liberal Imperialist. The Unionists [illegible] been disconcerted by this [illegible] cess of Liberal spirit, and find [illegible] position candidates in the [illegible] the contested boroughs and [illegible] as fully committed as themselves [illegible] the annexation of the Dutch [illegible]. The effect would be paralleled if [illegible] of the electors and candidates [illegible] gress on the Bryan side were [illegible] denly to accept Republican [illegible] of finance and McKinley's policy [illegible] Cuba and the Philippines.

"Whatever may be the [illegible] majority in the next Parliament [illegible] will be no reversal of policies in [illegible] Africa, for the Liberal Imperialists [illegible] be in control of the opposition [illegible]

Horses for Von Waldersee.

LEXINGTON (Ky.,) Sept. 29.—[illegible] Harbison today sold two fine [illegible] for the personal use of Count Waldersee, commander-in-chief of German forces in China. They [illegible] Chesyerek, by Chester Dare, and [illegible] reka and Crescus, out of the [illegible] the celebrated On Time. They [illegible] shipped next Monday to San Francisco, thence to Honghong.

A DAILY NUISANCE.

A Simple Remedy Which Will [illegible] est Catarrh Sufferers.

In its earlier stages catarrh is [illegible] a nuisance than a menace to the general health, but sooner or later the disease extends to the throat, [illegible] tubes and even to the stomach and intestines.

Catarrh is essentially a disease of the mucous membrane, the local symptoms being a profuse discharge of [illegible] page of the nostrils, irritation [illegible] throat, causing coughing, sneezing, gagging and frequent clearings of the throat and head.

The usual treatment by local douches, snuffs, salves, etc., often gives temporary relief, but anything like a cure can only be obtained by a treatment which removes the catarrhal taint from the blood and the disappearance of the inflammation from the mucous surfaces.

A new remedy which meets these requirements and which so far has been remarkably successful in curing catarrh is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

These tablets act upon the blood and mucous membranes only. They can hardly be called a secret patent medicine as they are composed of such valuable remedies as Sanguinaria, [illegible] Eucalyptol and similar cleansing antiseptics, which cure by eliminating [illegible] the blood and mucous surfaces the catarrhal poison.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are [illegible] pleasant tasting lozenges taken internally, allowing them to dissolve in the mouth, in this way they [illegible] the throat, fauces and the [illegible] mentary canal.

If desired, they may also be dissolved in water and used as a douche [illegible] dition to the internal use, but it is [illegible] at all necessary to use a douche [illegible] of them dissolved in the mouth [illegible] will be sufficient. However, when there is much stoppage of the nose, a douche made from these tablets will give immediate relief, but the regular use internally of these tablets will [illegible] the whole catarrhal trouble without resorting to the inconvenience of a douche.

Dr. Bement states "that the [illegible] treatment for catarrh is rapidly [illegible] the place of the old plan of [illegible] and local application, and further [illegible] that probably the best and certainly the safest remedy at present on the market is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets [illegible] secret is made of their composition [illegible] all the really efficient remedies [illegible] tarrh are contained in this tablet."

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at fifty cents for full-sized packages. Ask your druggist, and if he is [illegible] he will tell you there is no [illegible] palatable, more efficient and [illegible] remedy on the market.

Balmy... Breezes

Best... Boating

Finest... Fishing

Tempting... Table [illegible]

HOTEL DEL ...CORONADO

Rates as low as $17.50 per week.

H. F. NORCROSS

Coronado Agent [illegible]

GORDON ARMS, [illegible]

Boating, Fishing, Bathing [illegible]

Verandas overlooking ocean. [illegible]

City office, 207 W. Third Street.

SEA-SIDE INN, Long Beach, [illegible] sea and park; electric lights [illegible] accommodation, 50 guests. [illegible] after Sept. 15. J. M. BOWER [illegible]

PINE HOTEL, Long Beach, [illegible] nished rooms. Cor. [illegible] Long Beach, Cal. Reduced rates [illegible]

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

VESTIBULED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS EVERY DAY.

SANTA FE ROUTE

FOR—

CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY AND [illegible]

Personally Conducted Excursions.

Ticket office Second and Spring Streets.

CHINA AGREES TO PUNISHMENT OF THE BOXER LEADERS.

...There are five other members of the court, all of them high personages. They occupy a building at Peking, and are in regular session for the trial of cases affecting members of the nobility, and the highest personages.

Chinese officials here say that the reference of the case to this high court is of itself the fullest assurance of the gravity with which the throne regards the matter. It is noted, also, that even before the trial Prince Tuan is stripped of his salary and official servants. Being a man of large and independent means, the loss of salary would not amount to much, if it were not that this and the loss of the servants is a special means of humiliation. The names of the four princes who have been degraded are not known here, either by the State Department or the Chinese legation.

The action of the Chinese government in overthrowing the reactionaries is likely to give the most intense gratification to the friendly viceroys of the south of China and the ministers here, in London and Europe, who have strenuously resisted the Boxer movement. It may be specially noted that only today Minister Wu received information that these viceroys, including Li Hung Chang, had memorialized the throne to punish the very element which has now been overcome.

A LONG STRIDE TOWARD PEACE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] China has taken one long stride toward peace. Consul-General Goodnow tonight cabled the State Department that Prince Tuan has been deposed from his official station, deprived of his salary and official servants, and ordered to appear before the grand Chinese court for trial on charges which the Chinese government will present against him. This news, if it proves to be true, will help to bring all nations into line upon the Chinese policy. Consul Goodnow does not say what salary Tuan has had taken from him. He drew a salary as a Prince and presumably another salary as head of the Grand Council, which was charged with peace negotiations with the powers. He may have lost either job, or both; anyway, this step, if taken, means that China will at least make a pretense of punishing the Boxer leaders, among which Prince Tuan was notorious, and that will likely help matters somewhat.

ABOMINATION OF DESOLATION.

Ruin and Devastation in the Wake of the War at Tien-Tsin.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

TIEN-TSIN, Aug. 26.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.] Military law still prevails in Tien-Tsin, and the city has as yet made no effort to recover from the terrible shock which it experienced. Everywhere is ruin. The land is devastated, villages wiped out, crops commandeered or destroyed, and the natives either hiding or killed. It would take a wise crow to fly down the valley of the Pei Ho without carrying its rations. Nothing is left of this once populous and flourishing region save roofless huts, fallen walls and devastated gardens. No sign of life is to be seen outside the city, except the scattered outposts, and within the walls there is only soldiery.

Here the Russians and Japanese predominate. No one knows the total strength of either force, but they run into the thousands. Skirting the river on either bank the Russian camps dot the country, the Russian flag flies from the railway stations, and Russian troops are continually passing the roads, either moving on toward Peking or establishing advance outposts.

The Germans are also active, and are not slow in getting men in and to the front. Meanwhile the American and British forces are quiescent in camp, and do not now seem inclined to press matters, now that the legations are safe. The American forces are camped in the extreme eastern portion of the city, on a flat lying along the south bank of the river, and are, with the exception of some Russian troops, the only force living under tents. The other forces are quartered in buildings in the foreign concessions.

Col. Mohl of the Fifteenth Infantry, is the ranking American officer, in the absence of Gen. Chaffee, and his headquarters are in the home of a wealthy Chinaman, who was also an undertaker. The low one-story structure, full of quaint courts and passages, was full of coffins when the Americans took possession, and in one courtyard were a number of bodies of wealthy Chinese inclosed in handsome lacquered caskets. Here also is the headquarters of the commissary and quartermaster's officers. On two sides of the building lies the camp of the American army, while the river, yellow and sluggish, winds along the north of it. It is not an ideal camping ground. It is a treeless plain inches deep in dust. There is no vestige of shade, and all water must be carried some distance to the camp. The sun beats down pitilessly, even so late in the season as this, and the mosquitoes are a plague.

The Marine Corps has fared better. Like the European and English troops, these soldiers are quartered in airy, comfortable buildings in the English concession. The men occupy several large structures with big courts or compounds, while the officers are quartered in a series of private residences in Victoria Terrace.

The Americans are kept pretty close to camp, and there is very little attempt at fraternizing with the other army. In fact, it is almost prevented entirely by the mobility of the various forces. Practically none of the foreigners know any English, and the battalion of Welch Fusiliers are about the only comrades the bluecoats can find. On the whole, the nations keep pretty well to themselves, noticeably in the case of the Russians, who are seldom seen in company with any other nationality.

The Americans, without exception, are behaving splendidly, and their officers have been much complimented on the discipline and police of the force. No grave charges have been brought against them, and in the loot they do not seem to have been in the same class as the others, especially the Russians. Many grave stories are told of the cruelty and ruthlessness of the Cossacks during the fighting, but it is naturally impossible to substantiate them at this late day.

An English resident found some Cossacks or other Russians looting his office. He snatched the shoulder ornament from one of them, reported to the Russian flagship, and a few days later the unfortunate offender was strung from the yardarm. Here in Tien-Tsin an American found a party of Russian soldiers looting his house. He followed them up, and meeting the Russian commander, stated his grievance. The men were lined up alongside the street and searched, and considerable silver was brought to light. Without the cumbersome formalities of a court-martial six of the offenders were placed against a van and shot to death.

However, whoever did the looting did it thoroughly. Of the many beautiful residences in the foreign concession few escaped, while the native city was stripped. The big shells from the forts swept down the Victoria Road, flew over the river and left devastation in their path. Grim, desolate, blackened walls are all that is left of this beautiful section. They stand in ruined gardens, and blasted trees keep guard over the shapeless piles of debris. It is impossible to convey an idea of the ruin in the native city. The thatched roofs burn fiercely, and mud walls shivered at the impact of the shells. Probably no accurate estimate of the loss of life in this densely populated section will ever be made.

A curious fact is that a native child or woman is seldom seen, even yet. Chinese say they were killed, but the resident foreigners believe they are mostly hidden in the native city or have been sent to the country. Of coolie labor there is no scarcity. The word has gone forth that the foreigners will pay them and the supply far exceeds the demand. Wages range from 15 cents Mexican to 33 1-3 cents Mexican per day. The latter price is paid by the Americans, who also give each coolie two pounds of rice a day.

All ordinary occupations are suspended and beyond what the natives derive from their labor for the forces of occupation, they have no means of subsistence. Naturally, food of all kinds is scarce. A little produce is finding its way into the city. Some sheep have arrived, and poultry can be occasionally had. But the fare at best is hard, and everything is at war-time prices. The troops, however, are faring well on camp rations, of which the Americans have an abundance. A splendidly stocked commissary depot is being established here under the command of Maj. Hugh Gallagher, chief commissary officer, and the river is lined with lighters, bringing provisions up from Taku. It is understood here that the American base is to be established for the winter at Tongku, which has fairly deep water. Maj. Gallagher has also established a sales store, where luxuries are purchasable, including tinned fruit, mineral waters, canned meats, vegetables and tobacco. The store is liberally patronized by the officers and men.

There is absolutely no suffering among the troops, except from the heat, and this is now somewhat relieved by the cool nights. The forces are enjoying exceptionally good health, the hospitals are not overtaxed, and with systematic communication with Taku and Tongku and constantly-arriving supplies, the physical situation at Tien-Tsin is excellent.

Strenuous efforts have been made to put the city in a sanitary condition, and they have partially succeeded. However, it is more than the work of a month to undo the work of days. Lime by the ton is being used in courts, alleys and gutters, and the surface drains which line the curbs are kept cleaned out and free. Nevertheless European residents agree that the nearness of frost is a thing to be thankful for.

Huge stacks of rotting rice and tons of burned and decomposing sugar fill the region of the river front with an unhealthy and terrible stench, while the ruins of the Chinese city are almost impassable, because of vile odors in the heat of the day.

A Chinese provisional government has been established over the native city, administered by Americans and Europeans. A police force of natives and foreigners is in working order and system is gradually being evolved out of chaos. The foreign city is efficiently policed by troops and perfect order is maintained. At every corner is a sentry, while guards and patrols are constantly about night and day.

The foreign residents are gradually returning to find their homes either destroyed or occupied by the allied forces, and it is expected that an attempt will be made soon to fix compensation for occupation and use of such property. The residents accept the situation philosophically, and there is apparently no conflict with the military authority.

That it will be many months before the rehabilitation of Tien-Tsin is begun is a certainty; that it will ever be restored to its once beautiful proportions is doubtful. The slow work of years was destroyed in a week. Beautiful villas, superb residences and handsome grounds are but wreck and ruin, and the hot breath of war has blasted the Pei Ho Valley from Peking to the Gulf of Taku.

FAMINE IN PROSPECT.

NATIVES FACE STARVATION.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

TIEN-TSIN (China,) Aug. 29.—[Correspondence of the Associated Press.] General apprehension is felt here of a famine when the cold weather sets in. Foreign residents of Tien-Tsin do not hesitate to predict terrible sufferings among the natives, and military men who have looked into the conditions in the Pei Ho Valley are inclined to believe that the fear of a famine is well founded. Already there is considerable suffering, although fresh produce is coming in slowly, and what the result will be when frost puts an end to vegetation is not difficult to foresee. Rice, the great staple of China, is no longer in the market this far north. Every sack of the grain has been commandeered or purchased by the allies, and the natives, thus unable to buy it, must depend on the charity of the forces. The supply on hand is now none too plentiful. It is practically impossible even to roughly estimate the quantity, but it is stated to be considerably less than normal. Usually at this season the river is crowded with vessels bringing the winter supply of rice from the south, but now every available craft is in service of the forces, transporting supplies and war materials. Consequently there is little chance that any considerable quantity of rice can arrive between now and the freezing of the river. The situation is conceded to be very critical and the outlook is for great loss of life. At best the military authorities, even with a systematic distribution of food and acting in concert, could relieve only a tithe of the people, and no such arrangement or agreement is probable. At best transportation in the winter is a difficult matter, and every resort will be taxed to provide for the big army which will be scattered from the coast at Taku up to Peking.

The army must be fed, and fed it will be, while the natives will starve. Every nation is rushing in supplies: there is not an available boat but is pressed into service, and even now the lack of vessels is a serious one. By December 1 the Pei Ho River will be frozen, as well as the Gulf of Taku, on which ice forms for ten or twelve miles out, and superhuman efforts are being made to take advantage of the remaining weeks of the water. There has already been some informal discussion as to means of keeping communication by water open after ice forms, with the result that there is a tentative understanding that the Russian force will bring in an ice boat. The heavy tides prevent any great thickness of ice in the gulf, and it is believed that with a suitable vessel a channel can be easily kept free at Tongku, the railway terminus. The river is a more serious matter, and it is not likely that any attempt will be made to keep it free. In this case the railway will be taxed to its utmost capacity.

All the governments are employing native labor freely, but the supply is so far in excess of the demand that the percentage of those who will be thus enabled to live through the winter is extremely small. The belief is general that starvation cannot be avoided at this late day, and even the most conservative foreign residents, at all conversant with conditions, admit that the coming winter will be a terrible one in the Tien-Tsin country.

VON WALDERSEE'S QUARTERS.

Will Occupy One of the Imperial Palaces—He Arrives at Tien-Tsin.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PEKING, Sept. 24, via Taku, Sept. 27.—[By Asiatic Cable. Copyright, 1900.] Prince Ching has addressed notes to the ministers acknowledging their letters suggesting that the court return to Peking. He announces that the has dispatched a memorial covering the subject to the Dowager Empress.

It is practically determined that Count von Waldersee shall occupy one of the imperial palaces in the Forbidden City when he arrives, and a large portion of the German army will be quartered there. There is a complete reversal of the former policy to protect the Forbidden City. The Americans disapprove of this, but will not enter a protest.

General preparations for a winter encampment were resumed on the 16th. The Bengal Lancers have arrived.

WALDERSEE AT TIEN-TSIN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

TIEN-TSIN, Sept. 27.—Count von Waldersee and his staff arrived here at noon today. Guards of honor from all the allies received him at he railroad station, which was decorated with the flags of Germany, Russia and France. The flags of Great Britain and the other allies were conspicuous by their absence.

The Russians are now at Lu Tai and there is no immediate prospect of an advance upon Lon Shan, as it is said they fear the Chinese will wreck the mines and the railroad plant.

It is reported that German and Russian warships and troops have left Taku to attack Shan Hai Kwan.

Many French troops are arriving.

AGREEMENT OF POWERS.

DREIBUND'S SOLID FRONT.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The alignment of the powers on the German proposition to make the punishment of the Chinese ringleaders a condition precedent to negotiations may now be stated as follows:

Great Britain, Russia and France stand with the United States in regarding this proposition as inexpedient.

Japan occupies a middle attitude; she is willing to follow the German lead, if all the other powers are agreeable, but only for the sake of preserving harmony among the powers, and not from a belief in the wisdom of the German proposition.

Austria and Italy stand shoulder to shoulder with Germany, making the Dreibund a solid front. The first-named two powers don't attempt to argue the German proposition, and their answers make it apparent that they have accepted it without much consideration.

Nothing is known here of the counter proposition which is reported making in Europe. If it contains the same feature as to prior punishment as the original proposition, it is not likely to receive approval here.

The fact that Secretary Hay is expected to return to Washington next week will not change in any way the policy of the State Department. The Secretary has been in closest sympathetic touch in all that has been done respecting China, and the stories printed in Germany to the effect that he is coming back to reverse those policies, is pronounced at the State Department to be absurd. The officials are impressed and have been from the beginning with the conviction that any attempt to punish Prince Tuan before negotiations are undertaken will absolutely defeat all efforts to obtain a peaceable and satisfactory settlement. Indeed, it is believed that the attempt of Germany to apprehend such Chinese officials at this stage has actually been the causes of Prince Tuan's promotion, rather than anything contained in the American refusal of the German proposal. It is pointed out that an inevitable result of such an effort would be to cause the Chinese officials against whom it was directed, to strive by everything in their power to secure the support of the throne just as Tuan has in his case.

Minister Conger was heard from in a brief cablegram today. This was not published, but it is understood to indicate no important developments.

GERMAN PRESS CENSORIOUS.

President McKinley Severely Blamed for Rejecting the German Proposal.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Chinese situation, particularly Germany's proposal and the United States answer, monopolize public attention this week. The press, both semi-official and independent, continues to severely blame President McKinley for his refusal to agree with the proposition of Germany.

The Cologne Gazette, which, since the outbreak of the China troubles has been the favorite mouthpiece daily of the Foreign Office, combats the view that Germany had been trying to embark the other powers on dangerous seas, or attempting to obtain the lead in the Chinese negotiations.

The Lokal Anzeiger today argues that the United States knows, through Minister Conger, that the Chinese government has been the real culprit. Hence, it adds, it is ridiculous to expect this same government to punish itself—"As the United States pretends to believe in its reply to Germany."

The report that Prince Tuan has been appointed to a post where his influence for evil is even greater than it formerly was, is here regarded by government and press as unmistakable evidence that the Chinese government does not want peace. The argument, besides, is that Germany's demand that China give up the ringleaders before peace negotiations are begun, must be complied with by China, in order to show that she is really acting in good faith.

The papers express the hope that Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee will issue a decree offering a large reward for Prince Tuan, dead or alive, as the only means of impressing upon the Chinese mind the fact that the powers are in earnest.

The strong evidence that Russia has seized the opportunity to formally annex part of Manchuria, and the statement of a correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt in Urga, Mongolia, that Russia already treats Mongolia as her own, are here treated with marked indifference. This is only in line with the formal declaration which a Foreign Office official made to a representative of the Associated Press months ago, that Germany in no way objected to Russia's obtaining control of Northern China, as German interests would not be affected thereby.

APPEAL FOR HAIR.

GERMAN WOMEN'S SCHEME.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported the women of Wurtemberg have adopted a novel scheme for raising subscriptions to charity. They have issued leaflets headed "Collect Women's Hair." The leaflet explains that every woman can contribute toward helping the sick and poor by sending combings to certain depots, whence they will be forwarded to Stuttgart, where hair dressers will convert them into invisible hair nets. The explanation is that until recently China supplied nearly all the hair used in this way, but the exportation of hair from China stopped when the Boxer troubles began.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

OFFICE OF H. J. WOOLLACOTT, Importer and Exporter Fine Wines, 124-126 North Spring street, Los Angeles (Cal.,) Sept. 28, 1900.

Liquor Dealers' Association, Los Angeles, Cal.—Gentlemen: I am informed that a resolution of condemnation and censure directed against me has been proposed by members of the association on account of my having signed a paper in connection with the recent box war before the Police Commission. I herewith give the facts in the case: The first petition presented to me in favor of retaining the boxes was signed by me. Afterward your association, over the signatures of your Executive Committee, addressed a circular letter to its members, in which members of the association were warned and in which private boxes in places improperly conducted were condemned. The communication signed by myself and others and addressed to the Police Commission is almost identically the same as the letter sent out by your own Executive Committee, as a fair reading of the petitions will conclusively show. In the letter of your Executive Committee private boxes in places improperly or immorally conducted were condemned, and in the communication signed by myself and others the same position was taken.

The proposed resolution is both unjust and unfair, and is undoubtedly due to a misconception of the facts and a misreading of the petitions. Allow me to state that I personally used my best influence to secure modification of the Police Commissioners' order, and have always used my best endeavors to protect the interests of the liquor dealers of the city.

I shall in the future do all in my power at all times to carry out the ideas of the Liquor Dealers' Association in the protection of the interests of its members.

Yours very respectfully.

[Signed] H. J. WOOLLACOTT.

I hereby indorse this letter for publication in the daily papers.

H. J. WOOLLACOTT.

—[Adv.

[RAILROAD RECORD.]

SALT LAKE ROAD PLANS.

W. A. Clark and Others Confer at Chicago.

Importance of New Line to the Southwest.

Plan for New Transcontinental Association—Hawley to be Espee President.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Senator William A. Clark, the many-times millionaire of Montana, improved the "shining hour" yesterday by consummating plans for the building of the Los Angeles and Salt Lake City Railway. Senator Clark has been staying at the Auditorium Annex since Thursday last, ostensibly to consult with the Democratic National Committee, but he remained over yesterday purposely to meet and consult with certain Salt Lake City capitalists and Los Angeles personages who arrived here Friday night. Another chief promoter is R. C. Kerens of St. Louis, who, as Republican National Committeeman from St. Louis, is just now a permanent fixture at the Annex.

Besides the Democratic statesman and the Republican committeeman the participants in the conference yesterday were A. W. McCune of Salt Lake, owner of the Salt Lake Tribune, a mining capitalist and Democratic leader in Utah, also "Tom" Kearns of Salt Lake, called the Silver King of Utah and Republican National Committeeman from that State. Senator Clark's brother, J. Ross Clark of Los Angeles, was also in the consultation. The three western men were expected to arrive Friday morning in time for a conference, but they were delayed by a railway accident in Iowa, and consequently the conference was delayed until yesterday.

Senator Clark admitted the truth of the story today, but said that the consultation had not determined upon any finalities, and that the facts were not yet in a state for publication. R. C. Kerens last night went further and into some details He said the new Los Angeles and Salt Lake City Railway absorbs the franchise and property of the Los Angeles Terminal Company. This provides for the entrance of the new railway into the Southern California metropolis. The Mormon church, which is the power behind the throne in Salt Lake, has practically promised a terminal site in the Utah capital, and Pioneer Square, a tract of ten acres in the center of the city, will be turned over to the railway for its stations, and freight depots.

Between the termini the whole unopened Southwest will be spanned. The Sierra Nevada will be pierced through one of its southern passes and the supremacy of the Southern Pacific Railway, hitherto unchallenged on the Pacific Coast, will be effectually broken, at least in Southern California. The death of Collis P. Huntington removed the last obstacle to the success of the Clark-Kerens syndicate.

R. C. Kerens said this evening: "We contemplate a second Illinois Steel Works there. We mean to make the iron and steel for the entire Pacific Coast. Surveys have revealed the richness of the country through which we shall pass in the useful metals, and we purpose to establish great smelters and metal works.

"Senator Clark has great mine holdings in that region and last winter he made a journey through Utah and Nevada especially to inspect them and to estimate their possibilities.

"The region is also one capable of indefinite development agriculturally. The Mormons are largely interested in the proposed railway and they are most highly skilled in the art of irrigation. It is their people who most largely are expected to avail themselves of the agricultural expansion the railway will make possible, and what they have done for Northern and Eastern Utah, they may be expected to do for the new region.

"California, however, will be most immediately affected. The monopoly of the Southern Pacific will be at an end, at least for Los Angeles. The city, made the terminus of a great semi-continental system, will more than ever be assured of an immense commercial future."

FIGHT GOULD'S SCHEME.

MINORITY STOCKHOLDERS' SUIT.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Justice Scott in the Supreme Court today issued an order directing Edwin Gould and others to appear in court on Monday and show cause why an injunction should not issue restraining Gould and others from conducting the annual election of diretcors of the St. Louis Southwestern Railroad on Tuesday next in St. Louis.

The application was made in behalf of Andrew Haes of London and other minority stockholders in the road. Mr. Haes and his associates in the application hold over 50,000 shares of the 365,000 shares of stock. Edwin Gould is the president of the road.

The complaint in the suit instituted by the minority stockolders alleges that the estate of the late Jay Gould owns about seventy thousand shares of the stock, but has been controlling the company by obtaining proxies from year to year, and that a movement is on foot to eliminate the minority stockholders from representation in the directorate.

TRANSCONTINENTAL PLAN.

TO BE VOTED ON TOMORROW.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—A definite plan of organization for the proposed Transcontinental Passenger Association has been arranged, article by article, and will be submitted to a vote of the lines interested at a meeting to be held Monday. The outline of the plan is practically the same as that of the Western Passenger Association. The articles provide for a chairman and for the maintenance of rates in all the territory west of the river. It is provided that whenever any line, a member of the association, has ground for desiring to grant a special rate, it shall not be done until the proposition is presented to the association and voted upon. In case of its being negatived, the line making the proposition then has the right to give notice of independent action, and the other lines interested may give notice of meeting the competition caused by the action of the line presenting the matter.

The agreement further provides that the distribution of the proceeds of military traffic among the lines shall be left to Chairman E. McLeod of the Western Passenger Association, west-bound, and to the Santa Fé and Southern Pacific, east-bound.

The penalty is prescribed for breaking the agreement to maintain rates, and it is a fine amounting to the entire proceeds of the transaction by which the rules are broken. As now framed, the agreement is on basis west of the Missouri River, but the Santa Fé is still fighting to have the territory extended to Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans.

PACIFIC MAIL AND ESPEE.

Hawley to be President of the Former Company—Huntington Favors Stubbs.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is an open secret here that Edwin Hawley, now a director of the Pacific Mail and assistant traffic manager of the Southern Pacific, will be elected president of the Pacific Mail, to succeed Collis P. Huntington. H. E. Huntington is not favorable to any outsider, and prefers Hawley. R. P. Schwerin will be continued as vice-president and general manager. Many local holders of Pacific Mail stock have been badly bitten lately in speculation. They bought heavily when the stock slumped to 30, on the strength of reports of an immediate advance. At the same time they bought, the insiders, composed largely of big Southern Pacific Railroad men, sold or shortened stock. The stock went down to 25¾, and there was wailing in the Bohemian and Pacific Union clubs, as most of the members dropped from $5000 to $30,000 each. Meanwhile H. E. Huntington, Herrin, Stubbs and other local railroad men cleared up large amounts.

It is also reported here that H. E. Huntington favors John C. Stubbs, the present third vice-president and general traffic manager, as president of the Southern Pacific. Stubbs is the ablest man in the company. Huntington declares he cannot attend to the railroad business and settle up his uncle's estate.

MILLS UNINFORMED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The Mail and Express today prints the following: "The directors of the Southern Pacific Railway will hold their regular monthly meeting next Thursday, but it is not likely they will select a president to succeed the late C. P. Huntington then. A report from San Francisco says the presidency was offered by a special committee to H. E. Huntington, the first vice-president, but he declined. D. Ogden Mills, one of the committee having the selection of a president in charge, said today that he knew of no such offer.

"Mills was reminded of the reports that have been current to the effect that the Big Four road would become an integral part of the Vanderbilt system in the near future, and he was asked whether in that case, President Ingalls, of that road, might not be a likely candidate for the presidency of the Southern Pacific. 'I hardly think so,' said Mills. Ingalls called at the office of the Southern Pacific a few days ago."

DESERVES IT.

Remarkable Success of a New Treatment for Piles.

For many years it has been supposed that the only absolutely sure cure for piles was by surgical operation, but the danger to life and the pain and expense has been so great that many thousands suffer for years rather than submit to this last resort; or they seek the temporary relief in the many remedies claimed to relieve piles and rectal troubles, salves, ointments and similar simple remedies which give only slight and very temporary relief.

A new preparation which is painless and harmless, but which affords immediate relief and in many cases a complete cure, in a very short time, is sold by druggists under the name of Pyramid Pile Cure.

It is in suppository form used at night and its regular use has cured thousands of obstinate, long standing cases, and it seems to be equally effective in all the various forms of piles, whether itching, bleeding or protruding.

The Pyramid Pile Cure allays the inflammation and intolerable itching, reduces the tumors, and its astringent properties cause the enlarged blood vessels to contract to a normal, healthy condition.

A Baltimore gentleman relates his experience with the Pyramid Pile Cure in these words:

"It affords me unusual pleasure to add my endorsement to those of others relative to your really wonderful pile remedy. I was a sufferer for years until told by a fellow salesman of the Pyramid Pile Cure. It has entirely cured me and I cheerfully send this for publication if you wish to use it in that direction. I wish you would send me one of your little books on cause and cure of piles. I desire to show it to some friends."

Any pile sufferer may use the Pyramid with certainty that it will give instant relief and regular use a permanent cure, and the still further certainty that it contains no cocaine, morphine or metallic or mineral poison.

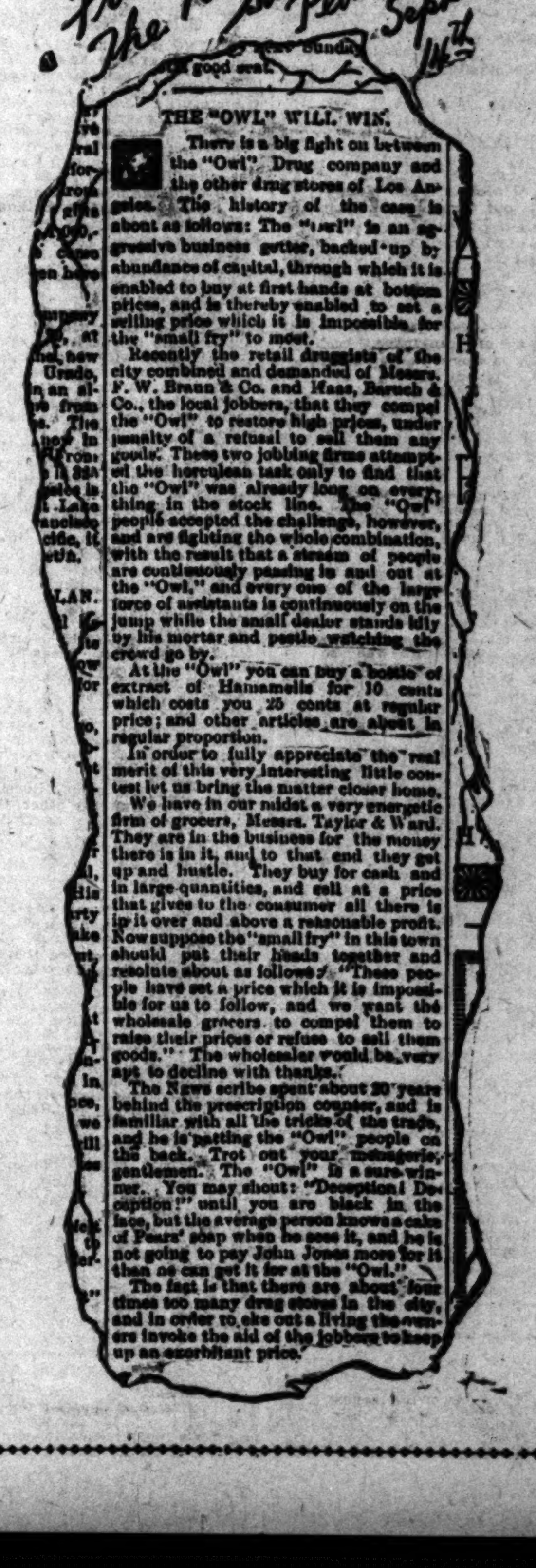
All druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure, 50 cents for full sized treatment.

CUTS AND BRUISES QUICKLY HEALED.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm applied to a cut, bruise, burn, scald or like injury will instantly allay the pain and will heal the parts in less time than any other treatment. Unless the injury is very severe it will not leave a scar. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, sprains, swellings and lameness. —Adv.

GOLD and Silver-mounted CANES at one-half of regular marked prices . . .

MONTGOMERY BROS., JEWELERS, Spring and 3rd Sts.



...good seat.

THE "OWL" WILL WIN.

There is a big fight on between the "Owl" Drug company and the other drug stores of Los Angeles. The history of the case is about as follows: The "Owl" is an aggressive business getter, backed up by abundance of capital, through which it is enabled to buy at first hands at bottom prices, and is thereby enabled to set a selling price which it is impossible for the "small fry" to meet.

Recently the retail druggists of the city combined and demanded of Messrs. F. W. Braun & Co. and Haas, Baruch & Co., the local jobbers, that they compel the "Owl" to restore high prices, under penalty of a refusal to sell them any goods. These two jobbing firms attempted the herculean task only to find that the "Owl" was already long on everything in the stock line. The "Owl" people accepted the challenge, however, and are fighting the whole combination, with the result that a stream of people are continuously passing in and out at the "Owl," and every one of the large force of assistants is continuously on the jump while the small dealer stands idly by his mortar and pestle watching the crowd go by.

At the "Owl" you can buy a bottle of extract of Hamamelis for 10 cents which costs you 25 cents at regular price; and other articles are about in regular proportion.

In order to fully appreciate the real merit of this very interesting little contest let us bring the matter closer home.

We have in our midst a very energetic firm of grocers, Messrs. Taylor & Ward. They are in the business for the money there is in it, and to that end they get up and hustle. They buy for cash and in large quantities, and sell at a price that gives to the consumer all there is in it over and above a reasonable profit. Now suppose the "small fry" in this town should put their heads together and resolute about as follows: "These people have set a price which it is impossible for us to follow, and we want the wholesale grocers to compel them to raise their prices or refuse to sell them goods." The wholesaler would be very apt to decline with thanks.

The News scribe spent about 20 years behind the prescription counter, and is familiar with all the tricks of the trade, and he is patting the "Owl" people on the back. Trot out your menagerie, gentlemen. The "Owl" is a sure winner. You may shout: "Deception! Deception!" until you are black in the face, but the average person knows a cake of Pears' soap when he sees it, and he is not going to pay John Jones more for it than he can get it for at the "Owl."

The fact is that there are about four times too many drug stores in the city, and in order to eke out a living the owners invoke the aid of the jobbers to keep up an exorbitant price.

[COAST RECORD.]

FOUGHT OFF A MADMAN.

Asylum Guard Beaten and Chewed.

Lunatic Subdued After a Hard Fight.

Three Burglaries at Stockton in One Day—Mrs. Craven's Last Chance.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Sept. 29.—Peter Martin, an attendant at the State Hospital, was nearly killed about 9 o'clock last evening by a patient named Carlton Stowe, who beat him over the head with the heavy buckle of a restraining strap, after which he bit a piece out of his ear, another piece of flesh from his eyebrow and also chewed one of his fingers nearly off. Martin was terribly beaten by the frantic lunatic before he finally got the better of the madman. Today Martin is in bed under the care of the medical staff as a result of the injuries he received.

Stowe was committed to the hospital from Eldorado county in May, 1896, and is a large and powerful man. He is delusional, and believes that he is being pursued and that electricity is being tried upon him. His attack upon Martin was due to the fact that he thought Martin could discharge him from the hospital, but refused to do so.

BURGLARS AT STOCKTON.

THREE ROBBERIES IN A DAY.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

STOCKTON, Sept. 29. — Burglars operated three times in Stockton during the past twenty-four hours. Early this morning the residence of Mrs. Alice Housh, No. 317 North California street, was entered and a small sum of money taken from John Housh.

An attempt was made at 1:30 o'clock this morning to enter the Badger House on North San Joaquin street, but the burglar was frustrated.

Yesterday afternoon a burglar broke into Frank Murphy's dog kennel in the northern part of town and took three hound pups worth $150. One belonged to Murphy, and the others were the property of Dominick Shannon, president of the San Mateo Coursing Park.

FELL EIGHTY FEET.

TRAGEDY IN CITY HALL.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Carl Kruger, a prosperous gardener, met a horrible death at the City Hall today by falling from the second floor of the dome to the floor of the rotunda, eighty feet below. Both legs were broken and the skull badly fractured. When picked up Kruger was still alive, but died in the hospital a few hours later. Few witnessed the tragedy, and it is not known whether the fall was accidental or a suicide. Kruger leaves a widow and several children.

MRS. CRAVEN'S LAST CHANCE.

MUST APPEAR NEXT SATURDAY.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The charge of perjury against Mrs. Craven was continued another week today by Judge Cook. Drs. Clinton and Brunell appeared to explain that Mrs. Craven was still ill and confined to her bed. "She is partly paralyzed," said Dr. Brunell, "and cannot leave her room without the greatest difficulty. Yet it may be said that she is steadily improving, and that she will be in a condition to appear in court in a few weeks."

In continuing the case, Judge Cook would permit no delay longer than next Saturday. "If Mrs. Craven is not in court then," he said, "she shall forfeit her bail." Mrs. Craven's sureties are two of her counsel. They had deposited $5000 in cash to insure her appearance.

SHOT HIS ANNOYERS.

TROUBLE IN VALLEJO SALOON.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

VALLEJO, Sept. 29.—David Barker, an ex-marine, who came here on the Boston, shot Frank Burns and James Coakley in a saloon row this morning. Three shots in all were fired, Coakley receiving a bullet in the arm, which shattered the elbow and necessitated amputation, while Burns was hit in the neck, the bullet narrowly missing the jugular.

Burns and Coakley had been annoying Barker for some time, and the shooting resulted. Barker was arrested on the charge of attempted murder.

BIG WAREHOUSE BURNED.

MUCH HAY IS DESTROYED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WALNUT, Sept. 29.—Workmen employed at the Grangers' warehouse at Danville, while loading hay, discovered fire at the other end of the warehouse. It was soon consumed by the flames. The railroad depot, which is situated close by, also caught fire, but was saved. Twenty-seven hundred tons of hay, valued close to $30,000, were lost and two cars on the track ready to ship were also burned.

An engine arrived from Port Costa too late to do much good. The warehouse was owned by the Grangers' Bank, and was built on the ground of the warehouse which was destroyed by fire seven years ago. It was 300 feet long. The contents are partly insured. The Dutard estate had considerable hay stored in it.

BIG DAMAGE SUITS.

INVOLVE THE RAISIN INDUSTRY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Damage suits for $500,000, involving the raisin industry of the State, were begun in the United States Circuit Court today. The complainant is the United States Consolidated Seeded Raisin Company, a New York corporation, and the defendants are ten Fresno firms engaged in seeding raisins.

The patents which, it is alleged, have been infringed, were taken out by William Forsyth, George C. Ladue and George Pettit, Jr. The trio combined their interests and organized a company.

The first of the damage suits is against the Phoenix Raisin Seeding and Packing Company, for $100,000 for alleged infringment of the patented process of curing raisins. Other companies sued are the Cooperative Packers' Association, Seropnian Bros., A. L. Hobbst & Co., the Banner Vineyard Company and the St. George Vineyard Company. In addition to $500,000 damages the complainants seek an injunction to prevent any further infringements on their patents, and ask that the machines already in use be broken up and destroyed.

WHOLESALE BIKE THIEF.

CONFESSES TO MANY CRIMES.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, Sept. 29.—Louis M. Haskins, a local pool seller, has been arrested for systematic and extensive bicycle stealing. The police today obtained a full confession from him. His method was to steal a bicycle from the sidewalk, take it apart, pack the pieces and ship them to Chicago. He stated that he intended going to Chicago to receive them in a few days. Haskins admits the theft of seven machines, but the police believe that he has been operating for several months, and that he has an accomplice in Chicago.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

SUBURBANITE MEETS DEATH.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 29.—John H. Mohwinkel, who lived at Highland Park, a suburb of this city, was struck by the outward-bound Stockton train at Seventeenth and R streets, about 5 o'clock this afternoon and instantly killed. So far as is known, there were no eyewitnesses to the accident except the trainmen.

Mohwinkel evidently drove on the crossing before he saw the approaching train, and the wagon was struck before he could clear the track. The body was carried about thirty feet from the crossing. The wagon was wrecked, and one of the horses was injured, so that it had to be killed. Mohwinkel leaves a widow, a son and two married daughters.

NAVAL MILITIA REFORM.

GOVERNOR ORDERS AN INQUIRY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Gov. Gage has ordered a court of inquiry to investigate conditions in the naval militia, particularly the divisions stationed here. The action of the Governor is taken at the request of Capt. James of the militia. Internal dissensions, lack of men at the drills and various other matters that have threatened the life of the militia will be investigated.

CRUSHED BY LOGS.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT CARTERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CARTERS, Sept. 29.—An accident occurred on the logging railroad of the West Side Flume and Lumber Company today, which resulted in the death of two men, W. C. Duputy and Gus Reuter, each aged about 50 years. The men were riding on a car carrying logs. Rounding a sharp curve the bending chains broke. This allowed the logs to roll off. The logs rolled over them, killing Deputy instantly. Reuter died shortly after being removed to the hospital.

POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

SUSPECTS BREAK OUT OF JAIL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Sept. 29.—Between 2 and 4 o'clock this morning the postoffice at Mesa, twelve miles from Phoenix, was robbed, the robbers securing $1000 in stamps and $200 in cash, overlooking $250 in cash. Later in the day two men suspected of the crime were arrested and lodged in jail at Tempe. Some time in the afternoon the suspects sawed their way out of prison and escaped. Posses were organized and are scouring the country. Sheriff Murray was called on for aid and with deputies has joined in the chase.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Balaklava Survivor Dead.

FRESNO, Sept. 29.—H. A. Trevelyan died this morning from pneumonia. Col. Trevelyan has been resident manager of the Barton estate vineyard company, an English corporation, for the past ten years. He was a survivor of the Balaklava charge, being at one time attached as cornet to the Eleventh Hussars. He leaves two daughters in England. He was 67 years of age.

Contra Costa's Claim Rejected.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 29.—The State Board of Examiners today rejected the claim of Contra Costa county for $13,-514.86 for the support of orphans, half-orphans and abandoned children, covering a period of several years. The county claimed the full State appropriation in each case although it had not paid the full amount. The board of examiners held that it had once passed upon the same claims. It is understood that Contra Costa county will endeavor to compel the board to allow the claim by mandate proceedings.

Dividend on Prunes.

SAN JOSE, Sept. 29.—The directors of the California Cured Fruit Association today declared a dividend of one-half of a cent per pound on all prunes up to 120 in size, and one-quarter of a cent upon all prunes from 120 up. More prunes have been sold up to date than for any corresponding season in the history of the industry.

Laura Gets No Damages.

SAN ANDREWS, Sept. 29.—The case of Laura Daveggio vs. the Utica Gold Mining Company to recover $25,000 as damages claimed to have resulted to the health of the plaintiff by reason of smoke and fumes from the chlorination works of defendant at Angels Camp, which has been on trial in the Superior Court of this county for the past ten days was concluded this afternoon. A verdict for the defendant was reached ten minutes after the case was submitted to the jury.

Butcher Ends His Existence.

MODESTO, Sept. 29.—Word was received here from Oakdale that W. S. Waford, a butcher, aged 30, committed suicide at that place this afternoon. The Coroner has gone to the scene to investigate.

Zumwalt Case Near an End.

PLACERVILLE, Sept. 29.—At the close of the cross-examination of Dr. A. W. Holsholt, the substance of whose testimony in the Zumwalt murder case was given yesterday, the court adjourned until Monday next. Several other physicians are expected to testify before the submission of the case to the jury.

Locomobile Afire.

STOCKTON, Sept. 29.—A locomobile belonging to H. B. Taylor of Oakland, caught fire near French Camp tenight. Henry Stuart Foote, his brother-in-law, and son of W. W. Foote, was with him. In turning off the valve to prevent the flames from igniting the tank, Taylor burned his hand. Foote, in dropping to the ground from exhaustion, sprained his left hand. The machine was towed to this city by a farmer and both the men quickly recovered from the excitement.

MILES RECOMMENDS AUTOS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Lieut.-Gen. Miles, commanding the United States Army, in his annual report, will renew his recommendation for the further use of the automobile in the army.

[THE MINING FIELDS.]

RICHES ARRIVE FROM NOME.

Steamers Oregon and Portland In—Smuggling Carried On Extensively.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.,) Sept. 29.—Two steamships, the Oregon and the Portland, arrived from Nome today. The former had 462 passengers and the latter 88 passengers, two boxes of bullion and a partial cargo of Arctic furs. According to the records of the quarantine officers, 2000 people have arrived from Alaska and have been inspected here during the past four days.

Smuggling across the British Columbia line into the United States has been carried on extensively of late. The officers have been keeping a careful watch, and today were rewarded for their vigilance. Collector Heustis received a telegram from Sumas announcing the arrival of two men with a pack train of five horses laden with general merchandise and miners' supplies. The goods were purchased in British Columbia, and were destined to mines twenty-eight miles from Sumas, in the Mt. Baker district. The customs officers think this capture important, and believe that it may lead to other arrests.

BRITISH FLAG UP.

IN THE PORCUPINE DISTRICT.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—A special to the Record from Vancouver, B. C., says:

"A dispatch received here last evening dated from the British commissioner's camp near Porcupine City, Alaska, says that Archie Martin, Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, and head of the British commissioners, raised the British flag on September 17. He took possession of that portion of the Porcupine district recently declared to be in British territory, at least for the time being, by the International Boundary Commission. He then declared that the Americans who own all the claims in this district should at once apply to have their titles confirmed by this commission."

CABLE SHIP ASHORE.

WILL PROBABLY BE SAVED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Sept. 29.—The steamship Ohio, arriving last night brings news that the steamer Orizaba, engaged in laying a government cable between Nome and St. Michael, went aground on an uncharted reef near the latter place September 17.

Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, arrived on the Ohio. He was on board the Orizaba at the time of the wreck, and says the vessel will be saved unless a sudden storm intervenes.

Steamer Senator started at once from Nome to take off the crew and cargo, including the government cable. The laying of the cable will be postponed until next season. The Ohio brought down 500 passengers.

SAW THROUGH FLOOR.

SMOOTH THIEVES' BIG HAUL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 29.—A special to the Times from Tacoma, Wash., says: "On the night of September 19 thieves sawed through the floor of the Alaska Commercial Company's warehouse at Nome, securing gold dust worth $10,500. The robbers worked so quietly that the watchman in the building did not hear them. The gold dust was stored in a safe in the company's office where its banking business is conducted."

PORTUGAL'S KING HONORED.

"Bobs" Sent a Telegram and Paraded Troops on His Majesty's Birthday.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The War Office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"PRETORIA, Sept. 28.—Today being the birthday of the King of Portugal, I sent a telegram from the army in South Africa, congratulating his majesty. Pole-Carew paraded all his troops at Koomatipoort and saluted the Portuguese flag. Many Portuguese officials attended the review."

VERY PICTURESQUE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

KOOMATIPOORT, Friday, Sept. 28.—The review of the British troops, held in honor of the birthday of the King of Portugal, was picturesque, about ten thousand cavalry and ten batteries of artillery paraded. The Guards mounted brigade called forth the admiration of the Governor-General of Portuguese East Africa, Machado. Gen. Pole-Carew and his staff went to Ressano Garrisa with Gov.-Gen. Machado and witnessed the Portuguese ceremonies.

STORY OF THE MASSACRE.

CONFIRMED BY A CONSUL.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Department of State has received a dispatch from the Consul-General at Shanghai, dated August 17, in which it is stated that confirmation has been received of the massacre of the foreigners at Kuchau Che Fang Province, July 21, 1900:

Mr. and Mrs. Ward and child, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Thompson and two children, Miss Thorgood, Miss Sherman, Miss Manchester and Miss Desmond.

Miss Manchester and Miss Desmond were citizens of the United States. Miss Manchester came from Edmundson, N. Y. and Miss Desmond from Natick, Mass.

BRITAIN'S BACK-SLIDE.

PRESS PREPARING FOR IT.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Judging from appearances, the British press is preparing the way for the announcement that Lord Salisbury has failed to agree to the proposals contained in the German note. The papers which at first angrily declared that the statement to that effect made to the Associated Press was inaccurate are now either silent or are taking the view that, after all, it is doubtful if it would be advisable for Great Britain to become a party to such a stringent measure. As a matter of fact, the statement regarding Lord Salisbury's determination created so much excitement and brought such severe comment from Berlin that it may result in Great Britain's formal reply not being delivered, and may induce Germany to a compromise arrangement.

A RUSSIAN EXILE ON CHINESE SITUATION.

By H. B. ANDREWS.

[Specially contributed to The Times.]

INTENSE as is the interest of the world at large in the unique situation in the Orient, much more so is that of the numerous Russian refugees in the United States. To these expatriated unfortunates the situation has a personal aspect. They share the human traits of longing for childhood's home and love of native land; and when did love fail to thrive on opposition? So the exile lives in longing for the coup which may change his status, and feels his heartstrings thrill afresh with hope at each new move on the political chessboard.

In conversing with a representative of this class, some views were expressed which bring to notice an interesting phase of the problem now confronting occidental civilization. Not less interesting, in a measure even fascinating, is the personality of the speaker. For one thing, he is an exile, and a Slav. Whether he be a nihilist I cannot say, but he is an ardent admirer of Prince Krapotkin, and if that is not pretty much the same as being a nihilist my judgment is at fault. In his converse, my exile evinces a simplicity of faith which many would nominate credulity; a breadth of view which fails to note some important details; and a fierce and wistful patriotism—a combination of qualities which perhaps made him at home a dangerous enemy of the land he loves.

His faith may be judged—no, not judged. "Judge" is a harsh term to apply to the faith of a fellow-man. True faith is rare enough in the earth—let us reverence it where we find it, though it be alloyed with baser qualities. Its Author, to whom it is precious, will purify. But we must needs estimate our fellows, and how shall we do it but by their words and acts? An estimate, therefore, of our exile's faith may be formed in part by his characterization of the Eastern church. "Now," he exclaimed with enthusiasm, "you shall see something you have never seen before." How beautiful my brother was! His dark face glowed with devotion, his winning smile was an angel's welcome to a lost soul at the gates of paradise. At the close of the beautiful and impressive service, as we strolled, thoughtful, he said with reverent conviction, "That is exactly as it was done by the Apostles—exactly."

"Russia—the Eastern church—is the great missionary power," he continued. "This is a mission church, so you do not get the complete fullness of the ritual. We send our missionaries to all corners of the earth. And we do not seek political power, as Rome does." His face expressed his contempt for Rome. The power of the Roman priesthood in China is a sore point with a Muscovite. "No, the Eastern church loves the heathen, and seeks to save them. She does not wish to enslave them. The other nations should leave China to her. A Slav can deal with a Mongol better than anyone else; they are more akin. Left alone, Russia would quietly Christianize China, strengthen her government and uplift her people. She does not want China's territory; she has enough of her own. Neither would she destroy them with opium, like the English, nor with whisky, as the Americans do.

"But there is another reason why Russia must endeavor to keep intact the Chinese empire. The Slav hates the Latin with a deep and abiding aversion, similar to the Chinese contempt for the foreign devil. The Latin character and culture are alike repugnant to him. They irritate him to the fighting point. The Chinese Empire has been an effective protection against these unwelcome neighbors, which the Slav is loth to lose. To this racial antipathy is really due, to a very great extent, I am convinced, the division between the Eastern and Western churches. The Slav could not endure that a Roman should usurp the universal bishopric; and the filioque was probably to most of the Eastern clergy and laymen more a race war cry than a religious conviction.

"And yet, to peer a little further into the mists of the future, there is still another idea in the Slavonic mind which influences Russia's attitude in the present crisis. And here the contest is without venom; for while an Eastern priest would not set foot on the threshold of a Roman church, he would celebrate the mass in an Anglican church. At the consecration of Bishop Moreland in San Francisco, the priest in charge of the Orthodox church was present with his retinue, in their vestments. But Russia does not greatly fear the temporal power of the Latin hierachy. To the Muscovite the growing power of the Anglo-Saxon is the only menace to his supremacy in the earth. It is between these two races that the world is to be divided, and Russia is determined that the division shall be the natural division of the Eastern and Western hemispheres. She views with pleasure the increase of American prosperity, so long as it is confined to what she deems natural boundaries. But every aggression in the East, whether by America or England, is a menace to the future dominion which Russia already sees as her own in the Old World."

It may not be without interest to call to mind, in contrast with the views expressed above, the Roman dogma, that the world is to be saved by all men submitting to the Pope; the Russian, that all will become Orthodox; the Protestant, that somehow all the world will become truly Christianized according to the multi-colored views of Protestantism; and the further view of different adventist bodies that Rome, either civil or ecclesiastic, is again to rule the world with rod of tyranny before the final culmination of the plan of salvation.

NEW TROLLEY DEVICES.

Wing Trolley and Trolley Traveler—Two Inventions that Faciliate "Contacting."

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Two new inventions, the wing trolley and the trolley traveler, are designed to remedy some familiar faults of the electric trolley. The wing trolley makes it more easy to get back the trolley wheel on the leading wire, and more difficult for the wheel to leave the wire on the curves. This device is simply the ordinary trolley with wings (which need not project more than half an inch,) and a slot and pin penetrating the shank of the fork of the pulley. Being parallel with the pulley, it allows it to swivel at curves, but prevents it getting across the wire, as its end come in contact with the sides of the slot.

On account of the extra width attained beyond that of the pulley by the "wings" forming a channel, the conductor can "let go" the moment the pulley is under the trolley wire, and it engages instantaneously, without wasting time and patience in "dodging." The "traveler" has for its object the prevention of accidents arising from the looseness of the trolley head rope. The device automatically keeps the rope confined at the bottom of the trolley pole, when the rope is not in use. The traveler, which weighs only a few ounces, consists of two skeleton plates, comprising a frame for mounting rollers at the top and bottom. The rod forming the spindle of the rollers has a head at one end and a slot at the other to take a split pin, so that the traveler can be readily applied to any arm. When the trolley has to be changed from one feed wire to another, the conductor takes hold of the end of the rope as it hangs down the side of the car, and pulls it. The traveler then mounts the arm to the end, the trolley is instantaneously let go, and is "contacted" the moment it comes underneath the wire. The conductor lets go the end of the rope, and the traveler descends by gravitation to the pillar of the arm, if at the side of the car, or to a stop piece or clip thereon, if in the middle. The rope is thus drawn up out of the way close to the underside of the arm, the end hanging down the side of the car. The cost of the device is trifling, and it is both simple and expeditious in action.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

Two more deaths from bubonic plague have been reported at Glasgow, Scotland. One victim was a child born of a woman suffering from the disease.

Emperor William of Germany has bestowed the order of the Red Eagle on Maj.-Gen. Stoessel, "commander of the international forces at Tien-Tsin and Taku."

Pflungk's & Tiengen's warehouses, Robertson's grease warehouse, Bosch's granary and four residences were destroyed by fire in Hamburg, Germany, Friday. The loss is estimated at over a million marks.

Fifty warrants were served in New York Friday by officers of the health department for the arrest of persons charged with violating the smoke ordinance by burning soft coal.

William C. Whitney has bought Elisabeth M., who won the Boulevard Handicap at Gravesend Friday. The price was kept private, but it is said to be between $15,000 and $20,000.

The Tacoma and Columbia River Railway has been sold by the receiver, under orders of the United States Court. It was bid in by the Stetson Trust Company of Tacoma for $17,000. It has twelve miles of track in operation.

Stephen G. Williams has been appointed temporary receiver for the Engineering Contract Company of Jersey City. In the petition for the receiver the company's assets are given at $60,-000 and liabilities $50,000.

Col. D. Freeman Elsworth, an old-time Democrat, once candidate for Governor of Iowa, is dead at Eldora, aged 90 years. He held many positions of trust and was a delegate to several national conventions.

Judge J. M. Dennett of Valley City, N. D., has returned from the Cascade Mountain district of Washington, bringing samples and news of the location of vast fields of anthracite coal. He estimates the quantity of coal in sight at 25,000,000 tons.

At 1:40 a.m. o'clock Saturday a large can of lubricating oil exploded in the Central Union Gas Works, foot of East One Hundred and Thirty-ninth street, New York, setting fire to the engine room and causing a damage of $1000. The fire was extinguished after half an hour's work. The damage was chiefly to the belting, machinery and wood work in the engine room.

A receiver has been appointed for the Montgomery Trust and Savings Bank of Montgomery, W. Va., on the application of President Champe and Vice-President Simrays, who alleged that Cashier McCormick had misappropriated funds, making the bank insolvent. Liabilities, $50,000; assets, $15,-000, of which only $1500 is cash. Missing notes and securities amount to $62,-000.

The suspension of U. G. Peters & Co., dealers in stocks and bonds, was announced on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday. Mr. Peters was not at his office to give a statement, but other brokers put the liabilities at from $1000 to $10,000. The failure is said to be due largely to the withdrawal from the firm of Charles Henrotin, who held the New York Stock Exchange membership of the firm.

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We do not care to make a sale unless we can fit you perfectly and becomingly. And nine times out of ten our prices are lower than you will pay for the ordinary suit or jacket at the ordinary store.

Among the latest arrivals from New York is a nobby suit of all-wool Cheviot in oxford gray or navy blue, with double-breasted coat and jacket, military collar with satin lining and seven-gore skirt, $15.00.

A Beautiful Suit in blue, black or gray at $14.98.

All-wool Cheviot Suit, five-gore flare skirt, silk-stitched jacket, $10.

Covert Suit, with double-breasted jacket, with satin revers and five-gore skirt, all colors, $22.50.

Beautiful Russian Blouse Suit, jacket and three-piece skirt braided to match extremely nobby, $25.00.

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CAN be had on the Colorado Mesa in the Imperial Settlement at the nominal price of $12.50 per acre. *Abundant water for irrigation. Thousands of acres have already been located.* No one that has ever settled on the land has failed to be prospered. Parties leave for the Delta three times each week. Investigate this enterprise. We give special attention to securing desirable locations for our customers. For further particulars and circulars address or call on

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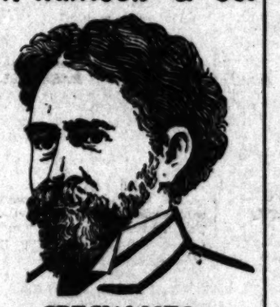

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We positively GUARANTEE to cure PILES, FISTULA, RUPTURE, VARICOCELE and HYDROCELE in one week.

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[SPORTING RECORD.]

SPORTS LAID FOR CORBETT.

Charges of Faking Must Be Explained.

Jim Said to Have Split With Considine.

McCoy and His Talkative Better Half Reported to Have Become Reconciled.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The large number of sporting men who are interested in the arrival of the Campania, which has on board former Champion James J. Corbett, were disappointed today, for the big Cunarder did not reach port. Many of Corbett's friends were up betimes in the expectation of seeing the tourist-pugilist who startled the fistic world a few weeks ago with his sudden departure for Europe, coupled with the fact that after he left his wife sued him for a divorce, naming a well-known music-hall singer as co-respondent, and Mrs. Corbett's subsequent sensational allegations regarding Jim's battle with McCoy at Madison Square Garden, which she denounced as a gigantic fake.

The sports are anxiously waiting to hear just what Corbett will have to say in defense of the charges. When Jim left for the other side he was accompanied by George Considine, his manager. Reports from abroad state they have quarreled and the former champion is making the trip alone. Considine is at Paris, according to a letter received from him by his partner in this city, and intends to remain there for an indefinite period.

It was said that Considine and his friends intended to spirit Corbett away so as to escape his wife, whose lawyers, it was said, intend to serve Corbett with papers relative to the suit. It is not likely, though, that Corbett will try to evade service, nor will he be arrested, as it was generally supposed by the bruiser's friends. Considine says that Corbett will accept the papers, but is of the opinion that Jim is sincere in regard to effecting a reconciliation with his wife.

It was said yesterday that Mr. and Mrs. Selby had become reconciled and would soon live together again. It is understood that Mrs. Selby will retract her charges of "fake" which she, like Mrs. Corbett, made against her husband.

CAMPANIA SIGHTED.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Campania was sighted off Fire Island at 3 o'clock this morning.

LAST DAY AT OAKLAND.

MYRTHA WHIPS WINS PACE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

OAKLAND, Sept. 29.—The Golden Gate Fair closed today. Myrtha Whips won the pacing race—called a free-for-all by courtesy. There were five starters, and the drivers did not appear over anxious to knock out their side-wheelers, as there are several more meetings on the circuit.

Sidelong, an outsider, beat Clarando in a hard drive in the first running race at six furlongs. The winner was ridden by Walls, a new aspirant for jockey honors.

Formero and St. Cuthbert were the favorites in the High Weight Handicap. The former was never able to get up, and Jingle Jingle catching St. Cuthbert at the saddling paddock, won cleverly at the end. She was 4 to 1 in the closing betting. Summaries:

Pacing, free-for-all, purse $500:

Myrtha Whips (Heilman)	1	1	1
Goshen Jim (Eddy)	2	3	5
Edna R. (Traynor)	5	2	3
Chloe (Clarke)	3	5	4
Delphi (Whitehead)	4	4	2

Time 2:15¼, 2:16½, 2:20.

Six furlongs, selling, purse $250: Sidelong (Walls,) won; Clamando (Russell,) second; Homestake (J. Woods,) third; time 1:16. Swift Water, Candle Light III, Gold Finder, Brown Prince, Garbo and The Miller also ran.

Futurity course, purse $250: Moonbright (Ruiz,) won; Phil Archibald (Frawley,) second; El Topio (Stuart,) third; time 1:13¼. Bill Young, Lassitude and Richard S. also ran.

Mile and a quarter, purse $250: Stromo (Fauntleroy,) won; Kickumbob (Logue,) second; Expedient (Feary,) third; time 2:09. Grady, Edgardo, Ping, None Such, Billy Moore, Zarrow and Evirato also ran.

High Weight Handicap, seven furlongs, purse $300: Jingle Jingle (Mounce,) won, St. Cuthbert (Ruiz,) second; Snips (Howson,) third; time 1:28. Novia, Formero and Good Hope also ran.

Six furlongs, selling: Panamint (Fauntleroy,) won; Socialist (Tullett,) second, Meadow Lark (Woods,) third; time 1:14½. Storm King, Amasa, High Hoe, Limber Jib and Lady Heloise also ran.

Futurity course, purse $250: Tiburon (Stuart,) won; February (Howson,) second; Midlove (Fauntleroy,) third; time 1:08¼. Mike Rice and The Bobby also ran.

KINLOCH PARK EVENTS.

FIVE FIRST CHOICES IN FIRST.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. Louis, Sept. 29.—Five out of six favorites won at Kinloch Park today. The track was slow. Results:

Mile and a half: Alcaney won, Fly Fire second; Fox Bard third; time 2:40¾.

Six furlongs: Orleans won, Omdurman second; Marine third; time 1:19¼.

Mile and a sixteenth: W. B. Gates won, De Blase second, Grey Forge third; time 1:54¾.

Mile and three-sixteenths, hurdles: Titus won, Eva Moe second, Yarkaba third; time 2:19½.

Six and a half furlongs: Hungarian won, Alle Turner second, Miss Mae Day third; time 1:24¼.

One mile: Meddlesome won; Guide Rock second, Tim Gilmore third; time 1:47.

GRAVESEND SURPRISES.

ALL THE FAVORITES BEATEN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—It was a characteristic gateway day at Gravesend. Not a single favorite was first to the wire. The feature of the day was Jockey Henry's clever work. He rode three winners and one placed horse, and, as it happened, in each case for S. C. Hildreth. His followers reaped a harvest. Summary:

About six furlongs: Tellamon won, Joe Frey second, Red Path third; time 1:10 4-5.

Mile and an eighth: Alsike won, The Amazon second, Greenock third; time 1:55 2-5.

Prospect Handicap, about six furlongs: Beau Gallant won, Water Color second, Autolight third; time 1:11.

Oriental Handicap, mile and a quarter: Charnetus won, Gonfalon second, Jack Point third; time 2:07¾.

Five and a half furlongs: Balloon won, Cherished second, Queen Carnival third; time 1:07.

Mile and a sixteenth: Wooster Boy won, Cyrano second, Withers third; time 1:48 4-5.

FALLS AT HAWTHORNE.

TWO JOCKIES ARE INJURED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Four horses fell in a bunch at the eleventh jump in Hawthorne's steeplechase today, seriously injuring Jockey Figgerson and slightly wounding W. J. Johnson. The weather was clear and the track heavy. Results:

Six furlongs: Goal Runner won, Hindoonet second, Abe Furst third; time 1:18¼.

One mile: Handyman won, Tyro second, Bowen third; time 1:48½.

Steeplechase, full course: Coronatus won, Mr. Dunlap second, Donation third; time 1:33¼.

Six and a half furlongs: Letup won, Prejudice second, Charlie Olien third; time 1:40¼.

Mile and an eighth: Ohnet won, The Lady second, Brigade third; time 2:01¼.

Mile and a half: Joe Shelby won, False Lead second, Judge Denny third; time 2:43¼.

FORT ERIE MUDDY.

SUMMARY OF THE WINNERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BUFFALO, Sept. 29.—The track was muddy at Fort Erie. Results:

Six and a half furlongs: Robert Gray won; Ice Drop second, Tyrba third; time 1:26¾.

Five furlongs: Formalis won, Tacker second, Lyror Belle third; time 1:04¾.

Six furlongs: Benckart won, Our Lizzie second, Donna Zeay third; time 1:16½.

Six furlongs: Wilson won, Earl second, Vargrave third; time 1:19¼.

Five furlongs: Albula won, Prima II second, Spined third; time 1:04¼.

One mile: T. Jefferson won, Z L. W. second, Intriguer third; time 1:46¼.

WINDSOR'S LAST DAY.

ONLY ONE FAVORITE WINS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

DETROIT, Sept. 29.—Only one favorite won at Windsor's last day. The track was slow. Results:

Six furlongs: Acushla won, Deist second, Joe Martin third; time 1:19.

Four and a half furlongs: The Covenanter won, Kid Hampton second, Henry's Sister third; time 0:54½.

Mile and a sixteenth: Hermencia won, Six Fitshugh second, Flag of Truce third; time 1:59½.

Six and a half furlongs: Handicapper won, Amoroso second, Miss Redwood third; time 1:26.

One mile: Brother Fred won, Elizabeth second, Windward third; time 1:44.

Mile and sixty yards: Lizzie Jackson won, Cavalo second, Lavitesse third; time 1:51¼.

Six and a half furlongs: Cormorant won, Baffled second, Charley Estes third; time 1:24.

Readville Races Finished.

READVILLE (Mass.) Sept. 29.—The unfinished races from Thursday were finished today. Private winning the 2:15-class pace, in which he took two heats Thursday, and Consula S. taking the third heat and race in the 2:24-class trot. The Private's best time was 2:10¼; that of Consula's was 2:13½.

ATHLETICS AT TANFORAN.

THREE RECORDS LOWERED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Today was Athletic day at Tanforan Park. In the athletic events that opened the fair of the San Francisco and San Mateo Agricultural Association, three records were lowered, namely, the pole vault, the half-mile and the 220-yard dash.

In the first event, a 100-yard dash, Herreshoff of the University of California team won the final heat in the good time of ten seconds. This was followed by Cutter and Doyle of the Olympic and Stanford teams, respectfully, breaking the Coast record for the pole vault by jumping 11 feet 3½ inches. Drum, the Berkeley crack sprinter, lowered the 220-yard dash to 22 3-5 seconds. The relay race went to the Oakland High School.

Bob Edgren won both the shot-put and throwing the hammer. In the former event he was closely followed by Woolsey of the Berkeley team. Summary:

The 100-yard dash, handicap: Herreshoff, U.C., first; Turpin, A.A.L., second; time 10s.

The 880-yard run: Service, U.C., won; Smith, O.O.C., second; time 1m. 58s.

120-yard hurdle, trial heat: Powell, U.C., won; Thomas, O.A.C., second; time 0:16.

440-yard run: Burgess, O.A.C., first; Cavalier second; time 0:51 3-5.

[illegible]-yard dash: Drum, U.C., first; Jones, H.E.H.S., second; time 0:22¾.

220-yard hurdle: Lidga first; Powell, U.C., second; time 0:26 4-5.

100-yard dash, scratch, for Henry Crocker championship cup: Abadie, O.A.C., first; Gerhardt, O.A.C., second; time 0:10 3-5.

Mile, relay race, winner to receive Crocker cup: Oakland High School first; time 3:26 4-5.

Field events:

Pole vault: Won by Cutter, O.A.C.; 10ft. 8in.

Shot put: Won by Edgren, O.A.C.; Woolsey, U.C., second; 41ft. 3in.

Running high jump: Doyle, S., first; Clifford, U.C., second; 6ft. 1¼in.

Running broad jump: Won by Drum, U.C.; Mau, O.A.C., second; 21ft. 6in.

Hammer throw: Edgren, O.A.C., first; Cutter, O.A.C., second; 155ft. 6in.

FIRST FOOTBALL GAMES.

YALE DEFEATS TRINITY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW HAVEN (Ct.,) Sept. 29.—Yale defeated Trinity in the first football game of the season here today by a score of 22 to 0.

HARVARD VICTORIOUS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CAMBRIDGE (Mass.,) Sept. 29.—The first football game of the season was played between the Harvard 'varsity team and the Wesleyan eleven, the score being 24 to 0 in favor of Harvard.

NEW YORK GAMES.

TWO WORLD'S RECORDS BROKEN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The annual fall games of the New York Athletic Club were held today at Travers Island in the presence of about seven thousand spectators. The weather was raw and unsuitable to clever performances on the track and field. Notwithstanding this, two world's records were broken. In the 440-yard run, handicap, Maxwell W. Long of Columbia University covered the distance in the remarkable time of 47 4-5s. These figures eclipse all former records, amateur and professional, on a circular track.

The other world's record occurred in the hammer-throwing event, in which John Flanagan of the New York Athletic Club sent the missile 169ft. 4in., beating the former record of 167ft. 8in., made by himself on the same ground two years ago.

In the swimming championships of the Amateur Athletic Union E. C. Shaeffer of the University of Pennsylvania, lowered the American 100-yard record of 1m. 8 3-5s., to 1m. 5 3-5s.

AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

SWEEPS THE ENGLISH TURF.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] "There is much reason to believe," says this week's Field, "that never in the whole history of British sport has anything occurred of such a revolutionary nature and so shattering to the accepted standards of belief as the triumphant descent on the British turf of the American jockeys and trainers."

That statement well voices the prevailing sentiment. Lester Reiff now heads the list of winning jockeys. The week has witnessed the defeat of England's champion, Diamond Jubilee, by an American horse which, it is understood, would have been ridden by an American jockey had it not been for Sloan's disagreement with the Keenes while in New York. But the fact that Cannon rode Disguise II detracted little from the victory.

Sloan, by the way, is not likely to lose anything by ceasing to ride for the Keenes, as it is said he has received $25,000 as a retainer to ride for the Prince of Wales.

Edward Corrigan's action in causing Sloan to appear before the jockey club in an effort to have him carry out his contract to ride Mr. Corrigan's horse, Sardonic II, in the Cesarewitch, instead of a mount which Sloan seemed to prefer, has called forth considerable comment, the papers congratulating the turf on the arrival of an American owner who, as one paper puts it, "will not let himself be ridden over rough shod by jockeys in the way that so many English aristocrats and patrician owners with lamb-like meekness have hitherto done.

There is frank acknowledgment in all quarters of the sweeping American successes and it is accompanied with complete generosity.

CLOSE GOLF CONTESTS.

VETERAN BARELY BEATS BOY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LAKE FOREST (Ill.,) Sept. 29.—William Waller, the veteran Onwentsia golfer, won the western amateur golf championship this afternoon from William Holabird, Jr., the 17-year-old Glenview player, by the narrow margin of 1 up. Holabird, apparently feeling the effects of his close morning game with Walter B. Smith, played a wretched game for the first nine holes, and did not get over his nervousness until the game was almost hopelessly lost.

The sensation of the day was the defeat of Walter B. Smith by Holabird in the semi-finals. Smith's machine-like work Thursday and Friday had made him a warm favorite for the honors of the tournament, but in his game with the Glenview player he was sadly out of form.

The finals for the second and third sixteen cups were rather one-sided. Louis Allis of Milwaukee took the second sixteen cup from Charles Zublin of Midlothian, 5 up, 3 to play, and "Snake" Ames, famous in Princeton football struggles, won the third sixteen cup by defeating W. A. Alexander of Onwentsia, 3 up, 5 to play.

EASTERN BASEBALL.

PITCHERS' BATTLE AT CHICAGO.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Menfee was wild in the first and was poorly supported and hit hard. Garvin was also hit hard. The second game was a pitchers' battle. Game was called at the end of the seventh on account of darkness. The attendance was 1200. Score:

First game:

Chicago, 7; hits, 10; errors, 4.
St. Louis, 10; hits, 16; errors, 4.
Batteries—Menfee, Garvin and Kling; Powell and Robinson.
Umpire—O'Day.

Second game:

Chicago, 0; hits, 3; errors, 1.
St. Louis, 0; hits, 2; errors, 1.
Batteries—Griffith and Chance; Sudhoff and Criger.
Umpire—O'Day.

TIE GAME AT BROOKLYN.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BROOKLYN, Sept. 29.—Darkness stopped the game in the eighth with the score a tie. The attendance was 2700. Score:

Boston, 6; hits, 15; errors, 2.
Brooklyn, 6; hits, 7; errors, 3.
Batteries—Dineen and Connor; Kitson, Donovan and Farrell.
Umpire—Hurst.

NEW YORK-PHILADELPHIA.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Philadelphia was unable to do anything with Hawley. The attendance was 750. Score:

Philadelphia, 2; hits, 4; errors, 2.
New York, 4; hits, 8; errors, 4.
Batteries—Frazer and McFarland; Hawley and Grady.
Umpire—Snyder.

CINCINNATI-PITTSBURGH.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 29.—Hahn was invincible after the first. The attendance was 2200. Score:

Pittsburgh, 1; hits, 5; errors, 2.
Cincinnati, 2; hits, 7; errors, 1.
Batteries—Philippi and O'Connor; Hahn and Kahoe.
Umpire—Emslie.

COAST BASEBALL.

SAN FRANCISCO-SACRAMENTO.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 29.—The Sacramento baseball aggregation continued its meteoric toboggan act today. Iberg was knocked out of the box in the second inning and was succeeded by Fitzpatrick, who, though wild, was effective at critical times. The features were a home run by Eagan and a phenomenal catch of a foul fly by Reilly. Score:

Sacramento 6; hits 10, errors 2.
San Francisco 7; hits 10, errors 0.
Batteries—Doyle and Stanley; Iberg, Fitzpatrick and Sullivan.
Umpire—O'Connell.

OAKLAND-STOCKTON.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The Oaklands beat the Stocktons by a score of 7 to 3. Up to the beginning of the seventh inning it looked as if the Stockton men would be credited with a whitewash, but by some clever stick work on their part and with the assistance of an error of Kelly of the Oaklands, they were enabled to pile up three runs, which proved to be their total.

Harper pitched a fairly good game for the Stocktons and succeeded in striking out five men, but met with poor assistance in the field. Score:

Oakland 7; hits 9, errors 2.
Stockton 3; hits 8, errors 4.
Batteries—Borchers and Mangerina; Harper and Graham.
Umpire—Hughey; Smith.

MACARTHUR'S ORDER.

New Rules for the Betterment of the Government of Manila—Police to Clear Streets.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Gen. MacArthur at Manila recently issued the following general order for the betterment of the government of the city of Manila:

"Existing orders requiring residents of the city of Manila to confine themselves to their homes after 10 p.m., are hereby amended to extend the hour to 11 p.m., after which hour the streets of the city will be cleared by the police. Saloons will be closed at 10 o'clock p.m. and the sale of liquor is prohibited after that hour."

[SOUTH AFRICA.]

FIGHTING IS ABOUT OVER.

Proclamation of Peace Unnecessary—Railway Question the Most Important.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The military importance of operations in South Africa is daily diminishing as the war passes the transition stage into armed occupation. It is not expected fighting will henceforth develop beyond patrol vollisions or brief swoops by Boers on garrisons, which Gen. Roberts is quartering at all important centers. None of the Boer leaders has any inclination to submit, and with the improvement of the weather in October there may be renewed activity directed toward seizing British arms and ammunition convoys. The lack of munitions and not the lack of energy is reducing the republican forces.

The British government has announced that, as the Orange Free State and Transvaal are already annexed, there will be no reason at any time for proclaiming peace. It would indeed wreck the projected conciliation policy if a day were selected which the jingoes of future years could celebrate as a kind of Sedan day.

The railway question will remain the most important one in South Africa so long as a big garrison is kept in the Transvaal. Both toward Cape Town and toward Natal there is only a single track, along which all munitions and supplies must be brought. The country is utterly unable to feed the industrial population of the Rand, much less the military population, which must always be supplied with big reserve stores in view of a sudden resumption of fighting.

NEW CURE FOR TUBERCULOSIS.

Dr. G. B. Massey's Method is by Enforced Sterilization of Affected Parts.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Dr. George Benton Massey of No. 1831 Chestnut street claims the discovery of a new method of treating tuberculosis, and he says he has effected two absolute cures. In speaking of the new method today, the doctor said:

"My process includes enforced sterilization of the affected parts. This is accomplished by electrolytic salts of mercury in the midst of the germ colony. The salts are radiated through surrounding diseased tissue from a gold electrode by a mild current of electricity.

"This operation must be repeated at least twice a week. A small puncture is made in the skin of the neck, under a cooling spray, which deprives that portion of the body of all sensation. An opening is made with a sharp needle directly over the enlarged gland.

"Through this opening a tiny gold tube is inserted and and through the tube, which is in reality a hollow needle, a drop of quicksilver is injected. This quicksilver is immediately changed into electrolytic salts of mercury by the application of a very slight electric current, which is passed through the needle. The salts are an antiseptic and by the action of the electric current are radiated through the diseased area.

"This treatment will usually effect a cure within six weeks. One desirable feature of this method of treatment is that patients are not obliged to desist from their ordinary duties."

TEXAS FARMS RUINED.

Overflow from the Trinity River Inundates the Entire Bottoms in the Valleys.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

FORT WORTH (Tex.,) Sept. 29.—The unprecedented rise in the rinity River shows no immediate prospects of receding. The waters have inundated the entire bottoms in the valley, and many valuable farms are totally ruined. The Rock Island bridge over West Fork, near Newark, was washed away.

GEORGE WILCHONS A SUICIDE.

HARRISBURG (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—George Welchons, one of the best-known newspaper men in Pennsylvania, committed suicide by severing the arteries of his arm with a penknife tonight in a bedroom of a Harrisburg restaurant.

Stanford Beats Reliance.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Sept. 29.—The first game of the Stanford-Reliance series was played today on the Stanford campus. Stanford won by a score of 6 to 0, made in the second half.

HE OWES HIS LIFE TO THE FORE THOUGHT OF A COMPANION.

While on a camping trip in Webster county, Mr. S. I. Stump of Normantown, W. Va., had a severe attack of bloody flux. He says: "I firmly believe that I owe my life to the forethought of one of the company, who had taken along a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." Moral: Procure a bottle of this remedy before leaving home. It cannot be obtained when on a hunting, fishing or prospecting trip. Neither can it be obtained while on board the cars or steamship, and at such times and places it is most likely to be needed. The safe way is to have it with you. Thousands of travelers never leave home on a journey without it.—Adv.

STEEL WORKS CLOSE.

Customers Afraid to Make Purchases Pending the Possibility of Bryan's Election.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

JOLIET (Ill.,) Sept. 29.—Officials of the Illinois Steel Company this afternoon admitted that the entire plant, with the exception of its blast furnace, would be idle Monday morning. About 3000 men will be affected.

LACK OF ORDERS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Regarding the report that several mills of the Illinois Steel Company would be closed for a month or more, President E. J. Buffington, of that company, gave out the following statement:

"We have shut down our Joliet plant for lack of orders. We shall be compelled to shut other mills within the next ten days for the same reason, although we hope to keep most of our mills in operation.

"As the Presidential election approaches many of our best customers are postponing purchases for the reason, as they state, they wish to wait until they are certain of the result of the election before placing any orders."

TARDY CENSUS RETURNS.

Enumeration of Los Angeles, Seattle and Tacoma Not Yet Complete.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The Census Bureau today finished the enumeration of all the cities in the United States of over 25,000 inhabitants, with the exception of Los Angeles, Seattle and Tacoma. The work of announcing the States will come next, beginning with Arkansas, probably next Monday or Tuesday. The States will be announced in short bulletins, giving the total population and increase over the two preceding census reports, the population by counties and the population of each of the cities under 25,000, including all the incorporated towns within the State limits. It is hoped to complete the work of the States by the time Congress assembles, after which the work on the vital statistics will be published.

So far as the work has progressed, it appears likely that the present census will cost in the neighborhood of $15,000,000.

HOBSON'S EYES TROUBLE HIM.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Lieut. Richmond Pearson Hobson has applied to the Navy Department for six months' leave of absence because of trouble with his eyes.

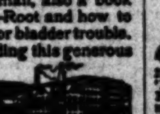
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Cof-farin

is a satisfying substitute for tea or coffee and makes blood and strong nerves. Drink Cof-farin for your health's sake.

Use a dessert spoonful of Cof-farin for each cup and steep 4 or 5 minutes, like tea. Your grocer can get Cof-farin for you.

DEATH OF THOMAS G. SHERMAN.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Thomas G. Sherman, the famous lawyer and single-tax advocate, died at his home in Brooklyn tonight. Death followed a surgical operation.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Dr. Elizabeth A. Follansbee is at the Albert; F. E. Trask and R. A. Johnson are at the Astor.

BALDNESS CURED FREE.

Prevents Hair Falling Out, Removes Dandruff, Restores Prematurely Gray Hair to Natural Color, Stops Itching and Restores Luxuriant Growth to Eyebrows, Eyelashes and Shining Scalps.

Trial Package Free to Convince People it Actually Grows Hair.

MISS EMMA EMOND.

Those who are losing their hair or have parted with their locks can have it restored by a remedy that is sent free to all. A Cincinnati firm has concluded that the best way to convince people that hair can be grown on any head is to let them try it, and see for themselves. All sorts of theories have been advanced to account for falling hair, but after all, it is the remedy we are after and not the theory. People who need more hair, or are anxious to save what they have, or from sickness, dandruff or other causes have lost their hair should at once send their name and address to the Altenheim Medical Dispensary, 1610 Butterfield Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, enclosing 2c. stamp to cover postage, and they will forward prepaid by mail, a sufficient free trial package of their remedy to fully prove its remarkable action in quickly removing all trace of dandruff and scalp diseases and forcing a new growth of hair.

WAS DEVOID OF HAIR.

Peculiar Plight of a Salem Girl Entirely Bald.

What a Trial Package of a Remedy Did for Her.

The portraits of Miss Emma Emond show what a striking difference is made in a person when the bald head is covered with hair. Miss Emond was totally bald, the hair follicles not only upon her head but upon her eyebrows being completely contracted, not the sign of a hair being found. Of course she was the object of many experiments, all of which failed, and the offer of a well known dispensary to send a free trial of their remedy was peculiarly alluring. She followed all directions faithfully and soon she was rewarded by a growth of hair, which for thickness, quality and luxuriance was as remarkable as the result was gratifying. Miss Emond lives in Salem, Mass., at 278 Washington St., and naturally feels very much elated to recover from total baldness. An itching scalp to people who are blessed with hair is a sign of coming baldness and should be attended to at once.

Mrs. Eliza Corn, Sutter, Ohio, says:—"The remedy stopped my hair from falling out, removed all dandruff and stopped the itching."

Freda C. Grandburg, Danewood, Minn., sends her portrait and says the Foso Treatment entirely restored her hair to its original luxuriance.

Mrs. Emma Ady, Mordan, Manitoba, writes: "Was quite bald but Foso Remedies have caused my hair to grow out in a short time so that it is now over 12 inches in length, soft as silk and wavy."

Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Missoula, Mont., writes: "For years my hair had been falling out, but since using Foso Remedies I have had a new growth of hair that is now to natural length."

Theresa Fennell, Moscow, Idaho, says: "My head was bald and glossy, but since using the Foso Treatment my hair is now four inches in length and quite curly."

J. J. Auld, Cedar Falls, Iowa, writes: "Was very bald, but now have fine crop of new hair which will soon be ready to trim. It also cured dandruff."

The Rev. H. A. Smoot, Ewing, Ill., says he was bald on the crown, but short use of the Foso Remedies produced a healthy growth of hair and there is not now a sign of baldness.

Mrs. W. H. Provost, Greenwich, Ct., writes: "Remedies have stopped all itching and accumulations of dandruff." She was also bald, but her hair has been now completely restored.

D. B. Chernisa, Farmersville, Texas, says the top of his head was entirely bald, but the Remedies have grown a fine new crop of hair and every one in town is surprised to see it.

Miss Lucy Paschall, Watertown, Mass., says her hair was thin and gray, but it has been restored to the natural color, is now long and thick and glad to recommend the Foso Treatment to all.

Mrs. Deborah Battams, Thorpe, Wis., says when she began the treatment she was entirely bald and her scalp shone like a mirror, and now she has the thickest hair she ever had. Recommends the treatment as a sure cure for baldness.

Mrs. Emma Buchanan, South Hadley Falls, Mass.: "Hair has grown out nicely; is now four inches long and much thicker than it ever was before."

Mrs. Mary E. Smith, Los Angeles, Cal., says: "Although I am 54 years old and am employed in a dye house, exposed to the bad effects of the dye on the hair, the Foso Treatment greatly improved my hair and stopped all falling out."

Katherine Main, 397 Thomas St., St. Paul, Minn., entirely recovered from baldness by the Foso Treatment.

The remedy also cures itching and dandruff, sure signs of approaching baldness, and keeps the scalp healthy and vigorous. It also restores gray hair to natural color and produces thick and lustrious eyebrows and eyelashes. By sending your name and address to the Altenheim Medical Dispensary, 1610 Butterfield Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, enclosing a 2-cent stamp to cover postage, they will mail you prepaid a free trial of their remarkable remedy.

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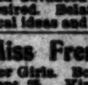

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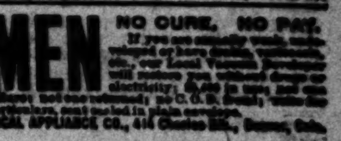

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[COAL STRIKE.]

MUCH TALK— LITTLE WOOL.

Peace Efforts Still in Chaotic Condition.

Settlement of Strike is a Long Way Off.

Both Sides Willing to Grant Concessions—Entire Region Still Tranquil.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Late developments show that the efforts to bring about a hurried settlement of the big coal miners' strike are still in a chaotic condition. While there is every surface evidence of honest intention on the part of the mine owners and operators to grant the more important demands of the mine workers, the difficulties in detail in reaching the basis of a settlement grow more confusing. In a conference tonight at Wilkesbarre an important residential point of mining railroad superintendents and big individual mine operators, mine foremen were called in to take part in the discussion. The foremen were questioned relative to the charge for powder, dockage, etc., indicating that the owners were endeavoring to reach a common ground where justice would be found for each side. So far as can be learned, no definite conclusion was reached.

BOTH SIDES WILLING.

The general opinion among those in a position to comprehend the differences is that the settlement of the strike is yet remote. All interests involved, however, seem to be willing to reach an early settlement, and concessions, it is understood, will be readily accorded by both sides in the controversy.

The strike leaders are cautious in their movements, but so far as can be learned have not taken the ground that trickery was being planned, a cautionary notice of which point they had previously sent to all the strikers.

It has now apparently settled itself down to a common-sense discussion of the differences.

STRIKERS' BIG GAINS.

The strikers made big gains today in drawing out men who have heretofore continued to work.

The Markle employés tonight sent word to the firm that arbitration was not to be further considered. So many of the employés of that firm in its five mines near Hazleton have joined the strikers that they concluded there was no further advantage to be gained by their argument that the men would continue at work pending arbitration of their grievances which had been presented to the firm wholly apart from the general grievances of the United Mine Workers. This was their escape from the conditions of the agreement and they concluded to declare all previous agreements ended.

ENTIRE REGION TRANQUIL.

The entire region was tranquil today and Gen. Gobin, in command of the three regiments of State troops in Schuylkill county, concluded that the soldiers were only idling away their time, and he informed the Sheriff that he would send one of the regiments home on Monday.

The strike leaders continued their campaigning by mass-meeting today, and they, and many who have been working, joined their ranks. There were today more idle mine workers than at any time since the strike began.

MINE WORKERS WAITING.

MITCHELL IS "SAWING WOOD."

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

HAZLETON (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—"We are closing the mines and awaiting developments," was all that President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers would say tonight, when asked whether he had received any information from New York or elsewhere as to what the operators are doing in their efforts to settle the coal strike. Although he has diplomatically evaded the question, there is a strong belief here that Mitchell is kept fully advised of the progress of events in the metropolis.

If the reported advance of 10 per cent. has been finally agreed upon, it has not, so far as can be learned, been offered to any of the mine workers in the anthracite region. Taking Mitchell's statement that a 10 per cent. advance would not be satisfactory as an indication that it would not be accepted by the miners' organization, it is thought in some quarters here that there would be a break in the ranks of the strikers which it would be difficult to stop, should the offer to their employés be made by the operators. On the other hand, President Mitchell and his colleagues are positive in asserting their belief that the men now idle will not waver and that they would stand together until the joint convention of three anthracite districts call the strike off.

The entire Lehigh Valley was about as quiet today as it could possibly be. Rain was falling here tonight. The same number of collieries were working as were in operation yesterday. Both sides to the contest claim accessions to their ranks in the Hazleton district.

President Mitchell said to a reporter of the Associated Press today that his telegram to the soft coal region of Central Pennsylvania, requesting mine workers there not to load coal cars which are destined for the anthracite coal market has had the desired effect.

FOREIGNERS COMPLAINING.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

HAZLETON, Sept. 29.—A reporter of the Associated Press received information today that a number of foreigners on strike are complaining that they are becoming destitute, and that if the strike is not soon ended or they do not get help of some kind they will be forced to be back to work. None of the English-speaking mine strikers have yet publicly made any complaint.

Although President Mitchell is inactive, his lieutenants are holding meetings all over the coal region and urging the strikers to stand firm.

An attempt was made last night to blow up with dynamite the shanty occupied by a non-striker at Green Ridge, near here. The house was but slightly damaged and no one was hurt.

BLOW FOR ARBITRATION.

NEGOTIATIONS CALLED OFF.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

HAZLETON (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—All negotiations between G. B. Markle & Co., and their employés is off, and arbitration has received its first serious blow in the present struggle between the miners and mine owners. Tonight the committee of employés which presented grievances to the firm sent the following communication to John Markle, the managing partner of the firm:

"We, the undersigned, committee of the employés of G. B. Markle & Co., appointed to arrange for arbitration under the agreement between the firm and the men, do report that the agreement is broken by the employés."

Much interest was felt in the arbitration plan of Markles, it being believed that other individual operators and possibly the big railroads which have mining interests would follow suit if the plan was successfully carried out.

A member of the firm, when seen late tonight, said: "It looks very much as if it is all up. There is no other way to look at it."

RAILROAD MEN CONFER.

RECOGNITION NOW THE ISSUE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

WILKESBARRE (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—The general superintendents of the Lehigh Valley, Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Delaware and Hudson and Lackawanna coal Companies, who held a long secret meeting here yesterday, were in communication again today at anthracite headquarters in New York. There were some minor details of the new wage scale arranged at yesterday's meeting in this city to be explained. It is said that the suggestions made at the meeting here will govern the presidents of the coal-carrying roads to a great extent in formulating their plan of settling with the striking miners. The question of recognition of the union is regarded by many as the key to the situation.

Some of the individual operators are much put out because they have not been called into the conferences recently held by the representatives of the big companies and their advice asked. They say they have relatively just as much at stake as the large companies, and it would be no more than right if they were consulted.

Ex-Congressman Williams, who owns and operates the Red Ash mines, and is one of the largest individual operators in this section, said: "So far as my company is concerned, I am prepared to follow any recommendation made by the coal-carrying roads. Of course, I expect they will do justice to the individual operators. If they do not, then we may have something to say later on."

At strike headquarters one of the officers said: "We are waiting anxiously to see what the presidents have to say."

REMOVAL OF TROOPS.

CONFERENCE AT SHENANDOAH.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SHENANDOAH (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—There is much speculation here today as to the probable result of the conference this afternoon between Gen. Gobin, Sheriff Toole, strike leaders and the operators' representatives. Gen. Gobin said today that as this district is completely tied up, and as there is not the slightest indication of disturbance, he could see no reason why the troops should be detained here. He is desirous of learning the exact conditions of affairs from all interested persons in order that he may know definitely when to remove the troops.

This is pay day at all the Reading Company and Lehigh Company collieries. The men are receiving their wages and returning quietly to their homes.

Promptly at two o'clock this afternoon the conference which was called by Gen. Gobin began. There were present besides the general the following: Sheriff Toole, Superintendents David Price, Reese, Tasker, Adam Boyd, W. J. Richard, John McDonald and Girber, Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company; Osmond Reichert of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company; Edward Reese, Lents & Co.; Robert Quinn, Susquehanna Coal Company; Thomas D. Jones, Mill Creek Coal Company; E. B. Bullock, Hudson Coal Company; J. C. McGinnis, Cambridge Coal Company, and a number of business men of this borough.

The conference was secret and ended a few minutes after 3 o'clock without coming to a definite conclusion. Regarding the removal of troops, Gen. Gobin said: "I have too many soldiers here and will send some of the troops home Monday."

QUESTION OF RECOGNITION.

OPERATORS MAY YET GIVE IN.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Anthracite coal was quoted at $1 a ton cheaper than it was two days ago. This was taken as an indication that the railroads and others with stocks of coal on hand regard an early settlement of the miners' strike as probable. The railroad officials, however, refused to say to what point the negotiations to this end had progressed, but it was learned that the operators have practically agreed not to entirely ignore the union in making a settlement. The present plan is believed to be to place concessions before the men at the different collieries and ask them to return to work pending the settlement of remaining differences by arbitration.

The extent to which the miners' organization is to be recognized is said to be that the men will have the operators' terms placed before them at meetings of the local unions. According to a Wall-street news agency, there will not be a uniform rate of increase proposed throughout the district, owing to varying conditions of mining at different places, but there will be no advance of less than 10 per cent. on present wages.

Much interest was felt here in the conference to be held in Shenandoah this afternoon between Gen. Gobin, Sheriff Toole, and representatives of the operators and miners. It was believed here the conference would result in the immediate withdrawal of troops, whose presence is known to be very distasteful to the union miners. The railroad officials here expressed the belief that with the militia out of the way it would be easier to come to an agreement with the strikers.

One of the sale agents of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company said that a few men had charge of the plans for a settlement of the strike, and until the result is achieved they will not discuss affairs. The Evening Post says today: "While no final announcement of the coal strike settlement is yet forthcoming, there was today reliable authority for the statement that the matters still under discussion are of detail merely, and that a satisfactory conclusion will be reached in a short time.

"It is conceded everywhere in the coal trade that the price of coal after the strike will never settle down to the same level as before. More than 10 per cent. increase in wages is believed generally to be the concession the miners will demand, and this will mean, according to reliable estimates, an increase of fully 25 cents in the cost of every ton mined. This will make the cost at the collieries about $3.75 a ton. The consumer, of course, will pay the difference. Moreover, there will probably be a great demand for coal as soon as the strike is over, and perhaps a week or ten days' delay in supplying it."

According to the Evening Post, a coal operator said today that the railroad presidents have submitted the terms of a settlement to the mine superintendents, to learn whether the mines could be operated profitably under them. The Post's informant thinks President Mitchell will get around the difficulty caused by the non-recognition of the union in this way: The proposition, the 10 per cent. increase in wages, or whatever it may be, may be submitted separately to each chapter of the Mine Workers. When a chapter votes to accept, and notifies President Mitchell of its action, he will indorse it on the grounds that the conditions in that particular place warrant the suspension of dealing with the main union direct.

RECOGNITION OF UNION.

AN OBSTACLE TO SETTLEMENT.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

POTTSVILLE (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—The conviction is growing that it will be next to impossible to settle the strike on a basis not including a recognition of the United Mine Workers. The strike was ordered and subsequently managed by the leaders of this organization, the strikers are following almost unanimously the advice and mandates of these leaders, and it is generally believed that the men will not go back to the mines until they get word to do so from Mitchell.

In the vicinity of Shamokin a number of men representing the operators have been making efforts to have the men promise to return to work on October 1. Few, if any, such promises were secured, and most of the miners approached looked upon the offers of the mine owners to make certain concessions as a sign of weakening.

In the lower section of the Schuylkill region the story that negroes were to be imported from Virginia to take the places of the strikers has been revived and considerably discussed. A rumor was current that some of the operators had actually arranged with agents of men in Virginia, who make a business of supplying negro labor, to import a large number of colored men here to work in the mines. Mine owners and strike leaders pronounce the story ridiculous. In the first place, they say, inexperienced negroes, or white men for that matter, would be almost worthless in the mines, and it would require a long time to make any large body of such men useful in cutting coal. In the next place, even the mine owners admit that such a move would precipitate almost a revolution, which would involve not only the negroes and strikers, but all the working men of this State.

A complete tie-up of the Schuylkill collieries, possibly excepting the three mines in the west end, is in sight. About four hundred cars of coal were mined in the Schuylkill region yesterday. This is the smallest day's production in years. Dealers made many offers for coal at the mines at prices representing an increase over the offers made yesterday. For some grades an increase of 25 cents a ton over the prices of yesterday was offered. There is, however, virtually no coal in the markets, that mined having been disposed of before it was cut, and none of the operators would contract to deliver.

MEN BACK AT WORK.

SHAMOKIN OPERATORS PLEASED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SHAMOKIN (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—The operators in this vicinity were pleased this morning because a larger number of men reported for work at Midvalley colliery. The strike leaders are not discouraged by the circumstance, claiming that those who went under ground did so for the purpose of cleaning up and to remove or bury their tools this evening until the strike is over. At the North Franklin Mine, near Trevorton, this morning 90 per cent. of the men went to work.

LACKAWANNA CONDITIONS.

LEADERS WARN STRIKERS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SCRANTON (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—The miners' strike in the Lackawanna region closed the second week without any noticeable change in condition. The strike officers at district headquarters have instructed the men, in view of a possible settlement proposition form the operators, to remain away from the mines and take no action toward going back to work until advised to do so through their local unions, which will get the word from President Mitchell and the general executive board.

READING COMPANY'S SUPPLY.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

READING (Pa.,) Sept. 29.—The Reading Company is now drawing on its anthracite coal in the yard at Schuylkilhaven, where a considerable quantity was placed last month.

THEORIES ABOUT FOOD.

Also a Few Facts on the Same Subject.

We hear much nowadays about health foods and hygienic living, about vegetarianism and many other fads along the same line.

Restaurants may be found in the larger cities where no meat, pastry or coffee is served and the food crank is in his glory, and arguments and theories galore advanced to prove that meat was never intended for human stomachs, and almost make us believe that our sturdy ancestors, who lived four score years in robust health on roast beef, pork and mutton, must have been grossly ignorant of the laws of health.

Our forefathers had other things to do than formulate theories about the food they ate. A warm welcome was extended to any kind from bacon to acorns.

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grain, fruit and meats is undoubtedly the best.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form and is digested and is assimilated more quickly than vegetables and grains.

Dr. Julius Reumson, on this subject, says: "Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality, should eat meat and plenty of it. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily corrected by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three hours, and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets because they supply the pepsin and diastase necessary to perfect digestion, and every form of indigestion will be overcome by their use.

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its proper digestion by the daily use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of the natural digestive principles, pepsin, diastase, fruit acids and salts, which actually perform the work of digestion. Cheap cathartic medicines, masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures, are useless for indigestion as they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its many forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food, and the sensible way to solve the riddle and cure the dyspepsia is to make daily use at meal time of a preparation like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which is indorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50c for full treatment.

A little booklet on cause and cure of stomach trouble mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Lace Curtains Portiers Draperys Fixtures

Carpets of Rare Beauty

Variety is everything in carpets.

"A Bigelow carpet is a Bigelow—a Lowell is a Lowell—a Whittall—a Whittall, no matter where sold." The one big fact that takes you to one store in preference to another is variety. That's our carpet man's hobby. He doesn't give a mill man a chance to turn out a pattern without his seeing it first. He's in the market every now and then for this store exclusively. His getting there first, and going to only reliable places gives him control of variety as well as qualities.

One peculiar fact that has impressed itself forcibly on the writer's mind in regard to this carpet business this season is—few people come here to look around who don't linger to buy. And the more they've been around, the more certain are we to get the order.

Our stock this fall is the finest we have ever shown. The large variety of exclusive patterns gives it a tone of richness and beauty never before attained.

Here again is shown the genius of the Carpet Chief—so particular has he been to get what you wanted that he has had to wait and have it made up for him.

Maybe you are particular how your carpets are laid, and about their being laid on time. If you are not, we are. This is an art with us that's reached perfection. It holds all our customers and makes new ones.

Ever stop to think that we wouldn't be doing the biggest carpet and rug business of this section if we didn't have the biggest stock and best values back of us?

BARKER BROS. 420-22-24 S. SPRING ST.

Carpets Oriental rugs Linoleum Matting

"I AM INNOCENT," SAYS HOWARD.

Kentuckian Does Not Weaken on Being Sentenced to Be Hanged.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

FRANKFORT (Ky.,) Sept. 29.—The motion for a new trial in the case of James Howard was overruled by Judge Cantrill this afternoon, and Howard was sentenced to be hanged December 7.

Howard did not weaken or appear agitated when sentence was pronounced but in answer to the usual question of the court if he could show cause why sentence should not be pronounced, he said in a firm, clear voice: "I am innocent."

He stood erect, facing the court and listening intently to every word uttered by the judge, who was visibly affected by the solemnity of the occasion, and spoke in a voice choked with emotion.

AFFIDAVITS FILED.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

FRANKFORT, Sept. 29.—Additional affidavits were filed by the defense and counter affidavits by the prosecution in the motion for a new trial for James Howard, who was found guilty on Wednesday of the murder of William Goebel. All of the affidavits filed by the defense except one attacks the jurors who sat in the case. One is signed by the defendant, and alleges that the jury was not kept together on one occasion, as the law requires.

John W. Roy, law clerk to Appellate Judge White, made an affidavit which was filed by the prosecution, in which he says that on the morning of the assassination he was met by L. G. Guffey, a son of Judge Guffey, and a prominent young Republican, that the latter said to him: "Goebel will not be Governor; he will be killed before the joint assembly meets."

POSTAL STATISTICS.

Annual Report of Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden Contains Interesting Figures.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The annual report of Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, which is soon to be published, will show that the total number of postage stamps of all kinds issued, including ordinary stamps, postage due stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards, reached the enormous total of 5,333,000,000, valued at $98,000,000, an increase of over 400,000,000 stamps over the preceding year.

The use of what is known as "special requests" envelopes on which the Post-office Department prints the purchasers return address, free of charge, has increased over 15 per cent. over the previous year, the total number issued being nearly 450,000,000. The use of these stamped envelopes is confined largely to business concerns and the immense increase is significant of the increase of business.

The trustees of the University of Chicago have decided to give free tuition to ten of the Porto Ricans who wish to be educated in this country, provided their living expenses are furnished by public-spirited citizens. This action was taken in compliance with a request from M. G. Brumbaugh, United States Commissioner of Education at San Juan, Porto Rico.

PERSONAL.

James M. Day has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

Dr. P. G. Carter of Yuma, Aris., is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

A Sidney Smith, a wholesale grocery-man from San Diego, is at the Ramona.

John C. Collins, an oil operator from Bakersfield, is registered at the Nadeau.

W. E. Starr, a furniture dealer from Detroit, Mich., is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

C. A. Newcomb, a leading merchant of Riverside, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

Eugene Louis, a railroad man from Salt Lake City, is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

Prof. E. E. Taylor, principal of the Whittier High School, is registered at the Ramona.

George C. Sherman, a prominent merchant of Santa Barbara, is a guest at the Nadeau.

The family of Federal Judge Ainsworth of Phoenix, Ariz. are guests at the Westminster.

J. B. Treadwell, a well-known oil operator from Bakersfield, is a guest at the Hollenbeck.

E. T. McGonigle, a prominent lumber merchant of Flagstaff, Ariz. is stopping at the Hollenbeck.

Horace Stevens, a well-known oil man of Bakersfield, is registered at the Van Nuys Main street.

J. M. Vanderwerker, a mine owner of Manville, San Bernardino county, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

R. Frisscele, manager for the Kern County Land Company, at Bakersfield, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

Charles H. Deppe of Covington, Ky., and W. D. Palmer of Atlanta, Ga., are tourists stopping at the Hollenbeck.

R. W. Truman of Kelvin, Ariz., a mine owner in that Territory, is a guest at the Van Nuys Main street.

James McIlhanny, a prominent orange grower from Riverside, registered yesterday at the Van Nuys Broadway.

Wendell Easton, the well-known real estate man of San Francisco, is a guest at the Van Nuys on Main street.

M. J. Newmark, President of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, has gone to Glen Ivy to recuperate from an illness.

Gen. Charles Forman of this city is gradually recovering from a severe surgical operation and will soon be about again.

Charles C. Corkhill and wife are guests at the Ramona. Mr. Corkhill is a general merchant at Corona, Riverside county.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Heffleman of San Diego are at the Hotel Corona. Mr. Heffleman is an attorney and is here to attend the Elks' barbecue today.

Frank H. Short and wife of Fresno are stopping at the Van Nuys on Main street. Mr. Short is a prominent lawyer and politician in the northern town.

W. D. Crichton of Fresno, the Democratic candidate for Congress from the Seventh District, was in the city yesterday, registering at the Nadeau.

Mrs. Georgiana Stimpson of this city, sister of the Governor-elect of Colorado, and Miss Bessie Baldwin left Los Angeles yesterday for a protracted visit to Pueblo, Colo.

C. Linkenbach, a prominent attorney of Bakersfield, who appeared in the fight against the "scrippers" before Judge Ross in the Federal Court, registered yesterday at the Hollenbeck.

THEATER CENSORSHIP.

Emperor William Suppresses or Modifies Objectionable Plays—German School Statistics.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Owing to the Emperor's special wish, the theater censorship throughout Prussia, is now much more stringent than formally. All new plays submitted for censorship in Berlin for the coming season have been either forbidden outright or greatly modified. The objections were largely of a political or social nature.

Emperor William, during his visit to Elberfeld, for which big preparations are being made, will make a trial trip on the new suspensory railroad.

Imperial statistics show that 544,253 children below 14 years of age are engaged in industrial pursuits.

Acting United States Consul-General Hanauer of Frankfort, has collected over $900 marks for the Texas sufferers.

Best Way to Cure Drunkards

We Want All Our Readers to Know How Mrs. Chas. W. Harry Cured Her Husband.

Mixed a Remedy in His Coffee and Food and Cured Him Without His Help or Knowledge.

COSTS NOTHING TO TRY.

It takes a woman to overcome obstacles. Mrs. Chas. W. Harry, 128 E. 4th St., Newport, Ky., had for years patiently borne the disgrace, suffering misery and privation due to her husband's drinking habits.

MRS. CHAS. W. HARRY.

Learning there was a cure for drunkenness which she could give her husband secretly, she decided to try it. She mixed it in his food and coffee and as the remedy is odorless and tasteless he never knew what it was that so quickly relieved the craving for liquor. He soon began to pick up flesh, his appetite for solid food returned, he stuck to his work regularly and they now have a happy home. Mr. Harry was told about his wife's experiment and he gives her the credit of having restored him to his senses. It is certainly a remarkable remedy, cures a man without his effort, does him no harm and causes him no suffering whatever.

Dr. Haines, the discoverer, will send a sample of this grand remedy free to all who will write for it. Enough of this remedy is mailed free to show how it us used in tea, coffee or food and that it will cure the dreaded habit quietly and permanently. Send your name and address to Dr. J. W. Haines, 2968 Gideon Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, and he will mail a free sample of the remedy to you, securely sealed in a plain wrapper, also full directions how to use it, books and testimonials from hundreds who have been cured, and everything needed to aid you in saving those near and dear to you from a life of degradation and ultimate poverty and disgrace.

Send for a free trial today. It will brighten the rest of your life.

JEWETT OIL CO.

WE HAVE SOME OF THE BEST property in the famous Santa Maria District. A profitable producing well guaranteed.

The best producing Wells in the district are on lands adjoining our 40-acre tract that Well No. 1 is being sunk on.

A small block of stock is now offered at 25 cents per share; par value $1.00.

Now is the time to buy; the price of stock will go up as soon as the drill reaches the oil sand. Call at the office—

309 West Second Street,

and get Prospectus and additional information.

DIRECTORS:
SOLOMON JEWETT,
H. A. BLODGETT,
G. M. BEAL,
F. P. WHORFF,
JAMES GOODWIN,
T. L. STRINGHAM,
F. P. HELMS.

BECOMING GLASSES

DO NOT POSTPONE WEARING Glasses under the mistaken idea that they are unbecoming. Glasses of the right form and size enhance the appearance.

We make tests of the eyes for glasses.

We fit Glasses to suit all conditions of the eyes.

We fit them accurately. Our reputation is our best advertisement.

All parts of our Glasses are made with and wear well.

We charge reasonable prices.

For the best assortment and lowest cost of Optical Goods, call on

ADOLF FRESH,
Optician and Manufacturing Optician,
126 South Spring Street,
Telephone Main 1048.

We are Headquarters on
Blue Serge Suits.
Popular Prices. Colors Guaranteed.
THE HUB,
126-128 N. SPRING STREET.

Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

Anti-saloon League to Ratify Victory.

Officer Goltman Leaves Police Force,

Death of Green Street Sufferer. Returned Missionary to Talk on China.

PASADENA, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Anti-Saloon League will hold a public meeting at Lamanda Park Tuesday evening next to commemorate their victory in preventing Saloon Keepers Garibaldi and Richard from obtaining retail liquor licenses notwithstanding the nullification of the sanitary district law by the Supreme Court. The affair will be in the nature of a farewell blessing to Rev. E. W. Pasko of the Lamanda Park Methodist Church, who has been a chief factor in achieving the result, and who is about to leave for High Grove, where he has been placed in charge of a church. The meeting also will be a sort of ratification at the success of the league's efforts and its bright outlook for the future. It is expected that Pasadena will be well represented at the meeting.

OFFICER GOLTMAN RESIGNS.

T. W. Goltman, one of the policemen of Pasadena, has resigned from the force and, with P. J. Westrick, has purchased the restaurant of Charles Grimes on Fair Oaks avenue. Mr. Goltman was the oldest officer on the force, having served seven years and eleven months, and his attention to business, together with his pleasant manners have made him many friends.

Mr. Goltman's successor probably will be Melvin W. James, who has been employed by the Union Ice Company and who has the indorsement of Marshal Lacey and Trustees Reynolds and Twombly. Appointments to the police force are made by the City Marshal with the confirmation of the Council.

DEATH OF P. G. THOMPSON.

P. G. Thompson died today at his home on Green street, after having lain unconscious since Monday as the result of a bicycle accident on Pasadena avenue. The body was taken to the undertaking rooms of Ives & Warren, and the Coroner, who was notified, will be in Pasadena at 11 o'clock Sunday morning to hold an inquest. The Y.M.C.A., which has assisted in the care of the man, has arranged for the funeral, which will be held at the undertaking rooms at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The funeral expenses have been partly raised by the Y.M.C.A. and others, and charitably-inclined persons will be asked to assist in the payment of the burial charges.

MISSIONARY FROM CHINA.

Rev. W. P. Chalfant will speak Sunday morning and evening at the First Presbyterian Church upon the conditions in China from the view-point of a missionary. For fifteen years Mr. Chalfant was a Presbyterian missionary at I Chow Fu, 150 miles southeast of Chee Foo, where he had charge of three churches. He left his post six weeks before the Boxer outbreak and expects to make his home in Pasadena in the hope of benefiting the health of his wife.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Rev. R. L. Bruce, formerly of the Lincoln-avenue Methodist Church, left today for his new charge at Redlands. His successor, Rev. A. Inwood of San Bernardino will arrive in Pasadena in a few days. Sunday the pulpit at the Lincoln-avenue church will be supplied in the morning by Rev. J. A. Wood of South Pasadena, and in the evening by Rev. M. W. Davis.

A car load of palm trees and plants was shipped a few days ago to Boston by a local nursery, consigned to an Eastern man, who is to experiment with the growth of semi-tropical trees and plants in New England. Four of the trees were of immense size and were taken from private grounds in Pasadena.

A letter dated August 23 has been received from Lillian R. Marks at Satpatara, India, expressing thanks for the contribution of Pasadenans to the India Relief Fund, and telling of relief work the funds have helped to accomplish in that disease-infested and famine-stricken land.

The major commanding and staff of the Americus Club have issued invitations to a reception to be given the battalion next Wednesday evening at club headquarters, North Fair Oaks avenue. It will be an elaborate affair, as all Americus Club events are.

The first meeting of the Shakespeare Club for the coming year will be held Saturday next, at which time there will be a general reunion. Mrs. L. J. Reynolds, the president; Miss E. Adams and others will make addresses, and there will be music.

The annual election and dinner of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held Tuesday evening next at Grand Army Hall. There will be annual reports and addresses, and a board of management will be elected for the coming year.

The first vesper concert of the season will be given Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the First Universalist Church and will be conducted by the newly-organized choir, with Prof. F. A. Bacon as director.

Mrs. Marie Capelle, who has resided two years in Pasadena, and who has had charge of the German classes at the Shakespeare Club, left today for Chicago and later will go to her home in Germany.

The Americus Club will go to Pomona Thursday evening next to take part in the Maccabian meeting. They will travel on a special train, the time of which has not yet been announced.

The Southern California Conference of German Lutheran Ministers and Teachers will be held Monday and Tuesday next at St. Paul's German Lutheran Church in this city.

Prof. A. L. Hamilton will preside at the Sunday afternoon meeting of the Y.M.C.A., and four young men will speak on "Bringing Men to Christ."

S. C. Arnold has received a telegram announcing the death at Sioux City, Iowa, of his son-in-law W. B. McRider, a railroad man of that city.

The High School football team has been organized, with Harry Patton as captain; Delmar Reynolds, business manager, and S. J. Brown, coach.

Mrs. Alfred Hutchins, family and maid and Miss Edith E. Edwards returned today from Catalina after a visit of two months.

Mrs. G. W. Sears, Mrs. George Swat and Miss Bertha Sroat have returned from an extended visit in the East and North.

Sunday will be "rally day" at Friends' Church, corner Raymond avenue and Villa street.

T. J. Ashby and wife have gone to San Diego for a week or ten days.

P. Vasiliu and family left this evening for Greece.

Mrs. F. F. Rowland has returned from Whittier.

J. R. Greer, Jr., and family are home from Nordhoff.

See here! The Boston Cash Dry Goods House of Pasadena have a lot of nice red gloves worth from $1 to $1.50 a pair, to be closed out at 69 cents a pair; sale to continue all this week. Come early and get the best. This next Wednesday, October 3, will be closed all day.

Miss Crandall will open her kindergarten Monday, October 1, at Classical School for Girls, 121 S. Euclid.

Largest and choicest assortment of fresh and smoked meats in town at Breiner's City Market.

Miss Collamer's private school will reopen October 1 on Camden street.

Pasadena Real Estate and Commission Co., 118 E. Colorado street.

Mumger & Griffith Co. are wholesale and retail dealers in sewer pipe.

Layton cannot be excelled for fine groceries.

New writing paper at Glasscock's.

The leading grocer—W. J. Kelly.

Choice black silks—Bon Accord.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

MAKING GOOD FISH CATCHES.

AVALON, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Fishing continues good. One among the best of the recent catches was made by Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Lee Thursday morning. They ran into a hungry school of albicore, and they bit most avariciously. In two hours of actual fishing they had landed fifty-four fish. The same day, H. T. Fuller and wife, H. W Millen and Dr. H. K. Macomber of Pasadena went up to the Isthmus in the Mascot for a day's picnic. In order to have a fish barbecue, they went out to Ship Rock and in very short time they had seven yellowtail and twenty-seven rock bass.

W. H. Bailey, Jr., yesterday brought in three Jewfish, weighing 102, 110 and 128 pounds, and the time, nine-seventeen and twenty minutes.

Frank Bolter, the giant-powder man of Berkeley, was out a day or two ago and brought in four shark from four to six feet in length.

W. H. Gill yesterday morning captured one yellowtail, one bonita and six albicore.

SANTA CATALINA BREVITIES.

The Ramona went to the Isthmus Thursday with a picnic party composed of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Jenkins, W. F. Bessie, Nettie and Florence Jenkins, W. F. Fales and wife, Charles James and Mr. Hotchkiss, the latter a brother of the inventor of the rapid-fire Hotchkiss gun in use in the navy.

The Avalon yesterday made the trip to the Isthmus with a small party consisting of Mrs. Belle G. Gow, Miss Virginia M. Gow and Paul Gow, Mrs. W. St Spencer, Los Angeles; Mrs. A. G. Mathewson, Brookfield, Mass.; Capt. Smith and Clarke Reeve, Avalon.

The Swanfeldt camp was closed for the season yesterday, and Mr. Sansome, the manager, left with a lot of the tents and equipment for Ventura, where they will be erected to supplement the hotels in caring for the visitors during the street fair.

W. H. Bailey, Jr., Mrs. C. A. Bailey and daughter and Miss Hazlitt of Los Angeles are guests at Hotel Metropole.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Seaman of El Paso are stopping at the Metropole.

Mrs. A. D. Bradford, who expects to spend the winter in her cottage here, went over yesterday for a short visit with her friends in Los Angeles.

Mr. and Mrs. E. St. John Hayes, Miss Hayes and Charles P. Armstrong of New York registered at Hotel Metropole yesterday.

Housekeeping rooms at Seabeach Hotel, $2 and upward per week.

SOLDIERS' HOME.

SUPPLY BIDS OPENED.

SOLDIERS' HOME, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Bids for supplies for this branch, for the next quarter, were opened Friday, and awards made amounting in the aggregate to $24,875.18. Some of the leading articles of subsistence were over $1200 in excess of estimates based upon prices of similar articles for the previous quarter. All of the contracts went to Los Angeles people.

SOLDIERS' HOME BREVITIES.

Through purchases from "post funds," the home library is gradually becoming what it should be, a place of real interest to the veterans. Since Maj. Cochrane's appointment as treasurer, several hundred of the latest works have been added to the library. Last week 157 new books were placed on the shelves; principally standard works of fiction.

Home Librarian Wheeler desires to acknowledge the receipt of two boxes of miscellaneous literature, donated by Mrs. P. A. Stretch of Azusa, Cal.

Monday evening the talented Carlson children, assisted by a number of home favorites in specialties, occupied Memorial Hall. Among the leading specialists were the Hawkins family, Alice Morley and Laura Cotton.

Dr. B. M. Laurence gave a not very interesting lecture, with stereopticon views, on Wednesday evening, and received but little encouragement to come again.

DEATHS DURING THE WEEK.

Thomas C. O'Dea, late Co. H, Eighty-fourth Illinois Infantry, a native of Ireland, admitted from Visalia, Cal., February 27, 1895, died September 25; aged 56 years.

William P. Baughn, late sergeant-major Second Mississippi Infantry, Mexican war, a native of Georgia, admitted from Houston, Tex., April 25, 1894, died September 27; aged 81 years.

Austin G. Creed, late Co. G, Second California Cavalry, a native of New York, admitted from Butte, Mont., November 17, 1890, died September 27, aged 75 years.

Samuel Madola, late Co. A, Eighty-fourth New York State National Guard, a native of New York, admitted from Los Angeles, September 11, 1900, died September 29; aged 61 years.

Ansel G. Smith, late Co. E, First Michigan Infantry, a native of New York, admitted from San Diego, May 9, 1897, died April 21, at Hiawatha, Mich., while on furlough, notice of which is just received here.

FULLERTON.

RESIDENCE BURNED.

FULLERTON, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The residence and some of the furniture of G. W. Sherwood were burned this morning. The cause of the fire is unknown. The loss is $1500 to $2000, with no insurance. Sherwood is the engineer of the water company and was formerly a resident of Los Angeles. The house burned after he had left for Los Angeles this morning.

ORANGE COUNTY AFFAIRS

Man Once Prominent in New York Goes Violently Insane and Dies.

SANTA ANA, Sept. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] Word was received here today that W. W. Houghton, once a prominent New York man, now living in the mountains near De Luz, San Diego county, had gone violently insane, and that he had demolished his home, destroying everything that was destructible. Before becoming insane he had written his own epitaph on a big rock on the side of the mountain on his ranch, and told his friends that when he died he wanted to be buried beneath that rock. Word has just been received of Houghton's death at the County Hospital in San Diego. The funeral will be held in Santa Ana on Monday.

A BOOMING CLUB.

The past few days so many applications have been made for membership in the Columbia (Republican) Marching Club, that yesterday three dozen more uniforms were ordered from San Francisco, to come by express.

Since the appearance of the club last Wednesday night great interest has been awakened among the young voters in this section of the valley.

NEEDHAM COMING.

James Carson Needham, the Republican candidate for Congress from this district, will be in Santa Ana next Wednesday evening and will deliver an address in the Grand Operahouse. The Columbia Marching Club will attend the meeting in a body, and immediately preceding the meeting will give an exhibition drill on Fourth street. The club made its first appearance last Wednesday night at the Shortridge meeting and was loudly applauded many times during its maneuvers on the street. Judge E. T. Langley of this city will also deliver an address with Mr. Needham the same evening.

Monday evening Mr. Needham, accompanied by E. O. Larkin and Judge Brusie, will speak in Anaheim, and it is possible that the Columbia Club will be present. The club will go to Orange Tuesday evening headed by a brass band, to assist in entertaining the populace when Mr. Needham and E. E. Keech of this city will talk politics from a Republican standpoint. Hon. C. S. McKelvey will accompany Mr. Needham to Fullerton Thursday night to open the campaign in the northern end of the county, and it goes without saying that Fullerton will have a rousing meeting.

PROMINENT CITIZEN DEAD.

Brainard Goodrich of Orange, for the past number of years secretary of the Santa Ana Valley Irrigation Company, died today after a protracted illness. Deceased was 54 years of age, and was well known throughout the State.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

Ranchers in the Santa Ana Valley are now busy harvesting their crop of English walnuts. The crop is large and the quality of the nuts is above the average.

Two large wagons loaded with wood overturned into a deep ditch yesterday on Fifth street near the bridge, west of the city, the driver narrowly escaping serious injury.

Work was delayed for a few days on Well No. 1 of the Laguna Oil Company on account of a break in the machinery, but was resumed yesterday. The drill is now down about 800 feet and is working in clay.

The electric current was shut off yesterday in this city for several hours on account of an accident to the wires at Puente. An effort was made to get word to the man in charge of the wire at Puente by phone, but was not successful, so a messenger was dispatched from here.

The residents of the vicinity of Clair, this county, have forwarded a largely-signed petition to the department at Washington, praying for the reestablishment of the postoffice at that place. Many of the residents of that portion of the valley now have to go from six to eight miles for their mail.

Milton Thomas has returned to his home at El Modena on a sick leave from the Philippines. He has many interesting experiences to relate to his friends.

Rev. E. A. Ross of this city has resigned the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church of this city. He will preach his farewell sermon Sunday.

Frederick Stephens of this city has received news of the death of his elder brother in England.

Coroner Clark held an inquest this morning on the remains of M. R. Stanley, who was struck yesterday by a Southern Pacific train between this city and Newport Beach, the verdict of the jury being in accordance with the facts as given in yesterday's correspondence. The deceased will be buried under the auspices of the local Masonic lodge, the funeral services to be held Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

You are cordially invited to Miss Reynold's fall millinery opening October 5 and 6, at Santa Ana. No cards issued.

We have "everything for school." Santa Ana Book Store.

COVINA.

CAMPAIGN OPENED.

COVINA, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Republicans of this precinct opened the campaign last evening with a large and enthusiastic meeting in Independence Hall. F. M. Chapman, president of the Covina McKinley Club, presided. The speaker, Hon. G. P. Adams of Los Angeles, advanced many convincing reasons why the present administration should be sustained, his remarks throughout being full of statistics showing the improved condition of the country, and the immense increase in the volume of trade since McKinley placed his hand at the helm of the republic.

COVINA BREVITIES.

Rev. J. J. D. Scoles and wife of Knoxville, Iowa, are the guests of Mr. Scoles's sister, Mrs. Austin Warner.

Mr. Knox, an Ohio oil man, who has leased the Hollenbeck ranch, arrived on Wednesday from the East. He brought his drillers with him from West Virginia.

Ray Mullendore, the seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Mullendore, broke his arm yesterday while playing with some companions in the school grounds.

Messrs. Frank Ohaver, William Platt and Darius Overholtzer are building new residences.

O. J. Osborn, wife and son, left on Wednesday for Thorntown, Ind.

The barbers have entered into a trust and advanced the price of shaves to 15 cents.

The Democrats have nominated ex-Postmaster A. L. Wellington of Covina as their nominee for the Assembly in the Seventy-first District.

You are cordially invited to Miss Reynold's fall millinery opening October 5 and 6, at Santa Ana. No cards issued.

We have "everything for school." Santa Ana Book Store.

run into by another cyclist. She was taken to her home, where she lay unconscious for twenty hours, but her recovery is now assured.

The number of voters registered in this precinct is 415.

The Rowland Puente Oil Company has commenced boring on its property near Puente.

Warner & Whitsel have sold their livery business to Mr. Keifer of Azusa.

A. W. Aldrich, engineer of the Chapman pumping plant in the San Dimas wash stepped into a seventy-foot water shaft early Monday morning, and miraculously escaped death by clutching at the curbing on the opposite side of the shaft as he fell. Although 65 years of age, he drew himself out of the shaft by his arms.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Training-ship Adams in Port Awaiting the Battleship Wisconsin.

SANTA BARBARA, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The United States training-ship Adams dropped anchor at her usual berth opposite the wharf this morning to await the trial trip of the battleship Wisconsin, for which she will be one of the stakeboats. The gunboat Ranger and the two tugs Vigilant and Active will follow in a few days, and also act as stakeboats.

The Adams is under command of Capt. Walton Goodwin. Her officers are Lieut. J. H. Hetherington, executive officer; Lieut. Stone, navigator; Ensigns T. A. Kearney, D. S. Mahoney, O. G. Murfin; L. M. Overstreet and G. C. Sweet; Dr. R. T. Orvis; chaplain, Rev. J. B. Frazier.

There are 120 brand new recruits aboard, many of whom were seasick and also sick of their job during rough weather just after the Adams left San Francisco on the 17th inst. As one of the officers expressed it, some of the boys were "dead to the world," and had to be placed bodily about the ship. They are all about 16 years of age.

The present cruise will include San Diego, Magdalena Bay, Hilo, Lahiana and Honolulu, H. I.; San Pedro and the return trip via Santa Barbara and Monterey. By this time the boys will have learned one good lesson, and those who are found competent will be recommended to serve the rest of their time on a regular war vessel, while those who are found wanting can return to civil life. Not the least interesting thing aboard the Adams is the black bear mascot which has been at home in the mows for nearly two years. He is as playful as a kitten and as good a sailor as the best.

MISS FAULKNER DEAD.

Abby L. Faulkner died of heart failure at the Arlington yesterday. Miss Faulkner was a native of Bellerica, Mass., 63 years of age. She was a sister of Mrs. William P. Gould of Montecito. The body was shipped to Los Angeles this afternoon for cremation.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

Hon. Samuel M. Shortridge arrived this afternoon to speak at the grand Republican rally this evening.

John Janssens and bride arrived this afternoon. Mrs. Janssens was formerly Miss Grant of Los Angeles.

A large number of local Elks left this afternoon to attend the rodeo at Elks' Grove.

Judge and Mrs. R. B. Canfield returned last evening from Los Angeles.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

NEW RATE FOR POWER.

RIVERSIDE, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] At an adjourned meeting of the City Board of Trustees held last evening, a new schedule of price of electric power furnished by the city was adopted. The discussion brought out the fact that the city is practically giving away a great deal of power. The new proposition abolishes the flat rate, being 3 cents per kilowatt hour, a fraction over 2 cents a horse power per hour. The rate will go into effect October 1. A report submitted by Superintendent Worthley of the electric system showed that the city is a material loser by the present arrangement with the Riverside and Arlington Electric Railway Company. A motion was carried that the company pay the actual cost of power on and after October 1.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The contract for the erection of a handsome new Christian Scientist church has been let to F. L. Spaulding of Los Angeles. The contract price is $10,470, and the church is to be ready for occupancy by December 24. Work on the edifice will be begun at once, under the supervision of Architect A. C. Benton of Los Angeles.

Co. M, N.G.C., yesterday received an invoice of sixty new blankets.

A new fruit-shipping firm, Ruddock, Trench & Co. of Chicago, will do business in Riverside this winter. The firm will occupy the old Cook & Langley house of Pachappa.

A. Haeberlin and family are home from Long Beach.

ELSINORE.

NEWS BREVITIES.

ELSINORE, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] C. S. Traphagen is having a 8x9 well put down around one of the hot sulphur springs on Spring street. He seeks water for a drinking fountain.

W. C. Richards and wife, who have lived here for the past twelve years, left Saturday for the East. Mr. Richards has an interest in a colonization company owning land in Colombia, South America. They expect to make New York their future home.

H. C. Kellogg, who will leave soon for Honolulu, on important surveying work for an English syndicate, was here Tuesday, accompanied by E. M. Courrier and Jacob Stoner of Corona and M. L. Swineheart of Santa Ana. They were making a survey up the San Jacinto River and on to the Chase Nursery Company's lands in the Perris Valley. There is talk of bringing water by pipe from the Menifee Valley to the South Riverside Water Company's ditch, which runs from Lake Elsinore to South Riverside.

Capt. A. S. Miller, Republican candidate to the Assembly, was in town Thursday, as also was William Collier, Esq., of Riverside.

Mrs. R. G. Gillholm and daughter of Los Angeles, are guests at the Hot Springs Hotel.

Mrs. John Johnson is visiting in Los Angeles.

Dr. Thomas H. Ellis is in Los Angeles.

Charles P. Carter left Thursday for Searchlight, Nev.

Charles Howland of Los Angeles and E. B. Mapel of Pasadena were here visiting friends this week.

IN SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

The Sixth District Turnfest of Southern California Opens a Celebration.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The three days' celebration of the Sixth District Turnfest of Southern California began this evening with a torchlight procession through the principal business streets. Many visitors came on this evening's train. They were met by members of the local organization and after a parade were conducted to Turner Hall. Here an address of welcome was delivered by L. Fritz, president of the district, and following this there was singing and dancing.

Tomorrow a picnic will be given, and the day's programme will include prize shooting, staging, turning, dancing and athletic sports. Monday will be devoted to excursions.

CARLISLE CITY IN PORT.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] The California and Oriental steamship Carlisle City arrived in port today from Yokohama, via Honolulu, with the largest cargo of oriental goods ever brought to San Diego. She had a clean bill of health, and was two days overdue.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

A peculiar and what may prove a serious accident occurred yesterday to the son of Police Officer Jones. The eight-year-old boy slipped on a grape skin and fell, forcing a lead pencil carried in his jacket pocket its full length under his right shoulder blade.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The Russ Lumber Company has chartered a large steamer to be used in bringing into port 1,000,000 feet of lumber contracted for by the Southern California Mountain Water Company for the construction of the pipe line from Otay to Chula Vista.

The First Methodist Church people turned out en masse last evening to attend a farewell reception given in honor of the Rev. J. L. Pitner, for two years pastor, and family. Mr. Pitner has been transferred to the Westlake Methodist Church of Los Angeles.

Rev. C. T. Wilson of Santa Monica, who has been appointed as pastor of the First Methodist Church of this city, is to deliver his first sermon in this city tomorrow.

CORONADO BREVITIES.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Capt. Bookmiller, U.S.A., who has been here for several weeks to regain his strength, will return to San Francisco during the coming week. Capt. Bookmiller was the first American officer wounded in the battle of Tien-Tsin, China, July 16. He is accompanied by his wife.

The closing dance of the early fall season will be held this evening at the Hotel del Coronado ballroom, and tomorrow afternoon's concert at the Hotel Auditorium will also finish the fall musical events.

Mrs. Henry St. Goar of San Francisco, and guest, Mrs. Von Kornitzki of Germany, also Miss Millcent Cosgrove of San Francisco, constitute a party of last evening's arrivals on the steamer from the north.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Lacey, residents of Coronado for a number of years, have removed to Redlands.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Coates have returned to Los Angeles after a month at Coronado.

Mrs. Katherine Biltman of Los Angeles returned north today after a summer at this place.

Mrs. Charles Langley and Miss Grace Langley of Alameda, who have been guests of Mrs. G. W. Fitch for a month past, left today for Los Angeles, accompanied by Mrs. Fitch.

Mrs. H. F. Stocking is the guest of her son, Raymond F. Stocking, at his home on Rampart avenue, Los Angeles.

U. F. Newlin gave a plunge party last evening, followed by a late lunch at the Hotel del Coronado.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Childs have returned from a camping-out trip among the mountains.

Mrs. Avery T. Serale of Pomona and mother have taken a cottage here for the winter months.

ANAHEIM.

RISE IN BEET PRICES.

ANAHEIM, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Beet growers in this territory for the American Beet Sugar Company have been notified that $4.25 per ton for 15 per cent. beets will be paid next year. The advance is consequent upon demands that the growers have been making for two years past. It is only a partial grant of what the growers want, however, as they ask $4.50 for 13 per cent. beets. This is the price paid by Michigan and other eastern factories, and is claimed by growers to be the lowest figure at which they can produce and make a fair profit. In the last two years, owing largely to the differences extant between the factories and the growers, the acreage in the county has fallen off more than two-thirds. While dry seasons have had something to do with this, the bulk of the land has been taken out of activity because of the alleged low prices of the factories. The expense connected with growing beets, the growers show, increases annually. The crop requires good ground in the beginning. It exhausts the soil with great rapidity, and after the first year it becomes necessary to constantly fertilize if the ground is kept in producing condition.

CAMPAIGN OPENING.

Congressman Needham will open his campaign in this city Monday night. He will be accompanied by E. O. Larkin and Judson Brusie. Special trains have been arranged for, and many from out of town are expected to be present and participate in the meeting. The Columbia Uniformed Club of Santa Ana will be present and lead a street parade. Brass bands have been engaged.

ANAHEIM BREVITIES.

A religious debate led by Mormons has been opened at Ocean View and is attracting considerable attention. All other denominations are challenged to the discussion.

B. Aguilar was thrown from a cart this morning. His legs caught in the lines, and he was dragged some distance, sustaining severe bruises.

Rev. Mr. Ross, a Santa Ana evangelist, will open a series of revival meetings in the Presbyterian Church here next week to continue through the month.

REDLANDS.

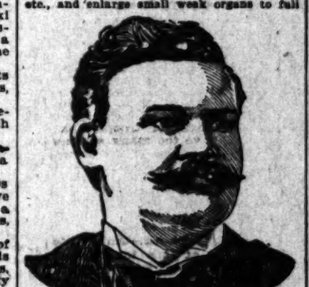
HEEDLESS BOY HURT.

REDLANDS, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] Last night as the 7 o'clock Santa Fé train was pulling out, Clyde West, in attempting to board the train, slipped and fell under the wheels. His right foot was caught by the moving train and all the outside, including three of his toes, was crushed. Probably the foot will have to be amputated. He, with several others, had been in the habit of jumping upon the train as it pulled out, he riding to Mentone while his companions would jump off after the train got we l under way, the effort being to see who could jump off and not fall while the train is going. The boys have often been warned, but they stand along the track outside the depot and catch on as the train passes. The injured boy is about 12 years old, has a widowed mother and three brothers and sisters.

Cures Weak Men Free

NSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HOME FOR ALL.

How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small weak organs to full



L. W. KNAPP, M.D.

size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. L. W. Knapp, 1682 Hull Bldg., Detroit, Mich., and he will gladly send the free receipt with full directions so that any man may easily cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer and the following extracts taken from his daily mail show what men think of his generosity.

"Dear Sir:—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sir:—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sir:—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and he wants every man to have it.

DR. WONG AND Chinese Herbs.

I'P told something you do not believe, do not say it's not so. I can prove what I say, if you give me a chance. All diseases can be located by the pulse. Consultation and diagnosis free.

713 S. Main St.

Rambles	$40
Bicycles.....	
Ideal	$25
Bicycles.....	
Clipper	$60
Chainless....	

I sell on installments.

W. K. COWAN, 207-9 W. Fifth St.

Cures GOITRE

Remarkable Discovery That Cures This Dangerous and Disfiguring Disease Without Pain, Operation or Inconvenience.

TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE.

Dr. John P. Haig, a well-known Cincinnati physician, has had marvelous success with a remedy that cures Goitre or Thick Neck. And owing to the fact that most sufferers believe

Mrs. Lillian Brown, who was entirely cured of Goitre after suffering for 21 years.

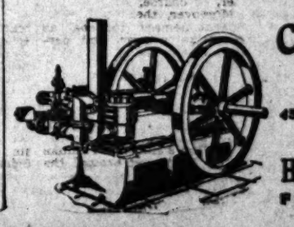
Goitre is incurable, Dr. Haig sends a free trial package of his discovery so that patients may try and know positively that Goitre can be cured at home without pain, danger, operation or any inconvenience. Send your name and address to Dr. John P. Haig, 170 Glenn Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, and he will forward the treatment postage prepaid. Do not fail to get this wonderful remedy. In Bombay, India, 80,000 patients in that infected district were cured with this same remedy, and wherever used its success has been marvelous.

Write at once, send name and address today, and Dr. Haig will be glad to send you a trial package of the remedy free. Do not delay.

BIG PANOCHE OIL CO.

Operations Surrounded By Producing Wells.

521 Laughlin Building, LOS ANGELES.



Cheap Pumping.....

Gasoline or Distillate.

2½ H.P. to 200 H.P.

4500 ENGINES SOLD.

1500 IN CALIFORNIA ALONE.

Write for Prices—State Particulars.

Hercules Gas Engine Works

First and Natoma Sts., San Francisco.

TIMELY EYE-AID.

It is most important for young or old to pay prompt attention

To All Defects of the Eyesight

as soon as Nature's danger signs are noticed by either

The School Boy,
The School Girl,
The Parents, or
The Grandparents,

they should have their eyes most carefully tested. It may prevent plenty of troubles.

If your sight is defective we will advise you as to its cause and the cure. If it is perfect, you may go away contented.

Marshutz OPTICIAN, 251 S. Spring

Stylish Suits $15.50

Dressy Suits $20
Pants $4.50

My $25.00 Suits are the best in America.

25 Per Cent Saved by getting your suit made by

JOE POHEIM TAILOR 143 So. Spring St., Los Angeles.

Samples Sent Free...

EL SAMOSET COLLAR

C. F. Heinzeman DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST

222 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME CARD—SANTA FE ROUTE.

Southern California Railway, La Grande Station, Fifth and Main Street.

Overland Express — Leaves 7:15 p.m. daily. Arrives 7:00 a.m. daily. San Bernardino, via Pasadena — Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m. 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:00 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 6:00 p.m. Redlands, via Orange — Leave for, *9:00 a.m., *6:00 p.m. Arrive from, 11:35 a.m., *9:00 a.m.

Redlands, via Pasadena — Leave for, 9:00 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive from, 9:35 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 6:00 p.m.

Riverside, via Pasadena — Leave for, 9:00 a.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m., *9:00 p.m.

Riverside, via Orange — Leave for, *9:00 a.m., *6:00 p.m. Arrive from, 11:35 a.m., *9:00 p.m.

Pasadena, Monrovia and Azusa — Leave for, 7:00 a.m., 9:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:00 a.m., 9:35 a.m., 1:20 p.m., 6:00 p.m.

Orange and Santa Ana — Leave for, *7:30 a.m., *9:30 a.m., 4:00 p.m., 6:00 p.m. Arrive from, *11:15 a.m., *3:30 p.m., 6:00 p.m., 8:30 p.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Pensonia — Leave for, 8:00 a.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Orange — Leave for, 8:00 a.m. Arrive from, 11:15 a.m.

Redondo — Leave for, *9:00 a.m. Arrive from, *4:30 p.m.

Pasadena — Leave for, *7:30 a.m. Arrive from, *9:35 a.m.

Santa Ana, Delhart and Coronado Beach — Leave for, 7:30 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Arrive from, *11:15 a.m., 6:30 p.m.

Santa Monica and Ocean Park — Leave from Second and Broadway, Fifth and Main street, *8:30 a.m., 9:30 a.m., *1:30 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 11:25 a.m., 3:25 p.m., *6:05 p.m., *9:05 p.m.

Santa Monica and Ocean Park — Leave Los Angeles, First street, *8:35 a.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, *5:05 p.m.

Kite-Shaped Track — Leave, *9:30 a.m. Arrive, *5:00 p.m.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sundays only. ‡Daily to Pasadena only. §Orange only. All other trains daily.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

The company's elegant steamers SANTA ROSA and CORONADO leave REDONDO at 10:00 a.m. and PORT LOS ANGELES at 1:00 p.m. Nov. 2 and every fourth day thereafter. Cars connect with the Port Los Angeles leave P. & S. R. depot at 8:35 a.m. for steamer northbound.

The steamers COOS BAY and ROSITA leave SAN PEDRO for San Francisco via WAY PORTS, Pier 2, Stewart's Wharf, Santa Barbara, Goleta, Gaviota, Port Harford, Cayucos, San Simeon, Monterey and Santa Cruz at 6 p.m. Sept. 1, 11, 17, 23, 29, Oct. 5, 11, 17, 23, 29, Nov. 4 and every fourth day thereafter.

Cars connect with steamer via San Pedro leave S. P. R. R. Arcade depot at 1:30 p.m. Terminal Ry's depot at 1 p.m., Pacific Electric at 1:15 p.m. For further information obtain company's folder. The company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing without previous notice.

W. PARRIS, Agent, 124 W. Second street, Los Angeles. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

"Spreckels Line"

S. S. Moana

SAILS Oct. 3, 2 p.m. VIA Honolulu for Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. Australia

SAILS OCT. 17, 12 m. For Honolulu only.

HUGH B. RICE, Agt. 252 S. Spring street. Phone M. 324.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

BURBANK—The Moth and the Flame.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

	Max.	Min.	Mean.		Max.	Min.	Mean.
Boston	68	50	54	New York	76	62	69
Washington	70	44	57	Buffalo	66	54	60
Pittsburgh	76	64	70	Cincinnati	78	68	73
Chicago	64	54	59	St. Paul	64	48	57
St. Louis	76	66	69	Kansas City	64	50	57
Los Angeles	94	67	80	Jacksonville	96	70	83

[The maximum is for Sept. 28; the minimum for Sept. 29. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.]

DOTS AND DASHES.

Fund Increased.

The Galveston fund was increased yesterday by the following additional subscriptions: Cash, $1; Joseph Spear, $5; Hough & Felker, $5. One case of clothing was forwarded to the Mayor of Galveston.

Marching Club Drill.

The Charles Sumner Marching Club, the local organization of colored Republicans, will give its first exhibition drill tomorrow evening in front of the City Hall, when the club will appear in uniform.

Shriners' Excursion.

The sailing day of the Shriners' excursion from San Francisco to Honolulu on the steamer Zelandia has been changed from October 7 to October 14. A few members of the order from Southern California are booking.

Referee in Bankruptcy.

Judge Olin Wellborn of the United States District Court yesterday appointed Charles L. Allison of San Bernardino referee in bankruptcy proceedings for San Bernardino county, for a term of two years.

Two to One.

The number of marriage licenses issued during the past week was twenty-seven; the number of divorces granted, fourteen. This makes the startling ratio of almost two to one against divorces during the six days just past.

Suit Over Oil Land.

A complaint was filed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court, in which F. J. Carman of Detroit, Mich., seeks to compel William Kelly of Bakersfield to carry out a contract for a lease of certain Kern county oil lands, with a right of purchase attached.

Democrats' Convention.

The Executive Committee of the Democratic City Central Committee has issued the call for the city convention to nominate candidates for the various municipal offices. Primaries will be held throughout the city on Saturday, October 6, from 1 to 9 o'clock p.m., and will be made up of about 475 delegates.

Boys in Trouble.

George Griffith, Albert Ross, Frank Mason and Ed Wilson, young fellows about 18 years old, were arrested at Fiesta Park at 4:30 p.m. yesterday by special officers on charges of disturbing the peace. It is alleged that the boys amused themselves by throwing watermelon rinds at vistors. They will appear in the Police Court before Justice Morgan tomorrow.

Children and Matches.

Children playing with matches under the cottage at No. 955 Court Circle, owned by I. N. Van Nuys and occupied by J. D. Reddick, set fire to the place at 12:34 p.m. yesterday. The department was called out by an alarm from box 53. The building was damaged to the extent of $350, and the furniture $100, both covered by insurance.

Will Close Earlier.

The meat dealers of Los Angeles have arrived at a mutual agreement to close their places of business at 6 p.m., Saturdays excepted, after October 1. The Journeymen Butchers' Protective and Benevolent Association has adopted elaborate resolutions expressing appreciation of the new closing schedule of the "boss butchers."

California at Paris.

The Times has received from Varney W. Gaskell, secretary to the California Paris Exposition Commission, clippings from Paris papers of September 11 and 12, giving full accounts of the reception by the commission at the United States pavilion to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the admission of this State into the Union. About 2500 invitations had been issued, and the crowd was one of the largest ever seen at the pavilion. It was a brilliant affair, and there were many distinguished guests.

For Galveston.

Epiphany Episcopal Church, North Bichel street, Archdeacon Trew, rector, will take up a collection today for the Galveston fund; the preacher being the Rev. Dr. Dowling, who will speak on "The Galveston Disaster from a Christian Standpoint." Two Episcopal churches in Galveston were entirely destroyed, and the rector of one of them, and his wife, were drowned. Bishop Kinsolving reports that ten churches within his diocese were so badly wrecked that they will have to be rebuilt.

October Weather.

The mean temperature during October for a period of twenty-three years has been 64 deg., according to data compiled from the Weather Bureau records in this city. The warmest month was that of 1896, average, 68 deg.; coldest, 1896, average, 60 deg.; highest temperature, October 3, 1895, 102 deg.; lowest, October 3, 1893, 40 deg. The average rainfall for the month is .74 inches; greatest monthly precipitation, 1889, 4.95 inches. In October, 1891, no rain fell. The average number of clear days is 16.

High School Excursion.

The Senior A and Senior B classes of the High School, and their teachers, were treated to a special trolley excursion to Santa Monica yesterday by Gen. Sherman and E. P. Clark of the Los Angeles-Pacific Railroad Company. A train of four cars, carrying about two hundred pupils and teachers, passed down Spring street at 10 a.m., and made things lively. The party went via Hollywood, and spent the day in the ocean and on the sands. Roy Jones placed the bath house at the disposal of the visitors. It was an ideal day and all had a good time.

Lockjaw Sufferer.

P. J. Gallagher was sent to the Receiving Hospital from San Pedro street yesterday forenoon, suffering from lockjaw, and after temporary treatment was removed to the County Hospital. Until recently Gallagher was employed on the Southern Pacific "Gap" on the Coast Line. About two weeks ago he had a painful gathering in his left ear, which was dressed by a physician in Santa Barbara. For a short time he seemed to be mending and he came to Los Angeles. In the past two days his left jaw has become badly inflamed and he is now in a serious condition.

Hurled Against a Tree.

Charles W. Mulholland, a young fellow who drives a milk wagon for George Platt, the dairyman, was sent to the Receiving Hospital late yesterday afternoon for injuries sustained in a runaway. He was driving a span of mules, when one of the traces broke and the animals became unmanageable. At Fourth and Olive streets he was thrown from the wagon and hurled against a tree, sustaining a painful scalp wound and bodily bruises, which rendered him unconscious for some time. He remained at the hospital all night, nursed by his sister. The milk wagon was wrecked.

Narrow Escape.

Ralph Farr had a narrow escape yesterday while at work on the center dome of the Melrose Hotel, on Grand avenue. He was probably 100 feet above the ground, standing on a painter's "jack," which was poorly constructed, and much worn, and gave way. While falling he made a great leap, caught a rope attached to the flagstaff, and saved himself. He also retained his hold on the "jack," and probably saved the life of a painter who was working about twenty-five feet directly below him. Farr resumed work as though nothing had happened.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The edition de luxe of the Midwinter Number of The Times, printed on fine paper, with beautiful illustrations, is the most complete, as well as the handsomest, publication on Southern California yet issued. Copies may be seen at the Times business office, or at any of the leading book stores. If you want something handsome to send to an eastern friend, this specially beautiful and complete publication is what you are seeking. Nothing in illustration or text which will give an idea of the Southwest, its climate, products or soil, has been omitted. Equal in size to ordinary 500-page book. Price 50 cents per copy. The Times-Mirror Company, publishers.

Remember the needy. Save your cast-off clothing, beds, bedding or stoves for poor families of the city. A request is also made for shoes and clothing for poor children. There are many poor families in need of wholesome food, and potatoes, beans, groceries, or canned fruit will be most thankfully received. Drop a card to Fred Vriested, at the "Good Samaritan" (formerly Capt. Fraser's place,) No. 135 East Seventh street, and anything you have to donate will be called for.

Many thoughtful observers are convinced after careful study that our system of public education and our mutual plans for home building are the two greatest factors at work today amongst the masses, in building up our glorious republic. Education is developing the public mind and unfolding to the world the latent possibilities of the American people as never before, and in many of our great cities, notably Philadelphia, Cincinnati and Los Angeles, the masses are in large numbers living in homes of their own (built on the mutual plan of building and loan associations,) whose motto is, "The American home is the safeguard and bulwark of American liberties." Imbued with this spirit they become stalwart citizens. If you are interested in getting a home of your own, which you can pay for with "rent money," let us figure with you. Call or address The Protective Savings Mutual Building and Loan Association, No. 101 North Broadway. See "Money to Loan" column.

The millinery feature of this week will be the special display to be made by Miss E. C. Collins, 249 South Broadway. The display will embrace: First, twenty French hats selected in Paris by Miss Collins, commissaire and imported by her direct. These hats are by far the most beautiful ever displayed in Los Angeles. Second, hundreds of hats, the productions of Miss Collins's own designer; some original designs, others, copies of famous French models. Third three dozen walking and golf hats, bearing Miss Collins's trade mark and manufactured for her by the most celebrated designer and manufacturer of walking hats in the United States. Fourth, a large line of medium and low-priced hats. The prices will be as low as the hats are beautiful.

Mrs. Codié wishes to inform the ladies of Los Angeles and surrounding district that she will have her fall opening of pattern hats in her new store at No. 450 South Broadway, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 4, 5 and 6. Everybody welcome.

The Times is printed exclusively with News Ink manufactured by the Los Angeles Printing Ink Co., 110 North Broadway. Best newspaper ink made. A trial order solicited. A specialty made of fine black and colored inks. Prices quoted on application.

We do all manner of electric wiring and repairing. Houses wired and fixtures put in on short notice. We carry a beautiful line of electric and gas fixtures at prices that please. See us before buying. W. G. Hutchison Co., 597 South Spring street.

Anyone having any knowledge of the accident to Dr. P. F. Bresee and occupants of his carriage on August 5, at 10 p.m., are requested to send their names and addresses to Dr. Paul Bresee, No. 1045 S. Main street. Telephone white 1096.

The opening reception of the School of Metaphysics will be held Tuesday evening, October 2, from 8 to 10. Music by an orchestra of ladies. Refreshments. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Today's services close the Spiritualist camp meeting at Sycamore Grove for the present season. There is an excellent programme for the entire day. Take Pasadena electric car.

Miss C. A. King, hair dressing, manicuring and facial massage, removed to Fourth and Broadway, over the Broadway Department Store, rooms 1 and 2. Telephone Black 3421.

Fine millinery novelties in swell street hats; new and exclusive designs will be shown Monday and following days at Mrs. N. E. Smith's, No. 226 South Broadway.

Mrs. James G. Ogilvie, teacher of piano. Class and private lessons; classes now forming. Studio, No. 2 Colonial Flats, Eighth and Broadway. Tel. Black 2961.

New and original designs in wood-carving. Fine cabinet work a specialty. Come in and see specimens of my own designs. Lessons given. J. Elliott, 941 South Spring.

Accordion pleating done 308½ South Spring. Tel. Main 207. Orders called for. Hems free. Steam pleater guaranteed not to cut or burn material.

For the best 15c meal in the city or a fine 25c chicken dinner with coffee, soup and dessert included, go to the Victoria Restaurant, 227 W. First st.

The Natick House will serve roast chicken with dressing today from 4:45 to 7:30 p.m.; meals 25 cents, or 21 for $4.50. Music by Arend's Orchestra.

The newest effects in hats and turbans are being shown at "The Adele," 318 South Broadway, opposite Coulters. Mrs. Raynor and Miss Dinsmore.

The office of The Natalia Form and Schell's Patent Dress maker's Form have moved to 316 South Broadway, The Gilbert, rooms 3 and 4.

School of Art and Design, 614 Hill street, resumes October 3. Dr. Fletcher, Hy Koch, Paul de Longpré, examiners. L. E. G. Macleod, director.

Featherweights never make overweight. The lightest and strongest trunk made. D. D. Whitney & Sons, 423 South Spring street.

Mrs. Anna S. Averill will reopen the class for the study of Current History and Literature October 1, 2 o'clock. 1635 Rockwood street.

When tired of poor work send for the City Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, John Bloeser, prop., 456 South Broadway. Tel. Main 427.

Dr. Charles Morehead Briggs, dentist, from Ann Arbor, Mich., has opened an office in the Laughlin building, room 208.

Mrs. M. E. Sullivan, chiropody, manicure and scalp specialist, 356 South Broadway; rooms 13 and 14. Tel. Red 2696.

The fall term of the Cumnock School of Oratory will open Thursday morning, October 4, at 10 o'clock. Classes will be organized in physical culture and reading. Mrs. Kate Tupper Galpin's classes in literature, rhetoric and debate open the same day at 1:30. 301-305 Blanchard Hall.

If you have any furniture to sell, Woodham & Co. is the most satisfactory firm to deal with. 2638 Main street.

Turkey dinner today. Everything the market affords, with the finest orchestra in the city. Jersey Creamery.

Berlin Dye Works, 342 South Broadway, will close on Wednesday next till 5 p.m., due to Jewish holiday.

Dozen finest cabinet photographs and 100 stamps, $1.50, this week only. Plaza Gallery, 513 North Main.

Call on Green & Harrington for maps in real estate. Collections a specialty. 418 Laughlin Building.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains, see "Time Card" in today's Times.

Rev. A. C. Smither will preach at the usual hours today at the First Christian Church.

The Times Job Office is equipped to do machine composition, 13 ems, at short notice.

Zinnamon's button and button-hole factory, 254 S. Broadway, rooms 5 and 6.

Nettie E. Hammond, physician and surgeon, 420 and 422 Laughlin building.

Forty finest stamp photos only 25 cents. "Sunbeam," 236 South Main st.

Walsh, Snyder & Co., insurance, 228 W. 4th st. Chamber of Com. building.

If you have crooked teeth, see Dr. Wilder, dentist, 203½ S. Broadway.

Woodham & Co., 263 S. Main street, wants to buy desks and stoves.

Belair—Private school opens October 1. Katherine Clogher, principal.

Knapp Water Cure, Miss Helen C. Burt, 1142 S. Los Angeles st.

AT THE BEACH, use Aayvo Cold Cream for sunburns. All druggists.

Furs remodeled, D. Bonoff, 247 S. B'way

Dr. Clark, Byrne Blk. Diseases women.

Whitney's trunk factory 423 S. Spring

Dr. Minnie Wells, 127 E. 3d. See card.

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union telegraph company for George F. Day, J. Voorhees and Brad. Barnes.

The department responded to a telephone alarm yesterday afternoon for a slight blaze in the barn of ex-Assistant Fire Chief Smith, in the rear of his residence, No. 420 Towne avenue. Damage nominal.

The annual meeting of the Civic League will be held Monday, October 1, at 8:30 p.m. at the rooms, No. 330½ South Broadway. Reports of the year's work and election of instructors will occur at this meeting.

The Pioneers of Los Angeles County will meet in Caledonia Hall, No. 119½ South Spring street, Tuesday at 8 p.m. Reminiscences of the olden times, music and recitations will make up the programme. Visitors are always welcome.

The Historical Society will meet at the residence of J. M. Guinn, No. 115 South Grand avenue, Monday at 8 p.m. The following programme will be presented: A paper by H. D. Barrows on "The Mexican Government of California," also one by J. M. Guinn on "Historic Seaports of Los Angeles." All meetings of the society are open to the public.

CARNIVAL CLOSES.

The carnival at Fiesta Park, which has been in full blast since Monday, closed shortly after midnight. The only apparent difference on the midway between the last night and other nights was the presence of a small number of persons "en masque" and a larger number "en jag." Generally speaking, the crowd was a good-natured one, and no serious breach of the peace occurred. The condition of a large number of the revelers was such, however, that only the presence of about twenty-five policemen and many other officers prevented what the street urchins term a "rough house."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Frank Capro, aged 34, a native of Illinois and a resident of Bakersfield, and Lydia M. Evans, aged 17, a native of California and a resident of Los Angeles.

David Oscar Childers, aged 26, a native of California, and Mertie E. Wilson, aged 17, a native of Illinois; both residents of Los Angeles.

Charles F. Keane, aged 26, a native of California, and Ruth A. Howard, aged 18, a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

A dispatch received at Paris from Taku says a French battalion from Peking has occupied Lou Kou Chio and Chan Asi Tien, thus obtaining coal stores.

DEATH RECORD.

MATLOCK—In this city, Sept. 28, 1900, T. J. Matlock, aged 68 years.
Funeral from late residence, 424 East 13th street, Monday, 2:30 p.m. Interment private.
CORBETT—In this city, Sept. 28, Julia, beloved wife of John C. Corbett, a native of Ireland, aged 51 years.
Funeral from the residence, 1719 San Fernando street, today at 2 p.m. Interment New Calvary.
LEWIS—Mary E. Lewis of Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York, daughter of Dr. Seldon W. Lewis of this city, Saturday morning the 29th, in Brooklyn.
The remains will be brought to Los Angeles for interment. Funeral notice later.
MEAR—In Los Angeles, September 29, Mrs. Flora Alice Mear, daughter of H. C. Palmer, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 36 years.
Funeral from John R. Paul's parlors, Monday afternoon, 3 o'clock, October 1. Friends invited to attend. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

Funeral Notice.

Members of Gauntlett Lodge, No. 128, Knights of Pythias, and visiting brothers are requested to meet at Castle Hall, 105 North Spring street, at 2 p.m. Sunday, Sept. 30, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, A. P. Adams, of The Dalles, Or.
CHAS. HOLLE, C.C.
ROBT. B. GARRETT, K. of R. & S.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office, 628 S. Spring. Tel. M. 45, or 1045.

ORR & HINES CO., UNDERTAKERS.

Mrs. M. H. Connell has charge of all ladies and children intrusted to our care. Tel. Main 66; 647 S. Broadway.

SCROFULA

This root of many evils—

Tumors, abscesses, cutaneous eruptions, dyspepsia, readiness to catch cold and inability to get rid of it easily, catarrh, and other ailments including the consumptive tendency—

Is removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla so completely that a radical and permanent cure is effected.

This statement is proved by thousands of voluntary testimonials. Silas Vernooy, Warwarsing, N. Y., writes: "When our daughter was two years old, she broke out all over her face and head with scrofula sores. Nothing we did for her seemed to do her any good, and we had become almost discouraged, when we thought we would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The first bottle helped her and when she had taken six the sores were healed and her face was smooth. She has never shown any sign of the scrofula returning."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

cleanses the system of all humors inherited or acquired, and makes rich, healthy blood.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating; only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Look at These

with one eye closed. If some seem broader or blacker than others, something's wrong with your eyes—astigmatism. We have a special lens for remedying this trouble.

EYES EXAMINED FREE...

GENEVA WATCH AND OPTICAL CO., 326 SOUTH BROADWAY.
GEO. M. WILLIAMS, Prop.

BRADBURY BLOCK.

THE
Best Tonic. Canadian Malt EXTRACT

Will Strengthen and Build up the System

15c Bottle. $1.75 a Dozen.

WE CUT ON ALL DRUGS.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets	35c
Thompson's Dyspepsia Tablets	40c
Pinkham's Compound	40c
Pinkham's Sanative Wash	20c
Warner's Safe Cure	85c
Peruna	45c
Williams Pink Pills	30c
Listering	35c
Pierce's Discovery	50c
Syrup of Figs	35c
Hunyadi Water	35c

BOSWELL & NOYES DRUG CO., Reliable Prescription Druggists, THIRD AND BROADWAY.

Expert Shoemakers Build Our Shoes

Awarded the Grand Prize

A CABLEGRAM informs us that Laird, Shoober & Co. have been awarded the grand prize by the Paris Exposition. Their shoes for ladies and misses have been declared the "best" in every world's contest. This last decision settles the question for ONCE and ALL that NO OTHER SHOE equals these for quality or value.

This store is the sole agent for this footwear in Southern California, and a complete line of Fall Styles is now on sale.

W. C. Cunningham Foot-Form Shoes
FOURTH & BROADWAY

The Store For Trimmed Hats

Is this store, and the more you want exquisite style and becoming effects, the more you'll need to depend on this immense stock.

EXCLUSIVE IN EVERYTHING BUT PRICE.

And it's surprising how small we've made the price on the daintiest of creations.

OUR FIVE DOLLAR HATS

Will catch your eye, and probably you'll think there's some mistake, but there isn't.

IT'S JUST ONE OF OUR BIG OFFERS.

Wonder Millinery,
219 S. SPRING ST.

Rupture Cured.

Truss Thrown Away.

PROF. JOSEPH FANDREY, 942 South Main Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

DEAR SIR: Nearly a year ago I was pronounced cured by you of a Rupture that was of many years' standing. During the entire time of treatment I did all of the manual labor required on an orange and lemon ranch, and have done much of the same kind of work since, but have had no symptoms of a return of the trouble. I am perfectly satisfied with the results, especially as all former trials for relief and cure with other doctors were absolutely fruitless.

I shall be glad to answer the inquiries of any sufferer from Rupture.

Very truly,
FRANK C. BUFFINGTON,
Agent New York Life Insurance Co., North Ontario, Cal.
September 21st, 1900.

Our fall stock of Men's and Boys' Suits is by far the best assorted of any we have ever shown and our prices are below what others ask for similar goods.

H. COHN & CO.

142-144 N. Spring Street.

Varicocele, Hydrocele, Rupture, Stricture, Piles

DR. KING

Offers skillful, scientific and successful treatment to men for less than uncertain experiments will cost elsewhere. If you have any private ailment, kidney or bladder trouble, it will not be good judgment for you to neglect the case until complications arise to render successful treatment difficult.

Syphilis Cured to Stay Cured Forever.

Hundreds who have tried Hot Springs and numerous specific remedies in vain have been cured by me during the past year.

Varicocele or hydrocele cured in one week. Recently contracted diseases cured in three days.

If you cannot call, write me your symptoms fully. I charge nothing for consultation and advice, and I legally guarantee a perfect cure in every case undertaken. Address,

DR. KING & CO.,
SPECIALISTS FOR MEN,
128 N. Main Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

SOCIETY ENGRAVING
WHEDON & SPRENG, Society Stationers,
Calling Cards, Wedding Invitations, Announcements, Monograms, Crests and Address Dies.
Hollenbeck Building, 208 SOUTH SPRING ST

Oxford Cheviots In different shades of gray, made to order from $20.00 to $35.00—the real thing for fall wear.
BRAUER & KROHN, 114½ S. Main, NEXT TO THE ORPHEUM.

To The Public.

WHY? Is it that the Faker Drug Co. (who are begging you to stand by them,) charge 85c, 90c and $1.00 in their San Francisco store for patent medicines which we sell at 45c?

BECAUSE This same Faker Drug Co. is bound by an iron-clad agreement in San Francisco to hold up prices on all patent medicines.

WHY? Is it that when you ask for standard patent medicine in their Los Angeles store they invariably try to sell you some of their own fake preparations?

BECAUSE They have a store full of worthless "substitutes," on which they make 500 per cent. profit. Their so-called low prices are simply baits to catch suckers. We give you what you ask for without trying to work something else on you. Our clerks do not try to "bunco" you in order to hold their positions.

This Fake Drug Co. dare not meet these prices:

—We Sell—

Pierce's Discovery	45c	Camelline	
Pierce's Prescription	45c	Creme de Lis	
Paine's Celery Comp.	45c	Pink Pills	
Swift's Specific	45c	Cuticura Soap	
Syrup Figs	23c	Hood's Sarsaparilla	
Wizard Oil	23c	Pinkham's Compound	
La Blache Powder	23c	Swamp Root	
Pozzoni's Powder	23c	Peruna	

Sure Death to Ants ... 25c
Warranted to be effective.

ELLINGTON DRUG CO.
Cor. Fourth and Spring Sts.

THE FINEST BEE

$1.30 Doz. 30¢ Doz. for Empty B...
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WINE C...
220 West Fourth St.

ORDER BY TELEPHONE
MAIN 332. FREE DELIV...

Hotel Cutlery

"1847 Rogers" Silverplated Knives, Forks, Spoons

French and Henckels Cook Knives, Slicers and Pe...

Russell, Henckels and Meriden Steel Blade...

Table knives in hard rubber, bone, celluloid, ivory and pearl handles. We ... plete line of meat saws, cleavers, meat chopping blocks, scales, etc.

STEINEN-KIRCHNER CO., 150 NORTH MAIN STREET.
LOS ANGELES CUTLERY CO., NEXT TO L. A. THEATRE

TELEPHONE MAIN 1...

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MANUFACTURER AND DEALER
Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures
Remodeling and Refinishing Fixtures a Specialty.
All Kinds of Plating. Estimates Furnished.
Examine Our Sun Light Gasoline Lamp. 334 S. Spring St.

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EDITORIAL SHEET.
City News.

Los Angeles Sunday Times

IN FOUR PARTS.
Part III—10 Pages.

XIX. YEAR. SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1900. PRICE 5 CENTS.

THE NEW FALL AND WINTER CAMPAIGN OF THE LEADING WOMEN'S CLUBS OF LOS ANGELES.

A CLUB CITY.

THE work of the year among the women's clubs of Los Angeles is again taken up with renewed energy. The different organizations are all in a most flourishing condition and show marked increase both in attendance and zeal.

Los Angeles is decidedly a "clubby" city. In no place is more interest taken in women's clubs than here, and few on the Pacific Coast can boast of as fine accommodations as those of the Friday Morning and Ebell Clubs of Los Angeles.

THE FRIDAY MORNING CLUB.

The Friday Morning Club is the largest and next to the oldest woman's club in Los Angeles. It was organized ten years ago, and has a present membership of over 400. The officers are: President, Mrs. Shelley Tolhurst; first vice-president, Mrs. G. H. Wadleigh; second vice-president, Mrs. Roy Jones; secretary, Mrs. Charles F. Knight; treasurer, Mrs. E. G. Smead. The board of directors is composed of Miss Belle Anthony, Mrs. J. M. Elliott, Mrs. Boris Cohn, Mrs. S. S. Salisbury, Mrs. A. F. Conant and Mrs. H. R. Boynton.

The chairmen of the various committees are as follows: Programme Committee, Mrs. G. H. Wadleigh; House Committee, Mrs. Roy Jones; Hospitality Committee, Mrs. S. S. Salisbury; Book Committee, Mrs. Margaret Collier Graham; Every Day Topics Committee, Miss Collier.

The work of the club is laid out from month to month in place of issuing a year book. The Every Day Topics and Book committees furnish a programme each month of topics along the line of book reviews and current events. Considerable attention will be paid this year to music and art; the study of each topic to be taken alternately.

Some of the best talent procurable will lecture on art during the coming season, particular attention being given to house decoration and the applied arts. Social economics will also be discussed at length.

Some of the social features which are planned are of a most interesting nature. Luncheons, dramas and other social features are to be introduced, being the aim of the club to nourish hospitality among the members, and to make the clubhouse a place where members may come at all times.

The club has plans under consideration for the improvement of the grounds, which will be laid out in an artistic manner, and the court is to be festooned with vines and palms, where garden parties and other open-air entertainments may be held.

On Friday, October 5, the president's address will be given. The work of the coming year will be outlined, as far as possible, and reports from the delegates who attended the biennial convention at Milwaukee in June will be received. This meeting is for club members only. Luncheon will be served at the close of the meeting.

On Tuesday afternoon, October 9, the club will tender a reception to the Woman's Parliament from 4 to 6.

Representatives from the many different women's clubs of San Francisco, who have inspected the home of the Friday Morning Club have made considerable comment on the quarters, as there is nothing of the kind in that city.

EBELL CLUB.

The Ebell Club of Los Angeles was organized in 1894, being one of several chapters on the Pacific Coast which bears the name of the founder of these societies. The Ebell is a study club, and believes that the wisest action can only result from a broad culture and high standard of education. To this end, study is encouraged in science, art, music, literature, sociology and current history.

MRS. CHAS. F. EDSON.

The officers for 1900-01 are as follows: President, Mrs. W. T. Lewis; first vice-president, Mrs. Eugene T. Pettigrew; second vice-president Mrs. T. T. Knight; third vice-president, Mrs. Williamson Dunn; recording secretary, Mrs. G. Aubrey Davidson; corresponding secretary, Miss Frances M. Maurice, treasurer, Mrs. Charles Prager; general curator, Mrs. J. B. Millard; financial secretary, Miss Eugenie L. Hobbs.

The Monday calendar of the club for the year's work, with the instructor on each subject, is as follows: September 24, president's address, Mrs. W. T. Lewis; October 1, current history, Mrs. Lou V. Chapin; October 8, "Oriental Rugs," A. Loftus; October 15, current history, Mrs. Chapin; October 22, "Sociological Aspects of Anthropology," C. C. Closson; October 27, charter day reception; November 5, current history, Mrs. Chapin; November 12, "The Talmud," Rabbi Hecht; November 19, current history, Mrs. Chapin; November 26, paper on English literature, Miss Mary Foy; December 3, current history, Mrs. Chapin; December 10, dramatic afternoon, Clunnock School; December 17, current history, Mrs. Chapin; December 24, no meeting—Christmas; December 31, children's day; January 7, current history, Mrs. Chapin; January 14, scientific talk, Dr. Millbank Johnson; January 21, current history, Mrs. Chapin; January 28, musicale; February 4, current history, Mrs. Chapin; February 11, to be announced; February 18, current history, Mrs. Chapin; February 25, "Neapolitan Love Story," Mrs. W. S. Bartlett; March 4, current history, Mrs. Chapin; March 11, "Bocanazic Equality," Mrs. J. W. Van Cleve; March 18, current history, Mrs. Chapin; March 25, parliamentary drill, Mrs. Flint in the chair; April 1, French comedy, members of French section; April 8, "The Natural and the Supernatural," Bishop Montgomery; April 15, story tellers, California and Italian legends; May 13, "The Modern Procrustes," Charles F. Lummis; May 27, annual meeting and election of officers and directors; June 10, book review by club members; June 24, last meeting. Club luncheon served by members of the Domestic Science section.

The Tourist section will meet on the first and third Mondays, with Mrs. Clarence P. Bartlett as curator and Mrs. H. B. Strange, secretary. The work will embrace early and modern Rome.

The literature section will meet on the first and third Thursdays with Mrs. Williamson Dunn, curator, and Miss A. W. Wisewell, secretary. The work of the year will be the study of some of the English prose writers, though it is not intended to adhere firmly to this outline.

The music section will meet the third Tuesday at 3 p.m., with Mrs. William James Chick as curator and Miss Florence Riley, secretary. No outside talent will appear before this section this year, except on the guest programme. Each regular programme will consist of six numbers, and notes of interest from the outside musical world.

The story-tellers' section will meet the second and fourth Tuesdays, with Mrs. W. S. Bartlett, as curator; Mrs. W. S. Taylor, assistant curator; Miss Katherine Casey, secretary. This section will strive to cultivate its members in the power of reproducing what they read as nearly as possible in the spirit of the writer, and also to strengthen the memory and develop accuracy.

The domestic science section will meet the third Monday with Mrs. Dutton, instructress; Mrs. F. H. Gordon, treasurer; Mrs. S. M. Garretson, secretary. The hostesses are: For November, Miss Hamburger and Miss Hellman; December, Mrs. Flint and Mrs. Danskin; January, Mrs. Gordon and Mrs. Garretson; February, Mrs. Herren and Mrs. Blinn; March, Mrs. S. P. Hunt and Miss Maurice; April, Mrs. King and Mrs. C. B. Boothe; May, Mrs. Vosburg and Mrs. F. L. Moore; June, club luncheon to members of the section.

A Corner in The Club Rooms. Friday Morning Club House.

The parliamentary and debate section will meet the first and third Tuesdays, with Mrs. A. L. Brown, curator; Mrs. Theo. A. Simpson, assistant curator; Miss Chester C. Ashley, secretary. The object of this section is to acquaint its members with the principles of parliamentary usage by practical illustration.

The French section will meet the first third and fourth Tuesdays, with Mrs. S. E. Page, curator, and Miss Evelyn Hamburger, secretary. This section aims to give the sojourner in La Belle France a sufficient vocabulary for ordinary conversation. Only the conversational method will be used.

The social department will meet the fourth Thursdays, and will be under the direction of the Civic Committee. The year's work will be the study of the effect on the character of a city population.

The first meeting of the club for the year was held Monday, September 24. The club day has been changed from Thursday to Monday.

WEDNESDAY MORNING CLUB.

The most rapidly-growing women's club in Southern California is the Wednesday Morning Club, which is just beginning the third year of its existence. The officers are: President, Mrs. Frank E. Pryor; vice-president, Mrs. Wing H. Fillmore; secretary, Mrs. Henry E. Brett; treasurer, Mrs. Miles Dodd.

The board of directors for the ensuing year are Mrs. J. Noonan Phillips, Mrs. J. M. Hale, Mrs. J. B. Liversidge, Mrs. H. K. Prather, Mrs J. H. Crawford, Mrs. J. M. Armstrong, Mrs. Sherman Page, Mrs. C. P. Doriand.

The work for the coming fall and winter has been divided into three sections—current events, studies of Shakespeare's plays and music.

The Current Events section will meet on Mondays at 2 p.m., under the leadership of Mrs. Sherman Page. She conducts her class by appointing leaders for the following sections: Foreign, State, national and city affairs, science and literature. There are about sixty in her class. This section will give a "Danish day" in the near future.

The Shakespeare section will meet on Wednesdays at 9:30 a.m., under the leadership of Mrs. Chester P. Doriand. A thorough study of Shakespeare's play is to be made, beginning with the early drama and continuing through Shakespeare's masterpieces. This class is working to complete all the plays, having taken "Richard III," "Merchant of Venice," "As You Like It," "Hamlet," "Othello," "King Lear," "Macbeth," "A Winter's Tale." The plays which will be taken up this fall are "Julius Caesar," "Tempest," "Midsummer Night's Dream," "Coriolanus" "Henry VIII."

Several other subjects are under consideration, which may possibly be taken up with Shakespeare's plays.

The Music Section is an entirely new feature with the club. An able instructor is to be selected, who will teach the history of music and also lecture on celebrated composers and do illustrative work.

A history section has been asked for, and also one in physical culture, but no definite arrangements have as yet been made.

The present membership of the club is 236, and a large number are expected to join and begin with the fall work.

The club is already looking forward to a home of their own in the near future. A piece of unused property on Downey avenue has been offered them at a very low figure, and a clubhouse probably will be the outcome.

THE RUSKIN ART CLUB.

The Ruskin Art Club is the oldest of all the women's clubs in the city, having perfected their organization in 1893. The club has but one line of work—the study of art, and devotes all their club hours to this branch. The present membership is 82.

The club is pleasantly located in the

MRS. J. F. SARTORI.

MRS. ROBT. J. BURDETTE,
President State Confederation of Women's Clubs.

MRS. WILL E. CHAPIN.

Mrs. G. Aubrey Davidson. Mrs. Miles Dodd. Mrs. Frank E. Prior. Mrs. C. P. Dorland.

Blanchard Block on Broadway, where the club meetings are held every Wednesday morning.

The officers are as follows: President, Mrs. W. E. Dunn first vice-president, Mrs. M. J. P. Stearns; second vice-president, Mrs. S. C. Hubbell; recording secretary, Mrs. W. H. Housh; corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. G. Brainerd; treasurer, Mrs. W. H. Bradley; librarian, Miss Edith Coffin; curator, Miss Marie Schwalbe.

The board of directors consists of

J. SMITH,
Second vice-president Y.W.C.A.

eleven members, and there are committees on membership, hospitality, housekeeping and courses of study, with a full programme mapped out for the coming year's work on subjects pertaining to the furtherance of art and decoration.

YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASS'N.

The Young Women's Christian Association is entering upon a year of unusual success. The present quarters at No. 211½ West Second street have been found to be entirely inadequate for the increasing growth of the association, and it is probable that within a month new plans will be formulated, which, if carried out, will give them much better facilities than the present

MRS. Z. D. MATHUSS,
First vice-president Y.W.C.A.

cramped quarters. The association now numbers over 800 members, and the daily average attendance in the lunch room has been over 250. Meals are here provided at a cost of from 7 to 15 cents, and the rooms are supplied with daily papers, current magazines and religious periodicals, where the tired shop girls can snatch a few moments repose and relaxation.

The officers for the ensuing year are: President, Mrs. Frank A. Dewey; first vice-president, Mrs. Z. D. Mathuss; second vice-president, Mrs. E. R. Smith; recording secretary, Mrs. A. E. Rase; treasurer, Mrs. W. C. Patterson. General secretary, Miss Cora L. Tatham.

The plan of work as mapped out for the coming season includes classes in

[illegible] art, elocution, cooking, language, music, current history, higher English, common English branches, nineteenth century art, and the instructors are selected for their especial fitness in teaching, and only up-to-date methods are employed.

Religious services are held every Sunday afternoon, except two months in the summer, and subjects adapted to young women's needs are presented by able leaders.

No regular schedule of dates for social events has been made out by the Entertainment Committee. Each will be announced in due season. Some of the large homes of the city will be thrown open to the association this year for a series of musicales and other delightful social functions.

An employment directory is one of the features of the association, and a larger portion of the time of the assistant secretary will be given to this than before. The only requirement asked is membership in the association, and if necessary arrangements can be made to pay this fee in installments.

The one great need of the association is more commodious quarters, as the work is greatly hampered on account of insufficient room. The gymnasium has been turned into a dining-room for use during the noon hour, which necessitates the removal of all the apparatus during that time, and the putting back of everything after the meal hour. The rooms are crowded to overflowing between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

The association does not take the place of a home, the school or the church, yet it does afford a hearthstone for those whose school days are otherwise over, and it does point to the Master, whom the church serves.

KINDERGARTEN CLUB.

The first meeting of the Kindergarten Club for the ensuing year will be held Thursday afternoon at Ebell Hall.

ONTARIO.

DEATH OF W. BRADFORD.

ONTARIO, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] William Bradford, a well known young man of this city, died last night at the home of his parents. He was taken with hemorrhages two months ago, and went to Catalina in the hope of a recovery. Two weeks ago he became ill with typhoid fever, which caused his death. Before his sickness he was conductor on the San Antonio and Ontario Electric Railway. His father is chief fire ranger. The funeral will be conducted at the home at 2 p.m. today.

REAL ESTATE.

Property is changing hands rapidly and the following sales have been recorded: W. P. Paften to Alma Walton, lots 11 and 12, $5000; W. F. Stifel to John Gaylord, lot 513, for $5000; H. R. Kells to J. F. Anderson, lots 19 and 20, $2500.

Inquiries continue to come from the East regarding the opportunities for profitable investment in Ontario colony lands. Letters have been received recently from Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Illinois.

ONTARIO BREVITIES.

Chaffey College will open the fall term Wednesday.

Prof. N. A. Richardson, Social-Democratic candidate for Congress, spoke to the people at Forester' Hall last night.

Miss Agnes Taylor has enrolled as a freshman at Claremont.

Dr. Mosgrove of Los Angeles, and Mrs. Whipple of San Francisco visited with Mrs. G. T. Stamm this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clark returned yesterday from a two months' outing at Long Beach, and other coast points.

The Foresters Lodge of this city proved an admirable host at the banquet, ball and open meeting last evening. Wieding's Orchestra of North Ontario furnished the music.

J. F. Anderson of San Francisco has purchased the Park Hotel on the South Side, and will reside there permanently.

Thirty new fumigating tents arrived yesterday, and the new crew will go to work Monday evening, with E. G. Osman as foreman.

The members of the Baptist Church held their annual meeting this week, opening with an "at home" supper.

Congressman Needham will speak here October 12.

NORTH ONTARIO.

Both of the churches will take collections Sunday for the aid of the Galveston sufferers.

Mrs. A. Winslow has purchased the Phelps ranch, near the foothills, for $13,000. It comprises twenty acres, and is a very desirable piece of property.

M. H. Bordwell of the Dried Fruit Company has been in Banning this week purchasing fruit.

Burglars are in the city, and several entries have been attempted of late.

SAN ANTONIO.

The San Antonio Water Company is working night and day in its wells in Stoddard's Cañon. A blacksmith shop is located near the well, and is kept busy sharpening tools and making repairs. The company's search for water is successful.

Our colony was treated to an inch of rain this week, the first of the season.

J. H. Payne has returned from a northern trip.

School opened with a greatly-increased attendance.

CUCAMONGA.

The recently-ousted members of the Cucamonga Water Company have objected to the decision of Judge Oster, and through their attorneys, H. R. Annable and Stephens & Stephens, they take an appeal to the Supreme Court, the papers being filed yesterday on J. W. McKinley and M. L. Groff, attorneys for our citizens.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

No Fusel Oil.

THE WORLD'S FAMOUS CONSUMPTION CURE

has no equal. Prescribed by leading doctors for nearly half a century as the only absolutely pure, invigorating, stimulating tonic. All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Write for our free medical booklet.

DUFFY'S MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

NEWS FROM ALASKA.

Grip and Pneumonia Prevailing—Mines of Southeastern Alaska.

Edward Miller of Tacoma, Wash., sends The Times the following late news from Alaska:

Passengers from the Yukon bring news that the epidemic of grip and pneumonia so prevalent this summer among the Indians at Nome is extending up the Yukon. Many of the natives in the vicinity of Holycross Mission, on the Lower Yukon, are affected and several dozen have died. The Catholic priest in charge of the mission expressed the belief that a third of the Indians would die of the disease this winter. The epidemic rages all the way from St. Michaels to Holycross Mission, and is felt most severely at Andreafski. The Indians do not seem to understand why they should not go out in the cold when suffering from the malady, and failing to heed the warnings of the whites, soon take to their beds and succumb.

An immense quantity of government supplies is being transported up the Yukon River during September. There are destined for the use of the various military posts and the Signal Corps, which are constructing the American telegraph line down the Yukon. The steamer Belle, arriving at Dawson September 12, took up 100 soldiers and distributed them at various points for work on the telegraph system under the direction of the Signal Corps. The Alaska Exploration Company, holding the contract for transporting the government supplies, will handle 3000 tons during this month, of which a large portion has already been landed at Kaltag, Weare Circle, Fort Egbert and Fort Gibbons.

Development goes steadily forward in the quartz mines of Southeastern Alaska. After several months' work, miners have penetrated the rim-rock of Last Chance Basin, near Juneau, with a tunnel which strikes the basin 196 feet below the surface. Though this basin has been known to exist for years, expert miners were divided in opinion as to whether the gravel inside of it was wash gravel containing gold. Success has rewarded the work, now completed, the gravel being found rich in gold. John Ellis, general manager of the company, expects to have Gold Creek running through Last Chance Basin within the month. This stream will be utilized for sluicing on a large scale. The American Gold Mining Company of Juneau has leased its mines at Sheep Creek to Superintendent Frank Hammond. The mines were shut down last May, and are now flooded with water, which must be pumped out. Hammond will work the mines on a large scale if he succeeds in getting a sufficient number of miners together. No workmen can be engaged at Juneau, for outlying camps have been using every available man for months. The Treadwell mines have experienced a labor shortage all summer. One hundred more miners could be profitably employed there. The mines at Seward City are also booming. Since July all the stamps there have been dropping on ore running $10 to $90 per ton.

The reported destruction of the famous Muir glacier on the shores of Glacier Bay, Alaska, by the earthquake last year, is pronounced untrue by William E. Pearce, who got within four miles of the glacier in August of this year on the excursion steamer Queen. Pearce says: "The Muir glacier is just as grand as ever. The trouble this season has been that vessels have not been able to get close enough for passengers to see it. The earthquake shook off large masses of ice from the face of the glacier, which, when floating in the bay, appear as huge icebergs and block the passage of vessels. By next season the bay will be clear again, and the glacier can be approached as in former years. The damage by the earthquake is but a drop in the bucket. I can better explain its work by saying that it took off the face of the glacier for fifty feet or so, while the main body extends back, visible to the eye, twenty miles. The glacier runs back from its face on Glacier Bay to the head of the Davidson glacier, which faces on Lynn Canal, a distance of forty-five miles. All this season Muir Inlet has been full of small bergs, so that vessels after proceeding as far as they can are forced to back out. On the August trip of the Queen the surface of the glacier looked to be from twenty-five to thirty feet high, but it is really from 150 to 200 feet high. Next year we will be able to get close to it, and will find it just as large and just as grand as it ever was. As a rule, vessels have not been able, during the past season, to get closer than ten to fifteen miles of the glacier. In August the Queen found the channel much more open, and succeeded in getting within four miles, where a comparatively good view of the surface was obtainable."

RANDSBURG.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

RANDSBURG, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] An enthusiastic and large Republican gathering was addressed this evening by Congressman Needham and Mr. Wiley of Bakersfield on the issues of the campaign.

The Yellow Aster Mining Company will expend about $100,000 in improvements in the next few months, and all the other mines are doing well and taking out good money.

We make Women's and Children's Dresses to order on short notice.

The Linen Store

The New Idea Patterns are universal favorites 10c

Our Fall Display of New Goods and Ready-to-wear Garments for Women has interested most of the ladies of this vicinity—Have you seen it?

Muslin Underwear.

Ladies' drawers, deep ruffle, one row insertion, wide lace edging 50c

Ladies' drawers, cluster of tucks, embroidery ruffle, good quality of muslin, price 50c

Ladies' fine cambric drawers, deep ruffle of lawn tucks, lace insertion, lace edging, price 90c

Ladies' fine cambric drawers, very wide embroidered ruffle, price $1.19

Ladies' corset covers, V shaped neck, embroidered and lace trimmed, price 25c

Ladies' corset covers, with round, plain or V shaped neck, full fronts, lace and embroidery trimmed, price 35c

Ladies' corset covers, four rows lace insertion across front and lace trimmed, price 50c

Ladies' gingham aprons, assorted colors 25c

Ladies' gingham aprons, with bib and ruffle over shoulders 45c

Wash Flannels and Flannelettes.

A complete assortment of these highly popular goods will be found on our counters, every piece presenting beauties of texture and exquisite colorings far in advance of any patterns we have heretofore offered.

French flannels, 27 inches wide, in fleur de lis, polka dots and stripes, a yard 75c.

French flannels, plain colors, 27 inches wide, a full assortment in light, medium and dark colors, a yard 60c.

Eiderdowns in plain effects, 27 and 36 inches wide, in all shades, a yard 35c to 75c.

Plain white flannels in lamb's wool, shaker, linen and silk warp, ranging in price from 25c to $1.00 a yard.

White embroidered skirt flannels, 36 inches wide, priced from 50c to $1.50 per yard.

Outing flannels, 27-in. wide, in light and dark checks, stripes, plaids and mixtures, a complete showing of styles and colorings, at 6¼c, 8⅓c, 10c and 12½c a yard.

Domestic flannel, a cream outing flannel in plain weaves and twills, all widths and qualities, at per yard, bleached 10c to 15c, unbleached 6¼c to 20c.

Fleece backed flannels, extra good, 27-in. wide, twilled fabric, printed in floral and persian designs, stripes, etc. Very suitable for wrappers at per yard, 10c and 12½c.

Persian flannels, twilled fleece back, 27-in. wide, extra good quality, printed in stripes, floral designs, etc., 25c for wrappers, 16⅔c yard.

Djalmas, 28-in. twilled flannel, cannot be excelled for shirting. Come in stripes, extra good weight and soil at 12c yard.

Golf flannel, 28-in. wide, good quality, blue, gray, lavender, tan and pink shades, entirely new in the line of flannels, at per yard, 15c.

Linens.

"The Very Best Linens" ... been the motto of this house for the past 9 years and conscientiously followed with a view to fully sustaining our reputation for carrying the finest and best assortment of linens in the city. We would call your attention to the following special bargains now offered for your selection.

1¼x1¼ yd. lunch cloths, $1 and $1.35 and some extra fine 2x2 yd. cloths $2.25 up to $6.

Especially fine 2x2¼ yd. with 1 doz. napkins to match $8.25.

Some very fine cloths 2¼x... an odd lot and only a few now at $5.00 each.

Ladies have a cordial invitation call and examine our elegant in this department whether with to purchase or not. fine linen goods a special possess advantages in their and importation possessed other house in the city.

Goodenow Sheldon Co
135 S. Spring third to 211 W. Second

BEHIND THE CURTAIN VI.

[SCENE: Public room. *Personæ:* Men of all parties and shades of political opinion discussing the campaign issues and political situation.]

Free-silver Democrat: Good friend, I'm glad to meet thee here this morn
And to have speech with thee as to thy hopes
Of our success with Bryan as our leader.
I know thee well and know that thou art as
True unto the great principles of our
Grand Democracy as is the needle
To the Pole, or this fair earth unto the
Unchanging laws of gravitation.

Gold Democrat: Old friend, thou dost speak most truly. I am
A Democrat and glory in the name,
But I am not a Bryanite. I would not
Steal the livery of heaven to serve
The devil in, or prostitute the grand
Principles that once did make our party
Great, when it wore th' Jeffersonian crown
Of patriotism and love of country.
It was honest in other days and did
Run after no false gods, born of the greed
Of power, and did nurse no issues that
Would work our land's undoing. I tell thee,
Friend, that I would as soon take a viper
To my bosom and warm it into life,
And trust it to prove harmless, as to take
The fallacies set forth by Bryan as
My creed. Ruin looks out from them, and foul
Dishonor. Financial chaos riots
In every line of the Kansas City
Platform and the issues it hath hatched to
Plague us with. Out on these vile serpents of
Mischief that would destroy us with the
Venom of their fangs! And so, although a
Democrat, true to the traditions of
Our honored past, I cast mine vote when comes
November for McKinley and our loved
Country's honor.

President of Portland Cement Company: Good morning, sir! Surely fortune doth smile
On me that I meet thee here, for it cuts
Short my journeying, much to my pleasure.

Business Man: And may I ask thee how is it that our
Chance meeting thus doth serve thee?

Pres. P. C. Co.: Why, thou knowest me well and the business
That I represent. In these days that do
So blossom with prosperity business
With us hath grown like an eagle's fledgling
Through all the days of summer, till we need
New plants to work with, and I was now but
Journeying to thee to make a contract
For one of thy largest plants, provisional
Upon the election. To order it
Save on the condition that McKinley
Wins, I dare not, for it taketh no
Prophetic eye to see the idleness
That would drop like a black pall upon us
Should Bryan be chosen President.

Business Man: Aye, sir, I blame thee not that thou dost put
This clause provisional in the contract
We may close between us. 'Tis but the part
Of wisdom. Thou art not alone in this.
I was but yesterday in Brooklyn with
My old friends, the J. Curley Company,
Successful carriage men, who have reaped golden
Harvests in these last four years of plenty,
And such a clause did they insert within
Their contracts. Aye, and there are others, too,
I wot of; men of large foresight, and of
Calm, clear judgment, and where'er I go I
Find the business pulse doth beat always most
Feverishly at the mere thought of Bryan's
Triumph. I cannot think calamity
Like this can be in store for us.

Pres. P. C. Co.: Gods! How cruel the fate that would thrust such
Destiny upon us! It would be worse
Than sacrilege to for a moment dream
That free-born Americans would vote to
Shackle industry and put a crown of
Thorns on Labor's forehead. I cannot think
That Discontent and Folly, bold robbers
Though they be, and blind to Reason's voice,
Will dare to lift their sacrilegious hands
To throttle Prosperity, or seek to
Rob us of the bread of plenty, that they
May feed us on the dry husks of Bryan's
Idle promises, and the bare, fleshless
Skeleton of Hunger.

Laborer: Good friend, your words have the right ring to them,
And honest Labor will have naught to do
With this scurrile offspring of a false
Democracy conceived by Bryan's mad
Policy which would dishonor us and
Prove our deathless shame. No thinking man
Among us doth like its flavor.

Scholar: Let's shake hands on that, and let's not
Forget that free America is not
A land of classes, of serfs and nobles,
As Bryan's prating would bespeak it. Nay,
Our starry flag doth ever wave o'er but
The sovereign citizen, and be his
Lot, or high, or low, he still may walk as king.

Laborer: As king! Yea, we all do have, whate'er our
Calling, the blue blood of sovereign citizens
Coursing within our veins. Sov'reigns are we
Who make the laws that govern us, and so
We make them right. Oh, in this great contest
Let us not be blind, and forge with reckless
Hands the shackles that we need not wear—that
Would bind us fast unto dishonor and
Financial revolution, with hard times
Knocking at our gates, and our glorious
Flag dishonored until the proud land we
Love is made the hissing by-word of the
Nations, her glory stained with the dust of shame.
Soldiers! We want no Bryan as our standard bearer.

Laborers: Nor will we have him.
Our ballots joined with yours shall compass
His defeat, and save our bflush of shame.

Scholar: Oh, well hath it been said, a solemn thing
Is liberty. It is a bond most sacred,
Not a boon. As such we'll battle for it,
And our country yet shall live through all a
Time, the grand "Colossus of the Nations."

MAX NORDAU.

His Precious Childhood and Present Versatility—Habits of Work That Have Won Him Success.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch:] It may not be known that Dr. Max Nordau, the famous author of "Degeneration," who was such a prominent figure at the recent Zionist Congress at one time had almost decided to take up his abode in London. As it turned out, however, as most people know, he fixed on Paris, where he occupies very comfortable quarters in the fashionable Avenue de Villiers. He lives in the first floor, over a wine shop, with his mother and sister, of whom he has been the entire support for many years. By profession a doctor, Nordau still practices the healing art, though it is by his literary labors, of course, that he is best known to the world at large.

It is not surprising to learn that Nordau was a precocious child. He could read at four, and in stern and austere childhood this, indeed, was his only amusement. The first work of fiction which came under his notice was "Midshipman Easy," which inspired him, he says, with a longing for adventure and travel, which he afterwards realized, and which gave him, likewise, a high notion of British pride and, British tenacity. He began to write early and by the age of 14—he is now 51—had already published various poems, essays and tales.

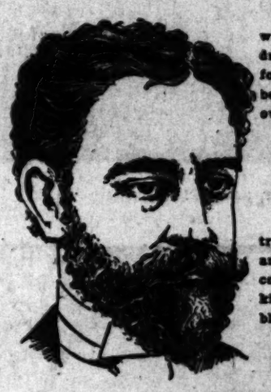
It was, however, "Conventional Lies" published in 1882, that first made Nordau famous. Its success was enormous—more copies of it have been sold, it is said, than any other German book of the century, while it has been translated into almost every European language. Even better known, however, in this country, is the celebrated "Degeneration," published about ten years later. Nordau was prompted to this particular work, it is ... ritation as being spoken of ... "the author of 'Conventional ... "I will not be classified," he declared. "I am no specialist ... specialists. I am a man of ... I wish to succeed in every ... my art."

And certainly he has given ... able proofs of his versatility ... plays, novels, newspaper articles, sociological treatises—one ... alike to this ready and powerful ... His mode of life in Paris ... the extraordinary vigor, both ... and physical, of the man. ... day he visits patients, pays ... his friends, attends to his ... duties as correspondent of ... portant German papers, and ... puts in what most men would ... as a decidedly heavy day. ... fifteen o'clock he sees him home ... and it is not till after this, ... tween 8 and 9, that he sits ... write the books by which he ... to the world at large. And ... labor at his desk, he ... pleasure of his life.

In which connection I was ... a peculiarity of Nordau's ... the calligraphy of which ... ously in accordance with the ... intensity of the writer's ... Sometimes it is almost ... in size; at others less so, ... always exquisitely clear, ... always fine and small. ... writers Nordau has his ... returned after the printers ... with it, and then has all ... bound up in a volume, the ... is often smaller than that of ... book. Thus the "Paradox" ... volume of 414 pages. The ... is contained in 65. In some ... slip of his manuscript, ... printed pages.

Strength and Health For Unfortunate Men.

It Costs Nothing to Consult Dr. Meyers & Co. Such an Interview Will Give Sufferers a Great Deal of Valuable Information Concerning Their Ailment if They Do Not Take Treatment.



If you are afflicted or contracted with premature weakness, ... drains, unnatural losses or ... form of nervous debility, ... been brought on by errors, ... overwork or worry,

Dr. Meyers & Co. Can Restore You

If you are suffering with a contracted ailment of any nature ... any stage, or with rupture, ... cocele, piles or a disease of the ... kidneys, heart, spine, liver, ... blood, you need not despair.

Dr. Meyers & Co. Can Cure You

What is more important to a man than health and strength! If you ... once, you should get the best. If you are ailing with a weakness or disease ... afford to experiment. If you are not the man you should be, do not delay ... may ruin you, physically and mentally. If you intend to seek medical aid, ... the most reliable? Consult Dr. Meyers & Co., the specialists, who are ... and wide as the most successful practitioners for all weaknesses and ... Dr. Meyers & Co. have been mastering these troubles for 18 years. ... largest, most ably conducted medical institution and the most extensive ... America.

This is the Secret of their Success—They Cure Their Patients Quickly and Permanently, and at Reasonable Prices.

HOME CURES—Dr. Meyers & Co. cure a great many patients every year ... seeing them. Their home-cure system is a special and ably managed department ... their institution. Those who are interested should write for question blanks ... and full particulars. All correspondence confidential. No marks on ... packages to indicate name or sender.

PRIVATE BOOK FREE—Dr. Meyers & Co. have recently issued a new book, ... "Private Counselor and Marriage Guide," for men only. This 125th ... is sent sealed to all who write, or given to all who call at the office, ... deal of valuable information for men, young and old, sick or well, married or single.

Free Anatomical Museum—For Men Only—Open During Office Hours.

DR. MEYERS & CO.

ELEVATOR ENTRANCE | 218 S. Broadway LOS ANGELES, | Hours—9 to 4 ... Evenings 7 to 8 ... Sundays 10 to 12

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER ... ARE BLISTERED

Women's Flight from Burning Hotel.

A Dangerous Fire in Santa Monica.

A Los Angeles Woman Gives Vivid Account of Her Escape.

The Ross Hotel at Santa Monica, ... three-story frame structure, was ... stroyed by fire at 1:30 o'clock yesterday ... morning, with all its contents. Several ... of the guests had thrilling escapes, ... of them, Mrs. J. Anderson and ... Ross with of the hotel properties, ... being severely scorched and blistered ... making their exit from the burning ... building. They are now at the Pacific ... Hotel, at No. 1400 South Hill street, ... this city, Mrs. Anderson gave her ... account of the fire to a Times reporter ... late last night:

"There were about a dozen people ... the building when the fire broke out. ... I don't know how it started. ... fires and I occupied adjoining rooms, ... and we were in my chamber awaiting ... until about 10 o'clock. I was asleep ... at ten minutes of 1, and everything ... was all right at that time.

"It was about twenty minutes after ... when I was awakened by the crackling ... of flames. I rushed into Mrs. Ross' ... room and we hastily dressed and rushed ... out into the hall. A family named Davis ... occupied a room directly across ... from mine, and we pounded on the ... door for a long time before they were ... up. By this time the stairway was ... ablaze, and the interior of the house ... a mass of flames. We ran down the ... stairway, getting our faces and hands ... badly scorched and blistered. I lost all ... my clothing. I left my watch and purse ... under my pillow, but a young man ... climbed up the porch and went into ... the room and brought them to me.

"E. J. Davis, with his wife and child, ... had a very close call. After being ... aroused they tried to escape by the ... stairway, but the fire had gained such ... headway that they were unable to do ... so. They went out on the balcony and ... the child was dropped down into the ... hands of the crowd, after which Mr. ... Davis and his wife descended by ... means of the balcony supports.

"A Mrs. Reeves with her four children ... occupied a room in the rear part of the ... hotel. She awakened in time to get her ... family to a place of safety.

"The fire is supposed to have originated on the second floor of the building, but in what manner is not known.

"The hotel was built about ... years ago, and was owned by Mrs. ... Christie Thompson of Santa Monica. ... It was 30x60 feet in size, with two ... smaller additions in the rear. Mrs. ... Thompson stated that she expended ... $20,000 on the building and its contents, ... but she was in such a confused condition last night that she was unable ... to state whether or not the building ... had any insurance. If there was any ... it was for but a small amount.

"The Ross lease on the building expired next March, but Mrs. Thompson ... stated that the lessee was behind in ... his rent quite an amount, and was ... to vacate the building on the first of ... October on that account. Detective ... Auble was to have gone to Santa Monica ... yesterday to assist Mrs. Thompson ... in taking an inventory of the contents ... of the building. Mr. Ross had already ... left for San Francisco, and his wife ... was to follow at once. Frank Wells of ... this city was Mrs. Thompson's manager of the property.

The Santa Monica chemical engine ... turned out to the fire, but was unable ... to do anything, as the flames had too ... great a start. Several cottages on the ... beach took fire, but were extinguished, ... and the Arcadia people were greatly ... alarmed for the safety of their hotel ... for, but the wind veered and no other ... damage was done.

SOUVENIR OF GRANT.

Interesting Relic Presented to the Library at West Point—Cadets' Declaration of Independence.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Col. Mills, the superintendent of the military academy at West Point, has accepted an offer from R. F. Stevens, the United States dispatch agent at London, to present a most interesting souvenir of General Grant's cadet life to the library of that institution. When the famous class of 1843 was at West Point, it was furnished by John De Witt with supplies which were not considered satisfactory. There was a revolt against the outfits and the members of the class united in a declaration of independence, agreeing to purchase nothing from him after date, except what had been previously ordered. This declaration was signed by U. S. Grant, George B. McClellan, Rufus Ingalls, J. Jones Reynolds, W. K. Van Bokkelen, George Stevens and other members of the class. The original document, with the signatures in water colors, will be handed over to Superintendent Mills for preservation at West Point, not as an object lesson in discipline, but for its historic and personal interest.

AUCTION.

Auction

$10,000 STOCK.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Novelties.

Former stock of J. R. Harris of San Diego, Cal., will positively be sold without reserve,

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Oct. 2, 3 and 4, at 10 O'clock a.m.,

AT

124 S. Spring St.,

Consisting of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Plated Ware, Jewelry, Silver Novelties, Showcases, Counters, Wall Cases, Watch Crystals, etc., etc. These goods must all be sold as cases. Fixtures will be sold Thursday morning at 10 o'clock sharp.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

The New Idea Patterns are universal favorites 10c

ear Garments

Linens.

The Very Best Linens" That has been the motto of this house for the last 9 years and conscientiously followed with a view to fully maintaining our reputation for carrying the best and best assortment of linens in the city. We would call your attention to the following special bargains now offered for your inspection.

½x1½ yd. linch cloths, $1.25 to $1.85 and some extra fine goods. yd. cloths $2.25 up to $6.00.

Specially fine 2x2½ yd. cloth, with 1 doz. napkins to match at $8.

Some very fine cloths 2½x2½ yds. odd lot and only a few of each at $6.00 each.

Ladies have a cordial invitation to call and examine our elegant stock in this department whether they wish to purchase or not. We make linen goods a specialty and possess advantages in their buying not an importation possessed by any other house in the city.

...or. Nordau was prompted to write a particular work, it is said, by his ...ation as being spoken of always as ...e author of 'Conventional Lies' ...will not be classified," he once de...red. "I am no specialist. I have ...cialists. I am a man of letters and ...vish to succeed in every branch of ...art."

...and certainly he has given unanswerable proofs of his versatility. Poems, ...ys, novels, newspaper articles, philosophical treatises—none are alien ...e to this ready and powerful writer. ...mode of life in Paris testifies to ...extraordinary vigor, both mental ...physical, of the man. During the ...he visits patients, pays calls and ...friends, attends to his journalistic ...ies as correspondent of several ...tant German papers, and generally ...in what most men would regard ...a decidedly heavy day's work. ...en o'clock sees him home at last ...it is not till after this, or say, between 8 and 9, that he sits down to ...te the books by which he is known ...the world at large. And this night ...er at his desk, he counts the cost ...sure of his life.

...which connection I may mention ...peculiarity of Nordau's manuscript. ...calligraphy of which varies entirely in accordance with the degree ...nsity of the writer's thought. ...metimes it is almost microscopic ...ine; at others less so, though ...ays exquisitely clear, and always ...ne and small. Unlike most ...ers Nordau has his manuscript ...ared after the printers have done ...it, and then has all the pages ...d up in a volume, the size of which ...much smaller than that of the ...inal. Thus the "Paradoxes" is a ...me of 614 pages. The manuscript ...ontained in 63. In some cases an ...ge of his manuscript gives only ...ted pages.

d Health

ate Men.

Dr. Meyers & Co.—
ill Give Sufferers a
e Information Con-
f They Do Not Take

...es are afflicted or embarrassed ...premature weakness, wasting ..., unnatural losses or any other ...of nervous debility, which has ...brought on by errors, excesses ...ork or worry,

Dr. Meyers & Co.
Can Restore You.

...es are suffering with a ... ailment of any nature, ...hes, or with rupture, ...piles or a disease of the ..., heart, spine, liver, skin or ...ves need not despair—

Dr. Meyers & Co.
Can Cure You.

...d strength! If you need ... ...n a weakness or disease, you ... ...e should be, do not delay. Waiting ...d to seek medical aid, why not get ...specialists, who are recognized for ...all weaknesses and diseases of men, ...ctice for 10 years. They have the ...d the most extensive practice in ...

...ases—They Cure Their ...manently, and ...Prices.

...many patients every year without ...al and ably managed department of ...d write for question list, free advice ...edal. No marks on envelopes or ...

...ve recently issued a new book, ...ulp. This little publication, which ...o all at the office, contains a great ...sick or well, married or single,

...r Men Only—Open ...rs.

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...way | Hours—9 to 4 daily. Sundays—10 to 12. Evenings—7 to 8.

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"There were about a dozen people in the building when the fire broke out. I don't know how it started. Mrs. ... and I occupied adjoining rooms, and we were in my chamber sewing, until about 10 o'clock. I was awake at ten minutes of 1, and everything was all right at that time.

"It was about twenty minutes of 2 when I was awakened by the crackle of flames. I rushed into Mrs. Ross's room and we hastily dressed and ran out into the hall. A family named Davis occupied a room directly across from mine, and we pounded on their door for a long time before they woke up. By this time the stairway was ablaze, and the interior of the hotel was a mass of flames. We ran down the stairway, getting our faces and hair badly scorched and blistered. I lost all my clothing. I left my watch and purse under my pillow, but a young man climbed up the porch and went into the room and brought them to me."

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Interesting Relic Presented to the Library at West Point—Cadets' Declaration of Independence.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Col. Mills, the superintendent of the military academy at West Point, has accepted an offer from B. F. Stevens, the United States dispatch agent at London, to present a most interesting souvenir of Gen. Grant's cadet life to the library of that institution. When the famous class of 1843 was at West Point, it was furnished by John De Witt with supplies which were not considered satisfactory. There was a revolt against the sutler and the members of the class united in a declaration of independence, agreeing to purchase nothing from him after date, except what had been previously ordered. This declaration was signed by U. S. Grant, George B. McClellan, Rufus Ingalls, J. Jones Reynolds, W. F. Van Rensselaer, George Stevens and other members of the class. The original document, with the signatures in water colors, will be handed over to Superintendent Mills for preservation at West Point, not as an object lesson in discipline, but for its historic and personal interest.

AUCTION.

Auction

$0,000 STOCK.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Novelties.

Former stock of J. B. Harris of San Diego, Cal., will positively be sold without reserve,

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
Oct. 2, 3 and 4, at 10 O'clock a. m.,
AT
124 S. Spring St.,

Consisting of Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Plated Ware, Jewelry, Silver Novelties, Showcases, Counters, Wall Cases, Watch Materials, etc., etc. These goods must all be sold as above. Fixtures will be sold Thursday morning at 10 o'clock sharp.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

News of New Things to Wear, and Prices Without a Precedent.

Store news it will pay you well to read—New things you'll want to see and prices you'll profit by if you'll look into them. The big store is making a new record for low prices.

Men's Clothing.

Thirty-five years is a pretty long time—at any rate it's time enough in which to test a clothing store. A store which keeps faith with its customers for thirty-five long years—a store which earns the confidence of its patrons during that length of time is not likely to make a statement or representation which will shake that confidence in the slightest degree. Confidence of the public is a very valuable asset to any business—more particularly to the clothing business. We've sold clothing in this town and deserved your confidence for thirty-five years. During all of that time we've never shown you a line of clothing which would compare with the clothing we can show you today. Of all the best lines of ready-made clothing in the United States none met with the requirements of our ideal of what fine clothing should be. So we went to the best maker and had him make his very best clothing still better. Our representative personally supervised the making of our fall clothing. He supervised the making of every garment—insisted on perfection in every single particular, and we as a result can say to you in all candor, "No clothing store throughout the length and breadth of these United States can show clothing—ready to wear—which will equal ours. Not only as good as any, but more than that, the best, without an equal for perfection in any respect anywhere." If that sort of clothing interests you—come to us—we'll prove every word we claim for it—we'll convince you, or rather, the clothing will convince you.

Suits from $10 to $35

And every suit from $2.50 to $5 less than you'll pay for inferior clothing elsewhere.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

If ready made clothes won't do for you—if you are one of the men who insists that the clothes he wears shall be made especially for him, we'll do it, and we'll do it as well as it can possibly be done or you don't take the clothes and keep your money. We've a cutter who understands his business to the slightest detail—the men we dress swear by him, our tailors are artists—know how to do their work perfectly and do it that way. You can't get finer or better made-to-order suits than we make, no matter how much you pay. Go to the cheap tailor, and he charges you little and his work is worth less—go to the high-priced exclusive tailor and you pay for reputation—with us you pay for material and work and that's all, though you get perfect satisfaction or you don't pay. We've the names of over a thousand men for whom we made clothing last season—and not one complaint—and if there's one man among that thousand who was dissatisfied and did not complain to us, we want him to consider there's a personal request to come to the store and let us right the wrong to his satisfaction. Is that fair? Can you suggest anything more? If so, do! We want to do everything, no matter what the cost, to make you say:—Jacoby Bros., are fair and square, no man can go there and receive other than the best treatment. We want to make one suit for you.

Suits, $20.00 and up.
Trousers, $5.00 and up.

FREE! A Bat and Ball with Every Boy's Suit.

Boy's Clothing.

This store leads—leads in low prices and the best and most complete stock of boy's clothing—leads—as it has led for more than forty seasons past. Did you know that we have the largest stock of boy's clothing on the Pacific coast? It's true. Did you know that our methods of pricing boy's clothing is the talk of the clothing trade of the country? True also. Did you know you could dress a boy better here, and pay a third less than elsewhere? That's worth knowing.

Juveniles, $1.95 to $10.00
Knee Pant Suits, $1.35 to $13.50
Long Pant Suits, $5.00 to $17.50

Fall Hats for Men.

Knox, Dunlap and Youman shapes in both soft and stiff hats. Our own label instead of some manufacturer's. With our label: price $2.50. With the manufacturer's label: price $5.00. Do you care to pay as much additional for the label as you pay for hat? We charge for hat only. The newest of blocks and shapes, the swellest of this season's shades. A pure fur hat with all silk trimmings that exclusive hatters ask $5 for, here with our own label, and our own guarantee..... **$2.50**

Mail Orders.

If you live out of town and can't come to the store, don't let that prevent you from taking advantage of our advertised goods. The same good service in our mail order department as you would get if you came to the store in person. We're so careful to give you just what you want—we rarely miss it. When we do you get your money back.

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Neckwear, 11c, 25c and 50c.
Come and take what's left of the late summer neckwear, silk and satin, dark and light shades, band bows, clubs, tecks, four-in-hands and puffs, while they last..... **11c**

Men's Ties at 25c.
Four-in-hands, tecks, bat wings, clubs, band bows and high banders. Silk and satin; new shades and patterns. You'll find an assortment not equaled at double this price **25c**

Men's Ties at 50c.
Every conceivable weave and shape, style and pattern. The silks are pure silk, not cotton backs. You'll find no prettier ties in town for 75c. Puffs are fashionable again and we're in time with a swell line..... **50c**

Men's Hose 25c.
Black, tan, solid colors and fancy stripes, dots and figures. Four thread with double soles and toes and high spliced heels. Lisle finished and warranted fast and stainless. Fifty-cent qualities everywhere excepting here..... **25c**

Men's Shirt Sale.
63c, worth $1—Fancy colored percale stiff bosom shirts with cuffs to match. Shirts that would mean a dollar anywhere but here.

79c, worth $1.50 and $2.00.
Stiff bosom and golf. Golf shirts are fine colored madras. Stiff bosoms are colored percale. Both have cuffs to match.

$1.00, worth double.
The swellest line of fancy colored shirts to be found in town. Patterns you can't match at any price and qualities that you'd have to pay double our price for.. **$1.00**

Men's Underwear.

50c, 75c & $1 Men's Underwear
All sizes? Yes! All sizes in every kind? No! These are broken lines, worth what we say they are, and the biggest bargain ever offered..... **32c**

50c Men's Underwear.
Regular 50c Underwear—shirts and drawers in all sizes. Good medium heavy weight, ribbed and fleece lined..... **38c**

Men's Hygienic Underwear.
Fleece lined lambswool, smooth surface, clings to the body but not to the outer garments. Absolutely warranted non-irritating and non-shrinkable.
Shirts or Drawers $1.50
Union Suits $3.00

Glastenbury Underwear For Men..... $1.00

We've sold this brand for 15 years. It must be good to have such a hold on us. Medium and heavy weight wool. We carry a complete line of this celebrated health underwear. Natural gray and camel's hair. Brought direct from the mills—no middleman's profit—from the makers' hands direct to you. The garments most stores sell for $1.50 thro'out the country we sell for..... **$1.00**

Boys' Furnishings.

Boys' Underwear
Natural gray and camels hair merino wool underwear, shirts or drawers..... **46c**

Boys' Hose
Fast black, extra heavy ribbed hose, seamless, double knee, heel, toe and soles; the pair **20c**

Boys' Waists
K. and E. brand percale waists, Byron and Columbia collars, all sizes. We charge less than others..... **33c**

Boys' Shirts
New shirts, just like the men's, white grounds with colored stripes shaded with black. Pretty, new and good..... **$1.00**

September Shoe Sale

The greatest sale of high grade shoes you ever witnessed. 9000 pairs of new fall shoes at about half price.

Shoes for Men.

For $1.00—Were $2.00
Tan and black, lace only, and all sizes in the lot. The $2 shoes for $1 are all good styles. The $3 and $4 shoes for $1 are of better quality, but the styles are not so good and not all sizes.

$1.47 for Men's $3.00 Shoes
Kid and calf, tan and black, lace only, all sizes, good solid soles.

$1.92 for Men's $3.00 Shoes
Russia calf, titan calf and tan and brown vici kid. Coin, bull dog and opera toes, lace only, Goodyear welt soles; all sizes from 5 to 11.

$2.12 for Men's $4.00 Shoes
Black box calf, vici kid and wax calf skin, and a few pairs of enamel and patent leather. All have Goodyear welt soles. A few congress, balance are lace, the styles are new and up-to-date, and there's every size and width in the lot.

$2.81 for Men's $5.00 Shoes
Black only. Vici kid, box calf, velour calf and patent leather. All sizes from 5 to 11. Handsome shoes with Goodyear welt soles.

$2.53 for Men's $5.00 Shoes
Tan only. Vici kid. Russian calf and Titan calf. Five toe shapes in lace—two in congress. Goodyear welt soles. All new styles. If there's such a thing as the best in this shoe sale, then here's the biggest bargain of the sale. All sizes and widths.

Shoes for Boys.

75c for $1.25 Shoes.
Black kid and satin calf lace. Spring heels. Sizes 9 to 13½.

$1.00 for $1.50 Boys' Shoes.
Sizes 12 to 5½. Satin calf lace with hooks; solid soles, with heels.

$1.35 for $2.00 Shoes.
Tan and black vici kid, solid sewed soles. Lace with heels. Sizes 12 to 2.

$1.45 for Boys' $2.50 Shoes.
Sizes 2½ to 5½. Black and tan vici kid. Medium coin toes. Lace with hooks. Solid as a rock, but not clumsy.

Shoes for Women.

At $1.00—
Black kid button and tan lace shoes. Tan shoes, either kid or vesting tops,

$1.29 for Women's $2.75 Shoes.
Black kid button or lace. Kid and patent leather tips. Goodyear welt and turned soles.

$2.19 for Women's $3.50 Shoes.
Four styles—Patent leather lace, kid lace with cloth tops, and all kid lace in two toe shapes. Patent leathers have mat kid tops. All of these have Goodyear welt soles. The patent leather shoes and one of the all kid are mannish shapes—the other two styles are made on a new style last called "The Egg." All widths from AA to EE; all sizes from 2½ to 8.

Oxfords for Women.

$1.32 for Women's $2.50 Oxfords
Fine kidskin—black and tan. Turn soles or medium, heavy soles. Pretty toe shapes. Kid and vesting cloth tops. All sizes.

$1.45 for $2.75 Oxfords.
Not a dozen or two, but a great big lot of dainty, serviceable and comfortable Oxfords, in almost every modern style. Tan and black, all the ice cream cloth and kid tops, and—best of all—all sizes.

$1.75 for Women's $3 Oxfords.
Choose from five toe shapes in black kid Oxfords and seven toe shapes in tan kid Oxfords. Vesting cloth and kid tops in both. All sizes and widths.

Shoes for Girls.

72c for Girls' $1.25 Shoes.
Tan and black, button and lace, spring heels; sizes 6 to 8.

89c for $1.50 Shoes.
Black Dongola kid, lace and button, with patent leather tips, sizes 8½ to 11; spring heels.

97c for Girls' $1.75 Shoes.
Sizes 12 to 2, spring heels, button and lace, coin and bulldog toes.

$1.39 for Girls' $2.00 Shoes.
Black vici kid, lace and button, with spring heels and patent leather or kid tips, solid flexible soles; sizes 12 to 2.

Women's Hose.
Hermsdorf fast black mako yarn. First and drop stitch, both welt ribbed, spliced tops. Double soles and toes and high spliced heels. Fancy colors; also in stripes and dots. We are certain you'll find none better at 25c..... **25c**

Boys' and Girls' Hose.
The "ironclad" strong and tough but not clumsy or coarse. Heavy rib for boys—narrow rib for girls. Firm thread, fast black, double feet and knees, high spliced heels..... **20c**

Girls' School Handkerchiefs
White with fancy colored border and quarter inch hem..... **2c**

Swiss Handkerchiefs
White Swiss handkerchiefs, hemstitched borders with fancy embroidered corners..... **7c**

Linen Handkerchiefs
Pure linen—all linen—not a thread of cotton, and neat quarter inch hemstitched..... **5c**

Women's Neckwear.
Velvet, silk and velvet, and all silk, so many things and prettier than we have ever seen. All prices here from the lowest to the best made. Run we've all sorts of pretty stocks, jabots and ties in all the latest materials and shades, priced at..... **76c**

Women's Neckwear.
Worth from 75c to $1.00, best moon of them are worth 75c to 50c—Jabot's stocks and Jabot's butterfly band bows, silk, mousseline de sole and net..... **12c**

Women's Underw'r

Muslin Drawers
19c, worth 25c.
Good muslin with 4 rows tucks, well made

25c, worth 35c.
Open or closed, wide hemstitched ruffle.

Children's Drawers
15c, worth 20c.
Fine finished muslin, 3 rows of tucks, ages 3 to 14 years.

Knit Underwear

Union Suits
50c, worth 75c.
Women's fleece lined Union Suits, Oneita style.

Wool Union Suits
Women's Ribbed Union Suits, gray and white. Oneita style..... **$1.39**

Vests and Pants
65c, worth $1.00.
Natural gray ribbed wool vests and pants, fleece lined.

45c, worth 65c.
Women's fleece lined pleated cotton vests and pants.

Children's Union Suits
75c, worth $1.00.
Oneita style Union Suits, fleece lined, wool, and perfect fitting

Women's Petticoats

98c, $1.29, $1.45 and $2.

At 98c.
Heavy black sateen with accordion pleated and lined flounce.

At 1.29.
Black, green, blue, cerise and assorted sateen petticoats. Deep flounce and two ruffles.

At 1.45,
Accordion pleated ruffle and four rows of cording and deep flounce. Good black sateen.

Women's Kid Gloves.

Direct from the makers in far off Europe—through us to you; no middle-man to share or add to profit; made to sell for $1.25, and no better glove can be bought in this city for $1.25. Two and three clasp, pique sewed or overseam, self and fancy embroidered backs, black, white and all of the newest shades. We carry them to fit the various shaped hands, long and slender, short and plump. We fit and absolutely guarantee the wearing qualities of these gloves.. **$1.00**

Girls' Suits and Jackets

Complete lines—tiny prices. Contraction of profits for expansion of trade. Do you understand that system? All sorts of suits—all sorts of jackets. Box coats and automobile jackets for girls—too many grades to price. Here's one suit we want you to see.

Sailor style, for girls, from 6 to 14 years; come in navy, red and brown. All wool serge, neat braid trimmings and lined throughout—the nattiest, daintiest suit for girls one could picture; all sizes up to 14 yrs, for.... **$5.00**

Women's Tailor Suits,

Jackets and Golf Skirts

Hoped to be able to say "complete stock" today. But no, we can't, too many beautiful garments on the way. We're going to surprise you when all the new things are here. The principal new styles are here, but not as many as we'll show later.

Tailor Suit.
Black pebble cheviot tailor suit. Jacket is double breasted with pure silk taffeta lining. Flare skirt with fan back. This suit is strictly man tailored, perfect in every respect, plain but rich, serviceable and elegant

$14.50

Golf Skirts.
The same golf skirts we speak of here—or rather their doubles—are priced elsewhere in this city at $6.00. All wool perfect gray golf cloth, with pleat back, inverted pleat and outside pocket, eight rows of tailor stitching around bottom. The big store's price is

$3.75

Women's Silk Waists.

Black and colored silk—lavender, purple, royal, blue and gray. New bell sleeve, tucked front and back. Pointed fly front trimmed with crochet buttons. These are $4.50. The silk waists at $3.50 are black taffeta, plaited and tucked front and back with new stock collars, bell sleeves and flare cuffs.

$3.50

Don't forget this is a money back store. We don't like to keep repeating this so many, many times—but, we're so afraid you'll forget. Please remember: If at any time you buy something here that does not suit and please you—bring it back and get your money.

Money back

Jacoby Bros.

OUTFITTERS FOR ALL MANKIND
331-333-335 S. BROADWAY.

Auction

Of Expensive Antique Furniture of Residence, No. 420 Downey Avenue, E. L. A., on Thursday, Oct. 4 at 10 A.M.

Consisting of one elegant rosewood canopy top bedstead, rosewood case square piano, rosewood and mahogany counter top cabinet, upholstered parlor goods, handsome gold frame mirror, fine lace curtains and portieres, Moquette and Axminster and Wilton carpets, rugs, antique hall tree, sideboard, couches, divans, plush, Turkish easy chairs, carved oak secretary, large bookcase, one 8-day regulator, folding beds, brass and iron beds, one White sewing machine, china and glassware, extension table and dining chairs, gas range, kitchen furniture, garden tools, etc.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer,
429 South Spring Street.

AUCTION.

20 ROOMS. 20 ROOMS. 20 ROOMS

At our salesroom—432-440 South Spring St., on Wednesday, October 3, at 10 a.m., the entire contents of a 20-room lodging house, consisting of oak and ash Bedroom Sets, Springs, Mattresses, Pillows, Chairs, Stands, Rockers, Bedding, Dining and Kitchen Furniture, etc.

Positive sale without reserve.

RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.

Auction

SALE.

On the Malcolm Ranch, half mile west of Cerritos, four miles south of Compton. Take A. P. to Cerritos.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2,
at 10 a.m. Eighteen Milk Cows, some fresh, balance coming in soon—high-grade Jersey, Holstein and Durham; 6 Heifers, 2 years old, all coming fresh soon; 6 Calves, from 2 to 10 months old; 1 Brood Mare and Colt; 1 span 3-year-old Colts, well broke; 1 Lumber Wagon; 1 McCormick Mower, 1 Hay Rake, 2 10-gallon Milk Cans, 2 sets Double and 1 set Single Harness, 1 Road Cart, 1 Spreading Cart—together with all the farming implements. Also the household goods, consisting of Bedroom Sets, Chairs, Rockers, Stoves and Kitchen and Dining utensils.

Sale positive and without reserve, as parties are going away. Terms: Cash or 60 days on approved notes.

J. A. ATCHISON, Owner.
RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.
Office—432-440 South Spring Street.

Auction

The entire contents of the New York Skirt Co., including stock and fixtures, removed to our salesroom,

438-440 S. SPRING ST.,

For convenience of sale, and will be sold at public auction on

Friday and Saturday,
Oct. 5th and 6th,
AT 10 A. M. AND 2 P. M.,

Consisting of Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, Jackets, Capes, Furs, Dress Skirts, Silk Waists, Wrappers, Shirt Waists, Underskirts, Wash Skirts, Wash Suits, etc., Carpets, Dressing Glasses, Screens, Wall Cases, Office Railing, Counters, Showcases and all fixtures, and, in fact, the entire stock formerly kept at 341 S. Spring street. Sale positive and without reserve.

RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.

AUCTION.

311 ALISO ST. we will sell at auction 30 Horses, 4 Mules, Spring Wagons, Harness, at 10 a. m. sharp, THURSDAY, OCT. 4, at Golden Gate Stables, 311 Aliso street, 30 head good Horses, some of which are trotting bred, consisting of heavy work, driving, road and saddle horses; 2 span Mules, well broken, double and single; 4 Spring wagons, 3 sets Double and 2 sets Single Harness. This property belongs to the estate of P. D. Oliver, Santa Maria, Santa Barbara county, and will positively be sold without limit or reserve.

RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.
Office 432-440 S. Spring St.

Rhoades & Nachman

Successors to
Rhoades & Reed

Auction and Commission.

432-440 S. Spring

Children's Tan Shoes AT HALF PRICE.

L. W. GODIN, Mgr.
157 South Spring Street.

Ocean Wonders.
Shells Ground To Order.
Shells and native wood souvenirs manufactured, wholesale and retail.
Winkler's Curios
346 S. Broadway.

TRY OUR SWEET WINES
At 65c Per Gallon.
SANTA ROSA VINEYARD CO.,
202 S. Main St. Tel Main 1362.
OPEN EVENINGS. NO BAR.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES.
The largest house in Southern California. Complete stock of Cutlery, Combs, Aprons, Perfumery, Cook's Knives and supplies. Agency for Theo. D. Koch's furniture and mirror combs. Blue Steel Palm Razors $2.00. The best grinding in the city.
JOS. JAEGER, 324-326 S. MAIN.

WEAK MEN AND WOMEN should use Damiana Bitters, the great Mexican remedy; gives health and strength to sexual organs. Baker, Alt & Bruns, agents, 326 Market St., S. F.—Send for Circulars.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER....Secretary. ALBERT McFARLAND....Treasurer.
PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday, and Weekly Magazine. Vol. 38, No. 118. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Nineteenth Year.

NEWS SERVICE:—Full Associated Press Night Report covering the globe; from 15,000 to 25,000 wired words daily.

TERMS:—Daily and Sunday, 75 cents a month, or $9.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, $7.50 a year; Sunday, $2.50; Magazine Section only, $2.50; Weekly, $1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION:—Daily net average for 1896, 18,094; Daily net average for 1897, 19,858; Daily net average for 1898, 24,1 1; for 1899, 25,731.

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THE NATION'S CHOICE:
McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT,
REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

THE TIMES' TELEPHONES.

The new numbers of The Times' telephones are as follows: Business Office, Press 1, changed from Main 99; News Room, Press 2, changed from Main 674; Editorial Room, Press 3, changed from Main 97; Times-Mirror Printing and Binding House, Press 4, changed from Main 455.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of $10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of The Times from the premises of subscribers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

Important news reached Washington from China yesterday, which, it is believed, will advance materially the efforts which are making toward a final settlement of the entire Chinese question. This news was to the effect that China has accepted the suggestions of the United States, contained in the answer to the German proposition, and has voluntarily begun the punishment of the reactionary Chinese leaders who are responsible for the recent outrages in Pekin.

It appears, from a dispatch received from Consul-General Goodnow at Shanghai, that Shang, Chinese director of railways and telegraphs, has handed him a decree of the Emperor and Empress, dated September 25, blaming their ministers for encouraging the Boxers, ordering the degradation of four princes, depriving Prince Tuan of his salary and official servants, and ordering that he be brought for trial before the imperial clan court. It is believed that this action (if the report be confirmed) indicates an entire "change of heart" on the part of the reigning dynasty in China. It is interpreted to mean that the reactionary influences which have been dominant in Peking have suffered a complete overthrow, and that their most conspicuous figures are degraded and on trial.

The belief is entertained in Washington official circles that if the reported steps of the Chinese government toward the punishment of the Boxer leaders is genuine, it will be hard for any of the powers to find a reasonable excuse for longer refusing to go on with the peace negotiations. It is pointed out, further, that this action is likely to give intense gratification to the friendly viceroys of the South of China, and to all Chinese officials who have strenuously resisted the Boxer movement.

Great Britain, Russia and France support the position of the United States that the Chinese government and not the powers should be given an opportunity to punish the Boxer ringleaders, and that negotiations for peace should proceed with reference to punitive measures. Austria-Hungary and Italy accept the German proposition in the interest of harmony, and are willing to join the other powers in undertaking the punishment of the anti-foreign leaders, but agree with the United States that such course is impracticable and might well be avoided. Austria and Italy are the only two powers that have approved the German proposal. The answers of the other powers constitute a practical refusal of assent to the German régime. Under these circumstances, the next move of Germany will be awaited with interest.

No confirmation has been received of the press reports from London that Germany has agreed with France and Russia on a modification of her punitive proposition. It is thought that should the German proposition become effective there would be an immediate resumption of the Boxer agitation, as that would be the only chance which Tuan would have of saving his head.

The definite policy of our government in China was further made known yesterday in the publication of an outline of the instructions sent to Minister Conger. These instructions show that the United States government proposes to protect American trade interests and rights in China by keeping, through force if necessary, some of the Chinese ports open to free and unrestricted trade in accordance with the "open-door" agreement. The instructions to Conger will be found in the Washington dispatches this morning.

Not much credit is given to the talk about mediation, and between the lines of the instructions to Minister Conger is read the belief of the Washington government that the ultimate partition of China is inevitable. But the "open door" is to be insisted upon at all hazards.

A Berlin dispatch quotes the Lokal Anzeiger as saying that "the United States knows, through Minister Conger, that the Chinese government has been the real culprit; hence it is ridiculous to expect this same government to punish itself as the United States pretends to believe in its reply to Germany." It seems not to have occurred to the Lokal Anzeiger that the Chinese government is as likely to punish itself as to deliver itself up to a foreign power to be punished.

The report that Russia has annexed a part of Manchuria is regarded with indifference in Berlin, as it is not believed that German interests would be menaced by Russia's securing control of Northern China.

CHURCH AND STATE.

In a recent editorial on the relations between church and State, The Times referred to the fact that in England the Established Church is supported by taxation of the people, a large proportion of whom do not belong to that church. A correspondent takes exception to this statement, claiming that the church is supported by tithes. The Times did not say whether taxation is direct or indirect. The following extracts from the Encyclopedia Britannica show the method in which these tithes are collected:

"Tithes are presumed to go to the parson of the parish. This presumption may be rebutted by proof that some or all the tithes go to the vicar, where the rector is in holy orders, or to a lay impropriator. It is said that about a third part of the tithes in England is in the hands of laymen. At one time arbitrary consecration of tithes was allowed—that is, payment to any priest at the will of the tithe-payer. This was forbidden by a decretal epistle of Innocent III, about 1200. . . . *Tithes are payable by all persons alike, whether members of the Church of England or not. Special enactments deal with their recovery from Roman Catholics and Quakers.* Up to 1836 tithes were paid in kind, unless where any other method of payment applied in a particular case, such as a modus in the nature of a pecuniary compensation, or a pecuniary payment under the terms of a public or private act. . . . The effect of the Tithe Commutation Act, 1836 (6 and 7 Will IV, c. 17, frequently amended since,) was to substitute for the tithe paid in kind or the fluctuating commuted tithe a rent-charge—commonly called the tithe rent-charge—equivalent to the market value from time to time on a septennial average of the exact quantities of wheat, barley and oats which made up the legal tithes by the estimate in 1836."

Another correspondent writes to ask the value of church property of each religious denomination in California. To obtain this information it would be necessary to go through the books of the assessor of each county and pick out the various items. Some idea of the aggregate amount may be obtained from a statement made at the recent conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Los Angeles, that the taxes paid by that church in California amount to $40,000 annually.

WOMEN WAGE EARNERS.

One of the interesting features of the coming national census will be the statistics showing the number of women employed in various occupations throughout the country. The census of 1890 was an eye-opener in this respect, not only showing an immense increase in the aggregate number of female workers in this country, but also a great number of new occupations for women, which had not been thought of a few years before. This will, undoubtedly, be still more true of the coming census, for the past decade has been marked by a remarkable widening of the fields of female activity.

There are today in this country comparatively few fields of labor which have not been more or less infringed upon by women, and at this rate of progress it seems probable that in ten years more there will not be a single line of manual or mental occupation which the "lords of creation" will have entirely to themselves. During the past summer many thousands of women have been actively at work in the harvest fields of Kansas and other grain States. It is true that this is by no means a new occupation for women, for it is many centuries since Ruth found fortune while gleaning in the fields of Boaz. In Europe women take a leading share in field work. In England the milking is all done by them, and in South Germany they may sometimes be seen harnessed with a cow at plowing time. In this country, however, it is a new idea for women to labor in the fields, although if a woman is strong and healthy the work is probably less arduous than many forms of household labor.

More unusual fields of labor are being invaded by the female sex. The female barber has become quite an old story, and recently there appeared in The Times an advertisement for two "lady boot-blacks" in a female barber shop, while a letter from San Diego tells how the proprietress of a shoe-shining establishment in that city is going to the Klondike to marry a miner.

Really, it looks as if the poor men would soon have to begin to wonder how they are going to make a living. The increased activity of women in the business world cannot fail to exercise a marked influence on social conditions in the future. For one thing, it must result in a greater or less reduction of the scale of wages, and again, it is likely to have a discouraging effect on the matrimonial market. Many girls get married mainly for the purpose of having some one to support them. If they find that they are able to support themselves, they will not be in such a hurry to get "spliced."

As we have said, the Federal census for this year will, undoubtedly, show some astonishing figures in regard to the number of American women who are earning their own living in these closing days of the 19th century.

WASTAGE OF WATER.

Mayor Eaton expresses the opinion that it is only a question of time, and not a very long time at that, when the water will have to be cut off entirely from the lakes in the city parks, if the present rate of domestic consumption in the city continues. The water in the park lakes must be kept flowing constantly in order to prevent its becoming stagnant and unwholesome, in which condition it would not only be a menace to health, but a public nuisance. As the population of the city increases, the consumption of water for domestic purposes also increases. This use of water is of course paramount to all other uses. Whenever the demand for water exceeds the supply, for all purposes, the supply for the lakes in the parks will have to be decreased or cut off altogether.

It is to be hoped that the time is far in the future when it will become necessary to convert our beautiful little park lakes into dry land. Westlake and Eastlake parks, without their lakes, would be something like the play of "Hamlet" without the all-essential character of Hamlet. These bits of fresh water are the gems of the parks, for which the flowers and foliage are the setting. More than half the beauty and charm of the parks would vanish with their destruction.

But is it necessary that the present rate of domestic consumption of water shall continue? A liberal and even generous supply of water is of course necessary to the health, comfort, and convenience of the dwellers in cities. But there is a wide difference between the proper use and the needless waste of water. It is hardly necessary to say that in Southern California, where the supply of water in any case is none too abundant, there should be an understanding and a close observance, on the part of all citizens, of the essential difference between the use and the waste of water. The visible sources of water supply for Los Angeles will probably furnish an abundance of water, for legitimate uses, for all time to come. These sources are not even now sufficient to supply the wastage.

It is probably a safe proposition that where one gallon of water is legitimately used in Los Angeles at the present time, not less than five gallons on the average, are wasted. The average daily consumption of water in the city reaches the enormous total of 23,000,000 gallons. On a basis of 100,000 population, this means an average daily consumption of 230 gallons for each inhabitant—man, woman, or child—in the city. This would be, for a family of three persons, 690 gallons; for a family of five, 1150 gallons. It is unnecessary to say that water cannot be used legitimately and needfully, at such a rate. The conclusion is plain. The surplus is wasted.

The wastage is chiefly due to carelessness or thoughtlessness. Lawn sprinklers are allowed to run for hours in one place, wasting hundreds of gallons. Leaky closets and leaky faucets are left unrepaired for days and even for weeks, wasting water by the thousands of gallons, with no benefit to anybody. There are other and almost numberless sources of waste, which bring the total of wastage far above the total of actual use. In a land where water is so valuable as it is in Southern California, this is a serious matter.

It is probable that the wanton and needless waste of water will never be wholly done away with until the practice of metering water to all consumers becomes general. This remedy will obviously be effectual. The plan will also be equitable to all consumers, for each will pay for what he uses, and the saving thus effected will enable the water companies or the municipalities supplying the water to place the meter rates at a much lower figure than is possible under the present system, by which the users of water are obliged to pay also for the wastage. In the meantime, it is a simple duty which every user of water owes to himself and to the community to avoid needless waste, so far as possible.

The report comes from New York that it is impossible to meet the present demand for freight cars. "The freight yards of the various roads," says the dispatch, "are filled with cars waiting to be unloaded, and freight for shipment is piling up faster than it can be handled." This condition of things is one of the evidences of business expansion brought about by the present administration. The election of Bryan would soon rectify it.

"Cyclone Davis" of Texas has been hired by the State Central Committee of Nebraska to make twenty Demo-Populist speeches in that State. These prospective wind-disturbances, in conjunction with the other cyclones that are apt to be roaming around in Bryan's State between now and election day, promise to develop a storm center of considerable intensity.

W. H. Carlson, who, it will be remembered was at one time Mayor of San Diego, and now holds a clerkship in the War Department at Washington, has, it appears, not relinquished his idea of building a railroad from San Diego to Yuma. He writes from Washington that he will build the road if the people of San Diego will give him their "moral support"—if they will do as much for him as the people of Los Angeles are doing for "Mr. Gibbons." He also intimates that he laid the foundation for the Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad years before "Mr. Gibbons" took the matter up. Ex-Mayor Carlson is a great railroad builder—on paper—and a wonderful statesman on general principles.

The capture and partial extermination of a portion of Company F, Twenty-ninth Regiment, U. S. V., by Tagalo insurgents, causes much rejoicing in the camp of the Bryanites as well as in the camp of the insurgents. This is no more than is naturally to be expected. The Bryanite contingent is making common cause with the Tagalo insurgents, against the honor, the authority, and the prestige of the Stars and Stripes.

Mr. Bryan told one of his Dakota audiences that he was especially anxious that Senator Pettigrew should be returned to the United States Senate. This anxiety on the part of Mr. Bryan is not shared by members of the Senate generally, nor by the people of the country at large. Pettigrew the petty and pestiferous should be elected to stay at home.

The Ventura people hope to welcome a large delegation of Los Angeles citizens on the special excursion of the Chamber of Commerce to the Ventura street fair next Saturday. The merchants of Ventura are liberal patrons of Los Angeles, and it will be a graceful thing for our people to make up a large party for the trip.

The committee in charge of Gov. Roosevelt's campaign is crowding the limit when it compels him to speak seventeen times, and practically cover a whole State in one day. The Governor is a man of vigorous health, but the American people don't want him robbed of this vigor. They have use for him in the future.

Great argument by W. J. Bryan at Mitchell, S. D., against "imperialism:"

"I once heard a man talking about a dog running after a train," said Mr. Bryan. A man asked, 'What would the dog do if he got it?' Likewise I ask, what would the Republicans do if they got the Filipinos?"

Statesmanlike—eloquent—convincing!

Not a case of yellow fever in the provinces of Santiago and Puerto Principe, Cuba, since September 10. This record is a splendid tribute to the sanitary thoroughness of the American administration, which has converted a sink-hole of disease into one of the most healthful regions to be found in the tropics.

Senator Beveridge gave the farmers of Nebraska some sensible ideas about trusts—such as they have not heard from their noted fellow-statesman—and the enthusiasm with which those ideas were greeted is evidence that the farmers of his State are not so verdant as Mr. Bryan has assumed them to be.

Bryan says he is anxious to have Pettigrew sent back to the Senate. No doubt of it. With an aggregation of cranks such as Pettigrew and Wellington to make the laws for this country, Bryan would, if elected, have the road to ruin clear for a record-breaking trip.

The silence that hangs over Princeton, N. J., the home of Grover Cleveland, is more eloquent and impressive than speech. There are other ways of taking part in a political campaign than going on the stump, clawing the air and viewing with alarm.

The world do move, surely. In some of the Eastern States young men are hiring themselves out to do kitchen work. Up to the present writing they have not, so far as known, taken to going out as nurse-"girls"—but that will doubtless come later.

Mr. Bryan waives off the subject of the ice trust with the remark that it is a local issue. That is just what Gen. Hancock said of the tariff when he was the Democratic candidate for President. Small minds seek the same sort of subterfuges.

Messrs. Hill, Olney, Croker et al. have amply demonstrated that they can eat Bryan crow with avidity and eagerness. But the grimaces which they are making show plainly enough that they "don't hanker arter it."

Could anything be more touching than the picture Emperor Kwang Hsu presents when he throws a bouquet to the Emperor of Russia and offers to sprinkle holy water over the grave of Baron Von Ketteler?

Germany is now, as we understand it, willing, for the sake of harmony and as an evidence of brotherly love, to cut the heads off of only those Chinamen who can be caught without too much trouble.

Carl Schurz is evidently a Jonah. He has not been on the winning side in a political contest since prehistoric times. This year Carl is whooping it up for Bryan, Stevenson and Defeat.

Does any old Californian remember to have experienced a more delightful September than this has been, even if we do have a pretty warm day occasionally, like several just past?

The census returns for Los Angeles and that remittance from Abdul Hamid seem to be having a neck-and-neck race.

New Yorkers have given up the idea of reproducing the Dewey arch in marble. Of course. It would have cost money.

Mr. Hobson needn't feel bad about his statement that Dewey did not sink the Spanish fleet. Nobody believed it.

A man in Oklahoma bears the name of Thomas Redpepper. It goes without saying that he is a warm number.

ARMY AND NAVY MEN.

[Army and Navy Journal, Sept. 22.]

Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Dewey are visiting Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Ludlow at their home, Oakdale, L. I.

Capt. Edmund L. Zalinski, U.S.A., retired, was in Berlin, Germany, September 19.

Secretary of the Navy Long and some of his kindred have donated the public library to their native town, Buckfield, Me.

Capt. J. R. Clagett, Eleventh Infantry, now at Fort Columbus, N. Y., is a recent addition to the California Commandery of the Loyal Legion.

First Lieut. William C. Harlee, U.S. M.C., has been appointed adjutant for the Fourth Marine Battalion, now en route to the Philippines, and will retain that responsible position after his arrival on that station.

The Manila Times says: "Gen. Kobbé and Lieut. Kobbé, his son, are a pair of distinguished looking army officers. One, however, would not take them to be father and son, for the elder looks as though he had as many years of active service before him as the younger."

The New York Herald of September 19 publishes the following: "Wheeler-Fourscher, in Paris, France, in 1886, Capt. W. H. Wheeler to Leontine Fourscher, and says: The only Capt. W. H. Wheeler who is known in this city is now in Paris. Capt. Wheeler has lived about half of the time in New York since his retirement from the army in 1891. Owing to an altercation with Col. Joseph Rickey of St. Louis, November 17, 1899, in the café of the Waldorf-Astoria, Capt. Wheeler left that hotel. Shortly after that he went to Paris, and has not since returned to this country."

The Havana Post of September 13 said: "Maj. Orlando Ducker has been honorably discharged from the army. Maj. Ducker was in charge of Las Animas Hospital for more than a year and was one of the most active in fighting yellow fever in this city. He suffered a severe attack of the dreaded disease a few weeks ago, but owing to his magnificent stamina, he fully recovered. Maj. Ducker leaves today for a short vacation in the United States, but will return later in the fall. He owns a large farm a few miles from Havana and intends making his future home here."

Lieut.-Gen. Miles has for the past three weeks been making an extended tour of inspection to the army posts in the Middle Western States and in the Middle States. The principal object of Gen. Miles's trip was to ascertain the advantages presented by the ranges at Forts Riley and Leavenworth for batteries of heavy artillery. It has been recommended recently that heavy batteries be sent to these posts for instructions, but prior to issuing the necessary orders Gen. Miles wished to carefully examine the ranges in person. He has not yet announced what action he will take in this connection. In the absence of the Secretary, the Assistant Secretary and Gen. Miller, and Gen. Corbin is acting Secretary of War.

The California Commandery of the Loyal Legion in a recent obituary notice of Capt. Henry J. Reilly, Fifth Artillery, said: "When it became necessary to send troops to China, Reilly's battery was naturally selected for this hard service, and again he covered himself with glory in the advance from Tien-Tsin to Peking. In the assault upon the gates of the Chinese capital he met a soldier's death, after a most varied service of nearly forty years, covering four wars. In the navy and army, on the Mississippi, on all our ocean coasts, in the West Indies, the Philippines and in China, Harry Reilly was always the typical soldier and gentleman; brave, modest, courteous; a thorough disciplinarian, an accomplished artillerist."

The California Commandery of the Loyal Legion, in the obituary notice of the late Maj. Charles M. Rockefeller, Sixth Infantry, says: "During the night of April 23, 1899, while on outpost duty he simply disappeared. Whether he was captured and murdered by Filipinos, or how he died will probably never be known. His name was retained on the Army Register for over a year in hopes that he might be alive, but in May, 1900, his name was dropped from the army as missing in action. His record cannot be completed. We know that our companion's death was honorable and that he lost his life on duty at the very front and with his face to the enemy."

WE CALIFORNIANS.

Col. A. A. Treverlyan, a prominent resident of Fresno, is dangerously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay will return to New York October 17. They have been passing the summer abroad.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, who was "one of the Fair girls," is at Hot Springs, Ark., the guest of Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont.

Father Caraher, the San Francisco priest who has won fame by cleaning out a number of vicious dens in his parish, is going to Europe.

Joshua Y. Laws, a prominent Oakland citizen, is dead. He was at one time a journalist and was the founder of the Nevada State Journal, published at Reno.

Prof. H. D. Sheldon, the newly-elected instructor in philosophy and education at the University of Oregon, is a native of California and a graduate of Stanford.

Eva Tanguay, a member of Eddie Foy's "Night in Town" company, and formerly a resident of Tiburon, Cal., has hooked a Colorado millionaire, who will shortly lead her to the altar.

Ed. Corrigan's popular colors flashed to the front on English soil last week for the first time, carried by his game little mare Sarsonic, who is the heroine of many hard-fought battles in California.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth McEnerney at San Francisco Friday was one of the largest ever held in that city. She was known for her many acts of charity and her open-handed generosity, and hundreds of people from every walk in life were present, including leading officials of the state and city, as well as prominent lawyers and merchants.

The live work of a devoted old man who chose the California mountains as the scene of his latter-day labors, will be crowned next Tuesday in the dedication of the "Martin Chapel" in the hills above Los Gatos. The donor of the little mountain church, Rev. James Martin, came to California a few years ago from Jamaica, where he had spent forty years of his life working as a missionary among the natives. Mr. Martin bought a small tract of mountain land and by hard labor transformed it into a valuable orchard, yielding fairly good returns. Recently he received from a friend in Jamaica a gift of money, which, though not large, was more than sufficient for the frugal old gentleman. From this gift was set apart sufficient to erect a chapel adjoining his orchard. Seventy-five or more mountaineers attended the opening services. The chapel has never been dedicated, but after he has seen this attended to Mr. Martin will return to Jamaica to spend his last days on the island.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Happy Atlanta.

[Atlanta Constitution:] Atlanta is now in full enjoyment of the luciousness of the peach.

Origin of a Term.

[Somerville Journal:] "Filthy lucre" is a term used by people who don't have as much of it as they would like.

One Satisfaction.

[Chicago News:] With anthracite coal going up the public at least will have the satisfaction of knowing that there is some real cause for it.

A Difference.

[Syracuse Post-Standard:] In Tulare county, Cal., a bounty of 3 cents each is offered for killing squirrels. In this State hunters offer about half a dollar for a shot at one.

The Truth Leaking Out.

[New York Mail and Express:] Later developments indicate that professional pugilism is two or three shades more outrageously disreputable than its severest critics had ever supposed.

Twin City Rivalry.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer:] "A New Jersey minister argues that women should keep their hats on in church because St. Paul favored it." Then you can bet your life that every woman in Minneapolis will go bareheaded!

Evidence of Temperance.

[Punxutawney (Pa.,) Spirit:] We have seen but one snake this year. He was not over eighteen inches long. His back was shiny black and his sides a bright yellow, and he seemed to be in such a hurry that we did not have the heart to detain the reptile long enough to kill it.

A Kentucky Prima Donna.

[Hazel Green Herald:] Ye scribe had the pleasure a few evenings ago of hearing Ada Williams, the peerless musician, render some choice music on the organ. Her singing springs from a voice that is clear, and as it vibrates through the air it strikes the listening ear with pleasure, and all those who have heard her play and sing have classed her the prima donna of this little village.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Grover's Ticket.

[Memphis Appeal:] Grover Cleveland is giving the Izaak Walton ticket a cordial support.

A Pertinent Comparison.

[Syracuse Post-Standard:] Some Americans have been killed in Luzon lately, but Custer and his heroic band were massacred, and we did not abandon the West to Sitting Bull.

Fickle Davis.

[Chicago Record:] Fickle Web Davis has shaved his face clean to look like Bryan, instead of allowing his whiskers to grow long around the part of the chin where Oom Paul affects them.

The Interests of Labor.

[Portland Oregonian:] The interests of labor in this election lie in the direction of maintenance of the gold standard, and the conservation of confidence, which insures active trade and settled employment.

Immediate and Paramount.

[Philadelphia Press:] Whatever the Democracy may claim to be the paramount issue, the immediate issue is to prevent William J. Bryan from securing the opportunity he craves of destroying the gold standard.

Suspicious Democrats.

[Troy Press (Dem.:)] Only harm to both the Bryan and Stanchfield vote can come by continuing to heap abuse upon David Bennett Hill, after all excuse for it has ceased, and unless Tammany shall desire the suspicion of Tammany treachery among up-State Democrats will come to be a positive conviction.

Gave It to the Republicans.

[New York Post:] Tammany this year, for the second time, has gone into a Democratic convention and made the Republicans a present of the State government—taking it for granted that the independent voters of New York will refuse to give Croker the same control at Albany that he already has in this city.

PEOPLE OF NOTE.

The life of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha was insured for $1,500,000.

Gen. Joseph Wheeler has been under fire 900 times and commanded 200 battles.

Rostand's "Cyrano de Bergerac," in its stage form, has yielded the author in Paris alone, $60,000 in royalties.

Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus has resigned as president of the Armour Institute of Technology in Chicago, and explains his resignation by saying that he intends to give all his time to the Central church, of which he is the head.

The Dowager Empress of Russia has always refused a body guard during her visits home. By an imperial decree, and much against her will, she has been forced to accept the services of eight Russian detectives during her present visit.

Ranavolo, the deposed Queen of Madagascar, who now lives at Mustapha, in Algeria, under the rigorous surveillance of the Governor of the colony, and lives on an allowance made by the French government, has applied for permission to visit Paris to see the World's Fair.

Christine Nilsson cherishes in a unique way mementos of her triumphs on the musical stage. One of her rooms is papered with leaves of music taken from the various operas in which she has appeared; another with receipted dinner checks and hotel bills made out in the name of the great singer during her professional wanderings.

Capt. Lloyd of the British Marines, who was killed in the fighting around Tien-Tsin, was the most popular officer in the corps with both his fellow-officers and the men, and is said to have signal distinction of a memorial erected by the non-commissioned officers and privates, with the help of the officers, probably in the English Cathedral at Hongkong.

The Duchess of Fife is a happy, but unappreciated Princess. Shy, silent, with the drawback of delicate health, she cares little for social life in London or for a round of country-house visits. Nowhere is she seen to greater advantage than in Scotland, with husband, children and a few intimate friends. She has a great love for sport and outdoor life, and the charm of her gentle nature shows to advantage in the home circle.

Queen Victoria is an enthusiastic autograph collector, and, with her unusual opportunities, she, as a matter of course, has a unique collection of signatures, which are written in a large, well-bound book kept for that purpose. Lord Roberts, Lord Wolseley, Sir Redvers Buller and Sir Evelyn Wood wrote in this bulky volume years ago. Lord Kitchener did so when staying at Balmoral at the close of his successful campaign in Egypt.

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

She is Taking Risks.

[Baltimore American:] (Terrible) your daughter a finished musician? (Yorkrode:) Not, yet; but the neighbors are making threats.

An Order.

[Cincinnati Enquirer:] "Does your wife ever ask you for money?"

"Never."

"She must be a wonder."

"But she frequently tells me to get some."

The Cornfed Philosopher.

[Indianapolis Journal:] "The man that spends all his money in dressing his wife," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "only succeeds in getting her envied by other women for having a dressed husband."

Reasons for Selling.

[Judge:] (Farmer Hayrake) How dew yew offer this gold brick to me?

(Bunco Man:) Sh! I've got to sell it, wid me fren' William Jennings Bryan, in half an hour, an' I wouldn't have him see gold on me fer de world.

Probably He Had Soulful Eyes.

[Atchison Globe:] Don't be a school teacher. A young man on an Atchison school teacher explaining some previous mistake, "If I'd a-knowed you wanted it I'd a-came and took you." And he tried him in spite of it.

An Impression.

[Detroit Journal:] "I played a game of baseball today, the first in years."

"Ah!"

"Yes. I wonder what is the matter having the bases so much farther than they used to be?"

Where It Hurt.

[Philadelphia Press:] "Mamie, Mr. Smith," she said, after reading, "you'll find a girl at last to love you. One is as good as another, I suppose. What's the difference?"

"It isn't the difference that bothers me," said he, mournfully, "it's their indifference."

The Day of Large Enterprise.

[Washington Star:] "Maria declined to put on airs because she had a barrel of money," said one poor woman.

"We'll soon teach him," said another, about modern politics," said the other, in a resolute tone. "We must realise that nowadays a man can't go into a campaign with anything smaller than a hogshead is expected to run potatoes."

Tout au Contraire.

[St. James Gazette:] A young man who heveled Frenchman, who had spent "a life on the ocean wave" as he could be expected, was sailing on a steamer chair, when a passenger came cheerily: "Ah, good morning, monsieur, have you breakfasted?"

"No, monsieur," answered the Frenchman. "I have not been sick on the contrary."

Blissful Ignorance.

[Tit-Bits:] A certain German professor of music, to be met with in the drawing rooms, is an eminently gentleman.

To him recently a lady sent one of his compositions had rendered by one of the guests.

"How do you like the words your song, professor?"

"Vos dot my song?" replied the professor. "I did not know him."

ALL ALONG THE L[INE]

San Francisco bakers raise the price of bread.

Oakland's water supply is found insufficient for fire purposes.

Oakland ladies have started a woman's club, known as the Club.

The Santa Paula High School the list of schools accredited by University of California.

The California Cured Fruit Association will shortly declare a dividend on the fruit which has been packed.

Fresno school trustees have $40,000 worth of bonds for the erection of a new High School building.

A San Francisco woman sues for a divorce because her husband up her clothes, and smashed pictures on the walls.

The immense sugar pine log exhibited by the fair authorities.

A queer couple at Alameda claim to be persecuted, because viewed 900 San Francisco lots and the police of numerous other precincts.

The striking millmen of San Francisco and vicinity have received $60 from the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Canada.

Stanford students are making an effort to carry the universal suffrage amendment next fall. Eighty thousand votes are necessary for the winning of the movement.

The members of the Swedish Lutheran Cross Church and of the Zion Congregational Church of Fresno are at outs over the question of expulsion of certain members.

A burglar broke into a Fresno clothing store, and after helping his old clothes selected a new suit, socks, shirt, collar, tie and overcoat, stole $2.75 from the cash drawer and left.

The curfew law is rapidly working in San Francisco. Boys who have frequented the streets of the Tenderloin district are seen no more, having been warned that they would be arrested if found on the street after 9 o'clock.

The wife of Dr. T. A. Storey has begun an action for divorce in Fresno. She eloped with a young Cruz man about a year ago. The defendant husband has made no exceptions, no provisos, no conditions. It was to come as sure as the stones must fall. Everything you said would happen did not happen, and everything you said would not happen has happened. Your explanation of how you come to be so woefully wrong, and your reasons for being followers now, when you have proved to be so blind a leader of the blind—these things are what we are waiting to hear about.

WHY HE VOTES FOR M'KINLEY.

ONE of the largest builders in the United States is P. J. Carlin, employing directly and indirectly one men the year 'round.

P. J. Carlin was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Chicago in 1896; he opposed the silver plank in the platform at that time, and his views have not changed by the reaffirmation of the silver heresy at Kansas City.

Mr. Carlin is still a Gold Democrat and will vote for William McKinley. He gives these reasons:

"The currency question is the paramount issue in this election, despite the attempt of the Democratic leaders to obscure the truth by chatter about Imperialism.

"I consider the most dangerous man under a government such as ours he who draws a line between the workman and his employer, and seeks to array what he sees fit to call 'the masses' on one side and 'the classes' on the other. I insist that no classes exist

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OPTICIAN.

VITAL CAMPAIGN ISSUES.

Adlai's Letter—Work While it is Day—How About Hogs?—Why He Votes for McKinley—Bryan Foments Trouble.

[COMPILED, ARRANGED AND EDITORIALLY PRESENTED BY THE TIMES.]

WORK WHILE IT IS DAY.

IT IS only about five weeks to election day. To date the Republican party has done practicaly no work among the voters in this end of the State. The other side has done much. As many battles have been lost by overconfidence as by any other influence. Besides, if the party had the votes as good as counted it would be a poor excuse for not working. If a majority of a thousand is sure, let us do our best to make it 2500. If we are sure of that, let us do our best to make it 5000, and if this number is sure, then we should work for 10,000, and from that point for 25,000. Bryanism, as we profess to think, is a dishonor to America and a menace to American interests at home and abroad. Let us make the second defeat so decisive that Bryan and his fake issues will be heard of no more. California has as much at stake as other States, more than some. Let us go before the country as a State full of patriotism and of common sense. Let us to our duty as Republicans. Here in Southern California General Apathy seems to be in supreme command of the Republican forces. Gentlemen, this is a very poor leader to win a victory. Can we not depose him and put in General Activity? That is the leader to follow.

A RAT! A RAT!

"MORE than this, following close in the wake of imperialism, as the night the day, comes the immense standing army."—[From Adlai's Late Letter of Acceptance.

Oh, Adlai, Adlai, how could you say it? That is almost as stupid as being a Knight of the Golden Circle when you lived in Illinois. "As the night the day!" old Polonius. The standing army is to follow in the wake of imperialism as the night the day. That is not at all. When Shakespeare would brand Polonius as an ass forever he made him use this simile. He and you wish to say that one thing follows another as an effect follows a cause. You say as the night follows the day. The day is not the cause of the night. Just so the standing army and imperialism in America have absolutely no logical relation one to the other. To people who can think, and not repeat phrases like a parrot, the reason is obvious. There is no imperialism in this country. Therefore it cannot result in a standing army or in anything. Nothing comes from nothing. There never will be any imperialism in this country unless Knights of the Golden Circle multiply and set up a monarchy as was talked of in 1861. Therefore, until this happens, no standing army will follow imperialism, as nothing comes from nothing.

"As the night the day!" Oh, Adlai, you were a valiant headman in the days when you ruled over the Postoffice Department. But, Adlai, you do not know how to reason from cause to effect. Adlai, Adlai, how could you?

Adlai, do not get behind the arras or someone may run you through for a rat. Poor old Polonius!

HOW ABOUT HOGS?

WHILE Mr. Bryan was talking about the price of oats, some one in the crowd asked him about the price of hogs, and he replied:

"The gentleman asks about hogs. I had expected such a question. The Republican party claims the credit for every rise in price no matter what the cause, and shirks the responsibility for every reduction, no matter how directly it may be traced to the Republican party's instrumentality. If wheat is up, they point to wheat. If corn, then corn is the object of comment. So it is with hogs. The Republicans claim all the credit for the rise as one of the blessings of a Republican administration, when, in the very nature of things, it could have nothing to do with such an advance."

Yes, Billy, you are sometimes right. The Republican party claims the credit in part of the rise in wheat, and hogs, and for the low price in tin plates. The Republican party opened the factories and mills, which you helped close when you voted for the Wilson-German tariff, and when you clamored for a depreciated currency. By opening the mills and giving the people a chance to earn a living, and pay for bread and bacon, the Republican party created anew a home market, and thus aided the price of wheat and hogs to a level where the producer might get a profit on his labor. At the same time, by making our own tin plate the people get that cheaper than before the McKinley Bill opened the plate mills, and delivered us from an English monopoly. You, Billy, in your stupid ignorance of true economic principles, voted to repeal the McKinley act, to delay the making of our own tin plate, and thus you put us into the hands of the English monopoly.

But, Billy boy, that is only half the story. That is lettin' you off easy. Do you recall your prophecies of four years ago? Do you remember that stylish smile of your own making, where you said it a high tariff were put in operation, and the gold standard established, the prices of all products of farm and mill must go lower than they were. "As sure as a stone cast into the air would fall back to the earth." That is the golden cross on which to crucify you, Billy! You made no exceptions, no provisos, no conditions. It was to come as sure as the stone must fall. Everything you said would happen did not happen, and everything you said would not happen has happened. Your explanation of how you come to be so woefully wrong and your reasons for being followed now, when you have proved to be so blind a leader of the blind—these things are what we are waiting to hear about.

WHY HE VOTES FOR M'KINLEY.

ONE of the largest builders in the United States is P. J. Carlin, employing directly and indirectly 6000 men the year 'round.

P. J. Carlin was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Chicago in 1896; he opposed the silver plank in the platform at that time, and his views have not changed by the reaffirmation of the silver heresy at Kansas City.

Mr. Carlin is still a Gold Democrat and will vote for William McKinley. He gives these reasons:

"The currency question is the paramount issue in this election, despite the attempt of the Democratic leaders to obscure the truth by chatter about imperialism.

"I consider the most dangerous man under a government such as ours he who draws a line between the workman and his employer, and seeks to array what he sees fit to call 'the masses' on one side and 'the classes' on the other. I insist that no classes exist in this country. The workman of today may be the employer of tomorrow; and, by his own thrift and energy, he may be a capitalist in a few years. Instead of being made unhappy and dissatisfied with his condition, the American workman should be encouraged to greater effort to improve his own and his family's position in the world—intellectually and socially.

"The election of Mr. Bryan would be a lamentable mistake. If I did not sincerely believe this I would not turn my back upon the political teachings of my life. A series of disasters would follow his election to power. All confidence abroad in our financial stability would be destroyed, whether free silver could be at once adopted or not. Gold would be hoarded by the banks for self-protection, law or no law.

"I was equally opposed to the assault on the Supreme Court of the United States made in the platform of the Democracy at Chicago and reaffirmed at Kansas City. Our courts are pure and must not be tampered with by politicians."

MILITAR-IMPERIALISM.

IN A letter to a wavering voter in Minnesota a citizen of Los Angeles thus discourses on the great paramount issue of the campaign:

"The cry of 'imperialism' and 'militarism' is the cry of knaves for the ears of fools. There is no more danger of 'imperialism' in these United States today than there was when that same old hypocritical cry was raised against Washington, against Jackson, against Abraham Lincoln, and against that grand soldier and honest man—Gen. Grant.

"Militarism!—with less than 60,000 soldiers in our regular army and a population of over seventy millions, without reckoning the people of the islands recently annexed! Bosh! Twaddle! Pap for idiots!

"The only despotism we have to fear in these United States is the despotism of labor-unions and labor mobs incited, duped and controlled by designing and unscrupulous demagogues like Bryan. This man with a mouth has constituted himself a 'walking delegate' and is going up and down the land preaching discontent and anarchy. In every speech he utters he tries to array labor against capital, the poor against the rich and the well-to-do, and workingmen against workingmen as well. He covertly justifies and incites mob rule, anarchy, arson and murder."

ALL BRYAN SAID.

"THERE is a strain of ill-concealed hypocrisy," said Mr. McKinley in his letter of acceptance, "in the anxiety to extend the constitutional guaranties to the people of the Philippines while their nullification is openly advocated at home." The Bryanite party in the South has no respect for the constitutional guaranties in the case of the negro, and Bryan himself has not shown that he has any, although there has been no lack of opportunity. He has been appealed to since early in the campaign to express an opinion respecting the course of some of the Southern States in distranchising colored American citizens, in plain nullification of the fifteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution, but no expression has come from him.

When Mr. Bryan was speaking a few days ago in Chicago against "imperialism," an auditor propounded the question: "How about the situation in North Carolina?" Mr. Bryan's reply—it is perhaps needless to say, was an evasion. He said: "Let the race question, which has brought us so much trouble, be a warning to you not to bring another race question into the country."—[Omaha Bee.

UNEQUAL REPRESENTATION.

WE HAVE prepared this little table showing the total number of votes cast in Minnesota, Mississippi and South Carolina at the last election of Congressmen. Each State has seven Representatives; in Minnesota the ballot is free; in Mississippi and South Carolina the negro vote has been suppressed:

	Minn.	Miss.	S. C.
First district	39,870	2,469	4,529
Second district	41,243	3,174	4,196
Third district	35,080	2,441	4,261
Fourth district	39,488	4,451	4,671
Fifth district	33,825	5,196	4,259
Sixth district	44,257	5,943	1,914
Seventh district	34,817	3,906	4,589
Total	268,585	27,187	28,421
Average	38,340	3,883	4,118

The problem involved in the suppression of the negro vote in the South is one that the people of this country must take up and solve. Either southern representation in Congress must be reduced, or all the people of the South must be allowed to vote.—[Rochester Post.

BRYAN FOMENTS TROUBLE.

WE called attention the other day to a grossly unfair and disingenuous attack upon army methods of appointment and promotion in which Col. Bryan had indulged in one of his recent West Virginia speeches. . . . The farmer and the artisan, as he had already said at Topeka, on August 23, were to pay the increased cost of an expanded military establishment, but their sons "were less likely to fill life positions in the army than the sons of those who by reason of wealth or political prominence exert influence at Washington."

This indictment of the methods which control appointment and promotion in the army we denounced the other day as the sheerest demagogy. On its face Col. Bryan's charge is a reckless and foolish slander, aimed at a military body whose traditions and spirit have been as democratic as its service has been devoted and brilliant. Were an appeal to facts necessary to disprove the calumny that the door to rank and honors in the army is closed to deserving aspirants of any class or antecedents in life, a complete answer to the Democratic candidate's charge could be found in a timely statement in the current issue of The Army and Navy Journal. As it points out, Representatives and Senators make practically 90 per cent. of all the West Point appointments, and to condemn their selections wholesale as controlled by financial and oligarchic influences is to bring a verdict of favoritism against American politicians of every party, section and belief. But appointment to West Point is not the only door to military command and emoluments. As army records show, "two out of six of the brigadier-generals of the line and a majority of the field officers following them next in rank originally entered the service by the process open to any young man of good character and good physique; that is, by going to the nearest recruiting rendezvous and enlisting." And as every one familiar with army methods knows, once commissioned through graduation from West Point or by promotion from the ranks, "the combined influence of the plutocrats, the trust octopuses and the political bosses is powerless to prevent a soldier's advancement."—[New York Tribune.

CAESAR GRANT.

THIS is the way the Lexington, Mo., Caucasian in 1873 attacked Grant:

"What care we for the ridicule or the denunciations of a race of dolts and dastards, who, fawning, cringing, fondling their destroyers, licking the filthy hands that smite them, have sunk to a depth of degradation never before reached by any kindred, tribe or tongue under heaven or above—the other place? Let them squeal their disapproval—squeak their feeble sarcasms—squirt their tepid dish-watery vituperation. Let them sniffle 'fanatic' and 'madman' to their little souls' content—if such things have souls. But, Democrats! Men of the North and of the South! Brethren in sufferings, in interests and in destiny! Hear us, once more, proclaim the truth! A truth which many feel, but none other dares express.

"Hear us for our country's sake! Hear us for your own and your children's sakes! As surely as a Democratic national convention is held next year and a Democratic Presidential ticket nominated Ulysses Grant, the besotted beer who now defiles the chair of our chief magistracy, will be reelected! Listen, while there's time! By the end of another four years of his administration what will be left of all that is worth preserving in America? Not a vestige, not a fragment! There will be no need of an orthodox future hell! All the woe and ruin, the degradation, horror and shame of the universe will find a fit lodgment, a reservoir, a home, in our once fair and noble land! Liberty, the Constitution, the republic and hope itself will be dead as last century's butterflies!

"And just as certainly as we nominate a Democrat for President this reelection, this additional four years of ruthless despotism and profligacy is inevitable! Mark it! There's no more chance to elect a Democrat to the Presidency of this puritanniggerized empire next year than there is of making him czar of all the Russians, or tycoon of Japan! It's simply asinine to talk of it. These are plains words—words that it wrings my utmost soul with anguish to utter. But they are true! Eternal and irretrievable overthrow awaits us if we attempt to run a Democrat against the brutal, tan-vat mummy, his 30,000 bayonets, 100,000 thieving officials, bribery, corruption, patronage and force. What then, is to be done? What hope, what way to escape do we propose. Simply the policy of Missouri and Tennessee."

The purpose of all this fiery eloquence was to urge the nomination of Greeley. That was done, but his defeat was worse than that any Democrat could have received. Grant was elected, but that is a generation ago, and "God still reigns and the government at Washington still lives." Pay no attention to hysterical prophecy.

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Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

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annual fall opening.

tomorrow marks the beginning of our fall selling all over the store. this annual event is recognized by the women of the great southwest as the most suggestive and satisfactory opening display of

millinery, silks and dress goods, cloaks, suits, trimmings . . . . . .

and kindred lines which they are privileged to attend. details are given on page 5 of section iv. in this paper.

the dressmaking department also resumes its work tomorrow and is still in charge of Miss Kinney, who hopes to greet all her former patrons.

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The Highest Standard

If you buy groceries from the store that has the highest standard, you know you're safe. It is by carrying the best quality of groceries and giving our customers honest treatment that we have built up this high standard. It is a satisfaction to know that we have so many satisfied customers, and to know that they know they're "Safe at Jevne's."

Smoke Jevne's Pine Cigars.

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If it is your purpose to buy a Range, by all means first examine "Our Glenwood," by all odds superior in every essential requirement to any other range now made. The stove and price are just right,

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A Mine Mystery of the Grand Teton Mountain.

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THE FAMOUS ASTRONOMER, EXPLORER AND LECTURER
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We are showing an unusually attractive assortment of popular priced suits—materials are particularly good cheviots homespun and covert cloths, bell sleeves, strapped seams—new flare skirt, price

$14.00 and $17.50.

TAILOR-SUITS Correct copies of the latest models, at $22.50 New creations, materials, poile de chat, French broadcloth, late shades. Oxford gray, eastern seal blues; tight back, loose front, bell sleeves; some Panne satin trimmed and flare velvet collars.

TAILOR SUITS New Russian blouse effects in beautiful mohairlin and fine imported clothes—fancy flare collars, satin lined revers, bell sleeves, new cut skirt, exceptional at $26.50.

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Magnificent WAIST SILKS in an unequaled variety at popular prices.

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BLACK SILKS Are in special demand this season. As a leader we offer an all silk lustrous black taffeta, 27 inches wide, worth $1.25 yd., at 90c yd

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CREPE DE CHINE An all-silk material very popular for evening and reception gowns; black and white and full line of new, fashionable shadings, $1.00 to $1.50 yd.

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Many a dentist fills teeth for his patients with the same quality in which some grocers are said to put sand in the sugar. It is so easy to cover up all imperfections in such work that a dentist who is careless and indifferent may charge you less than a first-class price and still make more money than I do with fair prices for the best work. I expect my work to last, and keep always in mind that every bit of it is intended to make for me a lasting friend.

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Best Eastern Hams, per lb	15½c	10 lb pail Pure Leaf Lard	$1
Best Eastern Bacon, per lb	15c	10 lb pail Lard Compound	80c
Best Eastern Dry Salt Pork, per lb	10c	10 lb pail Silver Leaf	$1
Best Eastern Bacon Backs, per lb	11½c	Largest size Cottolene	90c

SHAVING OUTFITS. Steinen-Kirchner Co. 111 North Main. 111 South Spring.

CUTLERS & GRINDERS

CONSOLATION.

(To L. W. S.)

There is always light, somewhere, dear heart,
Though the way be dark, though the night be long,
Though the light, and thee, seem far apart,
Keep thy faith alive; be true! be strong!

There is always love, somewhere, dear heart,
Though friends grow cold, though joy be gone;
Yet love from our lives can not depart,
While the Infinite Heart of Love beats on.

There is always rest, somewhere, dear heart,
Though the stones bruise sore as we climb the steep;
When the race is run and the heartache done,
Then "He giveth His beloved sleep."

NELLA V. VORE.

Pala, Cal.

DIGGING FOR GRAVES.

Democrats Want to Get Him Out.

Plenty of Excuses but No Campaign.

Denounced as a Dummy and Third Candidate Talked of—Blaspheming.

William R. Graves, Democratic nominee for Congress, is still lacking. Local Bryanites have a great desire to see his countenance and hear his much lauded oratory, but bitter disappointment is their lot. Candidate Graves simply will not come to Los Angeles.

He is sick; he is busy; he is in San Francisco; he is shy of money for campaign expenses—in brief, various replies sent by his subordinates at San Luis Obispo to local inquirers, while conflicting, all make prominent one point and that is that Mr. Graves does not yearn to commune with his brethren of this city.

A prominent Silver Republican of this city called up Graves's office yesterday morning by telephone. A lady's voice sent back the information that Mr. Graves had gone to San Francisco. Two hours later other parties called up the San Luis Obispo office, and a lady's voice—unkind people say it was the same voice—sadly stated that Mr. Graves was confined to his home by sickness, and was under a doctor's care.

Probably twenty messages were sent to Graves yesterday by leading Democratic politicians of this city. One brute leader telephoning to the candidate's office, and hearing he was sick and financially unable to start his canvass now, replied: "Send him down here, and send his doctor with him, and we will pay all expenses," and a few profane words were included in the offer.

"Graves is a dummy," said one politician last night. "He is deliberately scheming to throw down the party, and for one I do not believe in standing for it." And then this speaker degenerated into swearing.

In fact, blasphemy seems to be the main satisfaction of the helpless Democratic workers.

Thomas McCaffery, F. W. Allender and the remainder of the local Southern Pacific "gang," come in for a large share of the abuse. They induced the "push" to support Graves, and the "boys" are up in arms because the hoped-for "sack" has not materialized.

"A third candidate, nominated by petition," is now the cry, and if something does not happen to prevent such action petitions will be on the streets of Los Angeles tomorrow, and it is estimated that the necessary signatures, equaling 3 per cent. of the total vote in the Congressional District, can be obtained in this city alone.

"Even Adcock would have been better than Graves," one Democratic manipulator moaned. "He would at least have made a bluff at campaigning, and he had a little money to spend."

There seems to be grave doubt as to whether Graves can be forced to resign, and some of the Bryanites argue that it would be disloyal to put up a third man against the party's regular nominee. But in most quarters the sentiment is "Down with Graves."

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Receptions to New Students—New Pastor at Methodist Church—Class and Society Elections.

On Friday night the faculty of the University of Southern California gave its annual reception to the new and old students, and it proved to be one of the most pleasant affairs of its nature ever given in the institution. The reception was held in the handsome society halls on the third floor of the college building. The decorations, though not profuse, were exceptionally tasteful. In addition to faculty and students, there were many visitors.

A short programme was rendered, over which Dean George Cochran presided.

Dr. J. H. Hoose gave the address of welcome on behalf of the faculties, of which there were four represented—those of the College of Liberal Arts, the School of Music, the School of Oratory and the School of Fine Arts.

The reply on behalf of the students was given by David B. Loofbourrow.

Prof. Gage of the School of Music rendered a vocal solo, and Principal and Mrs. Roberts of the School of Oratory did some fine work in their line. The programme was concluded with a piano solo by Miss Chalpin.

Following the programme, dainty refreshments were served under the charge of Miss Helen Merryman, assisted by Misses Georgia Holman, Ethel Hardie, Bertha Rose and Anna Mouret. The large assembly of students and guests thronged the two halls and a good time was enjoyed until a late hour. A merry group gathered about the piano in Aristotelian Hall and sang familiar college songs, while members of the freshman class assembled in the corridors outside and gave the class yell repeatedly.

On Thursday evening a reception was given by the Epworth League of the University Methodist Episcopal Church, in the church building, to the new students and the new pastor, Rev. E. A. Healy. The address of welcome was made by Royal H. Crist and was responded to by Mr. Tolle. Rev. Mr. Healy made a short address, and Mrs. Roberts gave a reading. A male quartette, composed of Messrs. Roy Cline, Erwin Miller, Harry Budlong and Nathan Lawrence, rendered some selections. Refreshments of ices and cakes were served. The parlors were tastefully decorated in roses and umbrella plants.

The freshman class, '04, organized last week, and elected officers as follows: President, H. K. Vann; vice-president, Miss Martha Gay; secretary, Fay Flint; treasurer, M. W. Seymour; sergeant-at-arms, Robert Grimes. After the officers had been elected, the class donned its colors, purple and gold, and marched into chapel to the accompaniment of their class yell, which is as follows:

Elli-go-nex, go-nek, go-nek!
Elli-go-nek, go-nek, go-nek!
Elli-galore! Elli-galore!
U.S.C.! Naughty four!
Freshman!

At a postponed meeting, held later in the day, a sophmore was discovered among the freshmen, and upon his refusing a polite invitation to depart, he was promptly bound, hands and feet, and unceremoniously bundled out into the hall, where he was discovered and liberated by his fellow-classmen.

The Aristotelian Literary Society has elected new officers for the ensuing semester as follows: President, Leroy S. Enyeart; vice-president, C. O. Waterman; secretary, R. C. Hartley; censor, G. W. Darlington; treasurer, O. F. Sundin; chaplain, Wilbur Hall; sergeant-at-arms, Charles Sergeant.

Officers have been elected by the Athenæ Literary Society to serve during the semester, as follows: President, Frances C. Thomson; vice-president, Elizabeth Snodgrass; recording secretary, Lena Turner; corresponding secretary, Alpha Faulkner; censor, Evelyn McDowell; treasurer, Blanche L. Smith; marshal, Anna Mauret; pianist, Myra Schever; chorister, Florence Bannister.

SOCIALISTS RATIFY.

Meeting and Speeches Galore in Elks' Hall Last Evening—H. Gaylord Wilshire on the Platform.

The Socialist-Democratic party held a ratification meeting last night in Elks' Hall. The adjective "monster" was used in advertising the gathering, and a rather large crowd was on hand to listen to speeches by the candidates named by the party for various offices.

A slight altercation took place at the entrance of the hall between an ardent Socialist, who was attempting to locate a poster bearing the picture of the Congressional candidate, H. Gaylord Wilshire; in front of a banner advertising a theatrical company. A zealous attendant of the theater resented the intrusion, and forcibly prevented the overshadowing of the flaming poster of the "Texas Steer" by the equally flamboyant lithograph bearing Wilshire's picture.

The meeting itself was marked by the earnestness which is characteristic of Socialists. The President and W. J. Bryan were denounced with marked impartiality. On each side of the platform were large pictures of Congressional Candidate Wilshire. Mention of the names of Debs, the Presidential nominee, and Job Harriman of this city, the Vice-Presidential candidate, elicited considerable applause.

F. C. Wheeler, who is the Socialists' candidate for Superior Judge, acted as chairman and made the opening speech. He was followed by W. C. Bowman and Rev. T. W. Williams, a Mormon preacher of Los Angeles. Then a collection was taken up to defray campaign expenses. H. Gaylord Wilshire, Congressional candidate, made the principal speech of the evening. He dwelt at length on the theories advocated by his party.

The closing speech was made by Lemuel Biddle of this city, nominee for Presidential elector. Cheers for the candidates were numerous, and the meeting adjourned firm in the belief that Debs, Harriman, Wilshire et al., may possibly be elected.

ADVANCE IN SILVER.

Director of the Mint Roberts Increases the Price to Be Paid by the Government.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Owing to the advance in the price of silver, Director of the Mint Roberts today increased the price to be paid by the government for silver purchased from 55 to 57 cents a standard ounce. The government at present purchases only such silver as is contained in gold deposits from the Klondike and other gold-producing sections. Under the existing statute all silver in gold deposits is paid for at the market price. The price has advanced steadily since 1898, when it touched 47 cents a standard ounce. The new price is to go into effect on Monday.

The Director of the Mint has also changed the rupee from its silver to its gold value to go into effect at the beginning of the next quarter. Although England placed India on a gold basis some time ago, no official information was received to that effect until very recently. The silver rupee had previously been the standard Indian coin and was valued at 20.5 cents. Under the gold standard the sovereign succeeds the rupee as the standard, and hereafter the rupee will be reckoned on at its gold value, 32.4 cents.

The dry goods store called La Valencia, owned by Sebastian, Robert & Co., and situated on the Plaza, opposite the cathedral in the City of Mexico, was burned late Friday night. The loss is estimated at $750,000. It was insured for $50,000 in foreign companies.

Dr. Joslen & Co.,

An Experience of 15 years, Making Remarkable Cures of All

Diseases and Weaknesses of Men.

I Do Not Treat All Diseases, but Cure All I Treat.

No one man is great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. Many physicians have tried to do this, but they have met with results usually disappointing to themselves and often disastrous to their patients. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of diseases, and to originating and perfecting cures for them. I therefore treat only what I am absolutely certain that I can positively cure to stay cured—VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone fifteen of the best years of my life have been earnestly devoted, and on them all my faculties are concentrated. My consultation and operating rooms are thoroughly equipped with every scientific apparatus, instrument and device essential to the most modern methods of practice, and my references are among the best citizens of Los Angeles and vicinity, who have been cured by me. I want every afflicted man to fully and freely investigate my treatment. I use no Belts, Specifics, Free Samples, Trial Treatments, Electro-Medical Combinations or similar devices, which do not and cannot cure diseases peculiar to men. My education, my experience, my conscience, condemn all such quackery.

"Weakness."

In the various forms of general debility and convalescence following certain diseases, such is the lowered standard of the vital processes that the function of no organ is perfectly performed, and with the resulting depression the patient has a REAL weakness. The physician's first thought, under these conditions, is nerve and other tonics.

By far the greater number of patients, however, seeking relief for so-called "Weakness," is furnished by healthy and robust men. On examination we find a prostate gland which has been damaged by either a contracted disorder or early dissipation. These patients have no weakness at all. Prematureness, loss of vitality, etc., are the symptoms or disordered function, of the chronically inflamed prostate gland. I find by curing this inflammation that full vigor at once returns. It should be understood that tonics, electricity, etc., might cure a real weakness, but would do harm in inflammation. The main object is to reduce the size of the tender, swollen and inflamed prostate. This I accomplish by local treatments. Men who have unsuccessfully treated for a weakness should now understand the cause of failure.

I do not claim to have discovered anything new for the cure of this disorder. All studious physicians are more or less conversant with the same remedies, but skill in effecting a cure with them consists in applying one's knowledge correctly, in thinking of and selecting the proper ones, skill in proportioning the dose and genius in judging correctly the time and necessity for their use, etc. The ability to determine accurately the condition of my patients, and to conceive and do the right thing for them at the right time is the essence of my skill and explains the reason why my treatment is much more valuable than that of others. The end and aim of my medical practice is to cure my patients.

Contracted Disorders.

Under the treatment pursued before irrigation was established, six weeks was deemed the duration of an acute contracted disorder. If it proceeded beyond six weeks it was considered to have gone into a chronic condition. From statistics compiled from my practice in the past five years, covering over 6500 cases, I can show that 90 per cent of my patients have recovered in fourteen days, or less. It is, therefore, equally proper to hold that a case not entirely cured within two weeks must be considered a chronic one and some complication has arisen, for which the patient should see a specialist. I invite free consultation on this subject and offer an experience of over fifteen years; in fact, I can positively assert that I have never failed to cure in a single instance.

Varicocele.

Varicocele is an enlargement of the most vital blood vessels in man.

O. C. JOSLEN., M. D.
Chief Consulting Specialist.

I Treat Men Only, and Cure Them to Stay Cured.

It is commonly known as varicose veins. In their normal condition their function is to carry off waste material, thus enabling the organs to receive fresh nutrition. Owing to the breaking down of the valves caused by the paralysis of the muscular coat of the veins, they become dilated and local stagnation of the blood follows. The vital nerve force being deprived of their proper quality and quantity of nourishment, weakness is the result. Statistics prove that 75 per cent. of the male population are afflicted with varicocele in some stage of the disease. I guarantee to cure varicocele in one week without the use of knife, caustic or ligature. I have cured over 3000 cases without a single failure or unpleasant result. I invite correspondence and the fullest investigation of my methods, and will refer to cured patients if desired.

Associate Diseases.

In curing an ailment of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications or associate diseases. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture, and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthy condition.

If it is Contagious Blood Poison, and all Skin, Blood and Kidney Diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system.

If it is Lost Vitality the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical, mental and nervous power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood.

Hence all resulting ills and minor complications, which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious than the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

I Treat Each Case

Personally, scientifically, closely watching it and carefully following its symptoms with varied remedies through every stage, and staking my reputation on the result. The diseases that constitute my specialty are WEAKNESS, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, CONTRACTED DISORDERS, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON and all bladder and kidney diseases.

Evidence of My Ability To cure this class of diseases is shown by the large volume of professional business that comes to me through former patients for the majority of my cases come on the recommendation of cured patients.

Offices and Hospital **Corner Third and Main Sts.**

Entire Building Over Wells-Fargo Express Company.

SOUND SLEEP

comes from a sweet stomach, pure blood, strong nerves and hearty health. The surest way to acquire these is by an honest use of this famous medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For fifty years it has never failed to cure stomach disorders, beginning with constipation and ending with kidney or liver trouble. See that a PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP covers the neck of the bottle.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Beware of Imitations.

Absolutely Free

Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt.

What fair-minded person can ask more than what I here freely offer to any and all earnest seekers after health, my latest and most improved belt on four months' free trial in which I include my advice and counsel, which, as you know, is the ripened experience of over thirty years active practice, during which time, I have cured thousands of cases which had been given up as hopeless by the most eminent physicians. To convince one and all of my sincerity and ability to benefit you I make the following offer which you will note does not cost you one cent unless after the four months' use of my belt and appliances you are thoroughly convinced and satisfied as to the results.

TRADE MARK.

My Offer.

That I give my best made patented belt of latest model absolutely on four months' trial to any earnest seeker after health. I do not require one cent deposit or any guarantee whatever, except as to the person's earnestness. An offer of this nature has never before been made by any living concern, because none dare do so, but my belt and appliances having stood the test for over thirty years are so absolutely positive in their results that I take pleasure in making this bonafide straightforward offer.

. . . WEAKNESSES OF MEN . . .

I will give $1,000 for an Electric Belt superior to mine. With its new scientific suspensory attachment a pleasant current passes through the weakened parts all night. It cures, while you sleep, such disorders as follow from youthful errors and later excesses. 8000 Cures in 1899. Used by Women as well, for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Nervousness, Etc. We are the oldest and largest makers of Electrical appliances in the world. CAUTION: THE NEW AND IMPROVED DR. SANDEN ELECTRIC BELT CAN BE HAD ONLY AT MY OFFICES. 1900 MODEL. NOT SOLD BY OTHERS. OLD BELT, 20 YEARS AGE. Cure yourself and pay me afterward. My little book, a guide to men, sent free, sealed.

DR. A. T. SANDEN, 119 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours 9 to 5; Sundays 10 to 1.

BLOOD POISON

PRIMARY, SECONDARY OR TERTIARY Blood Poison Permanently Cured. You can be treated at home under same guaranty. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, write

Cook Remedy Co.

1072 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. 100-page Book Free.

I have had porcelain crown work and some filling done, also had ten teeth and roots extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and take great pleasure in recommending his method to anyone wishing dental work done without pain.

MR. C. T. W. SCHRAMM,
Mother of Paloma Schramm, corner Austin and Wadsworth.

I have heard much of Dr. Schiffman, but never fully realized that what his patients said of his work was or could be as represented until I tried him myself. E. M. PETERS,
605 N. Thirty-seventh St.

I have just had twenty-four teeth extracted by Dr. Schiffman's wonderful method, and I am very much pleased. It did not hurt a bit, and I have suffered no bad results. I recommend everyone to go to Dr. Schiffman for really painless dentistry.

MRS. MARTIN SCHWENG,
910 Temple St., Los Angeles.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.,
107 N. Spring Street.

The Great Slaughter of the Kahler Shoe Stock now on.

Chapin-Tibbot Commercial Co.
427-431 SOUTH BROADWAY

MEN

Why Be Weak? Dr. DeFord's Regenerator, price 50 cents, is not a "pump," but builds up nerve cell by nerve cell the weak and degenerated spinal nerves. Sexual and nervous debility cured forever. Any druggist can supply you, or send post paid on receipt of price, in plain package. DR. DeFORD, 118 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO. LOS ANGELES

ABEL'S WHITE PINE BALSAM

25c 50c 1 DOLLAR

THE GREAT CALIFORNIA COUGH REMEDY

IT CURES

HIGHEST GRADES

PIANOS

LOWEST PRICES

SALYER'S, 353 SOUTH SPRING

THE NEW CENTURY OIL CO. has struck a flowing well of white oil.

OFFICE—STIMSON BLOCK.

Co.,

res of All

lesses of Men.

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Angeles, Cal

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LOWEST PRICES AT
R'S. 353 SOUTH BROADWAY.

C NEW CENTURY
IL CO. has struck a
owing well of white

E—STIMSON BLOCK.

YELLOW ASTER GROWING.

The Stamps of Water Made and a Hundred More Stamps to be Put in by February First.

The Yellow Aster mine is to have 100 more stamps crushing ore by February 1, making a total of 120, which will be sufficient to make a monthly net earning of from $50,000 to $55,000. This statement is made by John M. Miller, one of the directors of the company, who returned yesterday from Randsburg, where he attended meetings of the board. Mr. Miller says that the company has struck an immense flow of water at Goler, seven miles from the mills, which will be sufficient to operate from 100 to 200 stamps. The flow more than fills the 6-inch pipe already laid to the mills, and was found at a depth of 450 feet.

The directors also decided to build a new company house on the famous Goler property, which will contain a number of offices, sleeping rooms and other apartments for officials, visitors and employes.

A CLOSE CALL FROM BIRDIE.

Los Angeles Man Disturbed by the Memory of a Little Fiesta Dinner.

A Los Angeles man had a narrow escape from trouble down at Long Beach the other evening.

His wife and children have been spending the summer at the beach, and Friday he went down to help pack up and bring them home.

As the family was partaking of a frugal supper from the kitchen table the little daughter of the house, answering a sharp rap at the front door, returned, saying breathlessly:

"There's two ladies at the door—they want to see papa."

The gentleman cheerfully rose to the hall, and as he went into the hall, watchfully guarded by his wife, he discovered two women comfortably seated in the parlor, which was not very brilliantly illumined with one small kerosene lamp.

The older woman was dressed in deep mourning, with snow-white hair and intensely black eyebrows, which gave her a peculiar expression; the younger wore a flower-garden hat and suspiciously-blonde curls.

Their general appearance was suggestive of the footlights, and as Mr. R— entered the room the girl sprang up theatrically exclaiming: "Oh, Ned, I was so afraid you wouldn't be here. You remember me, don't you?" gushingly.

Ned didn't, and he showed it.

"Surely you haven't forgotten the dear old days," tragically clasping her hands, "days when we sat side by side on the banks of the Arroyo Seco watching the purple sunsets—ahem—I mean purple mountains, and you told me—things—well," with a meaning glance at Mrs. R—: "I'm very discreet; you know, Ned, discretion always was my strong point—don't tell me you've forgotten!" reproachfully.

Ned didn't seem inclined to tell her anything.

"Crazy, by Jove!" is what he thought, and the girl rattled on:

"Don't you remember how I used to lay my head on your shoulder—you thought my hair so beautiful" She gave a clutch at the mangy curls. "I little thought then you'd go and marry a brunette—Ned, why don't you speak to me?"

Perhaps it was because he didn't know what to say. That he had sown some wild oats in his day he wouldn't deny; but he certainly did not recall this variety.

The elder woman here covered her face with a deeply black bordered handkerchief, seemingly uncontrollably affected.

"Mother, don't weep," cried she of the golden hair, throwing her arms dramatically about the shaking shoulders. "Ned will take care of us. After this warm reception can you doubt it? Ned will never see his little Birdie suffer."

Ned started. There had been a "Birdie," but not exactly this kind of bird.

"Must I remind you of that little Fiesta dinner at Jerry's when you told me if ever I was in trouble to come to you?"

There had been a little Fiesta dinner; Ned had not forgotten, but how the deuce—

"Edward," said Mrs. R—, severely, "if these—ladies—are friends of yours, for heaven's sake say so, and don't stand there like an idiot. Give them some money and send them away!"

"Money," cried the blonde, vivaciously springing forward with outstretched hands, "Oh, how much will you give us? Ned was always so generous."

Ned's hand had involuntarily sought his trousers pocket.

"Helen," exclaimed the older woman, speaking for the first time, "this is carrying a joke too far. Don't you know we might be arrested for getting money under false pretenses?"

"Good gracious!" cried Mrs. R—, rushing forward and grasping the mourning-clad creature. "Why, Edwards, it's Miss Blank and—Helen Barten—well of all sells—you miserable creatures; dressing up and fooling us like this."

Edward quietly slunk out the back door and is now wondering how his witty friend heard about Birdie and the Fiesta dinner, and how much she knows.

"SCRIPPERS" PERJURY.

Grand Jury Will Investigate the Charges—Lurid Local Newspaper Articles Said to Be Untrue.

The Federal grand jury will resume its sessions this week and will probably take up the cases of perjury alleged to have been committed by some of the "scrippers", and others in the recent legal struggle before Judge Ross for possession of Kern county oil lands, claimed by mineral locators.

In his opinion rendered last week Judge Ross made sensational charges against certain parties who had filed affidavits, and he instructed the United States District Attorney to present the cases of false swearing to the grand jury.

Federal District Attorney Frank P. Flint is investigating the charges and is probable the grand jury may indict some of the offenders. The United States Attorney states that recent arrests in San Francisco and local papers as to the prosecutions for perjury are without material foundation and are in many respects absolutely false.

Lace your business with Greene & Harrington. Notions a specialty; 418 Laughlin Bldg.

Drawing class at Los Angeles School of Applied Art. Karl Ross, teacher.

Lead, Oil; best mixed paint, $1.75 gal. Walker Bros., 107 Spring. Tel. M. 1051.

The Broadway Department Store

The Broadway Department Store

Why, the Broadway is always busy---values like blood are bound to tell.

At first thought our busy-ness surprises everyone—at second thought it doesn't. Quicker service—freer righting of wrongs and bigger money's worth is sure to be acknowledged by careful women in continued patronage. Yes, we are busy—how can we help but be?

Silk Waists at the Price of Cotton Ones.

The maker is to blame—he said sell 'em rather than send them back.

We received what we didn't order. The only thing that's wrong with them is that some of them are sewn with the wrong colored thread. And because these few were not up to our standard of merit, we rejected the entire shipment.

His Loss is Your Gain--Read On.

The lot includes all the leading shades of Taffeta—brown, castor, tan, gray, changeable blue, plain colors; the fronts are corded and stitched, so are the French backs. The sleeves are the new dress kind, the collars are the Dewey-style and separate. Every waist is lined throughout. All sizes to start with. **They were bought to sell at $3.00,** but on account of this wrong thread in some of them, we will close out the entire lot in a hurry at less than half their worth..... **$2.39**

A New Era In Millinery...

The Broadway is always striking out for itself—making new paths—modernizing fogy, fossil ideas—in shoes, in dress goods, in ladies' wraps and now in millinery.

We treat hats as merchandise—the same as we do muslins, threads or dish pans, basing prices on cost. You take no more chances buying trimmed hats here than you do in getting fruit of the loom muslin, or Coates' cotton thread. The only varying part of the transaction is your taste; with one it's this, with another it's that. Trained milliners will readily show you what's becoming to your face and your complexion—your fancy must do the rest.

The hat that suits you may be the cheapest—the looks have nothing whatever to do with the prices. Get that fixed in your mind—Time to talk prices later.

If you care to see some of the prettiest in Los Angeles you must come here. One of the Broadway street windows is devoted to a display of imported models. Don't miss seeing them.

Toilet Creams and Powders

Every good preparation at a reduced price Monday.

Why? It's our insatiate desire for bargains that makes us do this. We didn't put in this stock of toilet supplies for fun, nor for money either—at first. We calculate to lose money every now and then, to get you acquainted with the department. If you come once, you are bound to come again. After all, we don't lose money, do we? But, about toilet creams and face powders:

Will you buy now at a saving or wait and pay full prices?

50c Java (Powdre de Riz) per box—only 33c.
25c Exora Face Powder, per box—special 19c.
15c Sweet Bye and Bye Face Powder, per box—8½c.
25c Box Yvette Guilbert Face Powder—10c.
25c Box Dr. J. Parker Pray's Emery Boards—19c.
25c Antiseptic Cream, for sunburn and tan—19c.
50c Bottle Dickey's Creme de Lis—29c.
3-oz. Bottles Pure Glycerine—only 9c.
25c Tubes Woodbury's Facial Cream—19c.
25c Smelling Salts, per bottle—13c.
Holmes' Fragrant Frostella, worth 25c—Monday 19c.
15c Bottle Selected Almond Meal—Monday 19c.
50c Bottle Blush of Roses Liquid Powder—39c.
25c Bottle Niobe Cream, for roughness of the skin—9c.
25c Bottle Espey's Fragrant Cream—Monday 19c.
15c Tube of Lemoline Cream—Monday only 12c.
25c Tube Sheffield's Creme Dentifrice—only 13c.

Sale of Men's Pants.

Why is it men will pay exclusive dealers exclusive prices for their clothing when the identical garment may be bought here at a Department Store price? More men are every day waking up to this fact. These prices on pants are going to open the eyes of some more men.

98c **For an odd lot of Men's Pants worth up to $1.25.**
In a variety of colors and good patterns, made from cheviots or Union cassimeres. They make good work trousers, for they are strong and well sewn—come Monday for them at 98c.

$1.48 **For Men's Pants Worth $2.00.**
Cassimeres mostly, in grays or browns; they will not rip or shrink. Their tailoring and making is of the best sort. It's a full line that you may choose from Monday at one price, $1.48

$2.23 **For Men's Worsted Pants worth $2.75 and $3.**
For dress or business wear. They are in the neatest and newest stripes. Clothing men about town can't afford to sell equal quality and workmanship for less than $3.75. We couldn't if we had to depend on them for a living.

Special Values in Boys' Clothing.

There's worth and merit to every garment—as well as style. We always tend to that first in buying, prices are secondary.

Boys' 25c Pants 16c.
Cheviots in gray or brown mixed, with strong waist bands, carefully and conscientiously sewn.

Boys' Fedora Hats 48c.
In blacks, browns or tans—stylish. Just like papa's—on a smaller scale. Other folks put them in their 75c class.

Boys' $1 50 Suits 69c.
Half a dozen broken lines of cheviots, union worsteds—not enough of any one to say much of them. They can't last long at this one price—69c.

Boys' Vestee Suits $2.98.
Newest in styles and cloths. If we had nothing to sell but these, we would have to ask $4—as it is—only $2.98.

Flannelette Gowns Are Cheap.

But styles and making are above the ordinary.

Winning values—we planned they should be—we wouldn't have them if they were not. We haven't time to bother with common offers. The men of whom we buy know that. The careful women of Los Angeles are finding it out, too. We wouldn't be so busy if the values were not good. Now a price or two to guide you.

Ladies'

At 48c—Light colors, assorted stripes, Mother Hubbard style, lay down collars, double yoke in back.
At 59c—Light colored stripes and checks, Mother Hubbard, double back yoke, lay down collar.
At 75c—Light colored, neat checks, cuffs and collars of plain colored flannelette, extra length and width.
At 89c—Extra long and wide, square yokes, trimmed with embroidery around collar.
At 98c—White, good quality, heavy wright, plain lay down collars
At 98.—Light colors, variety of stripes, square yokes, trimmed with tucks, braid, ruffles and lace, or plain; extra quality.
At $1.19—Pink or blue plaids, full back and front from neck down, trimmed with finishing braid.
At $1.48—Of pink or blue, allover lace yokes, trimmed with lace flounces.

Children's.

At 89c—Plain Mother Hubbard style, light colors, double yokes in back, all sizes.
At 78c—Mother Hubbard style, trimmed with embroidery, extra good quality, all sizes.
At 48c—Sleeping suits, good quality, extra well made, sizes up to 8 years.

Ladies'

At $1.23—Variety of stripes, tuck and insertion yokes, V shaped or trimmed with embroidered flannelette flounces.

The Prize Articles

In our School Children's contest have been picked out, as the accompanying letter indicates. Miss Mary L. Jones, our esteemed City Librarian, and her assistant, Miss Blanche A. Putnam, very graciously offered their services as judges.

They think that

Charlie Davis, aged 9 years,
Of the Washington School, Raymond Ave., North Pasadena, is entitled to $5—the prize for boys, but he had a close second in LAURENCE A. HILL'S essay on "The Boers."

Melodile Garbutt, aged 10 years,
Of 1249 Westlake Ave., this city, is entitled to $5—the prize for girls.

If these young folks will come to the store, the money is waiting for them. We will shortly print these, as well as a few other good ones.

LOS ANGELES
PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Los Angeles, California, Sept. 28th, 1900

Miss Ruth G. Bettersworth,
Broadway Department Store
Los Angeles, Cal.
Dear Miss Bettersworth;-

Enclosed are the two stories which Miss Putnam and I have concluded deserve the prizes. There were many that were very good and it was not at all easy to make an award. Please say to the children that we wish there had been many prizes as there was some very excellent work given in.

The best boy's story was "Sand Crabs" by Charlie Davis, aged nine years.

The best girl's story was "The Swallow-tail Butterfly" by Melodile Garbutt, aged ten years.

Very sincerely yours,
Mary L. Jones

We're Glad We're Agents for Standard Patterns.

They make many friends for us.

More and more particular women are using them every day. One good thing about them, there's not a bit of waste. The next best patterns must invariably, when used, be taken in at the seams, if the garments by said patterns are to fit. The sizes in Standard Patterns don't run large—you get your size—you get your fit. Now what's the use of bothering with patterns that are continually disappointing? Women of style take Standard Patterns every time—remember that.

Swellest Things in Golf Suitings

At Shrunken Prices.

They are making the biggest hit of the season. But one other house in town approaches us in them—and that's in the higher line.

They have two patterns where we have six. They ask $5 where we ask $4.48. Down from that $4.48 gathering of the smartest clan plaids we will guide you step by step past the brightest and newest colors, past original and striking checks, past the fullest line of the sturdiest qualities, down to even the plainest and commonest—all priced in our own peculiar and unique way.

Not to know our golf suiting achievements is to be ignorant of what style and economy afford.

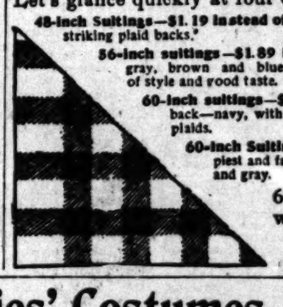
Let's glance quickly at four or five of the newest arrivals:

48-inch Suitings—$1.19 instead of $1.50—In plain shades of black, red, gray, tan, brown, navy or royal, with striking plaid backs.

56-inch suitings—$1.89 instead of $2.00—The face has a stylish, camel's-hair surface, in mixes of gray, brown and blue. The backs are checkered in a clear and striking manner, that smacks of style and good taste.

60-inch suitings—$2.79 instead of $4.50—In black, with black and white plaided back—navy, with red and blue plaids and brown, backed with brown and green plaids.

60-inch Suitings—$4.48 instead of $5.00—The surface is in the snappiest and fanciest bourette weaves you ever saw—mixes of brown, blue and gray. The backs are plaided in exclusive and stunning blocks.



60 feet of window space on Broadway is devoted to showing Golf Suitings. Don't be down town without seeing them.

Ladies' Costumes, Golf Capes, Walking Skirts.

Los Angeles never saw such easy prices---such snappy styles.

Broadway energy and thrift has wrought wonders in Ladies' Fall Wraps. There's a tone about the garments, a vigor about the style and an originality to the price, that's doing much to dispel that old, staid idea, that elegance and high prices go together. We are not depending on our Ladies' wraps for a living. If we did, we'd have to ask more—catch the drift? Careful thinking women should weigh carefully, these statements and the merits of the garments that are back of them.

Ladies' Suits—Of all wool homespun, single breasted, fly front jacket, edge finished with black velvet piping, velvet collar, lined throughout with silk serge; skirt cut with circular flounce and trimmed with velvet piping to match jacket; new inverted plait back **$14.98**

Ladies' Suits—Of good quality covert, in brown and castor, new double breasted jacket, rolling collar, lined with silk serge, skirt cut in the latest French shape, flaring at the bottom **$16.89**

Ladies' Suits—Of Venetian cloth, in castor, navy and black, 18-inch double breasted jacket, tailor stitched revers, appliqued with panne velvet, skirt cut with wide flaring bottom and tailor stitched seams; suit lined throughout with good quality taffeta silk **$22.89**

Ladies' Suits—Of broadcloth, double breasted jacket, tailor stitched, skirt cut in the latest shape, with circular flounce, lapels of jacket and skirt trimmed with bands of stitched satin. Entire suit lined with taffeta silk **$32.75**

Golf Capes—Of plaid back steamer rugs, 30 inches long, and made with plaid yoke and front, fastened with frog and trimmed with fringe of self material **$4.98**

Golf Capes—Made of good, heavy golf rugs, plaid backs, 30 inches long, 8-inch hood, plaid outside, full sweep with flounce, come in all shades **$6.48**

Golf Capes—Of fine, soft finished golf rug, cut with yoke and flounce and trimmed with self fringe, some have hoods; they come in bright, catchy plaids **$9.95**

Golf Capes—Of finest quality Scotch Golf Rug, 30-in. long 12-in. top cape, full sweep, plaid outside, trimmed with bands of navy kersey, tailor stitched, top cape and bottom edge finished with shawl fringe to match, all sh'ds **$12.48**

Golf Skirts—Of all wool Homespuns, in castor, black and three shades of gray, inverted back, lined throughout, with 8 rows scalloped tailor stitching **$3.98**

Golf Skirts—Made of nine thread wool, double faced golf cloth, new inverted back, finished around the bottom with 8 rows of tailor stitching; come in medium and dark gray **$2.89**

Golf Skirts—Of soft finish Golf Cloth, double faced, plaid backed, extra heavy, cut with new flare, inverted back and finished around the bottom with 13 rows of tailor stitching—some have chatelaine pockets. Come in castor, blue, black, and three shades of gray. **$4.95**

Men's Silk-Finish 25c Lisle Half-Hose 19c

In shades of solid red and blue, with high spliced heels and toes; a splendid 25c quality. We bought them so that you can have them while they last—19c.

Men's 89c Wool Sweaters 49c.

Union wool, heavily ribbed—the collar is the rolling kind, the colors are navy and black. Every one considers it a good value at 89c. Take them Monday for 49c.

Men's Regular $1 Golf Shirts 73c.

Made from good quality of garner's percale, in nobby, catchy stripes. They fit perfectly, they are made right. You get two collars extra—all for 73c.

Men's Four Ply Linen Collars, Monday 4c.

All the late shapes. If you would buy from regular stock you would pay 12½c, but because a size or two is gone—choose from them while they last Monday, 4c.

Buy Art Squares Now

Prices are purposely lower than any place else.

We want you to know, we sell the lowest—not in a jerky way, but continually—systematically. It's the mortar that holds the stones of this business building together. If we forget that, and in our enthusiasm, ask more than others, we shall expect this building to crumble to the dust.

For instance, take art squares—judge us by them. They are but a fraction of the merchandise here—a brick in the wall. If prices there are weak the whole structure is weak.

Art Squares—Of cotton ingrain, in assorted patterns, border to match, good heavy fringe, size 3x3, well made and fast colors; your choice **$4.00**

Art Squares—Of cotton ingrain, assorted borders and come in all colors and styles; reduced for special selling to **$5.50**

Art Squares—All wool, sizes 3x2½, with fancy 18-inch border, fringe to match; yours Friday at **$5.00**

Art Squares—Of cotton ingrain, 18-inch border to match, comes in all colors and styles, size 3x3¼, an exceptional value; take them while they last at **$4.50**

Art Squares—Of all wool, sizes 3x3. They are in blue, red, green, gray, tan and brown, border to match; your choice at **$6.00**

Art Squares—Of all wool, fancy patterns, and are in all the latest color effects; priced for * day's selling at **$7.00**

Plain, All-Silk Taffeta Ribbons---Half Price.

We don't know when this will happen again.

We had thought there wouldn't be enough left to talk about again. Enough women didn't know of it—or if they did, didn't want to come out in the hot sun yesterday.

At any rate **there's Plenty Here for Another Day's Selling.**

And you couldn't buy prettier or more perfect Taffeta Ribbons at the ribbon counter from regular stocks at full prices, than you can get tomorrow **at close to Half Price.** The colors are all good—just what you want. The widths are 1 to 5 inches and grouped into three lots—thus:

5c For Taffetas worth 8c and 10c—Plain, all silk—1 and 1¼ inches wide.

10c For Taffetas worth 12½c to 25c—Plain, all silk, in 4 widths, from 1½ to 3 in.

15c For Taffetas worth 25c to 35c—Plain, all silk—four widths, from 3½ to 5 in.

The Busy Corner---Fourth and Broadway.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—IN THE OFFICES AND COURTS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Police Commission met yesterday and approved the pay roll of the department. Some of the commissioners are incensed because they think the action of the Mayor in holding the ordinance was a reflection upon the members of the board.

The chain gang will begin tomorrow to clear the river bed of brush and undergrowth in anticipation of a wet winter, by order of the Council.

The Los Alamitos Sugar Company began suit yesterday against Jotham Bixby and Thomas Flint to obtain judgment for specific performance of contract or for damages in the sum of $1,000,000.

Adelbert Hotchkiss of Santa Monica was sentenced to Folsom for five years yesterday.

The total registration of voters in the county is 43,190.

The High School teachers of the city and county conferred with Superintendent Strine yesterday.

The Supreme Court has settled the long-time controversy over a land site between the Escondido High School and the Escondido Seminary of the University of Southern California, in favor of the former.

Alexander Ross, accused of rape, was acquitted by his jury yesterday, after a deliberation of over six hours.

A negro dude was sent to jail by the Police Court yesterday for pressing his attentions too earnestly on a Darktown belle.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

RUMORS STILL ARE FLYING.

Commissioners Feel Hurt Because the Mayor Held the Ordinance.

The main topic of conversation in the corridors and offices of the "Temple of Justice"—Judge Ling's synonym for the City Hall—continues to be the stand taken by the Mayor with reference to the rumors of bribery in connection with the appointment of eleven new policemen last Tuesday.

As far as can be ascertained, no new evidence of the use of boodle has been obtained by the Mayor, and the indefinite charges of crooked dealing still rest on a vague foundation.

Mayor Eaton sticks to his determination not to sign the ordinance until abundant opportunity has been given to investigate these floating rumors. The members of the commission are highly incensed at the Mayor's action which they interpret as a reflection upon them. They contend that it was not the province of the chief executive to pick up idle rumors regarding so serious a matter and place an interpretation on them which must reflect on the members of the board.

Mayor Eaton denies that he ever had any intention of casting reflections on his associates in the commission. Rumors that bribery had been used came to him and he thought it his duty as the head of the city government, sworn to protect its best interests, to take such action as would conduce to the discovery of "boodling," if such means had been used in procuring positions on the police force.

It is a well-known fact that the members of the Council practically dictated the appointments, and they as well as the members of the commission may have been implicated in the rumors that have reached the ears of the Mayor, especially the members of the celebrated "high five" who were instrumental in naming the present Police Commission. Those members of the Council who succeeded in getting their men on the force are offended at the action of the Mayor, while those who did not are hopeful that the former action of the board will not be ratified, but that their candidates for the positions will be given a chance.

A movement is on foot to interest the commission in the case of C. E. Dixon, one of the regular specials, who was overlooked by the board when the appointments were made. By some it is asserted that the selections were made solely on a basis of merit, while others say that Mr. Dixon was not chosen because he had no "pull." He has been working as a special longer than some of the men who were chosen, but it is said that because he was not in a position to exert much political influence in the coming campaign he was dropped for a man with less experience.

The Police Commission held a brief session yesterday afternoon to approve the pay roll of the department for September. The pay roll of the regulars amounted to $7704.08; the expense of the chain gang amounted to $527.09, and requisitions aggregating $847.18 were passed to pay the salaries of "specials." The total cost to the city in salaries of the department for September was $9078.35.

READY FOR RAIN.

RIVER BED TO BE CLEARED.

The chain gang will begin work tomorrow morning clearing the river-bed of the willows, brush and other undergrowth that now litter the channel. At the last session of the Council the work was ordered done, so that in case of heavy rains the danger of washouts would be minimized.

For several years no attempt has been made to clear the channel of the brush and driftwood, and much loose material has collected in the river bed. In case of a flood this driftwood would be a menace to the bridges across the river, as it would catch against the stone piers and the piling, bringing a big pressure to bear against the structures.

The little trickling rivulet, scarcely a hand's breadth across, seems so small and inconsequential that eastern people who have only lived in Los Angeles during dry years, smile incredulously when told that it can become a raging river. Now, at the end of the third dry season, the river bottom is filled with sand pits, and with deposits of cans, and looks as though no water had ever flowed over some parts of the channel. But such is not the case. Twice since 1856 the river has risen until it flooded the basements of wholesale stores on Alameda and Los Angeles streets. Once several bridges were washed away. The flood never lasted more than a few hours, however, the water receding as rapidly as it had risen.

The City Fathers have thought it wise to prepare the channel for a possible heavy downpour, in case Jupiter Pluvius consents to weep copiously this fall, and so the chain gang will begin the work tomorrow.

Collecting the Taxes

Taxes are being paid more promptly this year than usual. Last night, at the end of the first week, the collections amounted to $8246.40. The early payment is in part due to an innovation introduced by Tax Collector White. Bills were sent out to those property owners whose addresses could be found, informing them just what was the amount of the first half of their city taxes. The first half of the city taxes will be delinquent November 26, the second half, April 24, 1901.

The tax on the railways as adjusted by the State Board of Equalization upon rails, roadbed and proportionate amount of rolling stock inside the city limits is as follows: Southern Pacific, valued at $194,376; taxed, $2475.68; Southern California Railway, valued at $16,940; taxed, $185.58.

New Park Animals.

The park department has just purchased for exhibition in the parks two pairs of hystricoidean cavildae. These animals—for animals they are—are not the large and ferocious beasts that the name might imply. Instead, they are a species of the rodent family, and in appearance look much like a cross between a rabbit and a guinea pig. They have long hair, are supposed to be indigenous to Chile, South America. They were first exhibited at the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893. A lady subsequently procured some from Europe, and eventually a few specimens have found their way into the city's park department. They have long hair, and are said to make excellent household pets.

[AT THE COURTHOUSE.]

DAMAGE SUIT FOR A MILLION.

Los Alamitos Sugar Company Wants Right of Way Along Coyote Creek.

The Los Alamitos Sugar Company began suit in the Superior Court of this county yesterday against Jotham Bixby of Long Beach and Thomas Flint of San Juan, San Benito county, asking the specific performance of a certain contract or judgment for damages in the sum of $1,000,000.

The action grows out of a contract entered into on June 10, 1896, between the defendants and one Llewellyn Bixby, now deceased, as parties of the first part, and W. A. Clark, the Butte (Mont.,) mining and railroad magnate, and his brother, J. Ross Clark of Los Angeles, as parties of the second part, whereby the latter agreed to build the Alamitos sugar factory, near Long Beach, in consideration of a certain handsome bonus.

The Bixbys in the contract and Thomas Flint owned a tract of land south of Los Angeles, close to the Pacific Ocean, comprising 6700 acres of land, situated partly in this county and partly in Orange county. For many years it had been their fond hope to interest capital in building a sugar factory on their lands, when finally the Clarks took hold of the proposition and were given a bonus of 1000 acres—forty acres for a site, together with a right of way from the factory to Coyote Creek, and thence along its course to the ocean, about four miles distant, and 960 acres of good beet land in tracts of not less than ten acres.

It is this right of way along Coyote Creek that is the basis of the present big damage suit.

As soon as the contract was signed up, the Clarks immediately, organized the Alamitos Sugar Company, and to its corporation the thousand acres of bonus land were conveyed, and during the years of 1896 and 1897 a factory was erected capable of working at least 300 tons of beets per day into sugar. During the following year the factory was doubled, the total cost of the plant as it now stands being $1,000,000.

To run this factory a vast amount of water is necessary, and a way must be provided to carry away both water and waste. The only feasible method of drainage there is the use of Coyote Creek. But the greater part of this Creek flows through lands belonging to Mrs. J. W. Bixby and two children named Fred H. and Susan P.

When the defendants in the present action made their contract with the Clarks, they agreed to procure from Mrs. Bixby a right of way for the factory's waste water and refuse drain through her lands. This, it is now alleged, they have wholly failed to do, and, although the waste from the factory has continued to reach the ocean through Coyote Creek from the very beginning, it has gone on since 1898 against the vigorous protest of Mrs. Bixby and the other owners of the land, who now have brought suit in this Superior Court to enjoin the plaintiff Alamitos Sugar Company from the further use of the creek, claiming large sums as damages for the past use of it.

If Mrs. Bixby wins, says the plaintiff now, the value of its sugar factory investments will be totally destroyed, wherefore suit is brought to recover from the defendants either a specific performance of the original contract with reference to the Coyote Creek right of way or million-dollar damages.

UNIVERSITY LOSES.

TITLE TO LAND QUIETED.

The Supreme Court has at last settled the dispute of long standing between the Escondido High School and the Escondido Seminary of the University of Southern California. The controversy was over land, and the University of Southern California loses.

Action was brought to quiet title to block 340 in the city of Escondido, San Diego county. The Superior Court of that county gave judgment in favor of the High School, which is now affirmed by the State's highest tribunal. There were numerous defendants to the suit, but the appeal was prosecuted by the regents of the Escondido Seminary and by the University of Southern California.

Both plaintiff and defendants claimed title through a common source—the Escondido Land and Town Company, whose former ownership all parties conceded.

The entire Supreme Court sat in bank to consider the intricacies of the case, but the concurring opinion of Justice Temple was arrived at from different premises than those considered by his colleagues.

He says in part:

"I concur in the judgment solely on the ground that, in my opinion, the Escondido Seminary of the University of Southern California was never the owner of the property and has no interest in this controversy. All parties derive title from the Escondido Land and Town Company, which conveyed many lots and blocks by number to certain trustees. Block 340, the property involved here, was not thus conveyed, nor was it mentioned in the granting portion of the deed."

TEACHERS MEET.

COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL MATTERS.

The meeting of the city and county high school teachers at the office of the County Superintendent's office in the Courthouse yesterday was called to order by Superintendent Strine. Prof. Graham of Pasadena was elected chairman, and J. H. Francis of the Los Angeles High School, secretary.

The object of the meeting was to consider the work of the high school section at the coming teachers' institute to be held just prior to Christmas. Many plans were suggested and adopted. Prof. McPherson of the Los Angeles High School was elected president of the section; Miss Sara L. Dole of Azusa, vice-president; Miss M. Nina Martin of Covina, secretary.

The following teachers attended the meeting yesterday: J. A. Foshay, J. M. McPherson, W. H. Housh, J. H. Francis, Lyman Gregory, Los Angeles; Frank H. Hyatt, Pomona; M. Nina Martin, Covina; C. J. D. Moore, P. B. Smith, Santa Monica; J. T. Anderson, Isabel E. Owens, Long Beach; Mary Peter, Roy D. Ely, Pasadena; Sara L. Dole, Azusa; Allen B. Martin, Alhambra; T. H. Kirk, Monrovia; W. P. Shull, Whittier.

INCORPORATIONS.

THREE COMPANIES YESTERDAY.

The Harmonia White Oil Company incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $1,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares, of which amount $347,000 has been subscribed. Los Angeles will be the company's principal place of business. The directors are J. G. Evans, G. W. Morgan, G. L. Dennison, W. W. Tinker and Stephen A. Rendall, all of Los Angeles.

The Carse Technic Publishing Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $10,000, divided into 10,000 shares, of which amount $1500 has been subscribed. The directors are H. E. Carse, W. B. Scott, Charles Astley, C. E. Pemberton and L. R. Garrett, all of Los Angeles. Carse and Scott own the most of the stock. The object of the corporation is to own, print and deal in books, manuscripts, musical pieces, compositions, treatises and articles of any and all kinds.

The Lusk Cab Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, has incorporated with a capital stock of $10,000, fully subscribed. The directors are Norman K. Lusk, William F. Lusk, Mary C. Lusk, Frank W. Chase and D. Gager Peck, all of Los Angeles.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ROBBERY CASE. An information was filed in the criminal court yesterday, charging George Trumbull and James Heffner with robbery. It is alleged that the defendants robbed an old soldier, William E. Eviston, of a purse containing $4, on the night of the 14th inst. They will be arraigned tomorrow morning.

TWINS' ESTATE. Anna L. Armstrong asks to be appointed guardian of the persons and estates of her twin sons, Clarence and Maurice, who are to come into a third interest each in two policies of insurance for $1000 and $850.

GIVEN FIVE YEARS. Adelbert Hotchkiss of Santa Monica was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary at Folsom by Judge Smith yesterday, on a plea of guilty to an attempt to rape Leona J. Clark, aged 8, on the 2d inst. Hotchkiss is 19 years old. He says he was kicked out of home by his stepfather years ago, and has had to rustle for himself.

MIND OUT OF GEAR. Horatio Hamilton pleaded not guilty yesterday to a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. Hamilton for years has been a miner at Lang, in this county, and all his neighbors believe him to be mentally unbalanced. The District Attorney's office is of the same opinion. Hamilton believes that he is owner of thousands of acres of valuable mineral land about his home, and ever stands ready to defend it against intruders. His also has peculiar ideas about hypnotism. His trial is set down for October 29. Meantime a jury will pass upon his sanity.

JOHNSON ESTATE. George C. Johnson asks to be appointed administrator of the $1683 estate of his late mother, Emily R. Johnson, who died on the 9th inst., at Ev[illegible]. Her heirs are a son and a daughter.

BONDSMEN SUED. C. G. Kellogg, Public Administrator, who holds special letters of administration in the estate of William McDermott, deceased, is suing Carrie McDermott, the surviving widow, and her surety as special administratrix up till June of this year, for $1194.13. This money, it is alleged, is owing the present special administrator by Mrs. McDermott, to whom it was paid when she held the reins of the estate. McDermott in his lifetime was proprietor of the Fashion stables on East First street of this city. After his death, his widow attempted to conduct the business, without success. The estate dwindled away, and now she is penniless. She was formerly an actress.

SALOON-KEEPER FINED. Peter Ruhl was fined $10 by Justice James yesterday for conducting a retail saloon business at Inglewood without a license.

LUCKY TEACHERS. The County Board of Education has issued High School diplomas to Marion Delaney and Alice M. Colt, and a grammar-grade certificate to Mary B. Mitchell. Minnie S. Baxter, Annie Reynolds, Elizabeth Nifles, J. P. Thurston and E. T. Ingham have been recommended to the State Board of Education for life diplomas.

DEPUTY PASSES AWAY. News reached County Superintendent Strine yesterday afternoon that his deputy book-keeper, T. J. Matlock, had died at 12:30 p.m., after a protracted illness. Mr. Matlock had been in the office for almost two years. His home is at No. 434 East Fifteenth street.

WANT THEIR COMMISSION. C. P. de Yoe and A. F. Morton, money and real estate brokers, sued Mrs. C. M. Gray yesterday to recover $960, alleged to be due as commission on a $36,000 loan, negotiated at defendant's instance, but which she is said to have refused to accept at the last moment.

FORBES PROPERTY. Charles D. Forbes asks to be appointed administrator of the $10,000 estate of his late father, Charles H. Forbes, who died on the 25th inst., at his home on Thirty-sixth street in this city. Besides property in this and San Diego county, he owned the big Cucamonga ranch in San Bernardino county. The Forbes heirs are twelve children.

ROSS NOT GUILTY. Alexander Ross, the sixteen-year-old boy, charged with criminally assaulting a three-and-a-half-years-old babe of Santa Monica last June, was acquitted by a jury yesterday, after over six hours of deliberation.

THE NEW LAMP FOR THE HOUSE.

R. C. Rees, 115 North Main street, has just what you want to make home, office and store cheerful; genuine Welsbach burners and other makes; assortment of gas mantles, chimneys, shades, etc. The celebrated Edmiston lamp chimney and glass cleaners; being the pioneer agent and dealer in gasoline lamps in California, will handle only the best and most economical gasoline lamp in the market. Lamps are guaranteed when instruction is followed. Gas burners and mantels are placed on chandeliers or other gas lamps, if desired. Telephone 1423.

BURNED TO A CRISP

in an old-fashioned out-of-date cooking utensil food that should have been cooked in an aluminum pan. It don't scratch, and it don't rust. Let us show them to you. Pittsburg Aluminum Co., 312 S. Spring street.

[POLICE AND JUSTICE COURTS.]

JOHNSON'S LOVE AFFAIR.

His Ardor Cooled by Sixty Days—A Misapplied Token—Melange.

The next time Will Johnson, a tall, slim, ebony-colored dude, wants to visit his displeasure on a Darktown belle on account of her disinclination to continue social relations with him, he will probably confide his intentions to the man in the moon. Last Thursday he took Maud Brooks into his confidence, after arming himself with a revolver, and Maud passed the secret on to a blue-coated minion of the law, who locked Mr. Johnson up.

The trouble occurred over a comely mulatto girl with straight, raven locks, named Julia Douglas. They were in Simpson's colored dive on Los Angeles street. Johnson wanted Julia to live with him, but she spurned the proposition. Johnson coaxed. In fact, he waxed so eloquent that the girl's shirt-waist was nearly torn from her body. He attempted to drag her down stairs and off to his room, but was forced to desist.

Johnson, Julia and Maud occupied apartments in a lodging-house at the corner of Los Angeles and Commercial streets. Johnson went to his room alone, disheartened, with resentment gnawing at his heart strings. Julia sent Maud after a cape to cover her torn shirt waist, and while on this errand Maud saw Johnson arm himself with a revolver. He asserted, so she alleged, that he was going to "kill that d—— wench when she came down stairs."

Maud returned to the club with the cape and informed Julia and others of the fate in store for her, while Johnson waited at the foot of the stairs for her coming. He was induced to forego his intention of ushering his inamorata into the spirit world, and all started toward Commercial street to their rooms. On the way they met a policeman. Maud told the officer that Johnson had a gun. Johnson ran into a grocery store and attempted to conceal the weapon in a pile of boxes, but the preserver of the public peace was too quick for him. The policeman got the gun. Johnson got the ha-ha from the girls, and a ride in the hurry-up wagon.

Yesterday he assured Justice Austin that he "nevah said nuffin' 'bout killin' dat gal, nohow. Wuz goin' to leave town, sah! I jes' kinder put dat gun in mah pocket. Nevah intended to do no harm wiv it, 'deed I didn't."

"Sixty dollars or sixty days," said His Honor. Mr. Johnson gasped for breath, and even Julia turned a shade whiter.

CONGRATULATIONS.

ALTOGETHER TOO HEARTY.

"He said it was a token of congratulation because I was earning my own living," said Josephine Boles in the Police Court yesterday afternoon, as she cast a withering look of scorn at John Elliott.

Elliott was in the drunk row. He looked sorry enough, but his contrition didn't set in until after the policeman got him Friday afternoon. Josephine Boles makes sleeveletts and sells them for a living. She was displaying her wares to a prospective customer on South Main street when Elliott staggered along and gave her a resounding whack on the back of the head. "He struck me just as hard as he could," she said, when explaining on the witness stand. "No, I never saw the man before," [illegible]

"Elliott," said the court, sternly, "were you not up here last Thursday?"

"Y-e-s, y'roner."

"And also two weeks ago?"

"B'lieve I was, y'roner," and the prisoner looked appealingly at the wall, as if he expected it to shield him from the wrath of the court.

"Fifteen dollars or fifteen days. Yes, I know you're a poor, working man, but you must learn to behave yourself."

MELANGE.

BIG AND LITTLE OFFENDERS.

ARRAIGNED, W. R. Brice, the plumber who slashed Fred Christiansen, a barkeeper at the Original Mug saloon, in the face with a sharp pocket knife, nearly severing the jugular vein, was arraigned before Justice Austin on the charge of assault to commit murder. His preliminary examination was set for Tuesday at 2 p.m., and in default of $3000 bail he was remanded to jail.

BABY BROOKS. E. O. Brooks, who left his two-year-old son with Mrs. A. Wilson, No. 819 Kohler street, and decamped, was found guilty of failing to provide for his minor child. Justice Austin will impose sentence at 9:30 a.m. tomorrow.

RODE ON A SIDEWALK. Little Linn Prentice, a newspaper carrier, rode his bicycle on the sidewalk. On account of his youth and other mitigating circumstances he was let off with a fine of $1.

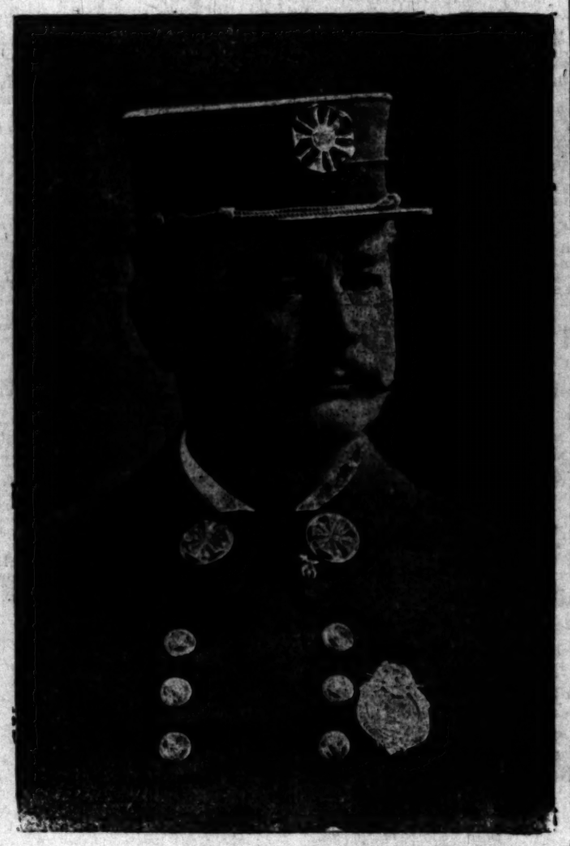
RUSSEL HELD. Hilliard Russel, the champion colored "alibi artist" of Los Angeles, was examined before Justice Morgan on the charge of perjury and held to answer to the Superior Court. The charge grew out of Russel's testimony when he was on trial before Justice Austin a short time ago on a petty larceny complaint.

CUT A TREE. Clarence Messenger, a lineman in the employ of the Los Angeles Lighting Company, was convicted of a misdemeanor in cutting the top out of a tree on South Figueroa street, the complaining witness being N. Bonfilio. Justice Morgan fined him $10.

BEAT A MULE. In the same court a similar sentence was imposed on Ed. Nusser for cruelty to animals. Nusser disciplined an alleged refractory mule with a heavy piece of sheathing. J. F. Henderson, a citizen, objected to the method and swore to a complaint against him. He attempted to convince the court that his treatment was the proper caper in muledom, but His honor failed to view the matter in the same light.

FRICK'S FUN. It cost W. A. Frick $25 yesterday in Justice Morgan's court for the fun he had in battering the countenance of W. H. Clark about ten days ago in the office of an attorney in the Bullard Block. The two were on opposite sides of a case in the Superior Court, and depositions were being taken, but the proceeding broke up in a row by the more or less emphatic expression of personal opinions.

HOW FIREMEN GO TO SCHOOL.



THE FIREMEN'S SCHOOLMASTER—CHIEF STROHM.

WHAT the awkward squad is to the soldier "rocky," the 5 o'clock morning drill of the fire department is to the new recruits among the fire laddies. Many of the elements that go to make up a successful fireman are inherent, and the drill serves to bring out the qualities so that they can serve their best uses in time of their need. There is no fixed date for the drill, but each week one morning is designated by Chief Strohm for each engine-house crew.

The hour is 5 o'clock, so set because the streets are generally free from the traffic which comes later in the day. The engines and ladders are run out, and practice work is given in handling the different apparatus. The most difficult, and therefore the most interesting, is the ladder work. There are two extension ladders in the department which are, when extended, respectively eighty-five feet and seventy-five feet high. These are used for throwing water into fourth-story windows and for rescue work when necessary. It is no small trick to get up eighty-five feet in the air in the twinkling of an eye, and the chap who smokes cigarettes or has been in the habit of keeping unseemly hours is apt to feel a bit giddy on his first ascension. A clear head and a healthy heart action are the essentials to a good fireman. And both are needed in the ladder work perhaps more than elsewhere.

Besides, the drill with the ladders, the men are taught to work the hose. Probably a hundred new men are broken in every year, and these have to be taught how to handle the big hose and the discipline of the service drilled into their minds. A four-inch hose propelling a stream of water up to a dizzy height is an unruly element when it gets beyond control. The serpents of the fireworks' displays are puny things compared to the squirming and twisting that ensues when the hose gets beyond control. Hence, the new men are shown the proper method of handling. Life-saving apparatus is not a part of the local fire department's equipment, principally on account of the scarcity of sky-scrapers. The extension ladders are sufficient for all necessary purposes, and the blanket and net for catching threatened victims are not needed. Instruction is given in method of preventing suffocation, carrying out unconscious people and meeting the many emergencies that arise in the routine of a fireman's life.

100 CARDS, 50 CENTS

with an engraved aluminum case at the Pittsburg Aluminum Co., 312 S. Spring street.

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STEAMER GOES DOWN.

Forty-five Persons Perish in a Collision of Vessels Off the Coast of Japan.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

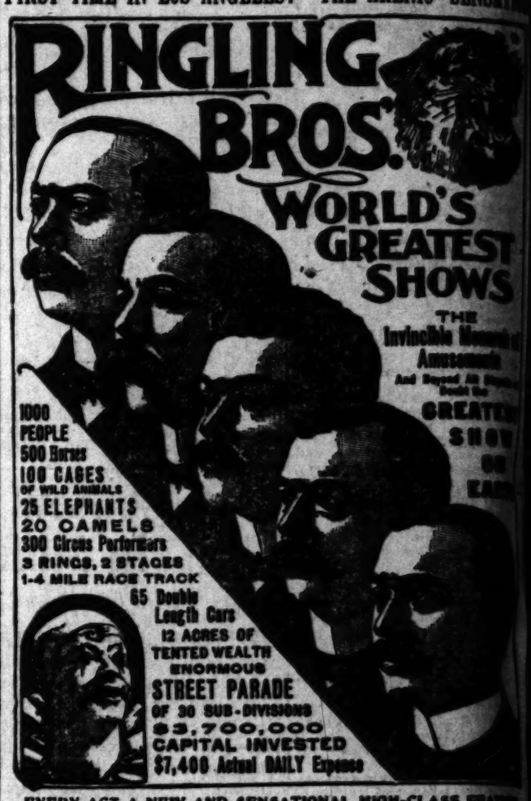
NAGASAKI, Sept. 29.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Norwegian steamer Calanda and the Japanese steamer Iwo Shima are reported to have been in collision off Iwo Shima. The Calanda was sunk and forty-five of her passengers and crew were drowned. The Iwo Shima put in at Iwo Shima.

The Calanda was a vessel of [illegible] register. She was last reported [illegible] ing arrived at Nagasaki August [illegible] Kure.

ENGLISH literature [illegible] Los Angeles School of [illegible]

FIRST TIME IN LOS ANGELES! THE ARENIC SENSATION

RINGLING BROS. WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS



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25 ELEPHANTS
20 CAMELS
300 Circus Performers
3 RINGS, 2 STAGES
1-4 MILE RACE TRACK
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12 ACRES OF TENTED WEALTH
ENORMOUS STREET PARADE
OF 30 SUB-DIVISIONS
$3,700,000 CAPITAL INVESTED
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MAJESTIC, IMPOSING, IDEAL PATRIOTIC SPECTACLE

LAST DAYS OF THIS CENTURY THE LIGHT OF LIBERTY —OR— Over 1000 Characters and Hundreds of Horses in the Cast.

ONLY EXHIBITION IN THE WORLD PRESENTING

JOHN O'BRIEN'S FAMOUS EQUINE SHOW. THE 61-HORSE ACT 61 Fine Real Horses One Ring, Stage and Track Performed by All

Souder's Wonderful Funny Elephant Brass Band A 25-TON [illegible] The Heaviest [illegible]

Lockhart's Famous Aerobatic Dancing and Pony Actors Elephant Comedians

BIG NEW FREE STREET PARADE IN 30 SECTIONS Tuesday Morning, Oct. 9, at 10 o'clock.

One 50c Ticket Admits to Everything | Children Under 12 Years, Half Price. | SPECIAL CHEAP EXCURSIONS [illegible]

The Acknowledged Greatest Show on Earth

Will Exhibit at

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Exhibition Grounds, Grand Avenue and Washington Street

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CURES MEN! CURES WOMEN!

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

HAS RESTORED HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THOUSANDS OF WEAK MEN AND WOMEN.

If used as I direct, it is a positive cure and cannot fail. It gives the vitalizing electricity, without burning or blistering, to every weakened part, developing full power and vigor. It removes all the effects of dissipations forever. I want every weak man and woman who should be, to use my Belt, and when he is cured, tell his friends of its wonderful effects. My Belt is an absolute remedy for Nervous Debility, Backache, Rheumatism, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Bladder Troubles. It is arranged for women as well as men, and cures female weakness. "I know what it will do, and can guarantee it to cure any man who will ensure me can have my Belt, and if it does not cure him he need not pay me. If any other concern treat you as fairly? Has any other man as much confidence in his remedy? Is this fair? Isn't it the test of the truth of my claims?

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441 S. Hill Street.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 4, 1900.

Dr. M. A. McLaughlin—Dear Sir: I find since using your Belt I am much better. It has cured my bladder trouble, and greatly benefited the action of my kidneys. I am glad that I have found one thing there is merit in, and will always praise your Belt. Respectfully yours, [illegible]

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Dr. M. A. McLaughlin—Dear Sir: Your Electric Belt has indeed relieved me very much. It has strengthened my nerves, my system and greatly benefited my kidneys. I strongly advise the use of your Belt for all nervous weakness or kidney trouble, for it has done all you claim it would in my case. Yours truly, HENRY HEWS, Starrett Block.

If you are weak, if you have Varicocele, Lame Back, Rheumatism, Weak Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Blood-poisoning, Physical Decline, Loss of Energy and Ambition, or any symptoms of breaking down of the physical or nervous system, COME AND SEE ME. IF YOU CAN'T CALL, WRITE FOR MY BOOK AND SYMPTOM BLANK. BOTH ARE SENT FREE.

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, SEPTEMBER 30, 1900.
THE ARENIC SENSATION
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GREATEST
SHOWS
THE
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Amusements
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GREATEST
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ON
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ays, Oct. 9-10
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-seven cities are the same as ours
RES WOMEN
Electric Belt
THOUSANDS OF WEAK MEN
It gives the vitalizing power of
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ery weak man who is in the
the dreads of the future
prepared for women as well as men,
and can cure where all others fail.
ve cure him he need not pay for it.
ay cannot be as much certain is
of my claims.
ELT WILL DO.
's Disease and Weakness.
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15, 1900.
A. McLaughlin, Dear Sir: The
belt has indeed relieved me very
It has strengthened my nerves
especially benefited the seat of
It is the most wonderful thing
ever saw. Yours truly,
J. H. [illegible]
West Second Street,
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cal Institute.
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CALIFORNIA.
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Sine was last reported as hav-
d at Nagasaki August 9 from

MILITARY TOPICS.

Articles of Present Interest on Current Army and Navy Subjects.

[COMPILED FOR THE TIMES BY A VETERAN OFFICER.]

"AUTOS" FOR ARMY USE.

ALTHOUGH, according to latest reports, the French army is not in reality what it appears on paper to be, it is never behindhand in adopting novel features which will add to its efficiency. For instance, at the Charleon maneuvers, held this month, automobiles were used entirely for conveying the general staff in lieu of horses as heretofore.

Owing to the fact that the officers are not all expert automobilists, arrangements were made with the best amateur conductors to steer and manipulate the vehicle. The general superintendent of these tests tested with Mr. Aucurn, and it will depend very much upon the results of the experiments there made to what extent the "auto" will supplant the horse for many military purposes. The twelve-horse power machine of M. Brimon was used by Gen. Jamont and that of M. Herault having the same capacity, by Gen. Delange. The two twenty-four-horse power machines of Antony and Girardot were utilized by other generals.

From the tone of the authorities and the extent of inquiries made by them among automobile builders, it is evident that wholesale changes are expected in the equipment of the French army should the experiments at Charleon prove satisfactory.

To what extent this may mean the passing of the army horse can only be conjectured. It has been argued that when once the automobile became damaged the unlucky occupant would have to walk. This is not worse than would be the case if the horse were injured, and as a matter of fact, not as bad, because a "mobe" is very much more easily patched up than a horse.

Then the question of forage, one of the most difficult for an invading army to solve, because the carrying of it is so awkward, is entirely eliminated.

The greatest difficulty that would be experienced in the substitution of machines for horses would be in cases where the troops were compelled to leave the ordinary routes of travel and enter a rough country. Then the difficulty in the way of using the "auto" would become very great. But, of course, it has not been thought for a moment that the automobile corps, or the use of automobiles for many purposes would lead to the abolishing of infantry and cavalry entirely.

The army automobile will be a very different affair to the one at present in use. It will be made in sections which can easily be put together or taken apart and mended whenever one section is damaged. There will, of course, be various kinds of them and compressed air is favored for propulsion as it is not liable to explode from the bursting of a shell should the machine be hit, which would be the case were gasoline or petroleum used.

Some of these "mobes" will undoubtedly be armored at least heavily enough to stand rifle fire, and in this respect they will supply a vastly more mobile and useful service than does the armored train.

There is no doubt that each of the great powers is experimenting more or less with the machines as it is positive that they will ultimately enter very largely into the field service of European armies, owing to their great speed capabilities, imperviousness to fatigue, and need of less impediments in the way of supplies.—[Adolph Bressen in Columbus Dispatch.

FIXED OR LOOSE AMMUNITION.

Although the Board of Ordnance and Fortifications has recommended the adoption by the army of fixed ammunition for field guns, the ordnance department is compiling for argument an immense quantity of data favoring loose ammunition. The majority of officers of the artillery are undoubtedly in favor of fixed ammunition, but the opinion is not unanimous. The report recently rendered by Capt. Van Deusen on the operations of the mountain guns in the Philippine Islands, which was printed in the Army and Navy Journal, furnishes a strong argument for fixed ammunition. It was shown by Capt. Van Deusen how much ammunition, already loaded, could stand from exposure and wet. On one occasion, it will be remembered, the ammunition for his battery fell off the back of a pony into the water and was recovered without the slightest damage being done to a single cartridge. During the entire campaign with the mountain guns there was not recorded a single failure on the part of a cartridge. It can be readily seen that if loose ammunition had been used in this campaign the results would have been far different.

The experiences of foreign powers—as has been pointed out by Gen. Miles—has led many of them to adopt fixed ammunition. The recent war in South Africa, for instance, has clearly demonstrated to the English the great advantages of this kind of ammunition over that known as loose. England, however, unlike this country, has not waited for its ordnance department to invent a fuse for the shell, but has employed Swiss engineers to adapt a Krupp, or German, fuse to an English cartridge. The English Ordnance Department, it may be said, represents, as in this country, the conservative element, and the same controversy is now going on there as here over the final adoption of fixed ammunition over the loose. The artillerists recommend fixed and the ordnance department loose.

One of the great advantages of fixed ammunition is that gained by the method of loading. Each cartridge is tested with the same pressure and under the same atmospheric condition. This naturally gives a uniformity of range not obtained with loose ammunition where it is impossible each time to give the powder the same pressure when loading. An example of the disadvantages of loose ammunition may be taken from an experience which happened at Fort Hunt during a visit to that post by former Secretary Alger. A 38-inch gun was tested at the time and in the hurry of loading the crew placed the powder bag in so that the choke was at the back, and it was hence impossible for the charge to explode when the fuse was ignited. The choke of the bag burned and there was considerable time lost by having to take off the breech-block and remove the charge. Of course such an occurrence as this might cause considerable difficulty in time of war.

FOREIGN ARMY MANEUVERS.

The French have this year put more men into the field during their autumn maneuvers than ever before—320,000. Gen. Brugere, Generalissimo of the French army, had command. The maneuvers are in the neighborhood of Chartres, and have just been completed attending from September 8 to 20, winding up with a grand review by the President of the republic. According to the programme, Gen. Lonnois and the Fourth Army Corps operated against Gen. Donlop and the Tenth Army Corps, while Gen. De Longueron and the Fifth Army Corps had as their opponents the Ninth Army Corps, Gen. Tauchot. On the 11th, the Fourth and Tenth Army Corps united with the First Division of cavalry, and under the command of Gen. de Negrier for two days engaged with the Fifth Cavalry Division and the Fifth and Ninth Army Corps, Gen. Lucas. Then Gen. Brugere, the Generalissimo, took over the command of the whole force, and the combined maneuvers terminated on the 18th.

The Italian maneuvers have also been in progress this month from the 1st to the 12th. The Genoa division of the Fourth Army Corps operates in the upper valley of the Bormida. The troops consist of the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Infantry regiments, forming the Forli brigade, the Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth Infantry regiments forming the Venice brigade, the Twelfth Regiment of rifles (Bersagliori,) two squadrons of the Caserta Cavalry Regiment, one brigade of the Fourth Field Artillery, one company of the First Regiment of Engineers, a half medical and a half commissariat section. Troops belonging to the Fifth Army Corps, which comprises the divisions of Verona and Padua, maneuver among the Berici and Euganei hills. The Padua division concentrated at Montebello and was confronted by the Verona division, which concentrated at St. Bonifacio after having maneuvered in the neighborhood of St. Giovanni, Ilarione, Chiampo.

PROPOSALS FOR FIELD GUNS.

The Board of Ordnance and Fortifications has made its recommendations to the Secretary or War relative to the adoption by the army of a new field gun. The board has upheld the contention of Gen. Miles that fixed ammunition should be used for the gun instead of loose, as recommended by the Ordnance Department.

The recommendations of the Board, which have been favorably acted upon by the Secretary of War, will be embodied in a circular letter to be sent to all of the ordnance manufacturers of the world, inviting them to submit to the War Department for test a field gun of 3-inch caliber. It is specified that the ammunition is to be fixed and not loose, that the carriage for the gun is to be provided with a non-recoil feature, that the ammunition shall be packed horizontally on the limber and that the limber be provided with springs. The test of the guns offered in competition is to be held at Sandy Hook during the early part of next January, and it is believed there will be many competitors from Europe as well as this country. The Ordnance Department is still in favor of loose ammunition for the gun, and will make strong arguments in its favor. At the test various companies will be allowed to use their own gun crew to handle the gun.

ENGLAND'S OLD WARSHIPS.

[New York Sun:] The question of naval defense is again seriously occupying the attention of the British admiralty, and the complete reorganization of the First Reserve squadron will, it is stated in the service papers, be made next month. The more antiquated ships are to be weeded out and their places to be taken by vessels of more modern build and armament. At present the First Reserve squadron is composed in part of the ships doing guard duty at the coast ports, some of them having been launched as far back as 1875. They number nine in all, five battleships and four cruisers. In addition to these there are the port guard ships and two cruisers, used as drill ships for the Naval Reserves. The port guard vessels are battleships, five in number, making the whole squadron consist of ten battleships and six cruisers, representing very different types and belonging to varying periods in naval progress. Four of the battleships belong to the "Admiral" class, while two of the remainder are so nearly like them as to be looked on as similar ships. None of the unemployed vessels is of a type immediately to replace the others and add to the strength of the squadron, but as the newest ships take their places in the Mediterranean and Channel squadrons, those ships displaced will be used to form the First Reserve, the older vessels being put out of commission, and some of them broken up or sold out of the service.

As a consequence of the recent French naval maneuvers, the formation of a Secon Reserve squadron is under consideration for independent service. This would really mean that there will be three distinct squadrons in British waters, one to serve as a squadron of reinforcement for the Mediterranean fleet; the Channel squadron proper, with its base at Portland on the Dorsetshire coast, and the third squadron for service in the North Sea. At present there is a long list of vessels in the British navy that are of no practical use in modern war, on which it would be a waste of material to place modern weapons and crews which would be better employed on other ships now undermanned. The only use of these antiquated craft is to make a fleet look formidable on paper, and to absorb resources in men and material that would be more useful if concentrated on newer vessels.

The Belleisle experiments, although not entirely satisfactory, proved that the older ships are practically useless against vessels armed with guns using shells charged with high explosives. Their retention in the category of effective warships therefore only tends to nourish illusions based on numbers rather than confidence founded on the quality of the vessels composing the navy, while it cannot deceive a possible enemy.

A NEW CANTEEN.

A recent invention which promises to be of great service to the army in the Orient is a canteen so constructed as to keep drinking water cool and palatable for at least ten hours in the hottest sun. The new canteen has been designed by Messrs. George and William Lana of the Firm of Lana, Owen & Co., of Nos. 183-189 Lake street, Chicago. That it will do what is claimed for it has been proved by severe tests made in the open air. When the thermometer registered 120 deg. in the sun an old-style army canteen and a Lana canteen were placed side by side and received the full rays of the sun for several hours. At the conclusion of the test it was found that the water in the old canteen had reached 113 deg., while that in the new stood at 72 deg.

The new canteen weighs four ounces more than the one now in use, but is concave in shape, allowing it to hang closer to the body. It is made of tin and covered with a secret solution mixed with granulated cork, which is embedded on the tin, while the whole is inclosed in a waterproof cloth, over which is a covering of felt, and then the outside covering of heavy duck, laced on. After filling the canteen the soldier should submerge it, allowing the felt to absorb a quantity of water, the evaporation of which helps to keep the liquid inside cool.

The same firm has already invented a canteen for horses, each one capable of holding a pail of water, and so constructed that it can be strapped to the saddle. Specimens of the new canteen are now being tested by the army officials at Washington.

NEW EMERGENCY RATION.

Preparations to test the new emergency ration began at Kansas City on September 18. Two thousand rations of a combination of foods which the board has decided to test will be made by a local packing company, and then an actual emergency march will be made in Oklahoma and Indian Territory by a troop of cavalry from Fort Sill and Fort Reno, the men eating only the food prepared of which the board has decided to make a complete trial. The experiment may result in a complete change in the feeding of the American soldier during activity in the field. The board also is to make a test of a combination of a food compounded by the American Compressed Food Company of Passaic, N. J., which is the same as their compound, except that tea is used instead of chocolate.

The members of this board are Col. C. A. Dempsey, First Infantry; Capt. R. W. Fountain, Eighth Cavalry, and Capt. F. W. Foster, Fifth Cavalry. Their purpose has been to learn the smallest amount of food that would maintain a man's muscle in a day. To ascertain this, they have made a vast number of experiments since they were appointed last December, and they have decided upon a simple mixture, consisting of two cakes of pure sweet chocolate, and three cakes of a combination of meat and breadstuff, in a condensed form, all contained in a small tin can, six inches long, flat and rounded like a flask.

BRITISH NAVAL DISCIPLINE.

[Harper's Weekly:] The officers of the British Navy are caught young. They are required to pass through the Britannia, a training ship, at present anchored in the beautiful waters of the Dart not far from Plymouth. At the age of 14 they begin to learn the lesson of command, the sanctity of duty, and the seriousness of life. By the time he is 23 a British lieutenant or sub-lieutenant has acquired that indefinable power and authority over his men which is only too often absent in the officers of the sister service where sergeants and corporals do the bulk of the work of a regiment. The manner in which a naval lieutenant drills his men, the alacrity, cheeriness and vim with which his orders are obeyed, present a marked contrast to the scenes at Aldershot or in many barrack drill-yards or exercise grounds on foreign stations.

An English subaltern of the line can generally manage to get through his work, when not on special duty, in a couple of hours. In the navy an officer's duties extend the round of the clock, with short intervals, seven days in a week, when on leave. The rule in the British army is that officers are rewarded if they do their duty. In the navy they are punished if they fail to do it.

PARAGRAPHS.

Señor Silvela, the Premier, has made the emphatic declaration that Spain must have a powerful navy again, since the Spanish navy has always in the past been associated with the nation's prestige and influence in the world. The Cortes, on reassembling, will be asked to grant an extraordinary credit for the establishment of arsenals, the building of ships and coast defences.

The British torpedo boat Cobra has eclipsed the big record of forty-three miles per hour made by her sister boat, the Viper, and the Cobra is now held to be the fastest vessel in the world. The Cobra was built by the Armstrongs and is an exact duplicate of the Viper, which was built by Hawthorne, Leslie & Co., at their works at Newcastle. Both craft have the turbine engines.

The War Department is now in receipt of all of the reports of the boards which met in the Philippines, Cuba and elsewhere, for the purpose of conducting examinations for the vacancies existing in the Adjutant-General's Department and in the department of the Inspector-General. No action has yet been taken on these reports by the central board at Washington, and, pending such action, the vacancies will not be filled. There has been considerable dissatisfaction at the delay in filling these vacancies, as both of the departments are in need of officers. The vacancy existing in the Inspector-General's Department caused by the death of Maj.-Gen. Lawton, although occurring last February, has not yet been filled. It is hoped that the central board will act in the near future.

Col. Page, of the Thirty-third Volunteer Infantry, is a member of the Ulysses S. Grant Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in Chicago. Some time ago Mrs. Page, who is a member of the Executive Board of the Manila Library, wrote the colonel's post in Chicago intimating that a flag donated by them would be greatly appreciated by the American Library in Manila. In reply, Mrs. Page has received a beautiful American flag which she has turned over to the Library Association, and it now proudly waves its graceful folds over the library building.

Discussing the parade of the G.A.R. in Chicago, the New York Medical Journal says: "It seems questionable if it is wise for the veterans to attempt many more long marches. Persons who have been present at many of their reunions say that the number of those who had to drop out after trying to march in the Chicago parade was larger than ever before. This is not to be wondered at, for the men are growing older all the time, and many of them were by no means youthful when they served in the field nearly forty years ago. Next year's reunion is to be held in Denver, and there at least great care should be taken not to tax their strength, for the altitude would probably prove very trying to their feeble hearts. Dr. Duncan ascribes great value to coffee as a sustaining agent on such occasions. It is better for the purpose, he thinks, than any form of alcohol, but the excitement of the occasion and the inspiration of the music served to keep on his feet many a man who would otherwise have dropped out. As regards the music, an old soldier said to him, "I can march much better behind the fife and drum than behind band music. The fife seems to help me lift my feet. The short, quick tread tires me less than the heavy step."

The French budget statistics show that the annual increase for the last ten years in expenditure on the navy has been $2,000,000. No increase is contemplated for the present, or, indeed, throughout the year, in the number of ships composing the home squadrons or the forces in foreign waters. The only changes will be the replacing in some instances of comparatively old vessels by ships of the newest type, such as the new ironclad, the Iena, which will take the place in the channel squadron of the Amiral Baudin, and in the Mediterranean squadron the Chanzy will be replaced next year by the Jeanne d'Arc, which the French expect will prove their finest cruiser. In addition to the Jeanne d'Arc, the list of new vessels to be ready next year includes four other exceedingly powerful cruisers and two iron-clads, the Henry IV. and the Suffren. A considerable increase in the number of sailors is provided for next year, as the total number of men is to be raised from 48,588 to 48,700.

NOTE—Articles denoted by a star (*) in the headings are original, and, unless otherwise credited, the Army and Navy Journal, New York.

THERE are chips laid aggressively upon belligerent shoulders, fists shaking beneath noses that curl at the insult, and the powers are hanging desperately to the Dutchman's coat-tails in the frantic endeavor to coax him out of his avowed intention to mop up the shuddering earth and carpet it with pigtails and ancestors. Meanwhile Uncle Sam is taking advantage of the lull before the storm and is leading his boys home.

The Eagle is proud of Uncle Sam. The dear old chap is a typical Yankee; for there is a broad field for the exercise of native shrewdness when it comes to the question of just when to get in and fight, and when to go home and attend to your own business. Certainly a war in the Orient would be no investment for us. We have avenged the insult to our flag. Our soldiers crawled over the walls of the Imperial City and scared the sons of heaven into various kinds of fits, and ate hard-tack and cooked Mulligan stews under the noses of 400,000,000 invincible (?) Boxers! There is nothing more to be gained. We don't want their land. We wouldn't have the people as a gift. A fight with them would bring us no glory. We don't want their money, for we are not brigands. Sa-s Uncle Sam, "Let's go home, boys!"

Your Uncle Sam never yet made a bad bargain. He is to be trusted for that; so when he decides to leave the Unchangeable Kingdom to its own devices, and the seething caldron of eastern jealousy and discontent, you can just bet all you're worth that its the right sort of a move.

It ruffles this bird's feathers to reflect that there is an occasional cry going up against the grand old man; but the Eagle looks down upon the hurrying crowd beneath his perch, and [illegible] it marching with enthusiasm beneath Old Glory. He cocks an ear to windward, and hears the other crowd bellowing raucously from the Sixth-street Park and his heart is comforted; for the yapping "iste" is proverbial for making the noise of a dozen. Let the large-mouthed idiot continue to bawl forth his disloyalty to the flag; the great mass of the American people are with Uncle Sam—and bless his shrewd old heart, he knows it!

And, by the way, that Sixth-street Park nuisance continues to continue with unabated stenchiness. There are park tenders to warn you to keep off the grass; they will even conduct you off with great speed and some pain to your corporosity, if you are stubborn; but there is no one to keep the man with the calliope voice and the spacious brain-vacuum from polluting the air with his disgusting ideas, bawled forth in the dulcet tones of a country-bred jackass. At times this bird is tempted to sail across over Sixth-street Park and fix his talons in the tangled hair of the fever-brained ranter, and drop him gently and thankfully into the sea.

There is a garbage collector in this town, and he is a benefactor of mankind. Let his beneficent rule extend over Sixth-street Park, and we will bless the Eliminator of Cranks and place him in the same catalogue with the saint who makes two blades of grass to grow where but one grew before.

The Eagle is sick of the crank nuisance. Let's stock Sixth-street Park with skunks for a change!

Are there any antis in your neighborhood? Have they a faint smell of frowzy vegetables and woozy eggs of doubtful age and bad character? If so, watch the bulge in the anti's hip-pocket, and do not kick him there; it is where he carries his campaign arguments!

When it comes to insane eggs and depraved potatoes, the Eagle confesses himself out of politics. The air is purer and the element of Democratic strenuousness less in evidence the farther away you get from the seat of war when the anti begins to throw his campaign shots of senile vegetables and over-ripe hen-fruit. It was an inspiration which led this idea into the Democratic camp. There was nothing ahead but defeat. Aguinaldo was their only issue, and he was worn to frazzles by the time they had dragged him 11,000 miles to the Bryan fold.

So this star of the west shot athwart the elocutionary sky of the weeping Unterrified, giving new life to the anti issue, which was already trying to swallow the death-rattle in its throat.

It is a glorious scheme! It is a statesmanlike act, which will live in the archives of our nation long after the hills of Colorado shall have passed away into the dust of forgotten ages. Long have they "viewed with alarm;" but at last they have an issue to which they can "point with pride," as long as the sun continues to roll around the dizzy world, and the hills of Colorado are bathed in a golden glory and the smell of rotten eggs!

It is a freak campaign. The Eagle would be highly amused were it a circus and not a contest to decide who shall sit upon the highest place in the government of the grandest nation upon the globe. Indeed, it is too bad to think that our grand and Lincoln-minded President must face the attacks of such a pitiful aggregation. Where should be the calm and dignified discussion of things of national import, are raised the hollow cries of "Calamity!" Reason gives way to sophistry. The campaigners of the grand (?) old Democratic (?) party stoop to the tactics of the mountebank, prostituten its ancient valor and do stunts with rotten eggs!

The Eagle screams; and in his scream blends a cheer for the maligned President, sympathy with the brave Roosevelt, and disgust for the soul that instigated such repulsive campaigning.

Honor to the Flag; honor to the Yankee soldier; shame politics, and a bas the rotten-egg campaign! So says THE EAGLE.

SMITH BROS.'

S. B.
CATARRH CURE

Cures Catarrh

Of the Nasal Cavity, Chronic or Ulcerative; CATARRH OF THE HEAD, EARS, NOSE, THROAT, STOMACH, BOWELS, KIDNEYS and BLADDER.

The Only Positive Internal Cure for Catarrh, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. It has cured thousands when all other remedies have failed.

CATARRH OF THE NOSE.

Chronic, or ulcerative, causes ulcers to form which produce scabs and fetid breath; first one and then the other nostril is stopped up.

CATARRH OF THE MIDDLE EAR

produces deafness, causes roaring and crackling noises; makes your ears discharge, causes ringing in your ears, makes your hearing worse some days than others. As the catarrh progresses, there is a steady, disagreeable ringing or roaring in the ears, due to the entrance of the catarrhal inflammation into the eustachian tubes, which are two small tubes connecting the ears with the nasal canals, and entering the latter canals at a point well back toward the beginning of the throat. This roaring disappears only when the catarrhal inflammation in the nose and throat has been cured. S. B. CATARRH CURE takes regularly will reduce and cure all catarrhal inflammation.

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

Leads to dyspepsia, causes indigestion, always results in sour stomach, waterbrash and loss of appetite, causes you to belch up gas, causes your tongue to become coated, causes you to bloat up after eating, causes you to feel faint; makes you feel as if you had lead in your stomach. Causes belching wind and sour food, bad taste in the mouth, offensive breath, causes shooting pains in the stomach. If neglected brings on inflamed and ulcerated stomach. S. B. Catarrh Cure soothes, heals and invigorates the stomachs that have been weakened and impaired by catarrh, and is a sure cure for all stomach troubles and loss of appetite when taken according to directions.

CATARRH OF THE HEAD AND THROAT

makes your voice husky, causes you to ache all over, stops up your nose, makes you snore, makes your nose itch and burn, brings on catarrhal headaches and neuralgia. Smith Bros.' S. B. CATARRH CURE attacks this common, dreadful disease on new and correct principles. It eradicates the disease from the system and restores the mucous membranes to a healthy condition, and will cure catarrh, no matter where located.

CATARRH OF THE BRONCHIAL TUBES

Causes hacking cough, makes you lose flesh, causes you to take cold easily, makes you cough until you gag, brings on continuous hacking cough, causes soreness in the chest, makes you cough up thick yellowish matter, makes your cough worse at nights; and in time leads to consumption. S. B. Catarrh cure taken in small doses frequently is a positive expectorant, having a tonic and vitalizing effect. The object of small and frequent doses is to induce expectoration, allay the spasmodic [illegible] and [illegible] effect of this great California discovery, which has cured thousands when all other remedies have failed.

CONSUMPTION

is often no more or less than a neglected case of catarrh which in time creates a hacking cough and nature in her endeavors to get rid of the tubercles, sets up an inflammation, matter is secreted and the tubercle is softened. It then comes to a head or suppurates and the matter is discharged into the nearest air tubes. This the sufferer raises and allays the cough to some extent, but as the air cells fill up with tubercular matter the blood cannot circulate perfectly through the lungs, hence it becomes more impure for want of air, which causes nature's power to throw off the disease until at last the disease becomes more general, the cough gets greater, followed by night sweats and bleeding of the lungs, finally the sufferer gets weaker and weaker, until death ends this dreadful disease. Smith Bros.' S. B Catarrh Cure acts on the glands and mucous surfaces of the system through the blood. It promotes the action of absorbents, then removes the deposited tubercles and speedily allays the cough and cures catarrh, no matter where located.

CATARRH OF THE BOWELS

Causes bloating after meals and large quantities of gas which cannot be expelled, causes diarrhoea, alternating with constipation.

S. B. Catarrh Cure has a tonic and curative effect on the bowels and restores them to a natural and healthy action and condition and removes the cause of that dreadful disease, catarrh of the bowels and constipation.

CATARRH OF THE KIDNEYS

Causes a dull pain in the back, loins or groins, causes you to puff up under the eyes; causes frequent desire to urinate, scanty supply, scalding, irritation, dark colored, scanty, turbid urine. Leads to Brights disease. Should you need evidence that you have catarrh of the kidneys, fill a clean glass bottle with urine an let it stand twenty-four hours. If there is sediment or settling it is evidence that you have catarrh of the kidneys or bladder, and should not delay taking S. B. Catarrh Cure, the effect of which is soon realized. After taking S. B. Catarrh Cure for one week according to directions, fill a bottle with urine, let stand twenty-four hours, and you will be surprised at the change, all due to the effect of S. B. Catarrh Cure.

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER

is a very common disease in both sexes; causes frequent urination, by which, in time you lose control and ability to retain; causes irritation at the neck of the bladder; causes mucous in the urine; causes sediment in the urine resembling brick dust or thick whitish deposits, all of which can be removed by taking S. B. Catarrh Cure according to directions.

SMITH BROS.' S. B. CATARRH CURE

Is taken internally acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, cleansing it from all impurities, carrying them through the natural channels, and removing the cause of disease. It is the greatest blood purifier known and is the only positive internal cure for catarrh on the market that does all it is claimed for it, and never fails to cure when taken according to directions. One bottle will convince you of the wonderful curative properties of this great California discovery.

In purchasing Smith Bros.' Catarrh Cure see that it is manufactured by

Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal., U.S.A.,

And that the signature of Geo. H. Smith appears on the label in red ink, and "S. B. Catarrh Cure" is blown in each bottle. If your druggist does not keep it he can get it for you, or we will send it direct to you by express, prepaid, upon receipt of price. Price, $1 per bottle; 6 bottles $5.00. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Have You Secured

The First Volumes Now Ready?

Clipped Vouchers and the special price will give you the extraordinary opportunity of making a valuable addition to your library. Delays, however, may lead to disappointment, as the allotment on the earlier volumes is getting low.

Theodore Roosevelt

Statesman, Historian, Economist, Author and Soldier. Governor of New York, and Candidate for Vice-President of the United States.

PROMPTLY upon Gov. Roosevelt's nomination for the Vice-Presidency, the leading Republican and Independent newspapers, believing they would be rendering a public service, formed an association to act as one buyer of an enormous edition of Gov. Roosevelt's writings, so that all newspaper readers could obtain a fine library edition at a nominal price. The representative of the papers arranged with Gov. Roosevelt's publishers, Messrs. G. P. Putnam's Sons, to obtain from them a limited edition to be sold for

$7.50 a Set in Cloth Binding, Instead of at $24.50,

The price which has heretofore prevailed. This edition is

To be Sold to Newspaper Readers Only

In sets of Fifteen Volumes for $7.50, or in single Volumes

for 50 cents a copy.

They also arrange for a limited number of copies to be bound in Paper Covers, with untrimmed edges, so that those desiring it could have the works bound in half calf, or other fine and expensive binding, as individual taste might desire. In this form they will be sold for the almost nominal price of $3.75 for the set of Fifteen Volumes, or in single volumes

for 25 cents a copy.

The Messrs. Putnam's well-known and well deserved reputation as makers of fine books, renders a further description of this beautiful edition unnecessary.

It may be stated, however, that among the illustrations will be found three separate portraits of Gov. Roosevelt, as huntsman, soldier and in civilian dress, and that

Gen. Francis Vinton Greene

Has written a biographical sketch of Gov. Roosevelt which will appear in this edition only.

Remember The price heretofore, in cloth binding cheapest edition, has been $24.50, and in finer binding up to $100 a set, at which many copies have been sold.

The present low price of 25 cents a volume, or $3.75 for the set in paper covers, and 50 cents a volume, or $7.50 a set in cloth binding, has been made with Gov. Roosevelt's approval, to enable all his friends and admirers (and they are legion), as well as his opponents who are honest in their desire to know him as he is, to secure the complete set of these works at a moderate price. They will form a permanent and valuable addition to every library. The edition is *limited* and after the newspapers have made the distribution to their readers the regular price of $24.50 a set will prevail. Therefore delay in ordering now may lead to disappointment.

Act Now and Secure the Set.

CALENDAR.

The Volumes will be ready on the following dates:

DATE	TITLE
6 SEPTEMBER	VOLUME I. American Ideals. With a biographical memoir by Gen. Francis Vinton Greene.
8	VOLUME II. Administration.—Civil Service.
10	VOLUME III. The Wilderness Hunter.
13	VOLUME IV. Hunting the Grizzly.
15	VOLUME V. Hunting Trips of a Ranchman.
17	VOLUME VI. Hunting Trips on the Prairie and in the Mountains.
20	VOLUME VII. The Rough Riders. Included under arrangement with Charles Scribner's Sons.
22	VOLUME VIII. The Winning of the West. Part I. The Spread of English Speaking Peoples.
25	VOLUME IX. The Winning of the West. Part II. In the Current of the Revolution.
27	VOLUME X. The Winning of the West. Part III. The War in the Northwest.
30	VOLUME XI. The Winning of the West. Part IV. The Indian Wars, 1791-1797.
2 OCTOBER	VOLUME XII. The Winning of the West. Part V. St. Clair and Wayne.
4	VOLUME XIII. The Winning of the West. Part VI. Louisiana and Aaron Burr.
5	VOLUME XIV. Naval War of 1812. Part I.
7	VOLUME XV. Naval War of 1812. Part II.

To form a true estimate of Gov. Roosevelt's character one must read his writings. They show, as no words can, what the man is.

Over One Hundred Daily Papers take part in the distribution in one hundred cities throughout the country, and THE LOS ANGELES TIMES undertakes the task, or rather the pleasure, of supplying its readers for this section of California with any one or all of Mr. Roosevelt's books as above as long as the edition lasts. The right to withdraw this offer as soon as the proportion of the edition allotted to us is exhausted is reserved, in which case all moneys received too late will be returned.

Magnificent Photogravure Portrait of Gov. Roosevelt Free.

To all who remit $3.75 for the complete set of 15 volumes in paper covers, or $7.50 for the complete set of 15 volumes in cloth covers, there will be sent, free of all charge, a beautiful photogravure portrait of Gov. Roosevelt, printed on INDIA PAPER, and mounted on fine plate paper, suitable for framing. This is a duplicate of the portrait appearing in the $100 edition of Gov. Roosevelt's works, and is considered the best likeness extant. If bought in the art stores it would cost at least $1.00. Framed it will make a most desirable addition to every library or office.

How to Secure the Volumes.

These two vouchers will appear daily in THE TIMES. Clip one of them and call or send to THE TIMES office with price of volume desired, and the volume selected will be promptly delivered.

Readers desiring the complete set may send $3.75 for the paper-covered edition, or $7.50 for the fine cloth-bound edition, and the 15 volumes will be promptly mailed as fast as issued

VOUCHER FOR CITY READERS.

Good for one volume of ROOSEVELT'S WORKS when presented at our office with 25c. if in paper cover, or 50c. if in cloth binding. THE LOS ANGELES TIMES.

VOUCHER FOR OUT-OF-TOWN READERS.

The Times, Roosevelt Book Dept., Los Angeles, Cal.

Please send me postpaid Volume.....in.....binding.

Inclose 25c. for Paper Cover or 50c for Cloth Cover. Name.....

Postoffice Address.....

Address with Cash and Voucher THE LOS ANGELES TIMES, Los Angeles, Cal.

French mirrors A big lot of French plate hand mirrors are to be sold a third under price. Very best quality of French plate glass in hardwood frames, highly polished and very pretty; oval shape. The sizes of the glass range from 4 to 6¾ inches.

50c mirrors will be sold for 35c.
75c mirrors will be sold for 50c.
$1.00 mirrors will be sold for 65c.
$1.50 mirrors will be sold for 75c.
$1.50 mirrors will be sold for $1.00.

Hurd's stationery This will probably be the last chance to get a box of Hurd's stationery at this price. We told you how we bought these goods, but we never hope to get another lot which we can sell at this price. All tints, all sizes and all finishes. A quire in a box with evelopes to match. Worth from 45c to 75c. Selling for..... 25c

Ironstone china Half price is the rule on the following. We have a big assortment of genuine English ironstone china, which is the toughest and the best for kitchen and common use. There are only a few of some of the pieces, but when the sale begins tomorrow morning you will find all the following:

Large size soup plates 5c each.
7 inch vegetable dishes 5c each.
Bone plates 5c each.
Pie plates 5c each.
Tea plates 5c each.
Breakfast plates 5c each.
Dinner plates 7c each.
Sauce plates 5c each.
Butter plates 5c each.
Quart pitchers 10c each.
10-inch platters 10c.
Covered soup dishes 10c each.
Cups and saucers 10c a set.
Wash bowls and pitchers 10c a pair.

Misses' shoes A big lot of misses' shoes suitable for school and dress wear. They are worth $1.50 and $1 75 a pair. Most stores would ask $2.00. Made of box calf and dongola kid. Sizes 8½ to 2. Come after school for them at... $1.18

A. Hamburger & Sons
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

Boys' shoes Some extra good shoes for boys' wearing, sizes 2 1-2 to 5 1-2. Made of fine satin calf with extension soles. These goods are made by one of the best shoemakers in the country. On sale at..... $1.45

Glycerine soap We just purchased an immense quantity of glycerine soap. It is the pure kind and there is 20c worth in every bar. It is shaped in a double bar which can be easily separated, giving two good large size cakes. Each bar weighs 6 oz. and is an ideal soap for the toilet or bath. On sale at the drug department Monday at a double bar for... 10c

Gold belts The very latest Eastern fad. Gold belts made in a variety of styles. Some have girdle backs, others are finished with handsome buckles and some are in the cloak style to be tied with pretty ribbon. Still others are made of black velvet and trimmed with gold braid. The proper belts for the fall season. Priced at $2 00, $1.50, $1.00 and..... 75c

Taffeta ribbons 200 pieces of taffeta and moire taffeta ribbons in widths ranging from 1 1-2 to 3 inches. We bought them all at one price and will sell them in the same way. Among them are browns, greens, grays, heliotrope, purple, beige and tan. They are all heavy quality and are worth from 12 1-2c to 25c a yard. They will be on sale Monday and while they last at..... 10c

Laces for trimming Collars with reveres, edgings, galloons, insertions and what not are proper and possible for all sorts of gowns. Nowhere else will you see them in such dainty profusion as here. Extreme novelties that cost a deal of money, and every grade downward through the scale of prices to the bottom notch of money saving.

Manufacturer's sale of dress goods.

On the 12th day of September last at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, there began one of the greatest sales of dress goods and suitings ever known in New York City. There were 3500 pieces of goods sold at this sale and we secured about 300 of them. For some reason the manufacturers were not getting their money and they ordered the goods sold through their agents, Boessneck, Broesel & Co. Our Buyers were at the sale long before the selling began and picked out the choice things, which they bought in at their own prices when they were offered for sale. Many of the goods will be sold over our counters for half their worth. Others for about two-thirds their values. We not only bought them cheap, but we will sell them cheap. Our policy of not giving discount to dressmakers and seamstresses enables us to sell at closer margins than other stores, which mark their goods high enough to be subjected to discount and still leave them a profit. We do not believe that one person is entitled to a discount while another person at the same counter and at the same time, pays the marked price. One customer's money is as good as another's. Our business is based upon fair honest treatment, with one price for all, and no transaction is complete until the customer is satisfied.

The entire 300 pieces of colored and black dress goods go on sale tomorrow morning, and among the invincible bargains offered you will find the following. Every piece is a new autumn style and is desirable from a fashionable standpoint as well as from an economical point of view.

4 yard Skirt lengths 98c.

There were about 50 odd pieces of dress stuffs in this purchase which were cut into 4 yard skirt lengths. Among them you will find 45 inch mixed bourettes, illuminated checks, all wool plaids and checks, henriettas, shepherd plaids, granite henrietta, all wool tricot, black jacquard, etc. Every yard in the lot is worth from 40c to 60c. During this sale you get 4 yards for 98c.

$1.00 Basket homespuns for 59c.

There are 40 pieces of these handsome autumn fabrics. Basket wove homespun made of excellent wool. Either side can be used and among them you will find all the new mixed shades of gray, green, blue, tan, brown, etc. This cloth is 45 inches wide, and is actually better than anything shown about town at $1.00 a yard. We do not believe that this quantity will last longer than a couple of days, but while it lasts the price will be 59c.

Black mercerized crepons 59c.

This fabric is made like the more expensive prerola cloths, which sell at $2.00 and $2.50 a yard. It is what is termed a mercerized crepon because the threads have all been submitted to a process which makes them look like silk. The patterns are new and varied, mostly in raised effects, rich black, and 48 inches wide. It is always sold at 85c a yard, but the lot we secured at this sale will be sold as 59c.

10 pieces of all wool black homespuns suitable for gymnasium suits, separate skirts, etc., 36 inches wide and a standard 50c quality sale price..... 39c

Handsome Scotch cheviot cloths in all the new fall shades, including gray, castor, blue, red green, black, etc., 37 inches wide and as good as most stores can sell for 75c; sale price..... 59c

Black wool and mohair crepons in large and small blistered effects. A regular $1.25 quality and a regular dust shaker; sale price..... 75c

A few pieces of excellent black granite cloth which has been sponged and shrunk. It is all wool and is of a new rough weave, either side is the right side, 50 inches wide and a good $1.25 quality; sale price..... 89c

Colored granite cloths in all the new autumn shades, including staple colorings and all the pretty pastel colors. It is 46 in. wide and reversible. The best $1.25 quality we know of; sale price..... 89c

Black cheviot serges for tailor suits that you have never seen sold for less than $1.50. It is the kind of cheviot that shakes the dust and is 54 inches wide, a remarkably durable fabric; sale price..... $1.00

Twilled Venetian cloth and broadcloths, with twilled backs. Some stores show nothing better than a ladies' cloth at $1.00. But these goods are twilled—are handsome and are most durable. Every new autumn shade and black. 54 inches wide. Sale price..... $1.00

About 20 pieces of all wool poplins, in shades of old rose, rosada, dahlia, old blue, red, castor, etc. also black. A suitable fabric for waists. 46 inches wide and a regular $1.25 quality. Sale price..... $1.00

Beautiful black whip cord serges for tailor made gowns. A fabric which will not mussor wrinkle. 46 inches wide and a good $1.25 fabric. Sale price..... $1.25

Golf suitings in homespun and flock mixtures on one side and pretty plaids on the other. These come in all the new autumn shades, including oxford, castor and blue Nothing in Los Angeles as good for less than $2.25 or $2.00. Sale price..... $1.50

About 30 pieces of all wool cheviots in shades of castor, navy and black; these are entirely lined with silk and are excellent values at $10 and $12.50; on sale this week at..... $7.50

Some excellent $15 jackets in eton, mans reverse and eton styles in shades of tan, castor and navy blue, also black; all lines with heavy Skinner satin; most durable and handsome; on sale at..... $10.00

A quality of black camelshair cheviot which everyone would call cheap at $2.00 a yard. Nothing more elegant or serviceable was ever made. Rich black and 54 inches wide; sale price..... $2.00

Black grenadine for tailor made gowns. A smoothly twilled cloth. Much in favor for tailor made gowns. A surprisingly good quality is on sale..... $2.00

Some very handsome golf capings with chinchilla face in red, blue, brown and black and pretty plaid backs. You will see it in other stores for $3.75. Sale price..... $2.98

Rich black peau de soie and crepons in large and small overshot figures and blistered patterns. Made of silk finished mohair and better than we have before sold at $2.00. Sale price..... $1.50

Mixed Venetian suitings of extra heavy quality. They require no lining. Proper fabric for walking skirts, tailor gowns, etc., 56 inches wide and worth $2.00. Sale price..... $1.50

Good suits for bad boys.

Just the suit you want for the boy who gets into all sorts of trouble. He hangs himself on the fence by his trousers. He plays rough and tumble at school. He does everything that is hard on a suit. Such boys save their mothers much discouragement if they wear these suits. The boy may be good in every other way but he's a bad proposition when it comes to the clothing question. These suits are strongly made and they are made of tough cloths They look neat and rich. They come in sizes 3 to 16 years. Reefer, middy and sailor styles for small boys and double breasted styles for large boys.

Suits worth up to $3 50 for $1.98.
Suits worth up to $7.00 for $4.00.

Sewing machines, $17.95.

On the Third floor you will find a new sewing machine department. We have been looking for some months for a thoroughly satisfactory sewing machine. We went to a factory where good machines are made and gave them an order for a lot of machines to be made up as we want them and in our own name. One is called "The Hamburger," the other "The Hamburger Extra," and Hamburger's name on these machines is a guarantee for five years. Any defective part other than needles, shuttles, etc., will be furnished free if they give out or break or cease to do the work properly inside of five years. Of course, the style of table, drawers, etc., vary and the prices vary accordingly.

The "Hamburger" sewing machine with five drawers, new bobbin-winding attachment, which moves the thread back and forth automatically, and numerous other attachments for tucking, shirring, etc., fully guaranteed for five years. Sells for..... $17.95

The "Hamburger Extra" in a drop cabinet table, fitted with ball bearings, automatic bobbin winder, improved attachments and five year guarantee; sells for..... $24.95

Irish point curtains.

Our drapery buyer is in the East, and judging from these curtains which have arrived first, he must be picking plums. Handsome Irish point lace curtains in a variety of designs, and worth double the price will be on sale while they last at $2.95 a pair and..... $2.95

Reclining go-carts $5.75.

We have just received a new car load lot of go-carts and baby carriages. Among them you will find all qualities of go-carts ranging up to $19.50. There is one special number that is quickly adjusted to any angle, is finished with steel wheels, best running gear, foot brake, etc., which we can sell at $5.75.

Royal regent corsets

Not all Royal Regent Corsets are "erect form," but a number of them are, and about them we wish to say this—

The new "Erect Form" Corsets give the figure a fine, straight, military carriage, and at the same time it gives more freedom for breathing than any other model. They don't bind the abdomen or bust, but on the contrary, give plenty of room for deep drawn breath. They are constructed so that the strain of tight lacing comes over the hips and back where the muscles are strong. The picture shows an Erect Form Corset and how it influences the figure. Dame Fashion has decreed that the new military carriage is the only proper one. We show Royal Regent Erect Form Corsets in various qualities and materials. Priced at $1.00, $1.50, $2.25, $2.50, $3.00 and..... $3.50

Some women can not wear the Erect Form Corsets. It is an impossibility. For them we have models which are similar. Either gored or straight fronts. Made of the finest materials. Wonderfully good qualities; $1.00, $1.50 and..... $2.50

Automobile coats.

You must have one whether you have ever been in an "auto" or not. They are worn on every possible and impossible occasion. To be a success these box garments must be cut by an artist. Even the best of them look as though they were cut and fitted in London. But as a matter of fact there is more fit to these garments than the tailor gets credit for. If he cut about the shoulders, sleeves and collar is not perfect, the whole garment is spoiled. It takes a tailor and a good one to make an automobile coat fit without touching the figure. The favorite color is tan with a velvet collar of a darker shade. The buttons must be most gorgeous affairs. The chief things in favor of the automobile are its newness and its comfort. You are mistaken if you think they are too expensive. We have some elegant ones in the box and long styles. Priced at $50.00, $35.00, $25.00, $20.00 and.. $18.50

Silk lined suits, $25.00.

A most extraordinary offer for this week. All silk lined suits made of gray and black cheviots in tight fitting styles with the new flare skirts. There are others in the lot which are without silk lining, but are lined with durable cotton materials. The picture is an accurate drawing made from one of these suits. They will be made to fit perfectly, and we doubt if as good a suit was ever sold for less than $5.00 more. They are remarkably attractive both in price and style, $25.00.

Three special jacket values.

About 2000 jackets in light, medium and heavy weights are awaiting you here. This week we offer three special inducements to bring you hither. Remarkably stylish jackets cheaply priced.

Tan, castor, navy and black jackets in misses' and women's sizes; made of covert cloths and herseys; cut in reefer, eton and fly front styles; worth $7.50 to $9; on sale at..... $5.00

Reefer and mans revere jackets in tan, castor, navy and black; these are entirely lined with silk and are excellent values at $10 and $12.50; on sale this week at..... $7.50

Some excellent $15 jackets in eton, mans revere and eton styles in shades of tan, castor and navy blue, also black; all lines with heavy Skinner satin; most durable and handsome; on sale at..... $10.00

Semi-annual linen sale.

The third week of this notable event will be made noteworthy by the best bargains of the whole sale. The prominent feature of the week will be the offering of fringed, bordered and pattern cloths These goods can be purchased at this sale as cheaply as the same quality of damask by the yd. Of course the advantage of having a fully bordered cloth will be appreciated by those who take pleasure in fine table linens. These goods are all very much under price, at least 25 per cent. And we are careful to quote the exact measurements and not the sizes given on the tags, which are sometimes exaggerated.

19c For elegant damask and huck towels. Hemstitched or fringed.

1¼ yard cream damask pattern cloths. Floral patterns..... 75c
1¾ yard pure linen. Cream color. Heavy quality..... $1.00
2x2½ inch damask cloths. All linen. Irish make..... $1.35
2½x2½ inch all linen. Cream color. Assorted patterns..... $1.50
1¾ yard all linen damask cloths at $2.00, $2.25 $1.75 and..... $1.50
2¼ yard Irish linen cloths. New patterns, $2.00 and..... $2.25
2¾ yard Irish linen cloths at $2 75, $3.25 and..... $2.75
2¾ yard Irish linen pattern cloths at $4.50, $5.75 and..... $2.55
2 yard damask cloths. Extra size, at..... $6.50

5¼ yard satin finished, damask cloth; new patterns..... $7.50
4 yard German linen pattern cloths; wide border..... $8.50
All linen damask lunch sets with doilies to match..... $2.00
Fringed damask lunch sets with napkins..... $2.98
2¼ yard hemstitched damask tea sets with napkins..... $5.00
Hemstitched damask dinner sets with doilies to match..... $8.50
2x3 yard Irish damask cloths, with napkins..... $13.00
2x2½ yard damask cloths, with napkins..... $11.00
2½x3 yard damask cloths, with napkins..... $12.00

29c For turkey red and blue or green damask.

10c For big Turkish towels with colored ends and fringe.

19c For bleached all cotton heavy damask.

67c For a dozen damask napkins, dinner size.

6 1/4c For 18-inch absorbent crash toweling.

8 1/3c For fine bleached absorbent towels, large size.

Trimmed millinery, $5.00, $6.50 and $10.

The picture shows one of our $5.00 black hats. It is a tam shape, trimmed with black velvet and taffeta silk, with a touch of colored velvet under the brim. It is ornamented with ostrich tips, satin quill coque feathers and with black spangled ornaments. It has plenty of style and it is a good hat. There are plenty of others at this price which are even better, and at $6.50 and $10.00 we are showing some perfect gems. Those at $10.00 are made of elegant materials and the styles are authentic.

In another room you will find a large collection of pattern hats and more expensive hats from our own workroom. Made of the finest materials and as only expert designers can make them. You will find it difficult to tell which is of foreign origin and which of domestic. Additional hats will be shown this week. New and novel.

Walking hats at 95c.

The walking hat shown in the picture has a four-piece crown and a stitched brim. The bands are polka dotted in different colors. The hat comes in black, brown, gray and castor, and is a regular $1.25 quality. Offered this week at 95c.

Men's clothing.

If any one asks you whether the Hamburger store carries good clothing you can say "Yes," because we have suits at $20.00 which compare with tailor made suits at $35.00, and from that the prices range downward as low as you would care to go, providing you want a good wearing suit.

The Reliance Suits are in a class by themselves. The price is a popular one and we have succeeded in procuring suits in this line which are equal to many suits about town at several dollars more. Among them are plain blues, blacks and grays, and all sorts of fancy mixtures and checked cloths for business wear. The best suits the money will buy, look where you will. Always the same price..... $11.50

Men's hats at $2.00.

If we were exclusive hatters, buying in small quantities and paying the regular hat store rent, we would be obliged to sell these hats for $3,00 in order to make any money. But managed as our store is and bought as these goods are, we can sell them for $2.00 and still make a profit. All kinds of soft and stiff hats of the very latest blocks, also the staple shapes worn by middle aged and old men. Every style of hat that might be wanted, $2.00.

2000 dozens of stockings.

(Kinds for men, women, children and infants)

We had a chance to buy these goods at a great saving. We carefully examined the goods and found them to be of high quality at price. Goods that we would not hesitate to sell over our counters at regular prices. Of course, this purchase comes in addition to our regular stock and such a vast quantity of stockings must be forced out quickly. When we buy cheaply, we sell cheaply, and these stockings will go at fully a third less than usual.

Women's silk finished cotton, misses' and boys' fine French ribbed, boys' heavy corduroy ribbed, infants' fine French ribbed and men's fast black or tan socks. All are worth 10c or 12½c. Sale price..... 8⅓c

Women's fine gauge Maco cotton, boys' bicycle hose, girls' fine French ribbed hose, infant's fast black stockings and men's black, tan and balbriggan socks. 15c to 20c values for..... 12½c

Women's lace striped black and polka dots, boys' and girls' French ribbed stockings, boys' derby ribbed stockings, infants' lace striped lisle stockings, women's fancy colored hose, men's black, tan, balbriggan and fancy socks. Worth 20c and 25c. Sale price..... 16⅔c

Women's polka dot, boot styles, fancy stripes and plaids, black lisle lace stripes, fancy drop stitch patterns, boys' heavy ironclad hose, girls' French ribbed stockings and men's black, tan, ecru and fancy stockings. Worth up to 50c, at..... 25c

La cigale gloves for autumn

400 dozens of the new La Cigale Gloves are ready. We have told you before how we buy these gloves direct from the maker and pay the duties to the Los Angeles customs officers. This is why La Cigale Gloves are made of better kid skin than previously. And we are able to increase the quantities, we can get better qualities. New shades of beaver and gray are most beautiful and they are proper. These goods have arrived two months late because the manufacturer was unable to procure selected skins of the quality we ordered earlier in the season. Without question no better gloves were ever sold for the price. Always warranted and fitted. Black, white and all colors..... $1.00

The Ebell Shoes for women

You women who are wedded to some other make of shoes are just the ones we want to try a pair of Ebells. Most of the advertised shoes come in two or three styles, but all on the same last. It is different with the Ebells. They come in 22 different styles, and among them are several different shapes of last. Every footform can be fitted. As far as leather and making goes, no shoes can be better for the price. The Ebells this fall are better than ever. Always..... $3.50

cerine We just purchased an immense quantity soap cerine soap. It is the pure and there is 20c worth in bar. It is shaped in a bar which can be easily ted, giving two good large akes. Each bar weighs 6 d is an ideal soap for the or bath. On sale at ug department Mon- a double bar for... 10c

d The very latest Eastern fad. Gold belts made in S a variety of styles. have girdle backs, others ished with handsome buck- d some are in the cinch to be tied with pretty rib- Still others are made of velvet and trimmed with raid. The proper belts for l season. Priced 00, $1.50, $1.00 75c

feta 200 pieces of taffeta and moire taffeta ons ribbons in widths g from 1 1-2 to 3 inches. ught them all at one price ill sell them in the same Among them are browns, grays, heliotrope, purple, and tan. They are extra quality and are worth from c to 25c a yard. They on sale Monday ile they last 10c

es for Collars with reverses, edges, nming galloons, inser- and what not are proper ssible for all sorts of Nowhere else will you see n such dainty profusion as Extreme novelties that cost of money, and every grade ard through the scale of to the bottom notch of aving.

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8½c 12½c 16⅔c 25c

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50

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Los Angeles Sunday Times

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PRICE OF SEASON TICKETS—For three operas, November 9th and 10th—MATINEE 10th . . . $12, $10, $8

A BIG PARTY.

Los Angeles Policeman Entertains Four Hundred of His Friends at a Remarkable Dinner.

Four hundred guests gathered at the home of Mike and Mrs. George E. [illegible] last night in response to an invitation, to celebrate the birthday of Mr. Lovejoy, and their pleasant home on East Washington street was taxed to its utmost to accommodate the large company.

Many men prominent in the city police and political circles were present, together with the neighbors and friends of the host and hostess. Dinner was served in the basement while dancing was in progress in the parlors above. Among those present were Chief Elton, Police Commissioner Day, ex-Councilman McClain, ex-Councilman Grider, ex-Councilman Ashman and ex-Mayor Snyder. The three last-named made after-dinner speeches in response to toasts. The Bartlett-Logan Drum Corps was also present to enliven the occasion with martial music.

Mr. Loomis received as a gift from the Daughters of Rebekah, in which order Mrs. Loomis is an active member, a handsome oak desk and a bookcase combined.

Mr. Loomis has given these parties annually for ten years; and in the past five years, during which time he has been on the police force, they have grown in magnitude, until they have a red place in the calendar.

HISTORIC FLAG SENT SAMPSON.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A historic flag which will recall the early life of Admiral Sampson, has been forwarded to him by E. W. Hill of Port Chester. The flag floated on the Potapsco, of which Admiral Sampson was commander at the time, when it was sunk in the Dutch Gap Canal in 1865. The flag was rescued after being under water for seven months, by Prof. Benjamin Mallfelert, father of Mrs. Hill, who was major of engineers under Gen. B. F. Butler.

Robert Coriett of Napa has been nominated for Republican candidate in the state senate from the Seventh California District.

THE BIG STRIKE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

BY PROF. JOHN ROGERS COMMONS, Author of "Distribution of Wealth," "Social Reform," Etc., Etc.

[Printed from advance sheets of Collier's Weekly.]

PROBABLY no other industry in the United States can show a history as puzzling or as deplorable as that of anthracite coal mining. For the past thirty-five years, from the Molly Maguires to the slaughter at Hazleton, this history has shifted between tyranny and insurrection, with their natural train of violated laws and contracts and even murder and massacre. And it is a poor satisfaction to realize that the blame has rested at one time on the operators, at another time on the miners, and at all times on conditions over which neither had control. The present strike is but a repetition of outbreaks whose causes are always smouldering like the hidden fires of a volcano. As long as these causes remain the outbreaks will recur, and no power can remove the causes but the power of the whole people of these United States.

MINERS' UNIONS.

The present grievances of the miners are of twenty-five years' standing. They date from the total destruction in 1875 of the "Workingmen's Benevolent Association," a contemporary of the "Molly Maguires." That association had accomplished much good for the miners, but it went down under the stigma of that murderous society, for which, however, it was not responsible. The miners have never known but one period of general prosperity; namely, the period of the Civil War, 1861-65. It was then that the unemployed miners were drawn off to the army, and those who remained were able to have steady work at fabulous wages. Their troubles began with the return of peace. The Workingmen's Benevolent Association was formed as a weapon of defense. It succeeded in many ways. It drove out the 'company stores" and "truck" payments. It distributed large insurance funds. It helped to regulate legislation requiring safety appliances in the mines, forbidding truck payments, and requiring weekly cash payments. But since the downfall, in 1875, these evils have returned and the laws have been nullified. The Knights of Labor arose in 1887-88, and attempted to recover the lost ground. They were destroyed. In 1897 there was another revolt. It terminated at Hazleton. Now we have a new organization—the United Mine Workers of America—fresh from victories and successes among the bituminous mine workers of the West, and ready to try its hand upon the anthracite region.

It is practically impossible for the general public to sift the evidence and to understand fully the merits of the present strike. There is but one way to get at the facts in all their bearings—legal arbitration. In lieu of such a guaranty we can only examine the claims and conter-claims of the parties interested.

A convention of union miners was held at Hazleton on August 28, and submitted to the national executive board of the union their application to engage in a strike ten days later, provided an amicable settlement was not effected in the meantime. The convention asserted that the operators had "entirely ignored our cordial invitation for the purpose of discussing and, if possible, adjusting the many grievances" complained of in the circulars mailed to the operators."

Sixteen days later, September 12, the national board, from its headquarters in Indianapolis, ordered the strike to take place the following Monday September 17. On the same day, however, the president of the national union appealed from the operators to the presidents of the several coal roads, proposing "that the whole question of wages and conditions in the anthracite coal fields be submitted to arbitration."

The railroad presidents did not reply to the telegrams, but stated to the public that this offer to arbitrate was merely a "play for position," and that the order to strike was issued an hour and a half after the telegrams were sent.

THE TWO SIDES OF THE STORY.

The miners demand an increase of wages, amounting to 10 per cent. for the best paid labor and 20 per cent. for the lowest paid labor, and claim that the cost of many of the necessaries of life has been increased over 30 per cent. Figures have been published showing that in those regions flour has risen in price 27 per cent., sugar 40 per cent., oil 25 per cent., tobacco 36 per cent., stove coal, 62 per cent., chestnut coal 150 per cent., and so on.

The operators answer, through the public press, that the statement regarding rise of prices is not true; and that if the miners have not participated in the general prosperity of the country, neither have the operators. Prices of material used around the collieries have risen. The price of coal to the public cannot be increased if the market for anthracite is to be held against bituminous.

The miners demand the abolition of company stores and the adoption of semi-monthly payment of wages instead of monthly payments. Pennsylvania had a law, enacted in 1881, requiring mining corporations to pay their employés weekly in cash and not in goods or otherwise. The Supreme Court declared this unconstitutional, as "an insulting attempt to put the laborer under legislative tutelage." The miners claim that they are compelled to trade at the company store or leave the employment of the company.

The operators reply that the charge is false as regards groceries and the like, and that they pay in cash, which men can spend where they wish. None of the large companies has any connection with stores. As to the semi-monthly payments, the operators say that the Pennsylvania law is such that miners can be paid twice a month if they demand it, but "they have never demanded it." "We do not conceal the fact that we prefer to pay our men once a month on account of the expense."

The miners claim that they are compelled to purchase powder used in mining from their employers, paying $3.75 for a keg, which sells at $1 wholesale and $1.50 retail.

The operators reply: "We do sell them powder in accordance with an agreement made twenty-six years ago, in which the price of powder was a part of the scale of wages then established. When a great cry was raised some time ago against this system we offered to reduce the price of powder if the men would agree to having the wage schedule revised. They all declared that they preferred to have the matter remain as it was. It is necessary for the company to regulate the price of powder, owing to the fact that it is an exceedingly dangerous article to handle."

The miners demand a revision of the methods of weighing and measuring coal. They claim that they are compelled to send up from 2700 to 4000 pounds of coal in order to get payment for 2240 pounds. This is the system of "docking" by which the foremen make deductions for slate, rock and other impurities, in order to simmer down the miners' work to a "pure coal basis."

The miners further demand that they shall have their own check weighman at the head of the breaker, who, with the company weighman, shall agree on the amount of dockage." A law of Pennsylvania, enacted in 1875, provides for such a check weighman, but since the time when the law was enacted the operators have required the miners to sign away their right. In Kansas a similar law cannot be waived by contract.

No answer from the operators.

The miners claim that where they are paid by the car, instead of being required to furnish a well-rounded heap on the car at the breakers, as was originally agreed to, they have gradually been compelled to increase the amount of coal to each car by building the same perpendicularly from six to eighteen inches above the edge. No answer.

The miners demand a practical recognition of their union—the United Mine Workers of America—by means of arbitration and a contract regarding wages and conditions.

The operators answer that they will deal with their own employés, but not with outsiders; that the trouble has been fomented by the bituminous unions.

THE REAL ISSUE.

The recognition of the union is the crisis of the situation. The union does not go so far as to demand that only union men be employed, but, plainly enough, they insist on a collective bargain in place of the individual bargains of the past twenty-five years. Until the collective bargaining is admitted it is useless to hope for peace in the coal fields. The men may be defeated, as they have so often been, but their first conditon of security is joint action, and until that is granted they will doubtless court new defeats. The operators act together, the railroads have a notoriously solid agreement, and the miners now also ask the right to speak through a business agent. Naturally the operators recall the period of the Molly Maguires, and they refuse to submit to the demands of irresponsible laborers. If this were the only alternative their position would be sound. But there is another alternative—a permanent board of arbitration, representing equally the miners and the operators.

But arbitration is not all. Arbitration secures peace, but not always justice. The roots of the trouble lie deeper. Suppose you go down one of these mines 500 feet, then follow the declining seam for a half mile literally where the miners are at work. Here is a miner working on a sort of contract at 50 cents a ton. He pays his helper 20 cents for loading the car and has 30 cents for his own work. Six hundred feet overhead is a landlord, a half-mile distant from the shaft, who receives 50 cents royalty—as much for doing nothing as two miners for working. It is generally agreed in the region that only those operators have been able to make money who have been shrewd in bargaining on these royalties. When the operator brings his coal to the surface, it is worth $2.30 per ton; when it sells at tide water the price is $4; when it is unloaded in your cellar the price is $5. Between the landlord and the railroad the independent operator is squeezed, and he in turn conveys the pressure to the mine workers. The constitution of Pennsylvania prohibits a railroad from mining coal, but makes an exception for the existing anthracite roads. In the early seventies the roads doubled and trebled their freight rates, and organized themselves into coal-mining companies. They lose money in the coal business on account of high freights, but make money in the railroad business for the same reason. What becomes of the "independent" is plain. About 70 per cent. of the territory is now operated by the roads. Their employés are better treated than those of the independents. This accounts for a singular weakness on the part of the miners' union. The railroad miners who consent to strike are really engaging in a sympathetic strike for the benefit of the 20 per cent. employed by the independents. If they win, then the independent operators will sink under the joint pressure of landlord, railroad and labor union. Here is the problem of justice. It lies in the failure of the State to control its highways.

A Peculiar Spider.

[Washington Times:] In Florida they have a curious, large, yellow spider, which is remarkable both for the ingenuity it displays in constructing its web and the marvelous faculty it has of hiding itself on the slightest approach of danger. The insect swings a strong web from two pliant twigs on each side of a path or closed space of ground, and waits for his prey. The web is in the shape of a hammock, and tapers at each end to a fine point, though quite broad in the middle. The bright color of the spider seems to mark him out for destruction—he is so clearly defined against the white sand and dead leaves that you wonder what he would do for defense in case of attack.

Approach quietly and he watches you intently. Then if you raise your hand suddenly he will disappear. While you are wondering what became of him you see first a blur where he had been, then several spiders, then you catch sight again of the yellow ball you noticed at first. Repeat the performance and the stage effect is renewed. The disappearance is absolute; there can be no doubt about it, and the little magician trusts to do the trick entirely for his protection. How is it done? Well, as soon as he is threatened he starts the vibration of his airy hammock; these become too rapid for the eye to follow, and he vanishes. As these become slower you see a blur, and then several spiders as the eye catches him at different points of his swing, until finally he rests before you.

There is much excitement at Lima, Peru, over the fact that one of the Paris houses in which former Minister of Finance Volaunde drew about £50,000 to be used in part payment for arms purchased in Belgium, has failed to meet the first bill due, and cannot meet the others maturing Friday. The Ministers of Finance and War have resigned their portfolios, and the Cabinet is still incomplete.

THE DESTRUCTION OF GALVESTON.

BY GEN. THOMAS SCURRY, Military Governor of Galveston.

[Printed from advance sheets of Collier's Weekly.]

GALVESTON (Tex.,) Sept. 18.—Galveston has passed through an ordeal of wind and water, of wreck, ruin, desolation and woe seldom if ever known in the history of the world. In the twinkling of an eye its homes have been demolished, its industries crippled, at least one-seventh of its population killed, and more than 15,000 of its surviving citizens made absolutely destitute. From a condition of splendid wealth it has been reduced to absolute poverty. Three-fourths of its estimated valuation has been totally destroyed. Two weeks ago there was but one city in America—Providence, R. I.—wealthier, in proportion to its population. Today there is scarcely a city in America poorer than Galveston. The community has practically been wrapped in the cerements of death by the storm and laid away in the grave.

The people have lost almost everything—friends, homes and nearly all their worldly possessions. Five thousand bodies at dawn after the storm lay dead along the beaches or in the ruins, or floated helplessly on the surface of the bay or gulf. Society was disorganized, law in many instances violated, order disturbed. Men and women of all classes and conditions were suffering from a form of panic not unnatural under the circumstances. Food and water famines were threatened; the people were crying for bread in the streets. There was hardly a drop of water fit to drink on the island the day after the storm. The waterworks were suspended. The city at night was in darkness, the electric light plants having been shut down. Not a street car was running in the town. Vehicles could not pass through the streets, and even horses made their way with difficulty. Telegraph communication was cut off from the mainland for five days. The nearest railway station was ten miles away. The sanitary condition of the community was critically serious. Sewers were choked, cisterns filled with impure water, and the streets and gutters six inches deep in mud and slime left by the storm. Unburied corpses on the island and on the bay and gulf were constant menaces to the health of citizens.

But method is emerging from chaos. In one week order has been restored, the law is enforced, one thousand bodies have been buried or incinerated, and the city supplied with food and water, the waterworks repaired, the city lighted by electricity, and the whole community, night and day, made absolutely secure. Streets have been cleared, the town partly disinfected, drain ditches dug from the town to the beaches, telegraphic communication resumed, the avenues of trade and commerce opened, 15,000 people fed and clothed and sheltered, and many more have been given transportation out of town to points of refuge. All this has been done by the people of Galveston with the generous aid supplied by the big heart of the outside world.

I do not think I exaggerate when I say that at no time in all history, sacred or secular, have there been examples of nobler loyalty or more heroic determination, patience and energy in time of desolation, than Galveston has displayed to the world during the last ten days. Her people have shown the spirit of the martyred saints. They have demonstrated that peace hath her victories no less renowned than war. They have shown that they are the men and women that prosperous, progressive, enduring communities are made of. The credit for what has been done belongs in an overwhelmingly large measure to the brave people of this city. When I say that I do not depreciate the generous aid given them by the outside world. I recognize that debt fully and appreciate it fully. Once more the generous heart of the American people has responded to the victims of calamity.

Of the work done by the military authorities this is not, perhaps, the occasion to speak. It is enough to say that from the first life and property have been vigilantly protected. In this effort the authorities have been sustained and encouraged by all men in Galveston. Capital and labor here worked harmoniously together with but one common end in view, the maintenance of law and order, the security of the community against disease, and the swift restoration of the industrial life in Galveston. But to do all these things at once has been humanly impossible; the rights of life and rights of property pressed at times simultaneously for recognition. The military and health authorities, while deprecating this condition, have consistently adhered to the principle that life is of more value than property, and that their first duty is to protect the island from disease.

It is my firm conviction that Galveston will be rebuilt upon a firmer and more enduring foundation than before, and that the city will become once more the home of a prosperous and happy people. This community by its affliction, calamity and tragedy has received the sympathy of the civilized world. The heroism of its people in the presence of the awful crisis deserves also the admiration of mankind.

A Discovery in Paros.

[London Athenaeum:] An important discovery is reported from Paros, in the shape of an inscription containing portions of the biography of the celebrated lyric poet, Archilochus, of Paros, by a hitherto unknown writer, Demeas, who wrote probably about the third century B.C. The biographer drew his facts, many of which were unknown till now, from the works of the poet, and cited the passages on which he based his information. Unfortunately, the shattered condition of the stone has destroyed all but a few disconnected words in some of the quotations, but Dr. Hiller von Gartringen, who has done such excellent work in inscriptions, has published in the learned Mitthellungen of Athens, all that can be deciphered of the text.

THE AFTERMATH OF THE GALVESTON HORROR.

From photographs made for the Times' special photographer.

The Drama. ⁂ Plays and Players. ⁂ Music and Musicians. ⁂ Musical Intelligence

AT THE THEATERS.

THE announcements of the metropolitan theaters of their new dramas are to be commended when they include such productions as James Lane Allen's "The Choir Invisible," Ian Maclaren's idyllic story, "The Bonnie Brier Bush," is also to find dramatic expression. The presentations of such examples are in the highest sense entertaining and go far in winning sympathy for dramatic art.

The playwright who is able to interpret the spirit of either of these books will deserve remembrance. Ian Maclaren's story has the charm of wandering with Tieck in his enchanted Volksmaichen. It seems doubtful if these books could preserve their charm by translations into any modern language. It is reserved to art to give them new expression.

The Week at the Orpheum.

Jessie Bartlett Davis begins Monday evening her engagement at the Orpheum. Miss Davis has won success as Maid Marion in "Robin Hood."

There is also to be a "Jessie Bartlett Davis day" during her engagement. Other features of the Orpheum's new bill this week are the musical Johnstons, McCale and Daniels, Irish comedians, and others.

At the Burbank.

"The Moth and the Flame," a satire on American society, by Clyde Fitch, is announced at the Burbank. The play is to be presented by the Oliver-Leslie Company.

The Los Angeles Theater.

A parody on political life in Washington by Charles E. Hoyt, "A Texas Steer," is on the programme at the Los Angeles Theater. James P. McCann will play the part of Brander.

Actors Born, not Made.

[Lobby Gossip:] "How long do you think it ought to take any one to become an actor?" an aspirant for theatrical fame recently inquired of Charles B. Hanford.

"About one second," the tragedian answered, "or as long as it takes draw your first breath. If you are not born an actor you will never become one. But it is work which determines the place you are to occupy in the scale of merit."

The Best Methods.

[Denver Post:] "The best methods are obtained by earnestness," said Salvini. "If you can impress people with a conviction that you feel what you say they will pardon many short-comings."

It is this sort of thing that has made great players in all generations.

Years ago the artists who played Meg Merrilies in "Guy Mannering" in the usual formal way was ill and a poor little, and very ugly utility woman named Charlotte Cushman, in the dire extremity of the management, was called upon to take the part.

A chance for a hit flashed through her mind.

She rushed upon the stage half crazed with enthusiasm, and to the astonishment of audience and actors alike, assumed the role, which ever after was made famous as linked with her name.

Enthusiasm is the always being awake. It is the tingling of every fibre of one's being to do the work that one's heart desires.

"Arizona's" Gift to Texas.

"Arizona," which has been winning favor at the Herald Square Theater, donated, through Mr. Shubert, the manager, the receipts of three performances to the Galveston flood sufferers. The play of "Arizona" includes an assortment of ranchers, cowboys and cavalrymen, and is composed partly of comedy and partly of melodrama.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

"Paola and Francesca" is to be the first drama produced at the rejuvenated Adelphi London, famous as the home of Mrs. Siddons' triumphs.

Richard Mansfield plays in New York City thirty weeks this winter. First at the Garden theater, then at the Herald Square. The only other cities which will see him are Chicago and Philadelphia.

Rehearsals of "The Choir Invisible," which will be produced at the Park Theater, have commenced. Mrs. Jewett dramatized "The Choir Invisible" from James Lane Allen's story, and considers that sufficient labor and honor.

Kirke La Shelle is preparing for a metropolitan production of "The Bonnie Brier Bush," the idyllic drama, based upon the everywhere-read story, from the pen of the celebrated Scotch divine and author, "Ian Maclaren"—the Rev. John Watson.

Lester Lonergan, so well remembered for his long service as leading man with Madame Helena Modjeska, has begun his season as leading man with the Woodward Stock Company at the Auditorium Theater, Kansas City. During the opening weeks of the engagement he has been successful in "Men and Women" and "Shenandoah."

To "A Stranger in New York" belongs the distinction of playing to larger and more enthusiastic audiences last season than any of the other Hoyt attractions. Of all the plays which Mr. Hoyt has contributed to the stage in the past, none has proven a greater drawing-card or made a more favorable impression.

Charles B. Hanford is neglecting nothing which may contribute to secure a proper atmosphere for his new play, "Private John Allen." One scene represents a drawing-room in the home of an old-school southern aristocrat. Adorning the walls are portraits of Stonewall Jackson, Robert E. Lee, Clay, Calhoun, and other celebrated men who were reared on southern soil.

John Drew has been appearing in the title role of the new four-act play, "Richard Carvel," dramatized by Edward E. Rose, from Winston Churchill's widely-read novel. The incoherence of the play has been censured by leading New York critics, who find it impossible that so clever a craftsman as Mr. Rose should have been guilty of the play. The fame of the popular novel and the brilliance of the star have drawn large audiences.

"A Midnight Bell" has long been quoted as the nearest approach to legitimate comedy that Charles H. Hoyt ever made. Ordinary village types broadly caricatured, are introduced, and their romping is in the main some degrees less imposing than the same order of diversion observed in "Josh Whitcomb," or the "Dairy Farm." It obviously requires general and special talent of a high order to ornament and illuminate this sort of material.

New York theater-goers are coming back from the seashore and mountain resorts with extraordinary unanimity this season. The tail-end of the tornado which swept Galveston sent the pleasurers of Newport, Narragansett, Bar Harbor and Atlantic City scudding back to Broadway and Fifth avenue, and the metropolitan theaters are consequently unusually prosperous for this unusually early time of year.

Michael Monahan, who has won note as a writer on dramatic and other topics, and as a poet and lecturer, is now settled in New York, and this season will resume the lecture platform. The School Board of Manhattan and the Bronx has engaged Mr. Monahan to deliver a series of lectures on the Irish poets in the free school lecture course this winter, and he has also been engaged to give a second course of lectures before the Brooklyn Institue, where he appeared with notable success last season. Mr. Monahan is not only a brilliant writer on a wide range of subjects, but a happy orator of dramatic impulse and lively fancy.

After an unprecedented season of 697 performances at the Shaftesbury Theater, London, where royalty is said to have gone into ecstacies over the production, "The Belle of New York," with all its original wealth of scenery and gorgeous costumes, is making a triumphal tour of the country. The part of Violet Grey, the Salvation Army lassie, is being played this season by Miss Beulah Dodge, who is making a decided impression in the role. Miss Dodge bears a striking resemblance to her predecessor, Miss May, and it is a strange coincidence that the two prima-donnas were schoolmates during their girlhood days.

Concerning the appearance of the ghost scene in "Hamlet" recently presented, a New York critic says: "Several features of the performance were surprising to the verge of sensationalism. One cannot help thinking, for instance, that William Harris would have been a better ghost had he not had an electric battery concealed about his person. As the management had promised that the costuming should be free from anachronisms, the conclusion is obligatory that private advices had been received from other worlds to the effect that Mr. Edison's discoveries were there anticipated by some hundreds of years."

New York critics are divided concerning Mr. Sothern's Hamlet. The Mail and Express says: "Mr. Sothern's Hamlet is devoid of genius. It interests, it commands approval. It is painstaking, competent. But it does not thrill, and it is not inspired. It is successful in the scenes where success is not sought, it fails when success seems at hand. The rendition of the great soliloquies, for example, is as fine as any this generation has heard, that upon suicide being notably and quite extraordinarily human, and convincing, though delivered in a tone unsuited to the period of autumn coughs and colds, which interfered with its hearing. The instructions to the players made one wish (as it can only do when worthily delivered) that all the actors and actresses in the world could be present to hear it, or could be forced to read it twice daily throughout the year. But "Hamlet," if it were merely a collection of the most beautiful poetry and prose in the language, would long since have been relegated to the closet. It is first and foremost an acting play; it should never be recited by any but those who can make the best use of its situations. Unlike most of the Shakespearean dramas, its situations overshadow both its characters and its poems, and in the great situations last evening something was lacking."

The following notice from Life will have an interest for the friends of Otis Skinner in Los Angeles:

"The truth about Otis Skinner and his play "Prince Otto," is that he is a very charming actor, and that his play does not give him quite enough scope. Mr. Skinner, thanks to syndicate methods, has not been seen in New York for some time. Those who knew his work and admired him at Daly's will find him not greatly changed. He has gained a certain air of authority which Augustin Daly allowed to few members of his company. At the same time it must be allowed, judging by this performance, that Mr. Skinner has not yielded to the temptation that besets every actor out of New York to sacrifice method to the desire to affect easily-moved provincial audiences. In other words, Mr. Skinner comes back to New York little affected by uncritical audiences, who demand only "strong" acting.

"The late Robert Louis Stevenson might turn over in his Samoan grave to see the liberties that have been taken with his story of "Prince Otto," and it must be confessed that the play is not a powerful one. The petty politics of a small German principality as the basis of a drama to present to New York people seem trivial in view of all the strenuousness we have going on in our midst, and in our dependencies.

"The piece was well presented. Mr. Skinner himself as Prince Otto was manly, graceful, suave and dignified when occasion called."

INCREASE NEW ROAD.

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association Adopts Formal Resolutions Favoring the Salt Lake Railroad.

Railroad.

At a meeting of the directors of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association held a week ago, the proposed Salt Lake Railroad was heartily indorsed, and the secretary was instructed to formulate a set of resolutions. This has been done, and the formal expression reads as follows:

"Whereas, a committee from this association in conjunction with similar committees from the other commercial bodies of this city, have formed an organization for the purpose of securing from the people of Los Angeles financial support toward the construction of the Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railroad, said contribution to consist of $1,000,000 of bonds in said railroad; and, whereas, the construction of said railroad is of paramount importance to the future development and prosperity of this city.

"Resolved, by the board of directors of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association of Los Angeles that the people of Southern California in general, and Los Angeles in particular, be urged to subscribe to their utmost ability toward the raising of $1,000,000 for the said Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railroad, and the hearty coöperation of this association is hereby pledged to the promotion of said enterprise; and, be it further

"Resolved, that we indorse the plans of the committees having this matter in charge, and that we hereby strongly commend them to the favorable consideration of the entire population of this city."

Dedication of Author to Herself.

[Notes and Queries:] "A Narrative of the Life of Mrs. Charlotte Clarke" begins as follows: "The author to herself: Madam, Tho' Flattery," etc. The copy I have access to has lost the title page, but a passage toward the end is worth quoting:

"This Day, April 19, 1755, is published the Eighth and Last Number of 'A Narrative of the Life of Mrs. Charlotte Clarke' with a Dedication from and to myself: The properest Patroness I could have chosen, as I am most likely to be tenderly partial to my poetical Errors and will be as bounteous in the Reward as we may reasonably imagine my Merit may claim."

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

Undertones.

IF ONE considers how important a place music holds in education, one is led to remember De Quincy's words, that few worthy utterances have been spoken upon the subject.

The thorough musician is one who unites in himself the several qualities of the theorist, the composer, and the performer. It is the union of these in their perfection which constitute the distinction of those illustrious men known as the great masters. In its estimates of music the world needs sometimes to remind itself that Homer paid for hospitality with a song as he wandered a poor minstrel from door to door.

Hoffman never lost his devotion to music, and when his friend Kunz was in deep grief for the loss of a child, he persuaded him to go to the opera and hear Mozart's "Don Juan." On the way there he talked in so kind and sensitive a way of that which had been his own consolation, that his friend admitted, "This music of the spheres has exerted a greater power over me than all the dictates of reason, or the consolation of friends."

"Noise on one note," says Shorthouse, "deadens and destroys the soul, the life of the mind within the brain."

The harmony of sounds is something more mysterious than the harmony of lines and colors.

Reason cannot explain a familiar truth, that music is built on two leading chords, from which all others are derived. The tonic chord is the chord of rest and peace, the chord of the seventh, that of unrest and longing. By the varied succession of these chords the musician expresses the deepest secrets of the soul.

In Korolensko's "Blind Musician," he gives the history of that period, when the blind boy's ideas shaped themselves according to sounds, his sense of hearing becoming the center of his mental activity. The enchanting melodies of the songs he heard conveyed to him a true sense of the words, coloring them with sadness or joy, according to the lights and shades of the melody. With still closer attention he listened to the voices of nature. "He carried the pipe with him, and its modulations were so indistinguishably blended with the gentle sighs of the steppe, that at times the blind boy could not tell whether those vague fancies were wafted on the wind, or whether he himself drew them from the pipe. In this way, touched by song, he learned to know the heroes of whom he sung, and to feel a concern for their fate, and for the destiny of his country."

Local Notes.

The probabilities are that Mme. Sembrich and her opera company will give a season of opera in Los Angeles in April.

Sousa has signed with Mr. Fitzgerald for a series of five concerts to be given at Hazard's Pavilion the latter part of February.

Mr. Strong, who has been filling the position of tenor in the choir of the Immanuel Presbyterian Church during the summer, has resigned.

W. B. Fleming, formerly superintendent of the Roosevelt organ factory and later with the Farrand and Votey Company, has accepted a position with Murray M. Harris of this city.

Mrs. C. G. Stivers, who has accepted the position of soprano of the First Congregational Church choir, will continue as director of the choir of the Central Presbyterian Church, the membership of which will include Miss Grace Whitehorn, soprano, Miss Louise Torrey, contralto; Charles M. Clark, tenor, and Dr. H. S. Brown, basso.

At the "opening" recital of the musical department of the University of Southern California, Thursday afternoon, the programme was participated in by W. F. Skeele, organist; Mrs. W. F. Baird, pianist; F. A. Bacon, tenor; E. G. Miller, bass, and W. F. Gates, baritone. Succeeding the music, Mr. Gates gave a talk on the study of musical theory.

Leslie C. Marsh, who has been in charge of the instrumental music department of Chaffey College, left California last week for Germany where he intends to devote himself to the study of composition and piano under Prof. Stavenhagen, of Munich. Mr. Marsh, who is a proficient pianist, has the well wishes of many friends interested in future work.

Miss Gertrude Cohen, a talented young pianist, a pupil of Waldo W. Chase, played an interesting programme before a few invited listeners at Blanchard Hall, Thursday morning. Miss Cohen, assisted by Miss Mary Chapman, contralto, will give a recital at the same place early in October. Her playing Thursday betokens a favorable account of herself at this, her initial public appearance.

A song and violin recital was given Thursday evening at Blanchard Hall by Miss Susan Beatrice Cogswell, violinist, and Miss Sarah Louise Cogswell, soprano, assisted by Miss Jennie Griswold, reader, and A. Abecassis, violinist. The most acceptable numbers of the evening were the violin selections of Miss Susan Beatrice Cogswell, who secures a sympathetic, agreeable, though not brilliant tone. Miss Cogskell had an excellent instrument; her bowing was graceful and she displayed conscientious techincal work.

Miss Isabel Curl, soprano; Miss Matie Williams, alto; John E. Hull, tenor, and W. F. Gates, bass, will assist at the sacred concert to be given this afternoon at the Universalist Church, Pasadena, under the direction of F. A. Bacon.

Thursday evening, October 4, the inaugural concert will be given at Christ's Church by Waldo M. Chase, organist of the church, and Owen Foster, organist, assisted by the Christ Church quartette, including Miss Pertilia Eisenmeyer, soprano; Miss E. N. Richards, alto; W. W. Stevens, tenor; D. H. Morrison, director and bass.

Ever since the assuring announcement of the coming of Grau's Metropolitan Opera Company interest in the approaching season of grand opera to be given in this city, November 9 and 10, has been widespread throughout Southern California. The local management of the company states that inquiries concerning the performances and requests for favorite operas have been received from forty-six different towns and cities. It is of interest to note that from these expressed preferences "Les Huguenots" finds favor with the greatest number; "Faust" and "Carmen" stand even for the honor of second place, while "Lohengrin" and "Romeo and Juliet" follow in close order. The three apparently in greatest favor here will probably be the ones to be given in this city.

Decent Publications.

A recent Ditson publication is Frederick Stevenson's "Benedictus in F," of which the September Music Review says: "It is a devotional composition of uncommon musical worth. It is devoid of monotony, well worked out and brought to a jubilant conclusion." The composition opens with a spirited chorus in unison. It includes solos for soprano, tenor and bass and a duet for soprano and tenor.

L. C. Page & Co. of Boston have issued a critical and biographical work, "Contemporary American Composers," by Rupert Hughes, formerly music critic on the Criterion, now on the London Times. The book contains a long list of native-born American composers, who come in for critical consideration. It includes many portraits and facsimile musical autographs.

Oliver Ditson has just issued a collection of thirty organ arrangements, by William C. Karl, of compositions by well-known and by comparatively unknown composers. The pieces are, for the most part, easy and available for church use.

Worcester Festival.

The annual Worcester (Mass.) Festival was held during the past week. César Franck's "Beatitudes," Brahm's "German Requiem," the "Golden Legend," by Sullivan, and Verdi's "Te Deum," were the principal choral works. The orchestral numbers included Mendelssohn's "Scotch Symphony and the "Unfinished Symphony" of Schubert. The soloists numbered such well-known singers as Mmes. Lillian Blauvelt, Sara Anderson, and Schumann-Heink and Evan Williams, Giuseppe Campanari, Theodore Van Yorx and Gwilym Miles. George W. Chadwick conducted.

Here and There.

The Castle Square Opera Company will produce Sousa's "El Capitan" at the Studebaker, Chicago, in October.

Kaltenborn and his orchestra close a successful season of summer concerts at St. Nicholas Garden, New York, today, and will begin a series of Sunday high-class popular orchestral concerts at the Herald Square Theater.

Rudolph Aronson, manager of the American tour of Strauss and his orchestra, has written a waltz and dedicated it to the Vienna conductor.

Concerts of high-class music to be given at night in public school buildings, are being advocated in some of the eastern cities, these to be of low admission price and in the interest of the poor.

Patti's Acquisitions.

[Musical Age:] Mme. Patti, who recently attained her fifty-seventh birthday, has for many years held the record for the largest sum earned in a year by a woman. Her highest total for twelve months is $350,000. Her present London concert terms are said to be $2000 a night, but her high-water mark for a single performance is $11,000, received at Buenos Ayres. Mme. Patti has written some "confessions," from which it appears that her favorite poet is Longfellow; her favorite novelist, Dickens; her favorite pastime, entertaining her friends, to whom she is loyalty itself. She presents them with rich and costly presents. All the chairs in Mme. Patti's boudoir at Craig-y-Nos Castle are draped with colored ribbons taken from innumerable bouquets which have been thrown at her. Some of the ribbons are many years old and much prized.

Famous People.

W. R. Chapman, director of the Maine festivals, has completed a new piano concerto, which he will play in November.

The Rubinstein prize of $1000 for composition went to M. Gödicke of St. Petersburg, and the $1000 award for pianoforte playing to Emil Bosquet of Brussels.

Sieveking, the Dutch pianist, will come to America under the direction of Miss M. L. Pinkham. Ernest Hutcheson, the Australian pianist, first time in America; Elsa Ruegger, 'cellist; M. and Mme. Sobrino, the pianist and dramatic soprano; the Marquis De Souza, baritone, and Ellison Van Hoose, the tenor, are among those engaged by her.

Siegfried Wagner will conduct the two cycles of "The Nibelung's Ring" at Bayreuth next season, and also the five "Flying Dutchman" performances. It is stated that Dr. Hans Richter will conduct the seven "Parsifal" presentations, for the first time. Mmes. Gulbeanson and Schumann-Heink and Mr. Van Rooy are among the singers already engaged.

Fritz Kreisler, an Austrian violinist, will make his American debut at Carnegie Hall, with orchestra, about the middle of October. On the afternoons of November 14 and 17 Ernst von Dohnanyi, the Hungarian pianist, will give two piano recitals in Mendelssohn Hall. On the evening of November 15 Evan Williams, tenor, and Gwylim Miles, baritone, will give a recital of Welsh songs, assisted by Miss Avice Boxall, harpist, in Mendelssohn Hall.

Mme. Teresa Carreño, whose American tour will begin next November, is in the Austrian Tyrol, where many of her pupils follow her. Her recent season in London and Paris was more than usually successful, and, notwithstanding efforts have been made by her London managers to induce her to return to England next winter, she will remain in America during the entire musical season, playing in all of the large cities from coast to coast, with two weeks in Cuba and one in Mexico.

A season of three months of grand opera and opera bouffé in French will commence in New Orleans early in January. Previous to that time the company will give a series of performances in Havana and Mexico. The director, M. De Berriel, is a singer and a musician, and was for several years one of the barritones of the Theater National in Paris, and last season was engaged as leading baritone at the French opera in New Orleans. He has given up the stage career and become an impressario. In the company are MM. Jérome, Gilloul, Duquesne, Viannet, Chais, Bouxman and Moncini, and Mmes. Taicois, Nina Pack, Bonfeut and Chais. Alice Bonheur is to be the prima donna in the operettas.

Sig. Mascagni's new opera, "Maschere," has just been performed in semi-privacy, though before a very large number of musicians in the drawing-room of a rich amateur, Sig. Felice Robert of Rome the various parts being sung by professional vocalists, although the orchestral accompaniments were played upon a piano. Among those who were present were the count of San Martino and the Prince of Belmonte. The composer has already stated that in "Maschere" he has to a certain extent adopted the manner of the last century. Indeed, it is said that the overture is almost Mozartian in style, and among the numbers especially appreciated were a Pavane after the seventeenth-century model, a Tarantella, a duet between Rosaura and Florinda, two vocal quartettes, and a march. The opera is a comic one, and although it has a strong love interest, it introduces some of the characters of old Italian pantomime.

In the case of the Central Trust Company of New York against the United States Flour Milling Company, Judge Lacombe appointed Samuel Thomas of New York, Charles E. Kimball of Summit, N. J., and Albert C. Loring of Minneapolis receivers to take charge of the mortgaged premises of the defendant company. In a similar action between the same parties in the Chancery Court of New Jersey the same receivers were appointed and gave a joint bond of $75,000.

CHURCH MUSIC.

The Programmes to Be Presented at Today's Services by Los Angeles Choirs.

[Programmes of church music, intended for publication in this department, should be plainly written, in proper form, and should reach the Times office not later than 10 a.m. Saturday.]

IMMANUEL PRESBY. CHURCH, corner Tenth and Figueroa streets. Morning: Organ, prelude (Wright;) "How Beautiful Upon the Mountains" (Dayas;) "Gloria Patri" (Nevin;) response, "Comfort the Soul of Thy Servant" (Bullard;) offertory, "O Lord be Merciful" (Bartlett,) Miss Winston; organ, "Postlude" (Mertel.)

Evening: Organ, "Adagio" (Lachner;) "O Come Let Us Sing" (Bouche;) offertory, "Abide With Me" (Biederman,) Mrs. Scarborough; "Lovely Appear" (Gounod;) organ, postlude (Munro.) Mary L. O'Donoughue, organist and director.

ST. VINCENT'S CHURCH, corner of Washington street and Grand avenue. At the 10:30 o'clock high mass, the choir will sing the "Kyrie," "Agnus Dei" and "Doña Nobis" from Schubert's mass in A flat, and the "Gloria," "Credo" and "Sanctus," from Haydn's seventh mass. The soloists will be Miss H. Knickerbocker, Mrs. J. Scott Chapman, Mrs. Schallert, and Messrs. Sullivan, Taylor, Joakum, George Rice and R. Barry. At the offertory Miss Knickerbocker, Mrs. Schallert and Mr. Taylor will sing Owen's trio, "Ave Maria," and before the sermon, Mrs. Chapman will sing a "Veni Creator," by Decio Monti. Postlude, "Marche Pontificale" (Lemmens.) Organist and director, T. W. Wilde.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Morning: Anthem, "Ho Every One That Thirsteth" (Wilson;) quartette choir; response, "Bow Down Thine Ear" (York;) offertory, solo, "Jesu, Jesu, Miserere" (Nevin,) Mrs. Maud Mott Fassel; organ (selected,) Miss Lou Landrum.

Evening: Anthem, "It Is High Time to Awake" (Spinney,) quartette choir; response, "Bow Down Thine Ear" (York;) offertory, solo, "In the Secret of His Presence," Lou V. Shaw. Mrs. Orr Haralson, director.

THE FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, corner Sixth and Hill streets. Morning: Organ, "Invocation" (Mailly;) choir, "Te Deum Laudamus" (Schnecker;) organ, "Andantino" (Chauvet;) solo, Miss Mollie Adelia Brown.

Evening: Organ, "Pastorale" (from first sonata, by Guilmant;) choir, "For All the Saints That from Their Labors Rest" (Shelley;) duet, Miss Brown and Mr. Williams; organ, "Chant D'Amour" (Henselt;) solo, Mr. Williams.

THE CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Morning: Voluntary, "Andante Con Moto" (Calkin,) Miss Douglas; "Lord's Prayer" (Spohr;) "Gloria" (Langdon;) "Praise Thou the Lord" (Hauptmann;) "Gloria" (Norris;) response, "Hear Us, O Father" (Marshall;) offertory, "Magnify Jehovah's Name" (Haydn.)

Evening: Praise service by the choir; Mrs. C. G. Stivens, soprano; Miss Leone Timmons, alto; C. M. Clark, tenor; Dr. H. S. Brown, bass, and Miss Anna Douglas, organist, assisted by Miss Grace Whitehorn, soprano, and Miss Louise Torrey, contralto.

Programme: Voluntary, "Nocturne" (Bohm,) Miss Douglas; "Jubilate Deo" (D. Buck, Jr.;) bass solo, "The Good Shepherd" (Barri,) Dr. Brown; "Gloria" (Langdon;) response, "Hear Us, O Father" (Marshall;) "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" (arranged by Anderson,) Mrs. Stivers, Miss Whitehorn, Miss Torrey and Miss Timmons; tenor solo, "One Day Nearer Home" (Vance,) Mr. Clark; "Through the Day, Thy Love Has Spared Us" (Schnecker;) contralto solo, "He Was Despised" (from "Messiah,") Miss Timmons; offertory, soprano solo, "The Heavenly Dream" (Treharne,) Mrs. Stivers; trio, "My Peace I eLave You" (form "Emmanuel," the Misses Whitehorn, Torrey and Timmons. Mrs. C. G. Stivers, director.

ST. VIBANA'S CATHEDRAL. The cathedral choir will render the mass in G major by C. B. Witska, the soloists being Miss Blanche A. Kottmeier, soprano; Miss Lillie Scanlon, contralto; Dr. J. J. Heyes, tenor, and Joseph Scott, bass. For offertory, Miss Kottmeier will sing the "Ave Maria" by Wiegand. T. Heyes, organist.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. Morning: Organ, "Andante" in D (Silas;) "O for the Wings of a Dove" (Mendelssohn,) with solo by Miss Curl; responce, "This is Our Prayer to Thee," duet, "Lead Kindly Light," Miss Williams and Mr. Gates; organ, "Grand Solemn March" (Smart.)

Evening: Organ, "Prayer" (Callaorts;) "The God of Abram Praise" (Dudley Buck;) response, "Father Hear Us;" offertory, "The Singing in God's Acre" (Brackett,) solo by John Hull; organ, "Chorale" (Mendelssohn.) Organist, Miss Edith Haines; director, W. Francis Gates.

THE OLIVET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Washington street, corner Magnolia avenue. Morning: Voluntary, "Jesus, Lover of My Soul" (Sherwin;) Miss Grace Whitehorn, soprano; Mrs. Charles P. Squires, contralto; M. W. Brown, tenor; W. A. Rennie, bass; "Hear, O Father, Our Prayer," anthem, "Praise the Lord, O Jerusalem" (Sherwin;) offertory, "Love Divine" (Stainer,) Miss Grace Whitehorn. Mrs. M. W. Brown, accompanist.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH (South,) corner Ninth street and Grand avenue. Morning: Organ, "Entre de Procession" (Batiste;) "I'm a Pilgrim, I'm a Stranger" (Marston;) organ, opus 34, No. 2 (Chopin;) "Christian, the Morn Breaks" (Shelley;) organ, march (Flagler.)

Evening: Organ, selection from "Fra Diavolo;" "Praise the Lord" (Excell;) organ, "Verset" (Batiste;) "The Lord's Prayer" (Excell;) march (Battmann.)

The choir consists of Miss Jessie Bryant, Miss Charlotte Pinkham, Mrs. B. Rank, Mr. Squires and H. Wood. Miss Mary Holmes, organist.

ST. JOHN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner Adams and Figueroa streets, 11 o'clock: Organ, voluntary, "Marche Funebre" (Chopin;) processional, "Ten Thousand Times Ten Thousand" (Dykes;) "Venite" (Randall;) "Te Deum" (King Hall;) "Benedictus" (Crotch;) "Litany Hymn" (Spanish chant;) offertory, "My Faith Looks Up to Thee" (Mason;) recessional, "Forever With the Lord" (Schumann;) organ postlude, "Triumphal March" (Guilmant.)

Choral evensong at 5 o'clock: Organ, (a) "Berceuse" (Spinney;) (b) "Allegretto Grazioso" (Tours;) processional, "The Son of God Goes Forth to War" (Cutler;) choral service (Tallis;) psalter (Anglican chants;) "Magnificat" and "Nunc Dimittis" (Rankilor;) offertory, "O for a Heart" (Dykes;) recessional, "Sun of My Soul" (German;) organ postlude (Rink.) A. W. Sessions, organist.

It is reported that the worsted consolidation, which was among the many deals taken up last year, but abandoned, is again on foot. The Textile Manufacturers' Journal says that S. Walker Janes, the leading spirit in the movement, has received a cablegram from his representative in London in effect that arrangements had been made for the funds, and that the organization of the worsted company was now assured. When the consolidation was undertaken a year ago a capitalization of $63,000,000 was proposed.

EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

Brilliant Season Predicted.

PRACTICALLY all of society is back to town after spending the summer at various resorts in the mountains or at the seaside. However, society is in the dead calm of an intermediate season at present. There appears, just now, no definite estimate of the number of functions to be given this fall and winter, but there is an indication that the season will be a more brilliant one than last year. It ought to be a gay season, if the prosperity of the country is considered as an incentive. There will be a large number of weddings, and such affairs naturally presage many delightful parties, dinners and luncheons. The announcement of coming nuptial events and the list of new engagements grow from day to day, several appearing in these columns today.

House Party.

Samuel S. Bennett of Oakland has been the recipient of considerable social attention during his visit in the city. He is the guest of Judge Bicknell and family of West Seventh street. Last Wednesday evening Louis Myers gave a theater party in his honor; Thursday Miss Blanche Brown entertained at breakfast; in the evening Mrs. J. W. Hinton of West Seventh street gave a dinner party, and Friday evening Miss Etta Bicknell entertained at dinner. Yesterday Mr. Bennett and Sumpter Zombro of San Bernardino left for Santa Monica, where they will be guests of Judge and Mrs. Bicknell at the "Santa Monica" cottage over Sunday. Several Los Angeles society people will also spend Sunday and Monday as guests at the cottage.

Alpha Rho Sorority.

The first meeting of the season of the Alpha Rho Sorority was held in Rubio Cañon yesterday, at which time Miss Wilma Ryus was initiated into the organization. A picnic luncheon was served at noon and the party returned early in the afternoon. In the evening the sorority was entertained at dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Mennell, No. 2626 Vermont avenue, when Miss Rachael Mennell acted as hostess. The decorations were carried out in the sorority colors, green and gold. The guests were Misses Mabel Fickett, Wilma Ryus, Rachael Mennell, Julia Mennell, Myra Scherer, Blanche Smith, Miriam Worswick, Lena Turner, Lynlie Eldridge, Frances Thompson, Irene Griscom, Florence Bannister, Annie Bannister, Mabel Yerxa, Sarah Miller, May Holloway, Edith Patterson.

W.C.T.U. Luncheon.

Mrs. Lucy S. Blanchard, president of the County W.C.T.U., entertained several elderly women at luncheon Friday afternoon at her home on West Second street. "Mother" Ransom, aged 85 years, was the oldest guest present, and the youngest was aged 63, the aggregate ages numbering 1486. The dining-room was handsomely decorated. In the center of the table was a large mound of scarlet geraniums and green leaves, and trailing vines were gracefully arranged over the cloth. The place cards were ornamented with pen and ink sketches of the W.C.T.U. badge, and on the reverse side was a quotation about the life of Frances Willard, whose picture occupied a prominent place on the table. Those present were Mmes. D. Irene Holt of Pasadena, J. C. Fitzhenry, Marcia M. Allen, "Mother" Ransome, Amanda Snell, Jane Painter, Addie M. Lovewell, Eliza A. Owens, Sarah E. Clough, Margaret S. Hinnman, Eunice Jessup, Mary B. Philips, Ruth A. Wright, Harriet A. Briggs, Dr. Rachael F. Reid, Ellen Guy, Josephine Marlatt, Mary C. Gower, Mary E. Lindley, Margaret L. Irvine, Amelia Davis, Mary Hopkins, Miss Emeline McCormick.

Chaminade Club.

The September meeting of the Chaminade Club was held at the home of Miss Helen Day. Schubert was the composer selected for the evening, and the programme proved to be one of the most enjoyable ones of the year. After the programme was rendered refreshments were served, and the guests enjoyed a social time. Those present were Misses Grace Freebe, Adelaide Jones, Estelle Blanchard, Lulu Barker, Alice Stribling, Grace Burnett, Helen Day, Albie Mulford, Leola Allen, Alice Blanchard, Nettie Stribling, Fleda Blanchard, Sue Greening, Blanche Kottmier, Myrtle Godfrey; Mmes. E. L. Blanchard, Day, Addison Day; Messrs. Victor Stumpf, Wallace Jones, Horace King, Carl Raleigh, H. Risser Patty, Addison Day, Prof. A. J. Stamm, Warren Day, Prof. Charles F. Edson, Day.

A Birthday Party.

Mrs. H. J. Robinson of No. 1531 Winfield street, entertained Friday afternoon and evening, in honor of the fourth birthday anniversary of her daughter, Irene. The parlors and dining-room were tastefully decorated with roses, ferns, smilax and palms. La France roses were used in the front parlor. After dinner the guests were entertained with games. Refreshments were served during the evening. Irene was the recipient of many handsome gifts. Among those present [illegible] Mrs. T. Robinson, Mrs. C. [illegible] Ben C. Robinson, Mr. and [illegible] J. Robinson, Dora Sund[illegible] Meers, Anna Bright, Marian [illegible] Ida Mead, Margaret Rilsey, [illegible] inson.

Surprised.

A very pleasant surprise [illegible] given last Wednesday evening [illegible] Fred Nielsen of No. [illegible] first street, in honor of her [illegible] Laura Dee, in celebration [illegible] eighteenth birthday. The [illegible] beautifully decorated. In the [illegible] the dining-room was a large [illegible] cake, decorated with eighteen [illegible] Refreshments were served [illegible] tables. The evening was very [illegible] spent with music and games. [illegible] present were Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] sen, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. F. Dee, [illegible] Laura Dee, Vivian Dee; [illegible] man, Martha, Louise and [illegible] Messrs. Frank Perron, [illegible] res, Fred Dee, Merle, [illegible] Woods.

Birthday Party.

Friends and neighbors of [illegible] Benjamin to the number of [illegible] half a hundred honored [illegible] impromptu birthday party [illegible] day evening, the occasion [illegible] sixtieth anniversary. The [illegible] were whist, crokinole and [illegible] contests and music. The [illegible] ners were Mrs. Orville O. [illegible] Miss Van Wagenen and Otis [illegible] The list of guests include[illegible] lowing-named: Mr. and [illegible] D. Bradford, Dr. and Mrs. [illegible] Witherbee, Mr. and Mrs. J. [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Co[illegible] and Mrs. J. W. Young, Mr. [illegible] Everhardy, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] fany, Mr. and Mrs. Charles [illegible] and Mrs. E. C. Stevens, [illegible] W. S. Livengood, Mr. and [illegible] C. Travers, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] and Mrs. Moore, Mr. and [illegible] Biley, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. W. Arnold, [illegible] Mrs. de Rudio, Mmes. M. [illegible] bee, Garrett, Van Wag[illegible] Bidwell, J. M. Shields, A. [illegible] H. C. Scott, Adair; [illegible] Adams, May Wetherbolt, [illegible] Wagenen, Wynette Bailey, [illegible] Sydney Young, McCauley, [illegible] Bisbee, Tica Dorrance, [illegible] Messrs. Charles Engstron, [illegible] Frank Arnold, Aubrey A[illegible] Wood, George Knox, [illegible] McKnight, Stiles, Harry [illegible] ers, Jack Van Wagenen, [illegible] well, B. A. Benjamin, David [illegible] Percy Benjamin, Dr. Kee[illegible]

Whist Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. [illegible] tertained at whist Friday [illegible] their residence, corner of [illegible] Hoover streets, in honor of [illegible] Grace Clark, of Tacoma. [illegible] cards came dancing. Those [illegible] were Mr. and Mrs. Will [illegible] and Mrs. Harvey Cox, Mr. [illegible] Fred Adam, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] land; Misses Amy Grace [illegible] Hoffman, Neuhausen, Misses [illegible] Lottie Lambert, Elsa and [illegible] hausen, Alma McClellan, [illegible] more; Messrs. Byron [illegible] Howland, W. Howard [illegible] Breer, Roy Wilson, Lee [illegible] Thomas, Kleaver Hoffman, [illegible] more.

Childrens' Party.

Mrs. J. E. Beck on Friday [illegible] gave a children's party at [illegible] on East Third street. The [illegible] in honor of her son Howard [illegible] birthday. The double parlors [illegible] ing-room, where refreshments [illegible] served, were decorated with [illegible] nations and green foliage. [illegible] received as a souvenir a [illegible] china manakin. Mrs. Beck was [illegible] by Mrs. Oman in receiving [illegible] taing the little ones. The [illegible] Mildred Wolfskill, Ramona [illegible] Johnson, Anna Jaeger, Miss [illegible] Secondo Guasti, Jr., Amb[illegible] George Donovan, Carl [illegible] Wolfskill, Robert Beck, [illegible] Eddie Kunkel.

House Party.

Miss Nellie Barr gave a [illegible] last Saturday and Sunday [illegible] Los Angeles friends at the [illegible] parents in Santa Monica. [illegible] chaperoned the party. The [illegible] Misses Blanche Barwell, [illegible] Sanborn; Messrs. John [illegible] Tandy, George Fruhling.

Grant—Janssens.

Miss Rose Grant and John [illegible] were married at St. Vincent's [illegible] yesterday morning at [illegible] Rev. Father Lynn officiated. [illegible] wore a gray traveling [illegible] church was handsomely [illegible] After the wedding a [illegible] served at the home of the [illegible] bride was attended by her [illegible] Christina Grant, and [illegible] of Santa Barbara acted as [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Janssens [illegible] Santa Barbara for a wedding [illegible]

Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Egolf [illegible] their fifteenth wedding [illegible] Thursday evening at [illegible] West Adams street [illegible] the Westlake Club with [illegible] The decorations were [illegible] unique. Fish nets were [illegible] the rooms, and gold [illegible] were prominent in the [illegible] The decorations and dinner [illegible] decidedly aquatic nature [illegible] ner the guests were entertained [illegible] word-building contest, [illegible] awarded Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] the largest number of [illegible] fish dinner." The guests [illegible]

The Carse Technic for Pianoforte.

A text book for teachers and students of music, by Herbert E. Carse, [illegible] praise from the greatest musicians.

The following letter is from Constantin von Sternberg, the great pianist, [illegible] poser, of Philadelphia:

The "Sternberg" School of Music

(Formerly "Penn" College of Music)

1720 Chestnut Street

CONSTANTIN VON STERNBERG, PRINCIPAL

MISS MARY ROLLINS MURPHY, BUSINESS MANAGER

ESTABLISHED 1890

Philadelphia, 21st Se[illegible]

Mr. Herbert E. Carse,
851 Buena Vista Street,
Los Angeles, Cal.

My Dear Sir:—

Your "TECHNIC FOR PIANO-FORTE" has arrived, [illegible] found myself richly repaid for giving it my immediate [illegible] First of all:— your book reveals a number of new ideas [illegible] highly welcomed by the teaching-profession. In the [illegible] your studies you have left the beaten path and embodied [illegible] speak, the gist of a long experience, giving in each [illegible] essence of the real mechanical difficulty. No less an [illegible] vance you make in illustrating hand-poses by Photographs [illegible] players, and this again not only of one player as in most [illegible] nical works, but by a number of them. The whole work is [illegible] it has nothing of the "royal-road" or patent-method in it, [illegible] oughly interesting, and a very useful work, which I can [illegible] sincerely recommend to the teaching fraternity. With [illegible] and not the least doubt of the success of the book, I am

Faithfully yours,

Constantin von Sternberg

The Social World. x Men and Women in Society. x Personal Intelligence.

and Mrs. Lippincott, Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. J. Osgood, Mr. and Mrs. Beach McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. George Porter, Dr. and Mrs. Burleigh, Mr. and Mrs. Clair Rundel, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Nute, C. E. Mann and A. S. McKinney.

Commercial Course Century Class.

The Commercial Course Century Class, an organization composed of former members of the winter and summer classes of the commercial course of Los Angeles High School, were very pleasantly entertained by the class president, J. M. Dansiger, at his home, No. 424 South Burlington avenue, Thursday evening. Those present were Misses Maseppa Guyer, Winnie Campbell, Bessie Dana, Emily Young; Messrs. Edward Carpenter, B. F. Hopper, W. F. Durr, Herbet Wheeler, Thomas Conelly, George Reynolds, Willis A. Podlech, Ralph Homan, J. M. Dansiger, Clyde Dick, Walter Calkins and Merton Miller.

Reception Lecture.

Mrs. L. W. Stockwell gave a delightful party Friday afternoon at her home in North Union avenue. The guests were entertained with a stereopticon lecture by Dr. Fletcher. The rooms were handsomely decorated with smilax and roses. At the close of the lecture refreshments were served. Those present were Mmes. L. M. Powers, Anna Orvill, M. P. Conrey, H. K. Williamson, R. B. Williamson, Sopher, Augustus Pratt, Frank French, Rowena Thomson, William Stevenson, Wilson Bullis, Campbell, James T. Smith, James Brown, Francis Wood, Larshbrook, Alex Whitehead, E. T. Fuller, Frank Prior, Hartwell, Alice Randall, D. A. Dawson, Harding, James Burdette, D. A. Hulse, Fletcher, Perso Eureka, Frank Owens, J. Bloeser, Copp, E. Cole, E. Strasburg, Harry Maxwell, Davis of Pasadena, D. W. Stewart, W. Jeffreys, Edward Davis, Charles Parsons, Adam Darling, J. F. Jenkins, H. B. Strange, William Hunsaker, Miss Lila Dalrymple of Pasadena, Miss Hulse, Miss Mary Hunsaker, Miss Mary Darling.

Birthday Anniversary.

Prof. and Mrs. J. W. Henry celebrated the former's birthday last Monday, by entertaining a few friends at dinner. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Livengood, Misses Cora and Estelle Young; Messrs. W. C. Woodman and Robert A. Fowler.

Nuptials.

Miss Alice Sherwood of Lovelace avenue entertained Thursday evening in honor of Frank A. Jefferson of Riverside. The rooms were tastefully decorated with red and white roses, smilax and potted ferns. A very pleasing programme was rendered, as follows: Miss Adra Stone, piano solo; several violin solos, William H. Wachtel; piano solos, Misses Rector and Evans; vocal selection (comic,) Edwin Priest Leitch; baritone solo, C. M. J. Garcia; cornet solo, Salva Young; duet, comic song, "Johnny Dugan," Messrs. Ueberhagen and Galbraith. After which refreshments were served. The evening ended with a social dance. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Judy, Mrs. Stone and Mrs. C. M. J. Garcia, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sherwood, Mr. and Mrs. Rector, Misses Florence Gaw, Millie Ducke, Adra Stone, Lillian Stone, Lida Atteberry, Alice Sherwood, Lillian Rector, Bessie Evans and Miss Ester Davis; Messrs. Chester Montgomery, Salva Young, Edward Galbraith, Edward C. Ueberhagen, Edwin Priest Leitch, William H. Wachtel, Ernest Sherwood and Bert Tomlinson.

Surprise Party.

Miss Verona A. Hunt was tendered a surprise party by a number of her friends Wednesday evening at her home in honor of her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in playing progressive whist and other games. Miss Genevieve Bach favored the guests with mandolin solos, and singing closed the evening. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. H. Gross, Mr. and Mrs. W. Daly, Mrs. Bach, Mrs. M. C. Hunt; Misses Verona Hunt, Lila Merriam, Leah Crolic, Edith McMahan, Genevieve Bach, Clara Duehring; Messrs. Sam Crolic, Egie Crolic, Will Max, W. M. Nittinger, Walter Hunt.

Birthday Celebration.

Miss Jeanette Happ celebrated the anniversary of her birthday with a party given at her home, No. 1011 Fifty-seventh street, Monday evening. After a number of games refreshments were served. Those present were Misses Jeanette Happ, Annie de Pierro, Etta McKinney, Regina Happ, Rose McKinney, Eva Petre, Estela Happ; Mmes. Happ and Burton; Messrs. Maurice Mitchell, Frank Fluckiger, Walter Burton, Ernest Fluckiger, Arthur Burton, John Bodman, Walter Happ, John Burton.

Masquerade Surprise.

Miss Mabel Memory was recipient of a masquerade surprise Wednesday evening at her home on West Sixth street. The company was entertained with music and games. Those present were Misses Alice Grimand, Wilma Werner, Emma Grimand, Laura Miller, Carrie Bonnick, Jennie Martindale, Anita Peel, Millie Brakeaehler; Mrs. H. C. Freeman, Mrs. H. J. Bonnick; Messrs. Harry Woodard, Edward Bidwell, Frederick Peschke, Conrad Weyser, Calven Aerick and Olaf Wedin.

Talamantes-Ylecias.

Miss Margarita A. Talamantes and Manuel O. Ylecias were married at the Cathedral of Santa Vibiana on Main street Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock. After the ceremony the wedding party left for the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Talamantes, No. 1412 West Eighth street, where about forty guests partook of a champagne supper. Instrumental and vocal selections followed until it was time for the bride and groom to take the 10:20 train for the north, where they will spend their honeymoon. They will be at home to their friends after October 6 at the residence of the bride's parents, where they will remain for a few weeks after their return, after which they will depart for Mexico on a visit to the bridegroom's home. After an absence of a month from Los Angeles, they will return and have erected a handsome stone residence in the Westlake district, near the home of the bride's parents. The guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Pease, Mr. and Mrs. George Keefer, Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Sepulveda, Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Ygleas, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sepulveda, Mr. and Mrs. P. Marmolejo, Mr. and Mrs. E. Magnani; Mmes. John Cleveland, Frank Vassallo, A. Vick, G. Sorimano, L. Larrieu, G. Elliott; Misses Elliott, Jessie Page, Cecilia Sormano, Antonia Gonzales, Concha Gonzales, Dolores Larrieu, Louisa Gonzales, Anita Vick, Louisa Magnani, Felipa Mesar; Messrs. G. Andrade, Mexican Consul; R. Pico, J. N. Domingo, Capt. S. P. Moseley, Ed Mand, Roger S. Page Leo Cleveland, D. Botiller.

Young Bachelors' Club.

The Young Bachelors' Club was very pleasantly entertained Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Ball, No. 611 Hoover avenue. The feature of the evening was a mock trial, Lehman Louder figuring as the defendant, and J. B. Threlkeld as the plaintiff in a case of highway robbery, Senator Simpson of Pasadena presided as judge. The attorney for the defendant was Clarence Rees, for the prosecution Harold Vann, and Leroy Cleveland. A verdict of guilty was rendered. Those present were: Senator Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Ball, Mr. and Mrs. Fleming, Mrs. Samuel Rees, J. B. Threlkeld; Misses Erse Ball, Blanche Ball, Adams, Guest, Merrill, Hart, Osborn, Grosser, Schriver, Louder, Sanvorn, Southworth, Daisy Willey, Anna Willey; Messrs. Alen, Ball, Cleveland, Cook, Case, Elliott, Pfaffenberger, Louder, Stewart, Sturgeon, Taggart, Tanner, Clarence Rees, Walter Rees, Vann, Walker.

Married.

Isidore F. Whomes and Winnie M. Dewey were quietly married at St. John's Episcopal Church Wednesday. They will be at home to their friends at No. 1106 East Twenty-third street after October 1.

Excelsior Whist Club.

The Ladies' Excelsior Whist Club held an enjoyable picnic at Eastlake Park Friday. After the luncheon was served progressive whist was played, the prizes being won by Mrs. Nute and Mrs. Mann.

For Mrs. M. E. Crisp.

Mrs. E. P. Tompkins of North Grand avenue delightfully entertained at luncheon on Friday in honor of her sister, Mrs. M. E. Crisp of Holden, Mo. The parlors were decorated with dahlias and roses, with trailing vines of ivy. The dining-room was arranged with pink and green. Covers were laid for ten.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. A. Heilman of Los Angeles announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Hortense Heilman, who is now in Berlin, Germany, to Carl Stern, a large manufacturer of Berlin. The wedding will be solemnized at 8 o'clock.

Miss Florence Nittinger, who has been spending a four weeks' vacation in the north, is expected home within a few days.

Will Roundey has returned from a two months' vacation in San Francisco.

Judge and Mrs. J. W. Hendricks of Boyle Heights entertained with a theater party at the Burbank Friday evening, in honor of Mrs. John Quincy Myers and Miss Kittibel Peeler of Texas, who have been guests of Mrs. W. H. Bradley for several weeks.

Mrs. W. W. Tinker and daughter, Ednah, have returned to the city from Riverside, and are at No. 1201 West Ninth. Reception day, first and third Monday.

Miss Mabelle Smythe of New York is spending a portion of the winter in Southern California.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Neuer have returned from a visit to Manitou Springs, Colo.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Waters have returned from a month's visit in the north. Mrs. Waters will be at home at No. 900 West Adams street the second and fourth Wednesdays.

Mrs. William Taylor Miller has returned from Elsinore Springs. She will be at home the second and fourth Wednesdays, at No. 2430 South Flower street.

Mrs. Paul E. Flammer has returned from a two weeks' visit in San Francisco, where she was the guest of her friend, Miss Adele Bare, formerly of this city.

Mrs. Richard Ingram of Burlington, Iowa, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. N. Nelson of No. 438 East Twenty-eighth street.

Lovers of negro melodies will have an opportunity to hear them at Y.M.C.A. Hall this week, Monday and Tuesday. The Metropolitan Jubilee Singers who have won high encomiums at the various Chautauquas during the past summer, are about to return east. The association has secured them for these two evenings before they leave.

Mme. Strothotte of St. Louis is stopping on Alvarado street.

Dr. C. G. Stivers returned yesterday from a week's visit in Strawberry Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Conway have returned from a two weeks' stay at Avalon, and are again at home to their friends in their apartments at the Clarendon Hotel.

Mrs. Florence Orton Kimball of Washington, D. C., who is at present visiting in San Francisco, will soon arrive in Los Angeles for the winter. Mrs. Kimball is the wife of George Kimball, postoffice inspector in charge of the St. Paul division. She will be accompanied by her brother-in-law, Dr. F. V. N. Landeghem of New York City. Mr. Kimball and sister, Mrs. C. O. Fuller of New York, will join them here in December.

MISS BERTHA ROTH,

Queen of the Ventura Street Fair, in Her Royal Robes. (From a Photo Made Especially for The Times by Marceau.)

OUT-OF-TOWN SOCIETY.

Pasadena.

MR. AND MRS. C. W. BUCHANAN of North Pasadena avenue entertained at dinner Wednesday evening, the guests being members of the camping party who spent the months of May and June in the mountains with Fred Buchanan, during his serious illness. Indications of camp life were everywhere in evidence—candles placed on pedestals of yucca stalk were at each place. Menu cards, the work of Fred Buchanan, were artistically descriptive of mountain life, and offered in allopathic doses, rattlesnake salad, consommé a la wiggler, tenderloin of burro, mow plant and corn bread—these things being the camp synonyms for shrimp salad, oysters, Belgian hare, ice cream and cake. On the back of each menu was an original verse cleverly describing a peculiarity or an eccentricity of each individual. The guests indulged in reminiscences of days spent together in the mountains while anxiously awaiting the recovery of their young friend. After the dinner games were played, while there was music, vocal and instrumental. Those present were Messrs. Harry Polley, Victor Ward, Joseph Blick, M. E. Silcton, Frank and Will Robinson and Mrs. Drake. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Gaylord and Mrs. Will Robinson.

The fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mrs. Ruth Brown-Thompson and her husband, Henry Thompson, was celebrated at their home on the banks of the Arroyo Wednesday afternoon. The company assembled under a waving canopy of the national colors, which had been stretched before the door of the cottage, and listened to reminiscent addresses by Maj. H. N. Rust, Dr. H. A. Reid, Alexis Hinckley, James Campbell, Dr. Emlin Lewis, Rev. S. H. Taft and Mrs. Nelson Weatherbee, the last-named representing the colored people of Pasadena. At the close of the ceremonies a purse of money, contributed by societies and individuals, was presented to the family. A basket luncheon was served under the trees.

Members of the Y.M.C.A. Debating Club enjoyed a banquet and general jollification at the Y.M.C.A. rooms Monday evening. Rev. P. M. Dowling, Baton T. Sams, City Attorney E. C. Bailey, L. H. Turner, C. H. Parsons and Prof. A. L. Hamilton gave short talks.

Miss Madge Porter was surprised Wednesday evening by a number of friends, the occasion being her birthday anniversary.

City Attorney Scully and family have returned from Terminal Island.

Mrs. B. Marshall Wotkyns is home after spending the summer at Terminal Island.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Dagget and the Misses Dagget have returned from Terminal Island, where they have spent the past three months.

Philip A. Butler and family are home from La Jolla.

E. H. Lockwood left Tuesday for San Francisco on a business trip.

T. S. C. Lowe, Jr., and family of South Pasadena have returned from their summer outing at Long Beach.

Dr. G. Roscoe Thomas has returned from Avalon.

Miss Morrison and Miss Pirrot returned Tuesday from their European trip and are at home at No. 296 South Los Robles avenue.

Miss Maud Glenn is teaching at Palmdale.

Capt. and Mrs. Dyas have returned to their home on Herkimer street, after several weeks spent at Merriam's Camp, west of Echo Mountain.

Dr. J. H. McBride and family have returned from Terminal Island.

Charles A. Smith, who has for several years been cashier of the Pasadena National Bank, and also prominent in musical circles, left Thursday for San Francisco. Mrs. Smith will go north about a month later. They will make San Francisco their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Massey of North Fair Oaks avenue gave a surprise party Saturday evening in honor of the seventeenth birthday of their daughter, Etta Maud Massey.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Jencks are the guests of Mrs. Jencks's mother, Mrs. Lundel, of Elmira street.

F. R. Harris, B. F. Ball, Frank Heins and E. W. Davies have returned from a two-weeks' hunting trip in Arizona.

Horace M. Dobbins and family have returned from their camp-wagon trip. They visited Santa Barbara and Montecito.

Sydney Peck, Kurt Reineman, Raymond Mussetter and Leonard Moore have returned from a week's outing at Switzer's and Colby's resorts.

F. P. Boynton and wife, who have spent several weeks at San Jacinto Hot Springs, have returned to their home on North Moline avenue.

Mrs. Mariner of Summit avenue, Mrs. Weir, Mrs. M. A. Patch and Mrs. G. A. Durrell formed a party who spent last Saturday at Santa Monica.

E. Ward and family have returned from Vancouver, and are living on Summit avenue, near Villa street.

O. L. Livesey and family of Manzana will soon move to Pasadena, making their home on Elevado Drive.

R. B. Colcord of North Raymond avenue returned Thursday from a six-weeks' visit in Illinois and Iowa.

M. A. Hall and family have returned from their summer's outing.

A. K. McQuilling and family have returned from Long Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Crossley of North Euclid avenue left yesterday on a bicycle tour of Southern California.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church held an informal entertainment and social Friday evening at the church parlors. It was an "Evening With the Sunrise Kingdom," and there were talks on Japan, readings and vocal numbers. Mrs. Mitchell and the Misses McCreary, Ellis, Machin and Getchell were among those who had part in the programme.

The monthly entertainment at All Saints' parish house Thursday evening was conducted by Mrs. Blundel and an operetta was presented, in which Mrs. Gibbs, the Misses Mulkey, Charles Adams and Mr. Moore took part. Mrs. Gibbs, Mrs. J. C. Lowe, Mrs. Hires, the Misses Mulkey and H. T. Lucas sang.

The "You and I" Club met Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. F. R. Drake on South Pasadena avenue, the occasion being a surprise party arranged for Mrs. Drake on the eve of her departure for Indianapolis. More than thirty persons were present and spent the evening in playing cards. Mrs. Drake and F. M. Stone won first prizes and Mrs. W. K. Gaylord and Hovey received second honors.

San Diego.

CONSTANCE GODARD DUBOIS of New York, who has been here for several months, has returned East. As the author of "A Soul in Bronze," Miss DuBois is well known. Since coming here she has finished most of her time to the welfare of the San Diego county Indians.

Miss Ada Ballou is in San Francisco for a couple of weeks, with friends.

Miss Virginia Scripps entertained at luncheon at Hotel del Coronado Thursday for Miss Maude Parkinson of Pasadena.

Mrs. Mary Billmeyer and Mrs. Sharp of Chicago are guests of E. W. Scripps.

Rev. Mrs. Charles E. Spalding visited at Jamul the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Whitney have returned from a tour of the continent.

C. F. Hess and wife are at present in New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ewing of Oakland are in San Diego.

Miss Ella Ale of Escondido and George A. Dixon of Birmingham were married in London August 30. They will spend this year in touring Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Howe Bancroft were among San Diegans who spent last week in Los Angeles.

Mrs. S. W. Inness and daughter, Mrs. Snoblett, left Wednesday for New York City, en route to Europe.

Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Schrader of Los Angeles are camping at Descanso.

Miss Anna J. Neale left Tuesday for San Francisco, en route to Manila, where she has been appointed as an educator by the Philippine Commission.

Miss Lilian S. Horton was married Tuesday last to Paul P. Plaisted. The young people are to reside in San Diego.

Dr. and Mrs. B. F. Gamber have decided to remove to San Francisco, expecting to make that their home in future.

Miss Nellie Grant left Tuesday to spend the winter with eastern friends.

Mrs. C. P. Donnell of Los Angeles is paying a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Allyn, of this city.

Mrs. John H. Gay is at home from a Los Angeles trip.

Mrs. Anson P. Mills was a visitor to Alpine last week, the guest of Mrs. Olivia Mudgett.

Dr. and Mrs. Philipps A. Butler have returned to Pasadena after a month spent at La Jolla.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Dodge of Delta, Colo., are visiting friends at Coronado and La Jolla.

San Bernardino.

MISS LAURA TEUTSCHMANN is home from her summer outing.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wendelborn are at Catalina.

Miss Tillie McGee of Los Angeles has been a guest the past week at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. L. Moody.

Mrs. H. Tompkins is visiting friends in Los Angeles.

Miss Clara Carpenter has returned from an extended summer outing.

Miss Martha Davis, who went to Honolulu for a summer vacation, has decided to remain and teach school there.

Mrs. Will Carpenter left Wednesday for a visit with friends at her old home in Fargo, N. D.

Mrs. Chris Jensen entertained on Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Agnes Crite of Los Angeles, who returned home Saturday.

The Thursday Night Club met on Wednesday evening at the home of Dr. Thompson to plan for the winter series of dances. The club has elected the following officers for the coming term: President, Gus Harwood; vice-president, Jennie Blaine; secretary and treasurer, Robert Braselton.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cooley and son are at Fredalba Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Al McRae returned the early part of the week from San Francisco.

Miss Margaret Johnson is back from a three-months' visit with relatives in Colorado.

Mrs. J. S. Bright is home from an eastern trip.

Mrs. I. C. Girard and sons Frank and Howard are visiting Leo Girard in San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buchanan are back from an extended eastern wedding trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Stopher have returned from the East.

Mrs. Dr. Hall left Thursday for Boston.

Mrs. Magee of San José is spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. M. A. Pace.

Miss Rosalind Sargent and Miss Alice Sargent left Friday for Boston, where they will reside.

Mrs. Shaw of Nova Scotia is visiting as the home of her son, Rev. M. B. Shaw.

Dr. and Mrs. Haselett and Miss Haselett have returned from their summer outing at Encinitas.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Garner have returned from a pleasure trip to San Francisco.

Riverside.

S. ROUNTHWAITE has returned from Catalina.

Francis Horton is back from a short outing at the coast.

Miss Maude Webster of San Diego is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Seneca La Rue.

Charles F. Marcy is back from San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Osborn and daughter have returned from Redondo, where they spent the summer.

Mrs. F. M. Heath and daughter, who spent the summer at Catalina, returned home Thursday.

Mrs. Rupert Shaw has returned from a month's stay at Catalina.

Mrs. W. B. Johnson and daughters and Eugene Johnson returned from Long Beach Thursday.

Rev. J. Partridge, wife and daughter, who have been guests at the home of Dr. Baird, left Friday for Petaluma.

Prof. William Brooks and wife of Los Angeles spent Thursday in Riverside, as guests of their old-time Iowa friends, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Loveland.

Mrs. F. E. Abbott has returned from Long Beach.

Mrs. Atwater and Miss Atwater have returned from a visit with friends in Los Angeles.

Mrs. C. A. Post and Miss Post are visiting friends in Los Angeles.

Miss Eugenie Fuller, principal of the High School, has returned from an eastern trip.

Mrs. A. A. Adair and children have returned from an extended stay at Long Beach.

Dr. Taylor has returned from a trip through the northern part of the State.

Pomona.

E. L. CLYMER of San Francisco called upon his Pomona friends the first of the week. Mr. Clymer and his wife, née Overton, formerly resided here.

Mrs. Arthur W. Burt and sons are enjoying a sojourn with Mrs. Burt's parents at Middlefield, Mass.

Mrs. E. C. Bichowsky and family returned Thursday from Santa Monica, where they have been spending the summer.

E. A. K. Hackett and family have rented the residence of John P. Storrs on Holt avenue.

Misses Whitlock and Crabbe have taken rooms at Mrs. Ed Kendall's, on Holt avenue.

Mrs. George W. Cobb entertained a few friends at her home on Garey avenue Tuesday evening, in honor of her husband's thirty-fifth birthday anniversary.

Mrs. W. H. Schuyeman and children have returned from their summer outing at Ocean Park.

Mrs. S. N. Pelton is home from Los Angeles for a short time, and her friends are pleased to learn that her health is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Richardson of Holt

nore have been the guests of Mrs. T. C. Thomas and family for a few days.

George P. Ferris and son, Oscar, are now visiting at Morris Plains, N. J.

Some of the younger dancing set gave a hop at Colonial Hall on Friday evening.

Fred R. Lewis spent Saturday and Sunday in Los Angeles.

Dr. William Betts has returned from Catalina and gone to Coronado for a short time. He will visit his cousin, Mrs. H. G. Tinsley, before leaving for Salt Lake City.

F. J. Dreher is visiting his daughter, Mrs. I. W. Brink, at Orange.

Mrs. Mary J. Ellis of Los Angeles is a guest at the home of E. C. Bichusky, on Center street.

E. G. Curtis, a friend of Herbert Wilkerson, left for New Hampshire Thursday evening.

F. Meserean, wife and daughter, went to Chicago on Thursday, via the Santa Fé.

J. H. Cowdery, C. A. Ludlow and F. H. Merrill have been to Indio for several days.

D. A. Greenfield, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Greenfield, was married to Miss Grace Walton of Los Angeles on Tuesday noon at the home of G. A. Greenfield, on Second street. The newly-wedded couple will live in Los Angeles.

Nathan Cohn and family spent a part of the week in Los Angeles.

Redlands.

MISS ROSA SUESS returned Monday from the north.

Rev. Clarence B. Husted is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Harvey Higbey.

A. C. Denman and family returned Tuesday from the coast.

Mrs. E. T. Painter and son are back from a trip to Honolulu.

Mrs. W. H. Dow is back from Long Beach.

Miss Esther Newton has returned from a visit in Ontario.

Mrs. R. B. Canterbury and family have returned from a summer vacation spent at Seven Oaks.

E. C. Chapman has returned from Long Beach with his family.

Mrs. A. G. Hubbard and family have returned from the coast.

I. L. Fargo and family of Berkeley are settled in Redlands for the winter.

Mrs. Mary Curtis and Miss Curtis are home from the coast.

Justice Tisdale and family have returned from Avalon.

Charles Danielson has returned from the coast.

J. H. Post of Santa Barbara is in Redlands for the winter.

William Tattersall and family are home from Long Beach.

A. L. Lawreson, mother and sister, of Elsie, Mich., are spending the winter in Redlands.

Warren Story is at Redondo.

Mrs. H. T. Wimberly has returned from Long Beach.

Mrs. A. F. Parker and children returned last week from Long Beach.

Dr. F. A. Farrell of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is at the Baker House for the winter.

Frank Flickinger if Pasadena is at the Baker House for the winter.

Monrovia.

FRIDAY evening Charles A. Bowes, baritone (recently with the Castle Square Opera Company, New York,) who is visiting his home here, gave a song recital at the Operahouse. The programme was varied in character, including numbers from Beethoven, De Koven, Schumann, Gounod, as well as folk songs. He was assisted in the programme by Miss Aileen Northup, violin, and Mrs. Palmer T. Reed, piano.

Mrs. Winifred Norman of Los Angeles is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Woodworth.

Mrs. D. H. Henry and daughter, Gertrude, of Chamberlain, S. D., will spend the winter in Monrovia.

W. V. Lawler of Butte, Mont., was the guest of C. E. Siosson during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Cornes and Dr. L. N. Wheeler leave for San Francisco in a few days. The gentlemen will attend the Masonic Grand Lodge.

Mrs. Wilde and daughter, Miss Laura Barnes of Los Angeles, are guests of Mrs. W. C. Badeau.

ART AT THE PAN-AMERICAN.

On the Artistic Side the Exposition Will Be a Great Success—Art Features Numerous.

BUFFALO (N. Y.) Sept. 24.—With the appointment of William A. Coffin, art critic of the New York Sun and a painter of national reputation, as the director of art of the Pan-American Exposition, the work of creating for that exposition an exhibit of the fine arts has been auspiciously begun.

On the artistic side the Pan-American Exposition promises to be a most notable success. I speak now not merely of the exhibit of fine arts that will be housed in the beautiful Albright Gallery, which is being built of white marble at a cost of $400,000, but of the art features of the exposition as a whole. One cannot appreciate the extent and variety of these features without remembering that the whole great enterprise has been planned with the view to attaining unity and harmony in design and execution throughout and avoiding altogether that conflict of ideas likely to arise where there is not close codperation for the purpose of attaining this unity. Everywhere within the precincts of the Pan-American the eye will feast upon sculptural adornments which will constitute a conspicuous artistic feature of the exposition. The statuary will not be confined to the fine arts exhibit within the walls of the Albright Gallery, interesting though that will be, but will be used in the adornment of the Court of Fountains, the Triumphal Bridge, the Esplanade, the Plaza, the Electric Tower, entrances to buildings and in many other ways. Sculptors of world-wide repute, under the supervision of Karl Bitter, director of sculpture, are now at work preparing for the exposition more than 125 original groups of statuary which will be used in this manner in general adornment of the buildings and grounds. The statuary will harmonize with the purpose and architectural character of the buildings and the color used in the decoration of the latter will also contribute to the general impression of harmony. To obtain this effect the director of color, Charles Y. Turner, N. A., has made the effort of his life. The delicate tints and rich hues which will be given to the staff exteriors will be imparted according to a carefully-studied plan, prepared according to definite ideas and with the view to attaining a general effect which will be absolutely unique and at the same time charming and fascinating to a marvelous degree. The mural decorations will thus contribute to the entire ensemble of the beauty of the Spanish Renaissance architecture and the garden embellishments and horticultural features are in their turn designed so as to give the buildings themselves their most suitable and artistic landscape setting. In a word there is unity of composition in form, color, landscape decoration and sculptural adornment.

To Be Expected There.

[Chicago Post:] St. Peter shook his head doubtfully. "This record," he said, "shows that you have been in the habit of using profane language."

"But only on the golf links," urged the applicant for admission.

DO YOU want to sell your business? See [illegible] Exchange, 57 Lankershim Bldg.

SAVE a fortune by attending with Greene & [illegible] Greene Building's 5 cent sale, all [illegible] here.

STUDY OF THE STARS.

The Great Work Being Done by Harvard—To Establish an Astronomical Station in Jamaica to Study the Moon.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

BOSTON (Mass.) Sept. 15.—Our great satellite, the moon, will be studied as never before this coming winter. The Astronomical Observatory of Harvard College is about to establish a station on the island of Jamaica, in the British West Indies. Members of the staff of the observatory are now engaged in packing the instruments and preparing for speedy departure.

The work of observation in Jamaica will begin in a few weeks, and it is important to get the instruments in place. These instruments have been carefully tested during the past summer at Cambridge. The principal instrument which will be used in Jamaica will be a long-focused horizontal refractor, with a 13-inch aperture and a focal length of 135 feet. This type of telescope is stationary, with a mirror at the end reflecting any portion of the sky which it is desired to observe, through the tube to the eye-piece. The telescope will be used visually and for photographic purposes.

Assistant Professor W. H. Pickering, who will be in charge of the Jamaica Station for the present, has lately succeeded in securing with this instrument the smallest object, angularly measured, ever obtained on a photographic plate. This was a perfectly clear image only one second in diameter of a star. How small this is may be partially conceived when one realizes that a spot an inch in diameter held at the distance of twenty inches from the eye, has a diameter of 10,000 seconds.

Prof. Pickering will endeavor to complete pictorial observations of the moon which have already brought him so much fame, he having demonstrated that there are active volcanoes and some form of vegetation there, and having devoted much time to the important question of the existence of an atmosphere on our satellite. Prof. W. H. Pickering will continue his work on the elliptical forms of the disks of Jupiter's satellites, which has attracted great attention.

The announcement of the establishment of this Jamaica station has called attention to the great observatory of Harvard, which is doing a work that no other private observatory attempts and which is only comparable with the government observatories. Harvard spends on astronomical work about $46,000 annually, while Washington spends $85,000 a year, Paris $53,000, Greenwich $40,000, Pulkowa, Russia, $48,000, and the Cape of Good Hope, $33,000 a year.

While other observatories connected with colleges devote their energies almost exclusively to teaching, the Astronomical Observatory of Harvard College is almost wholly a research department. The policy of the present director, Prof. Edward C. Pickering, has been original in that he has not striven to secure for the observatory in the city of Cambridge a collection of instruments of large size, irrespective of their practical use. Instead, he has used the money of the observatory to produce the best results, placing the instruments wherever they can be used to the best advantage and in pursuance of this plan he has sent his instruments and observers to all quarters of the globe. From thence the observations have been sent to Cambridge to be discussed, as it is called technically, that is to say, the results of the observations examined, and deductions reached from the measurements and computations.

The very factors which are conducive to the growth of a large city make such a location bad for astronomical purposes, because it usually means more or less frequent rains with periods of cloudiness.

About fifteen years ago a fund was left by the late Uriah A. Boyden to establish an observing station at an altitude where the atmospheric conditions would not be unfavorable to astronomical investigations, and this fund was transferred by his trustees to the Astronomical Observatory of Harvard College. Director Pickering and his assistants at once began an elaborate and extensive study of the geography of the world to find out the best place for the station.

Not all mountain peaks were available, for the matter of heated air rising from the valleys below had to be considered. As all the great observatories were working in the northern stars, it was thought advisable to place the new station where the stars of the southern hemisphere could be observed.

It is interesting to note at the present time that, from an ideal standpoint, Khartoum was the place selected, but, as at that time El Mahdi had just slain Gordon and massacred the garrison it was anything but ideal from a practical point of view. The difficulty of access and the unhealthy climate precluded the establishment of a station on the west coast of Africa, and so by a process of exclusion it was finally determined to locate on the west coast of South America.

Various expeditions were sent there, working gradually southward from the equator, and finally Arequipa in Peru was selected, and there at an altitude of 8060 feet the highest astronomical observatory in the world was established. By thus maintaining a station south of the equator, work at Cambridge has been extended to southern stars. All important researches undertaken by Harvard are therefore now made to include stars in all parts of the sky, from the North to the South Pole.

The Harvard Observatory's great work is in photometry, which is the measuring of the light of the stars, and in photographic work, which includes the determination of the position of the stars as well as the study of their movements, variations in light, and composition.

It is fitting that Harvard should place special emphasis on celestial photography, because the first photograph of a star ever made was taken there in 1850, by George P. Bond, later the second director of the observatory, then an assistant to his father, Director William Cranch Bond. In 1857, Prof George Bond published three articles which are today accepted the world over as the basic principles of this work. Considering that Prof. Bond had to use wet plates, dry plates not having been invented, the results he produced are remarkable.

It should be borne in mind that the scope of the work of modern astronomers is vastly broader than that of the earlier centuries. Daguerrotypes were first made in 1839; photography was used in astronomy eighteen years later. There is a great work yet to be done in order to catalogue the stars which are visible and can be photographed by instruments now in use.

Regarding the question of the number of stars in the skies, Prof. C. A. Young says:

"The total number that can be seen well enough for observation with such instruments as were used before the invention of the telescope is not quite 1100. With even a small telescope the number is enormously increased. A mere opera glass an inch and a half in diameter brings out at least 100,000. The telescope with which Argelander made his Durchmusterung of more than 300,000 stars—all north of the celestial equator—had a diameter of only two and one-half inches. The number visible in the great Lick telescope of three feet diameter is probably nearly one hundred million."

The Durchmusterung of Argelander contains 324,189 stars north of declination, 2 deg. Argelander's successor, Schonfeld, extended this work to the southern stars from declination, 2 deg. to 23 deg. His catalogue contains 133,659 stars. Thome, at Cordoba, is now extending this work to the South Pole. He has published positions of 340,380 stars from declination, 22 deg. to 42 deg.

It is startling when one considers how many stars yet remain to be catalogued which are rendered visible by the photographic telescope now in use. One of the plates taken at Cambridge, with the Bruce photographic telescope, shows about 400,000 stars, or, excluding those near the edges, it shows about 250,000 in a region of 5 deg. square. One thousand six hundred plates would cover the entire sky, and at this rate, would contain 400,000,000 stars.

As, however, the stars are much less numerous in other parts of the sky, the actual number within our present reach possibly does not exceed 100,000,000. How many millions are there beyond the present reach of our existing telescopes and the appliances of photography?

In 1886 a conference of astronomers was held in Paris, which led to the attempt to obtain photographs of the entire sky. Seventeen observatories agreed to take part in this work, each having a particular portion of the sky assigned to it. Photographic telescopes of the usual form and having an aperture of thirteen inches were prescribed for this work, each photograph covering a region only 2 deg. square. So far a small portion only of these photographs has been taken.

The Harvard Observatory did not take part in this work, as the director had advised the conference that the whole work could be better done with one telescope than with seventeen if a photographic doublet having an aperture of twenty-four inches was employed. A doublet contains two pieces each of crown and flint glass instead of one. It was a startling proposition and was not adopted.

In 1889 Miss C. W. Bruce of New York gave the Harvard Observatory $50,000 to construct such a twenty-four-inch doublet, and it is now in regular use every clear night at the Arequipa Station. Regions 5 deg. square are photographed on each plate. Prof. Herbert H. Turner of Oxford, Eng., who at first opposed the use of the doublet, has recently published measurements he has made of the Harvard photographs, from which he concludes that the dangers he had apprehended from distortion were unfounded.

The entire sky could easily be photographed with this instrument every two or three years, but not to interfere with the work of the Paris conference, the instrument is used mainly for other purposes, such as charts having long exposures, and photographs of spectra.

The northern sky is photographed several times every year at Cambridge with an eight-inch doublet, and the southern sky at Arequipa, with a similar instrument, each of which has taken over twenty-five thousand photographs. The entire collection of Harvard photographs includes, on the average, a hundred photographs of each portion of the sky on a hundred different nights.

As an illustration of the use of this collection, a letter was received not long ago at Cambridge from the director of the Royal Observatory at the Cape of Good Hope, asking that search be made for a star recently observed there and which he thought might be new. In a few minutes the Harvard observers were able to see that the star was in the sky on June 13, 1889, and in a few days sent to him an account of all changes in its light which had happened during the succeeding ten years.

On another occasion search was made in the Draper photographs for the planet Eros during its apposition in 1894. It comes nearer to the earth than any other known celestial body except the moon, and approaches very closely every thirty-seven years, the last close approach being in 1893.

Eros, however, was not discovered until 1898, and then S. C. Chandler of Cambridge, working in conjunction with Harvard, made a laborious computation which indicated what its position was in 1893, and after a long search among the photographs it was found, and appears, in all, upon twenty-six plates—fifteen charts and five spectrum plates, between October, 1893, and May, 1894, and upon six chart plates in 1896—so that its position and path during the entire time that it was near the earth was accurately determined from these Draper protographs.

If Mr. Chandler finishes his calculations, they should give a better value of the distance of the sun and of the mass of the earth than that derived from the transit of Venus, in observing which all the principal countries of the world took part, and the United States alone spent more than a million dollars.

When Mme. Ceraski of Moscow Observatory, on May 20, 1898, discovered a variable star of the Algol type—that is, one having its light diminished at regular intervals by a dark companion revolving around it, observations were continued at Moscow for nearly a year, and only one eclipse noticed.

After June 1, 1899, when the announcement of the discovery of the star reached Cambridge, there were found in one week in the Draper collection 200 photographs taken between 1890 and 1899, showing the star faint on twenty nights; and its period was determined with an uncertainty of only about one second. This stellar timepiece is still running without rewinding, and the predicted observations are being regularly fulfilled.

No telescope is powerful enough to show the planet which causes the alternating brightness and faintness of this new Algol variable in Cygnus. More recently a second Algol variable has been discovered by Mme. Ceraski; and it is found on the Draper photographs as far back as 1890, and its variations in magnitude for nine years have been computed at Cambridge.

A plan for securing codperation in the use of the largest telescopes of this country is progressing favorably, and three of the largest telescopes in the world will for the first time work together, and will undertake to measure the brightness of very faint stars, visible only in such telescopes—a problem never before attempted.

The Harvard Observatory grounds in Cambridge cover seven acres, having an estimated value of $80,000. Nearly fifty skilled people are employed at the different stations. As the climate of Cambridge is not suitable for astronomical observations of the highest grade, Harvard has established its secondary station at Arequipa, Peru, at a height of 8060 feet. The Harvard buildings at Arequipa are valued at $12,000. Seven meteorological stations are associated with the Arequipa Observatory, one of them being the highest observatory of any kind in the world. Their names and altitudes are as follows:

Mollendo, 100 feet above the sea; La Joya, 4150; Puno, 12,500; Alto de los Huesos, 13,800; Vinecocaya, 14,600; Mt. Blanc, El Misti, 15,600, and El Misti Summit, 19,300.

The Harvard observatory is also closely related with the Blue Hill Meteorological Observatory, and its various stations.

The principal instruments at Cambridge are the 15-inch equatorial telescope, the 15-inch reflector, the 12-inch meridian photometer, the 11-inch Draper photographic telescope, the 8-inch transit circle, the 8-inch Draper doublet, the 6-inch meridian telescope, and the 4-inch transit photometer.

The principal instruments at Arequipa are the 24-inch Bruce doublet, the 13-inch Boyden visual and photographic equatorial telescope, the 8-inch Bache doublet, the 4-inch meridian photometer, and the 4-inch transit photometer.

The 8-inch transit circle is not now in regular use, but with it two of the international zones have been observed to determine the position of the stars in belts, each 5 deg. wide. The other instruments are in regular use every clear night, nearly all of them until dawn, and the work done with them is not duplicated elsewhere.

In addition to a large amount of general astronomical work, the Harvard observatory is engaged in special work in photometry photography and meridian-circle observations.

The Harvard directors, in addition to their work in the daytime, have always taken part in the observations, the work for the last twenty-four years averaging over four hours on every clear evening. The observations consist mainly of large pieces of routine work, planned by the directors and astronomers, who may also make the observations, but the great labor of computation and reduction is done by the assistant astronomers and computers.

For instance, during last August the director made over 15,000 photometric observations, in addition to the work of directing and supervising the operations of the observatory and its stations, and preparing further volumes of the annals, forty volumes of which have already been published.

The magnitude of the work done at Cambridge may be appreciated when it is known that the one-millionth photometric observation has recently been made. It was at Harvard, by means of photographic plates, that the ninth satellite of Saturn, which has been given the name of Phoebe, was discovered by Prof. W. H. Pickering.

By use of these photographic plates all but one of the seven new stars discovered in the past ten years has been found by Mrs. Fleming at Harvard. The number of variables located by this observatory, both in Cambridge and Arequipa, now reaches many hundred, fifty of the latest found not yet having been announced to the world.

In the course of the work of the Arequipa station, 500 variables in star clusters have been found by Prof. Bailey. One hundred and twenty-five photographs have been made of one cluster containing 130 variables; the light of each has been measured twice, making over 32,500 measurements in all in this one investigation, out of many progressing at the same time.

The importance of the work which will be done at Jamaica may be appreciated when one realizes that the minuteness of detail with which the new telescope will take photographs will enable the station to take images of double stars, clearly separated, where they now overlap on a plate.

The reason for going to Jamaica is that the advantages are almost equal to those at Arequipa, while the ease of access makes up for whatever disadvantages may exist, Jamaica being only five days from Boston, while Arequipa is about a month distant.

A great ambition of the Harvard Observatory now is for money enough to obtain a telescope of the largest size, which will enable better photographs to be made of the planets than ever before, and photographs of fainter stars than can now be detected, thus doing a work astronomers have hoped for, but which they have been unable to see fulfilled. Great fame would come to the donor of such an instrument, judging by the remarkable astronomical results accomplished by the Bruce 24-inch photographic telescope now in use at Arequipa.

PARK BAND CONCERTS.

Following the programme of the concert by the Southern California Band at Westlake Park at 2 p.m. today:

Grand march, "Coronation" (Meyerbeer;) waltz, "Marien" (Ellenberg;) selection, "The Jolly Musketeers" (Edwards;) "Mexicana, La Rosa" (Reiter;) cornet solo, "The Whirlwind Polka" (Levy,) by Y. Escobar; overture, "Comique" (Kela Bela;) selection, "Maritana" (Wallace;) intermezzo, "Cupid's Pleadings" (Veolker;) characteristic, "The Sword Dance" (Veolker;) medley, "Broadway to Tokio" (Sloane;) "America."

AT HOLLENBECK.

The same band will play at 7:30 p.m., rendering the following programme:

March, "Merry American" (Wheeler;) selection, "Ernani" (Verdi;) waltz, "Zenda" (Witmark;) potpourri, Irish songs (Moore;) medley, popular songs (Beyer;) "The Darkies Patrol" (Lansing;) selection, "The Singing Girl" (Herbert;) "War Songs of Boys in Blue" (Laurendeau;) medley, "Across the Continent" (Sloane;) grand march, on theme "Hail Columbia" (Chambers.)

EAST LOS ANGELES.

The Pasadena City Band will give a concert at 2:30 p.m. in East Los Angeles Park. The programme follows:

"Bennington March" (Goldsmith;) overture, "Fantastique" (Dalbey;) "Jasper Jenkins's Do Cake Walk, Coon" (Vogel;) selection, "A Trip to Chinatown" (Thomas;) "Oriental Overture" (Bleger;) "Wake Up, My Baby," two-step (Ascher;) selection, "Clorindy" (Mariot;) "La Barcarolle Waltz" (Waldteufel;) "Mosaic Overture" (Rollins;) march, "On Duty" (Hall;) "America."

The ight Word.

[Indianapolis Press:] (She:) The Brownes called on us last week, you know.

(He:) Yes.

"Don't you think it is about time we should retaliate?"

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

People who overwork their stomachs wonder why they feel poorly. Tone up the digestion with the Bitters, and you will be well. It cures Constipation, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and prevents Malaria, Fever and Ague.

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Many of these are shown in the lighter evening shades, as well as colors suitable for street wear.

Fancy striped Chudda cloths for waists and house jackets, new and stylish, 46 in. wide, yd. $1.50.

Exclusive high-class novelties in single dress patterns in satin and velour effects.

For Tailor Gowns are shown many new weaves and [illegible] effects in the new Pebble Cheviots, browns, castors, grays, blues, garnets, etc., 50 in. wide, yard.. $1.50

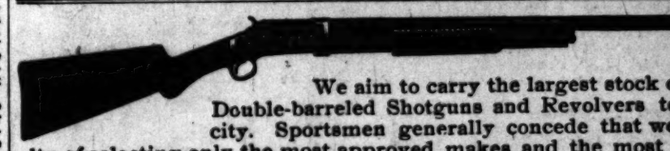
Fine Suitings, Homespuns, Coverts, Tweeds and Cheviot Hairs, 50 to 54 in. wide, ranging in price from $2.25 down as low as yard.....

Regular Tailor Checks and invisible stripes, in imported cloths, large varieties, wide range of colors, priced from $4 yard down as low as.....

Ocean Serges and Storm Serges, in all the popular colorings, for suits and skirts, priced up from yard.....

Golf Cloths of every description—every style and combination. New arrivals in these include the plaid cheviots, blues, grays and browns with plain pink or light backs, navys with Roman striped backs, etc. We have golf cloths ranging in price from $4.00 yard down to..... $1.50

Black Goods In beautiful new weaves in both yard and single suit patterns. Perolas, Cheviot Hairs, Prunellas, Whipcords, Soliels, Poplins, Victorias, Broadcloths, Venetians, Meltons, Cheviots, in qualities and prices to meet every demand.



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Is always used in the form of a *thin* lather, especially on fine surfaces. Result? No scratching, scouring and "wearing out" the surface cleaned.

The Prices Are Right.

Don't wait until the last minute and then bring in your watch and clock for repairs. Be somewhat reasonable in this and allow the workman sufficient time to repair it and then to run it. You will expect, as you have a right to, to have your watch keep correct time. We guarantee our work to be the best. We have one of the most skilful workmen on the Coast, and we want the public to know it.

Main Springs	50c
Watches Cleaned	75c
Crystals	10c
Small Clocks Cleaned	35c
Large Clocks Cleaned	75c

Watch and clock work warranted for one year. All kinds of jewelry repairing at moderate prices.

THE GLOBE WATCH AND JEWELRY CO. 220 N. Spring, Temple Blk.

The woman who is continually lecturing her husband either considers him a fool or else she has forgotten that a word to the wise is sufficient.

BEKINS VAN AND STORAGE
CUT RATE FREIGHT OFFICE.
244 SOUTH BROADWAY

ADDRESSING MACHINE
Computing Machine
Adding Machine
Typewriter
Duplicating Machine
Letter Copying Press
Desks, Chairs, Safes, Etc.
Send for Catalogue
The Standard Typewriter Exchange
New York. Chicago.

NEW THISTLE BICYCLES
$35
Agents Wanted.
BURKE BROS.,
[illegible] Spring St.

IRON BEDS.

This style Iron Bed Only $3.50.

This style Iron Bed Only $5.90.

Our new lines in iron beds show numerous improved designs, even more attractive than those we have previously sold, and each noteworthy to warrant us in calling your especial attention to [illegible] you contemplate purchasing. The patterns carried by us are [illegible] enameled, handsomely trimmed and thoroughly finished in every [illegible] of construction, guaranteeing durability and economy in cost to you.

ALLEN'S 345-347-S. SPRING BET. THIRD & FOURTH

Our Wines are Marching on to Victory over the roads of Pure Age and under the

Banner of Small Profit Prices.

Don't forget that our wines won the Bronze Medal at Paris Exposition.

5-year-old Port per gallon	50c	20-year-old Port, Sherry, Muscat, Malaga or Madeira finer in the vials, per gallon	$1.00
Sonoma Zinfandel or Riesling, per gallon	50c	Medicinally pure whiskies, per quart bottle, up from	75c
8-year-old Sherry, Angelica or Muscat, per gallon	65c		

Edward Germain Wine Co.
397-399 Los Angeles St., cor. 4th.
No Bar - - - - Open Evenings - - - - Telephone

Berlin Dye Works

Is the largest and most reliable establishment and guarantees its work in the city. We will save you from 25 to 50 per cent.

NON-SHRINKABLE DRY PROCESS

Men's Suits Cleaned and Pressed for $1.25 | Ladies' Dress Skirts Cleaned and Pressed

FROCK SUITS 25c EXTRA.

Silk Waists, Jackets and Fancy Dresses, Overcoats and all kinds of Fancy Articles in proportion to the price.

M. S. KORNBLUM, ORIGINATOR OF THE IMPROVED DRY PROCESS
242 S. BROADWAY, EAST SIDE OF STREET.
Branch—203 N. Spring Street. Works—Corner Washington and Griffith Avenue.

BRENT'S 530-532 S. SPRING ST.

THIS WEEK, HIGH-BACK CANE-SEAT CHAIRS 75c.

THIS WEEK, WHITE METAL BRASS TRIMMED $3.50.

The Great Credit House.

THIS WEEK, .. BOOK CASES .. GLASS DOORS, $6.50.

THIS WEEK, ALL-WOOL INGRAIN 9 FEET LONG BY 6 WIDE $4.25.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER

BOS

Today we invite you to the entire center a personal search th several weeks in paris a show you—along with t

to adequately describe th artistic impulse of design rich brocades and the s wealth of novelties but prices, everything consi show a complete assortm

black and c

this notable assemblage o nents is sure to profoundl cle of customers. the te and the delicate pastel ton ively to the refinement o superb, even for this store ment for years, among the following: *Illusion tique* printed warp, *regen de soie* self figured, *Barathea*, *narcissus, damaskin corrugated*

a comple

The fashions of europe indicat for a long time. we are co -sortment of fine and mediu real cluny lace edges in narrow, renaissance allovers, laces and ba applique in straight and scroll de net dresses, for which use they ar we show a beautiful line of 27 an colors; hand painted designs and point d'alencon, point applique a there is an unusual display of rea a splendid assortment of real val ally suited for children's dresses point venice allovers in black, w large assortment of bands and ed a french novelty in neckwear; sc soie, chiffon and liberty silk and t and many other dainty laces wi comes in black, white, cream, mai

we have no traveling send all mail orders d the store and they wi careful attention.

[OUR DAILY STORY.]

THE SHERIDAN ROMANCE.

BY GEN. CHARLES KING, U.S.A.

FOR even a troop ship may have one. Ours did. By the time the Sheridan was half way over the ocean on route to Manila, Walton Blair, first lieutenant of the Fiftieth Foot, was much more than half way in love with the daughter of the lieutenant-colonel commanding. What is more, everybody aboard ship knew it, including of courses, the damsel herself, who was only 18 and just out of school. What none of us knew was whether she cared for Blair in return; she herself didn't know. She had had a most romantic parting with the brother of her pet schoolmate and chum. The girls had cried their eyes out, and Brother Fred had locked woebegone Kate Logan supposed, of course, that pretty Maud Layton was fascinated with Fred and would never think of wedding any other. Yet by the time they stopped at Gibraltar Maudie was the picture of health and happiness as she trotted about the Rock on the arm of Mr. Blair. At Suez she saw he wouldn't go ashore

"AS SOON AS HE COULD TODDLE ABOUT ON CRUTCHES."

because she didn't. At Singapore she knew his story by heart, and was full of pity, which, being akin to love, well nigh settled the matter, and the night they reached Manila and heard that there had been sharp fighting and the Fiftieth was needed at the front without delay, there was banished the last shadow of doubt, only she hadn't the vestige of a chance to say so, for with the very first load ashore went Lieut. Blair—a shrewd move that on the part of the colonel—and not for six months thereafter laid she eyes on him again.

Meantime came lots of Logan letters—Fred's and Kate's both, and if ever a girl was torn by conflicting emotions it was Maud Layton throughout the first summer in Luzon.

It rained torrents almost every day—the skies wept and so did she. What with having father and—all the other officers away up country wading waist deep through swamps and rice fields or clambering slippery mountain trails in pursuit of still more slippery natives, what with having nowhere to go and nothing to do but listen to the plaints of a dozen other womenfolk, old and young, all similarly bereaved, she took to writing long letters "home" that told perhaps a flattering tale to the Logans. Many women found—and gave blessed comfort in visiting the sick and wounded in hospital, but Maud's mother forbade that. Blair didn't

BOSTON STORE'S FALL OPENING.

millinery—suits, cloaks and furs—silks and dress goods—trimmings.

Today we invite you to inspect the richest display of silks and dress goods ever seen in Los Angeles. the entire center aisle on the main floor is given over to this display which is the result of diligent personal search throughout the markets of the world by the head of the department who spent several weeks in paris alone. many of the goods are exclusive effects which we control and we today show you—along with the more modest products of our home looms—the most bewitching

novelty silks and satins.

to adequately describe them is beyond our power. there are flashes of color that know no rule but the artistic impulse of designer and weaver—delicate evening shades, rich brocades and the soft, sheeny weaves. not a yard of this wealth of novelties but is of practical use, and we have set the prices, everything considered, very low. in domestic silks we show a complete assortment.

black and colored dress goods.

this notable assemblage of the most worthy weaves of two continents is sure to profoundly interest every woman in our wide circle of customers. the tendency is toward plain effects in texture and the delicate pastel tones and they lend themselves very effectively to the refinement of stylish dressing. the black goods are superb, even for this store which has been supreme in this department for years. among the most important new goods we name the following: *liimeuse, embossed crepe meteor, moire, antique* printed warp, *regance broche, souffle* embroidered, *leon de soie* self figured, *barathea, triottat, gauffre, paletot* silk warp, *grill opaque, narcissus, damaletta. corrugated grenadine, perola, applique bourot.*

a complete lace department.

The fashions of europe indicate that laces will be more popular this season than for a long time. we are consequently showing the largest and best selected assortment of fine and medium priced laces that we have ever carried, such as:

real cluny lace edges in narrow, medium and wide widths, with bands to match; real renaissance allovers, laces and bands to match; a splendid line of chantilly and point applique in straight and scroll designs, which can be separated and used on lace and net dresses, for which use they are in great favor in new york.

we show a beautiful line of 27 and 48-inch spangled net in black, white, cream and colors; hand painted designs and numerous other novelties.

there is an unusual display of real lace berthas, collars, scarfs and barbs in duchess, point d'alencon, point applique and many other patterns.

a splendid assortment of real valenciennes laces and insertion in all widths, especially suited for children's dresses and lace handkerchiefs.

point venice allovers in black, white, cream and beige, all at popular prices, with a large assortment of bands and edges to match.

a french novelty in neckwear; collar and fichu combined. made of mousseline de soie, chiffon and liberty silk and trimmed with renaissance, valenciennes, real cluny and many other dainty laces with long fluffy ends. this is a decided novelty and comes in black, white, cream, maize, pink and blue.

Our opening display in the cloak and suit department is extensive and beautiful and we anticipate a season of unexampled success. excellent taste has been shown in the selection of styles, colors and fabrics. every garment having been made to our order, insures to our patrons exclusiveness of pattern, style and finish. in view of these facts, we feel positive that no store in the entire southwest can furnish so desirable line or offer so many helpful suggestions. among these

suits, wraps and furs.

no materials are more certain to be popular than those which we name here, but dame fashion is very liberal this fall and, as a matter of fact, the one test in the matter is that of becomingness—if it is becoming it is good style; suits in *pebble cheviot* which seems destined to be the leading fabric for fall wear, made up in half a score of styles; *camel's hair* is again conspicuous and rough goods promise to rule throughout the season, though there are many handsome effects in *fancy mixtures, broadcloth* and *venetians.*

the automobile is, of course, the proper thing in long coats, but the blouse jacket and short coat are good style and we have a liberal showing, the jackets and capes being for the most part in the following goods: *meltons, broadcloth, beaver, kersey, friese, boucle, astrakhan* and *silk velour.*

furs deserve special mention, for this store has long given special attention to this department. our display of collarettes, capes and coats is especially complete, using the following and many other furs either alone or in varying combinations: *beaver, seal, mink, otter, coney, marten, fox, astrakhan, mouffion,* etc.

millinery opening

October First, Second and Third.

1900 The pre-eminent success achieved by this department in seasons past, will, we feel sure, be eclipsed now. 1901

monday, tuesday and wednesday

are especially set apart for this opening, always an important event in the history of the store—as it should be, for it gives the entire community opportunity to study the product of the most skilled hat makers. not only is our display more extensive than usual, but the hats are exceptionally artistic. in our well chosen French importations the color effects are beautiful and the output of our own workrooms shows the skillful adaptation of the foreign creations in combination with many charming ideas which are purely the product of the fertile brain of deft-fingered American women. the work in our own rooms is now carried on under the direction of one of New York's most successful designers, and many of the most fetching hats are built right here.

there is a newness and brightness pervading every department of the store and there are novelties on every hand to make a visit interesting and profitable. your presence is quite as welcome when you stop to look as when you call to buy, and there is such ample room that you need never feel "in the way" here.

newest dress trimmings.

All the late imported gowns show the profuse use of trimmings of various kinds, particularly the fine appliques. as we have long made a specialty of our dress trimming department we are especially well prepared to meet the demands of fashion. here are some of the novelties.

at least a hundred styles of fine french appliques are on showing here in black, white, cream and colors and in all widths from a half inch up to 12 inches.

also a splendid line of french persian trimmings which are the newest of the season's productions. there are three, four or five rows on plain back grounds of black, white, cream, beige, cardinal and turquois.

fine jets, gorgeous spangled bands, scroll and fancy designs are shown in a profusion of exclusive designs.

a full assortment of gold braids, gimps and steel passementeries. also jet, steel, pearl and renaissance garnitures and stons.

freshest ribbons.

as usual, we are showing all the new things in ribbons, which include handsomely colored brocade velvets with plain satin backgrounds that are much used for panels and hat trimmings; five and six inches wide.

two-tone glace in all the new pastel combinations, five and six inches wide, soft and pliable and much used for neck and sash and fine trimming.

the only exclusive veiling.

department in the city is at this store, and the very newest ideas are always shown. just at present these are the most used ones: tuxedo, chenille dots, chiffon wash veils, black made veils and point appliques.

we have no traveling agents, send all mail orders direct to the store and they will receive careful attention.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 South Broadway, opposite City Hall, Los Angeles, Cal.

more than 40 departments of this big store are decked in new fall goods awaiting your inspection.

[OUR DAILY STORY.]

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Then in her sisterly loyalty and jealousy Kate Logan did an unwise and mischievous thing. She wrote to army friends that Fred and Maudie were engaged, at least as good as engaged, and big as was the distance, the fib was bigger, and bad news, you know, travels fast even across trackless seas. Lieut. Blair had reason to hope, at least, Maud Layton loved him when they parted so hurriedly that April night. He rejoiced when his general spoke of sending him into Manila with dispatches late in August, but later declined in favor of a comrade who had been ailing for men showed him their home letters, saying the engagement was announced. They said, moreover, that Col. Layton would not deny it. The Logans had wealth and position. Why should he?

And waiting hungrily in Manila for word or sight of her bonny lover of the forty days aboard ship, Maud Layton heard of his having had the chance to come in—a most deserved chance, too, and wouldn't take it, so there they were at loggerheads.

Now a good story might be made out of this episode, old as is the situation, but it is founded on fact and has to be told as it told itself—which was in a very queer way.

Mrs. Layton found Manila life unendurable. They were huddled together, a lot of army women, in very primitive quarters in the Ermita suburb, with poor attendance and a scant market. A brilliant member of their circle, who knew whereof she spoke, suggested a move to Nagasaki. A transport took five of them thither, Maud and her mother inclusive, and they were in clover and chrysanthemums. There were they joined by Fred Logan just out from San Francisco, and then came the climax. He, of course, had not yet heard of Blair's devotions. Kate had, but kept them to hold over Maud in days to come. Everything for the present had to be done to smooth the road for Fred, for the first thing Maud saw at sight of him was wonder that she could ever have thought him good looking. He landed from the Doric, his sampan sculling him straight for the big hotel. All he went ashore for was a change from the ship diet and a chance to stretch his legs, and there on the broad veranda sat Maudie, the girl he thought to meet in Manila. The Doric went on to Hongkong without him, but before he could "find how he stood," as he expressed it, the Scandia steamed in with invalids and news. Col. Layton among the invalids—Capt. Blair among the news. The latter had been shot through both thighs in the dash on Bacolor the very day deserved promotion reached him, and that evening Maud did not come down to dinner, and later would not come down to Logan.

So he wandered about disconsolate. Finally, sitting in gloom and a shadowy nook, looking out at the lights of that wondrous, land-locked bay, he heard two women talking close at hand. Listeners seldom hear good of themselves, but he was amazed to hear ill of Maud.

"Well, she gave him every encouragement anyhow. They were inseparable from the day we sighted the Azores and all the time she must have been engaged to this Mr. Logan. I saw his sister's letter to Mrs. Brent."

"And that," said the other voice, "was the reason Mr. Blair wouldn't come into Manila when he had the chance—went out and got shot instead. Now she's crying herself sick over it. Her mother as much as told me so—an engaged girl, too!" The speaker betrayed all proper and womanly scorn of the girl who would cry for one man when pledged to another. Logan couldn't stand it.

"You mentioned my name," said he, rising, "and may I ask if you are speaking of Miss Layton?"

"Heavens, Mr. Logan! Were you there? I wouldn't for worlds have—"

"I know you wouldn't, but all the same you did, and said she must have been engaged to me all the time. She isn't—she wasn't!"

"Well, your sister wrote so—and her father wouldn't deny it," interposed the angel in pink pina.

"Possibly because he thought it nobody's business—as I do. Good night, ladies. If you hear anybody else slan-

"HEAVENS! MR. LOGAN! WERE YOU THERE?"

dering Miss Layton in that same way, say for me that she was never engaged to Fred Logan." And very heart sore, very mad, Fred Logan went off to the club, consumed a peg and an hour in reflection, then penned a blizzard to his sister, a line to Maud and another to Blair. He had met him, liked him and entertained him in Gotham before the transport sailed. He had always himself longed to be a soldier, but they wouldn't take him because of weak eyes. He had been deeply smitten by Maud Layton's grace and beauty and had a competence to back his aspirations, but from the moment he set eyes on her pretty face on the veranda the day of his sudden advent at Nagasaki he saw that a change had come and his chance had gone.

What he wrote to his sister spoiled her Christmas; what he wrote to Maud spoiled her breakfast and what he wrote to Blair made the surgeon in charge of the "First Reserve" Hospital at Manila say unpublishable things about a patient who would insist on finding his legs when still in danger of losing them. Blair got a month's leave as soon as he could toddle about on crutches and turned up at Nagasaki before Col. Layton scented danger. Logan, meanwhile, had gone to Hongkong and caught a P. and O. liner for India and home. Foreign travel had become a bore. The lady in pink pina happened to be on the veranda the evening Blair hobbled up from the landing stage. She had been persona non grata with Maud ever since Logan left, but here was her opportunity. Tapping at that damsel's door she blithely paraphrased, very low—

"The captain on his crutches
Is waiting, dear, for thee."

And so it happened that in the same dark corner where Fred Logan heard the knell of his hopes, the lady in pink pina held Blair in ambush until Maud shyly appeared, then discreetly vanished and left them to their explanations, which, if we can accept Miss Layton's word for it, were not too speedy, though apparently satisfactory.

"When they showed me Miss Logan's letter to Mrs. Brent I had to believe," said Blair, his heart thumbing the while. "I—couldn't be expected to want to come in—to congratulate."

"You might have come in to—find out," pouted she, not too forgivingly.

"I never found out until he—until Logan wrote, 'That fellow's a—man, every inch of him!'" said the captain, stoutly.

"He's—splendid," assented Miss Layton, her eyes on the toe of her tiny slipper. Then, uplifting; "I might have telegraphed him to—to come back if—if—"

"If what, Maudie?" demanded the soldier, possessing himself of a wandering little hand that looked very white and lonesome at the railing.

"Well—if—you hadn't come just when you did."

"And now that I have come?"

No answer, but another hand, the mate to the first, hanging irresolute, was likewise captured, and a crutch let go.

"And now that I have come?" he repeated.

No verbal response, only a shy, swift, upward glance, then a tremendous clatter of the crutch, abandoned by an arm that had other work to do, went unheeded to the floor, and the lady in pink pina, hovering at the hallway beyond, smiled swift approval and scurried away upstairs to be the first to tell the climax of their Sheridan romance.

[Copyright, 1900, Daily Story Pub. Co.]

A FRENCH CRITICISM.

Surprise is Expressed That Our Buildings at the Exposition Have No Distinctive Style.

[L'Illustration:] Twenty-two of the twenty-three pavilions in the Street of Nations are of a style of architecture characteristic of the countries which built them. The twenty-third is that of the United States, and it is in style of a Roman pantheon. The great transatlantic republic has lost this fine opportunity to show us that it has national architecture. It could not, of course, have built on the banks of the Seine a "gratte ciel," a business "sky-scraper" of twenty-five stories. But why not have erected one of those cottages, residences or country seats, those mansions in a new and original style, which are scattered among the Italian villas and Gothic mansions in the richer quarters of New York, Philadelphia or of St. Paul, and in the adjacent country, on the shores of sea or lake? Or, better still, why not have reproduced on a smaller scale some edifice like the Art Institute of Chicago, the Public Library or the Chamber of Commerce of Minneapolis—buildings which are at the same time elegant and suitable, austere and striking and without excess of ornamentation? But no; the art of Richardson, of Burnham and Root did not seem sufficiently consecrated, sufficiently pompous, official and triumphal. There must be an enormous structure upon which to display gilding; there must be a globe on which to put an American eagle with wings spread; there must be a dome to support this globe and a massive cubic structure to carry the dome. The architects charged with the designing of the United States building were assigned to revive on the banks of the Seine the style of that one of their predecessors who built the Capitol at Washington. They have acquitted themselves of their task conscientiously.

The central hall, which has as its principal adornment a group of prancing horses, is visited nearly every evening for fashionable receptions. The diamonds of the American women, the beauty of their shoulders and the brilliancy of their color make us forget them—and forgive the pompous poverty and commonplace of the decorations.

[Philadelphia Press:] "Reporter—In my article about Mr. Longbow I said he was 'lying at death's door.' You changed it to 'laying.' That isn't right.

"Copy Editor—I know it isn't. But it's better to make a grammatical error than hurt the feelings of his family. Mr. Longbows' reputation for veracity is not good."

TO COOL HOUSES IN SUMMER.

A Successful Electric Company that Will Introduce a System of Pipes Distributing Chilled Water.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Some statistics by H. T. Yaryan on the supply of heat from an electrical station by means of exhaust steam heaters, first presented to an engineering society, and now published in an expanded form, throw a valuable light on the way in which electricity can be utilized as a side issue. The actual figures of an Ohio heating and lighting company are given. For the six months ending January 1, 1900, the company supplied heat to 199 houses and electric light to 459 houses. The actual receipts from the heating were $2900, while the electric lighting brought in only $9065. The costs of operating were as follows: Coal and other fuel, $5040; salaries and wages, $2330; repairs, stores, rates and taxes, $1895; making a total cost of $9265. The exhaust steam heaters received the steam on its way from the engines, and heated up circulating water to any desired temperature. This hot water is either passed directly to the consumers of heat, or is delivered into a storage tank, to be used later on in the day when the output of current is small, so that the exhaust steam is not sufficient for the heating load. The circulating system consists of two wrought-iron pipes, laid side by side in the ground, and protected by planks with air spaces between, the air acting as a heat insulator. The total loss by radiation from the mains, is never more than 20 per cent. of the heat used in the houses. The drop in the temperature between the hot water at the station and the farthest consumer on the line is usually only 12 deg. Fahr. The water enters the houses at about 160 deg. The winter use of this system has been so successful that the company now proposes to introduce a system of pipes to be used in the summer time to distribute brine chilled down below the freezing point. The company expects to be able to make all their expenses from the heating and refrigerating plants, and so have all the proceeds of the electric lighting as clear profit. The move is an important one, and well worth the study of managers of electric light stations generally.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE

They teach you how to sin and not repent

Abbey's EFFERVESCENT Salt

THE SALT EXTRACTED FROM THE JUICES OF FRESH FRUITS.

CURES Headache, Constipation and Indigestion.

Sold by most Druggists or sent by mail. 30c., 60c., $1.00 per bottle.

THE ABBEY EFFERVESCENT SALT CO., 11 Murray Street, New York.

Booklet free on request.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON'S LATEST PORTRAIT

WHY BE GRAY

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON'S 4-DAY HAIR RESTORER

Will bring back the natural color. Gray or faded hair restored permanently without fecent resource and with no disagreeable after effect. Not a dye; is cleanly; leaves no sediment, and does not make the hair sticky. $1.00.

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON

DERMATOLOGIST

40-42 GEARY ST., San Francisco

Care of the Human Body Without Cost.

Volumes have been written on the Care of the Human Body. After all, cleanliness is the principal object to be attained. The Climax Solar Water Heater, by utilizing the sun's rays, will furnish abundance of hot water for the bath without fuel.

THE CLIMAX SOLAR WATER HEATER CO., 125 SOUTH BROADWAY.

DR. LIEBIG & CO.,

The Old Reliable, Never-failing Specialists. Established 17 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Boston, Mobile, San Francisco and Los Angeles. In all private diseases of men

Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured.

CATARRH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two or three months. Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, Including Analysis, Free.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Liebig's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it. Persons at a distance can be CURED AT HOME. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 11. Address

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

[THE OIL INDUSTRY.]

IN MANY FIELDS.

What the Oil Workers are Doing.

Latest Strike Heard of in Los Angeles.

A Remarkable Array of New Corporations Lined Up in Arizona.

The bears gave way in the local oil market yesterday, and as a result there was a better tone in the day's trading.

Central's gain was the feature of the market. It opened strong at $1.32½—just 2 cents better than the closing price Friday—and worked its way to $1.38, closing at that figure.

Southern Consolidated also recorded a gain. Opening at 22 cents, it advanced to 23½ cents, closing at 22¾ cents.

Although over 2000 shares of Westlake changed hands, it opened at 21 cents and closed at the same figure.

During the call on the Los Angeles Oil Exchange 30,100 shares changed hands, valued at $5415.75. The sales in listed stocks were

	Shares.	Price.
Southern Consolidated	100	$ .22
Northern Consolidated	1,000	.23½
Southern Consolidated	500	.23
Uncle Sam	100	.19½
Westlake	100	.21
Westlake	1,000	.21½
Westlake	500	.21¾
Westlake	100	.21¾
Central	1,000	1.37½
Central	1,000	1.38
Central	200	1.37½
Central	500	1.34
Central	700	1.35
Whittier Consolidated	100	.10
Total	7,900	$5235.75
*Seller 30 days.		

Among the bids and offers were the following: Alpha, 21½ cents bid, 23 asked; Brea Cañon, $1.30 bid, $3.50 asked; Columbia, 36 cents bid, 42 asked; Continental, 80 cents asked; Electric, 3 cents bid; Fullerton Consolidated, 40 cents bid, 50 asked; Fullerton Oil, 15¾ cents bid, 16¼ asked; Reed Crude, 49½ cents bid, 50 asked; Wilson, 17 cents bid, 19 asked.

In unlisted stocks the sales were:

	Shares.	Price.
Union Jack	2,000	$ .02½
Old Glory	10,000	.01
Erie	300	.11
Total	12,300	$130.00

CALIFORNIA EXCHANGE.

Business was not lively on the floor of the California Oil and Stock Exchange yesterday. Even the lone broker was not equal to the task of creating activity. The sales reported as having taken place were:

	Shares.	Price.
Westlake	100	$ .21¾
Fullerton Consolidated	100	.47
Union Jack	1,000	.03
Old Glory	1,000	*.01¾
Old Glory	2,000	**.01¾
Eureka Crude	3,000	.03
Total	8,200	$106.25

*Seller 30 days.
**Buyer 30 days.

Bids and offers were: Columbia, 38 cents bid, 41 asked; Union, $50 bid, $60 asked; Uncle Sam, 26 cents bid, 30 asked; Central, $1.30½ bid, $1.32 asked; Los Angeles Oil and Transportation, $3.75 asked; Oceanic, 50 cents bid, 60 asked; Alpha, 21 cents bid, 23 asked; Rommel, 25 cents bid, 35 asked; Southern Consolidated, 21¼ cents bid, 24 asked; Parker, 45 cents bid, 60 asked.

PETROLEUM.

Local oil of 14 gravity is still firm at $1.25 per barrel, with little to be had at that figure. Oil of 20 gravity is to be had at $1.30 to $1.35 per barrel.

EXCHANGE'S MONTHLY REPORT.

The report of the Los Angeles Oil Exchange for the month of September shows that business was light. During that period 215,450 shares of listed stocks changed hands, the market value of which was $73,418. In unlisted stocks the transactions amounted to 407,300 shares valued at $14,893.50, making a total of 622,650 shares, the market value of which was $88,311.50. This is the smallest month's business since the exchange opened.

DECLINED TO INDORSE.

The Los Angeles Oil Exchange will not indorse the Chicago enterprise bearing the name of "The Oil and Mining Exchange." Only one person has thus far appeared in connection with the so-called exchange, and that is Joseph L. Ball. On the circulars issued by the "exchange," no place of business is given. It appears to be a private enterprise for the purpose of getting commissions for selling oil stocks, rather than an exchange proper.

LOCAL DOINGS.

REPORT OF ANOTHER STRIKE.

It was reported yesterday that the Pacific Slope Oil Company, operating north of the Stilson well and adjoining the property of the Cahuenga Oil Company, had uncapped a flow of oil at a depth of 290 feet. The size of the find is not known.

The C. A. Stilson well is still the prince of producers in the northwest extension. Oil was struck in this hole at a depth of 870 feet a week ago, and since that time it has been flowing pure oil at the rate of ten barrels a day. What it will do under the pump will soon be known, as arrangements are being made to rig it up this week. At present the oil flowing from the hole is free from water, and in fact at no time has water found delayed work there.

The Oscar Bonner people have a different story. Although their property adjoins that of the Stilson on the north, water is causing them no end of trouble, and the prospect is that they will be compelled to abandon their hole in spite of the fact there is much oil mixed with the water.

The same condition exists in the Clark well, which is farther north.

Adjoining this property, W. Garland is drilling a well, and it is said the work there is delayed on account of water.

The last well put in by the Rhodes Oil Company is in a heavy asphaltum which fills the hole almost as fast as the pump works it out. Operators are not discouraged, but believe they will be able to overcome the obstacles.

FIELD NEWS.

NEW TERRITORY OPENED.

The country to the northwest of Sunset seems destined to be opened up for six or eight miles to a remarkable extent, says the Bakersfield California. Candald, Doheny & Channior have leased nearly 12,000 acres, eighty odd quarters, agreeing to do such development work this year as will be in compliance with the law relating to the holding of mining claims, and to continue at a reasonable rate until the whole locality is thoroughly prospected. The terms of their leases are one-tenth royalty with a purchase privilege of $10 per acre for one-half of the land.

Just Issued

AND COPYRIGHTED.

A concise and reliable history of the oil industry—endorsed by the leading oil men—160 pages with maps and full page halftone engravings—complete list of all oil companies incorporated in California and Arizona, giving principal place of business and all other information invaluable to oil men. The research necessary to the production of this work and the time consumed in its preparation insure accuracy and make it a very valuable work for the use of oil men. Every statement in this book can be proven, the author having given personal and careful attention to the gathering of the facts set forth. Oil men and others will find this work an absolutely reliable authority on the subject of the oil interests of California.

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"PETROLEUM IN CALIFORNIA,"

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On the remaining half the right to buy is not given.

HOPPER CANON AND VICINITY.

In the Hopper Cañon district work is progressing with satisfactory results. Hutton & McKinley are making good headway with their last well started. At a depth of thirty feet a light gravity oil was uncovered. This was cased off and drilling continued.

The San Cayetano Oil Company has its well in over 300 feet, with a good showing, in spite of the trouble caused by water.

Progress is reported by the Bradley Oil Company drilling a well at the old Sidewinder camp in Hopper Cañon.

After much trouble with the peculiar formation in Torrey Cañon, the Palo Solo Oil Company has decided to abandon its first well.

Arrangements have been made by the St. Louis to begin at an early date its first well in Tom's Cañon.

HERE AND THERE.

Five derricks are being erected on section 30-28-23, by Spellacy, Wood & Co. Two rigs will be started at once, and the work will be pushed without delay.

The first well of the Sterling Company in the Kern field is making a good showing. Well No. 4 is said to be in the oil sand.

The Pacific Consolidated is after the second oil sand on section 2-32 22. The well is the first put in in that part of the field.

Indications are that active operations will begin within the next ten days on section 7 28 28 of the Kern field owned by the Gray Gander. One rig will be put up at once.

H. R. Callender, E. T. Wright, A. M. Chaffey and C. S. Wright of this city and John Clynch of San Francisco have leased 2450 acres of oil land in different locations of the McKittrick and Tembler fields. The lands secured are patented and are considered very favorably located.

Coalings continues to send out about sixty carloads of oil a week.

The Grace Company on section 8-29-23 will soon have three wells on the pump.

FULLERTON FIELD.

UNION WORKING WEST.

FULLERTON, Sept. 29.—[Regular Correspondence.] After abandoning its first well, the Menges Oil Company selected a site for a new hole, and is now ready to drill. The rig is up and machinery is on the ground.

The Edison Oil Company has failed in its first well drilled here, and abandoned it.

The Union Oil Company has three new rigs up and are nearly ready to drill. This company has started to develop at the mouth of Brea Cañon, and will work west to the Santa Fé wells. It now controls several large producers, and has some new wells under way.

NEW COMPANIES

INCORPORATED IN ARIZONA.

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Sept. 27.—[Regular Correspondence.] Following is a list of the oil incorporations organized during the summer under the laws of Arizona and recorded in Phoenix:

California Crude Oil Company—Capital stock, $3,000,000; incorporators, Walter L. Vail, J. W. A. Off, W. H. Davis, W. N. Garland, C. H. Hance, J. W. Evans, Thomas A. Slocum, E. T. Stimson, E. T. Off, all of Los Angeles.

Elsaine Oil Company—Capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, A. B. McCormick, B. B. Rush, A. S. Millce, I. A. Witherspoon, A. C. Frederick, D. Ormand, all of Riverside, Cal.

The Eastern Empire Oil Company—Capital stock, $200,000; incorporators, Mary E. Langley, M. E. Ackerley, George E. Ingalls, C. R. Elliott, D. A. Aldrich, D. F. Platner, all of Los Angeles.

East Puente Oil Company—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, H. K. Hefleman, L. A. Blockman, E. T. Goldthwaite, J. D. Rush, J. A. Boyd, H. M. Jacoby, John E. Gillen, George R. Harrison, George H. Thummel, all of San Diego. This company is twice incorporated by the same individuals.

Illinois Oil Company—Capital stock, $200,000; incorporators, J. McMillen, W. L. Sherwood, George A. Williams, J. H. Barnwell, James P. Forrester, W. E. Waddell, all of Los Angeles.

New York Oil and Mining Company—Capital stock, $500,000; subscribed, $24,-000; incorporators, Thomas R. Vaughan, George E. Lott, Frank Drew, Byron E. Waver, E. W. Church, John M. Tomlinson, all of Los Angeles.

Sterling Oil Company—Capital stock, $250,000; incorporators, Carl A. Johnson, Oscar E. Parish, Jackson B. Young, L. C. Easton, Sterling C. Lines, all of Los Angeles.

Oceanside Oil Company—Capital stock, $375,000; incorporators, D. W. Eldred, Charles M. Martin, John W. Lincoln, F. Irwin Herron, R. E. Small, all of Los Angeles.

Santa Oil Company—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, M. L. Stryining, M. V. Vanderhoof, A. W. Arnold, W. S. Davis, H. L. Tripp, J. C. Peterson, C. Neilson, C. C. Beldan, John B. Davis, all of Santa Rosa, Cal., and B. M. Berry of Bakersefild.

Pittsburgh Consolidated Oil Company—Capital stock, $750,000; subscribed, $70; incorporators, Charles B. Van Vorst, D. C. Morrison, P. W. Bassett, A. A. Duncan, R. M. Galbreth of Los Angeles, A. P. Sherman of Mesa, Ariz.' and Frank H. Lyman of Phoenix.

Fearless Oil and Water Company—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, W. S. Peters, H. K. Snow, Charles H. Fish, B. S. Hubbard, George Burbeck, R. M. Anthony, D. P. Hocking, all of Oakland, Cal.

Rincon Crude Oil Company—Capital stock, $200,000; incorporators, B. B. Bush, J. A. Simms, Ed. E. Miller, L. Ormond of Riverside and E. V. Welch of Fullerton.

Diamond Star Oil Company—Capital stock, $250,000; incorporators, P. V. Schermerhorn, R. H. Robinson, C. H. Ritchie, A. C. Thorpe of Los Angeles and G. W. Owen of San Francisco.

Phoenix Oil and Fuel Company of San Francisco—Capital stock, $600,000; incorporators, George W. Howard and P. H. Soule of San Francisco; H. T. Walle of Oakland, C. A. Layng of Los Angeles, and H. W. Cottle of Escondido.

Section Six Oil Company, limited—Capital stock, $300,000; incorporators, W. H. Eastman, M. Boehm, H. Lacy, W. T. Baggett, J. de S. Bettencourt, D. G. Dexter, T. A. Bell, of San Francisco; W. H. Shafer of Selma, Ambrose Harris of Larkspur, Cal.

Tunnel Oil Company—Capital stock, $300,000; incorporators, H. A. Prizer, W. S. Hill, A. A. Noyes, P. C. Berry, S. K. Williamson, S. S. Johnston, A. A. Conover, T. H. Sanborn, J. G. Routson, L. F Davis, B. C. Williams, all of San Diego.

Inter Nos Oil and Development Company—Capital stock, $400,000; subscribed, $50; incorporators, J. F. Harris, C. M. Duffy, A. M. Cox, A. Christenson, James A. Wilson, Frank Severia, of San Francisco; M. C. Noonan, C. M. Culver of Alameda.

Chicago Crude Oil Company of Chicago and Los Angeles—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, A. M. Byrne, W. A. Potts, George M. Seward, A. R. Herrick of Chicago.

Prudential Oil Company—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, O. B. Stidger, A. H. Powers, R. C. Henderson, E. C. Cowell, T. A. Rottanzi, C. W. Bridgewater, M. J. Waldheimer of San Francisco.

James Neill Oil Company—Capital stock, $250,000; incorporators, James Neill, Players' Club, New York; Edythe Chapman, New York; J. W. Evans, G. F. Herr, R. H. Knight, Los Angeles.

Paragon Oil Company—Capital stock, $25,000; incorporators, Frank A. Marcher, R. R. Gove, Morris C. White, Walter Rose, Charles E. Marshall, Charles A. Mead of Los Angeles; Joseph M. James of Monrovia.

Sunset Vortex Oil Company, limited—Capital stock, $500,000; subscribed, 14,000 shares; incorporators, Tyree A. Bell, Paul R. Lewis, L. Barrere of San Francisco; Ambrose Harris of Larkspur, John L. Greer of San Rafael.

Hollister Crude Oil Company, limited—Capital stock, $500,000; subscribed, 25 shares; incorporators, C. J. Tallon, Carl W. Eiling, J. W. Richards, B. A. Hayne of San Francisco, R. P. Lathrop of San Benito county, Cal.

Sunrise Oil Company—Capital stock, $375,000; incorporators, J. A. Tulip, Edward Scates, Douglas Garden, W. V. Nichols, H. D. Brodie. Robert L. Couts of Oceanside; Charles M. Martin of San Francisco.

San Francisco Oil Company—Capital stock, $350,000; incorporators, Joseph H. Scott, C. J. Baker, M. T. Moses, M. F. Fish, W. G. Wreden, T. C. Gainey F. W. Thompson, Joseph Corbett, H. M. Wredin of San Francisco, S. X. L. N. T. Oil Company—Capital stock, $500,000; incorporators, W. M. Walker, Jacob Floersheim, William B. Ewing, J. H. Azhderian, Marcus J. Waldheimer of San Francisco.

Great American Oil and Development Company—Capital stock, $800,-000; subscribed, $50; incorporators, C. W. Duffe, Frank Severie, John F. Harris, B. H. Mcsteller, F. H. Allen, W. H. Davis, J. L. Geary, Jr., of San Francisco; M. L. Culver, M. C. Nunan of Alameda.

FULL OF PETROLEUM.

HISTORY OF THE INDUSTRY.

"Petroleum in California," a work devoted to the great oil industry in this State, and crammed full of information on a subject of very general interest, compiled and published by Lionel V. Redpath, room 405 Blanchard building, has just come from the presses of the Times-Mirror Printing and Binding House. It is intended to be a concise and reliable history of petroleum development and contains a large array of facts and figures, which show almost at a glance the remarkable progress that has been made. The volume consists of 164 pages, and contains, among many other good things, fine half-tones of the principal fields, phenomenal producing wells, the ocean oil field at Summerland, and other views. Considerable space is devoted to the men who are making oil history in California, and whose names and faces are quite familiar in Los Angeles and Southern California.

One of the striking features of the new work is a complete list to date of the oil companies incorporated in California, and also one of those incorporated in Arizona. The California list covers thirteen closely-printed pages, and the number of companies is almost beyond belief, considering the fact that the industry is not old, being 1170. In Arizona nearly one hundred companies have incorporated, according to the list, and probably 80 per cent. are California concerns. The total capital stock represented by these companies would make a line of figures that would startle a mathematician, if he should endeavor to do the task of adding implied.

"Petroleum in California" contains a pretty complete map of the oil fields of the entire State; a geological paper by Prof. W. L. Watts of the California State Mining Bureau, summarizing the leading facts concerning the occurrence of petroleum here; "Points on Prospecting for Petroleum," from a work by A. S. Cooper, State Mineralogist; figures showing the State's oil production; a reliable summary of the oil situation in California and the counties and fields where petroleum is found; a history of oil in the United States, and in other countries, and many other articles well worthy of study.

Under the caption of "Oil as Fuel in California," the new work presents a list of the principal consumers outside of San Francisco, where the total amounts to 100,000 bareis a month. The consumption outside of that city is shown to be about 175,000 barrels monthly.

Oil exchanges, oil lands, discoveries, and in fact everything relating to the industry, is taken up, making the work, on the whole, complete and valuable. As a book for ready reference on petroleum it probably is not excelled.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Of the Gardner-Zellner Co.

Among artists and lovers of music the Steinway has long been the synonym for absolute perfection in the art of piano construction; no other make ever having equaled it in sweetness, purity, depth and volume of tone. By virtue of its superiority it stands aloof and alone from all the rest—its name a household word, whose home is in the hearts of true musicians, as the instruments themselves have homes, the wide world over, alike in studio and palace. As the manufacturers have sought to secure such homes for their pianos, so equally have they striven to select in the various cities of the world homes for their goods in the salesrooms of the leading piano dealers. So well known is this practice to the average piano purchaser he has learned to accept the mystic words "Steinway Agency," when exhibited in a store, as an absolute guarantee for fair and honorable treatment, as well as for the thorough reliability of the proprietors themselves. In this connection it is apropos to state that during the past week the agency of the Steinway piano was transferred to the Gardner-Zellner Company—an old and well-known firm, who, while not having done a retail piano business in Los Angeles during the past two years, have nevertheless remained identified with the music trade, making this city their headquarters, while engaged in the wholesale and retail piano business in California, Arizona and New Mexico. The rapid growth of Los Angeles decided them to reopen a retail store here. It is located in the Frost Building, on the northwest corner of Broadway and Second street, and it is their aim to make the same the handsomest and most attractive piano store on the Pacific Coast; in fact, a model, cosy home for the great Steinway. The Gardner-Zellner Company have also secured the agency for the well-known Krakauer piano, an instrument that is rapidly making a name and a place for itself among the very best pianos made. The music-loving public are especially invited to call and inspect this gem. The celebrated Story and Clark, Emerson and Ludwig & Co. pianos may also always be found in numbers in the Gardner-Zellner Company's salesroom. Hundreds of these pianos have been sold in this city during the past decade, and purchasers speak of them in terms of highest praise. In justice to the Story and Clark, it must be said that their construction guarantees their great durability. Three years ago the Gardner-Zellner Company sold forty of them to be used in the public schools. They have been in constant use ever since, and inquiry and investigation will prove that despite the hard usage they show no signs of wear, and are remarkable for the length of time they remain in tune. Besides the leading instruments enumerated, this firm will handle the Royal, a very fine piano that has been sold on this coast for many years, and the Richmond, an honest piano that will ingratiate itself into the favor of almost anyone. Closing the list—last but not least—is the Haines & Co. This piano was formerly the Haines Bros., and as such has been for years, as now, a leading piano in the cities of the Atlantic Coast, especially New York and Baltimore, where it has always been a favorite. This is worthy of note, and to those contemplating the purchase of a piano worth remembering: "The Gardner-Zellner Company's pianos are manufactured expressly in accordance with the requirements of their Arizona and New Mexico trade, for in those Territories only the best seasoned and adjusted instruments can stand the climate. Over one hundred pianos, embracing the various makes mentioned, have just been received. They were purchased for cash, at very low figures, for the Gardner-Zellner Company, by I. Wellington Gardner, who points with justifiable pride to a successful business record of twenty-six years in the music business on this coast. Regarding terms and prices, the Gardner-Zellner Company have ample funds to enable them to buy and sell goods at figures as low and terms as easy as any dealer in San Francisco, Los Angeles, or any other city. Never before has such a perfect stock of pianos been brought here, and it will certainly pay anyone thinking of purchasing a piano now, or in the future, to call and inspect these beautiful goods, and obtain prices. Remember the place—The Gardner-Zellner Co. Steinway agents, corner Broadway and Second street.

B. C. BOOS

has many new lamps that are especially adapted for the home. Call 118 N. Main.

Combination Shoe Sale

All the Good Shoe Things Come Through Hamilton & Baker

This time we have purchased the Skinner & Kay Stock of fine Shoes (located at 209 West Third Street, Los Angeles), and place them on

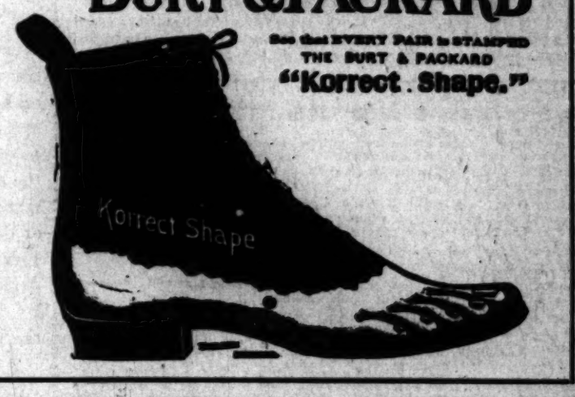
Sale at Greatly Reduced Prices

at our store, 239 South Spring Street.

Sale Opens Tuesday Morning, Oct. 2, at 9 o'clock.

WEAR THE BURT & PACKARD

See that EVERY PAIR is STAMPED THE BURT & PACKARD "Korrect Shape."



Bear in mind that Skinner & Kay carried only the BEST shoes, and they were only in business one year, so the Shoes are all clean and They were sole agents in Los Angeles for

Burt & Packard Shoes for Men, Edwin C. Burt Shoes for Ladies.

It is seldom indeed that the public has an opportunity to buy Shoes of high grades at Reduced Prices.

In addition to the Skinner & Kay stock, we also place our entire stock shoes on sale, making

..$35,000..

WORTH OF SHOES AT CUT PRICES.

Store Closed all Day Monday to Arrange Stock
Sale Opens Tuesday Morning at 9 o'clock

	Reg. Price	Sale Price
Men's tan willow calf shoes, Burt & Packard make, hand sewed soles, Blucher cut, English last	$6.00	$3.50
Men's tan willow calf lace shoes, Burt & Packard make, hand sewed soles, Princeton last	$5.00	$3.50
Men's tan vici kid lace shoes, Burt & Packard make, leather lined, double soles, medium wide soles	$5.00	$3.50
Men's blk vici kid lace shoes, Burt & Packard make, leather lined, new toes, double soles, double shank	$5.00	$3.50
Men's tan vici kid lace shoes, Burt & Packard make, new toes. Goodyear welted soles, double soles	$4.00	$3.25
Men's tan Russia calf lace shoes, Burt & Packard make, leather lined, new toes	$4.00	$3.25
Men's patent calf lace shoes, several kinds, broken lines	$5.00	$2.50
Men's tan Russia calf lace shoes, welted soles, new toes	$3.50	$2.45
Men's tan vici kid lace shoes, welted soles, new toes	$5.00	$2.95
Men's Black vici kid lace shoes, new toes	$3.50	$2.45
Men's black box calf lace shoes, new toes, Goodyear welt soles	$5.00	$2.95
Men's tan Russia calf, new lasts	$3.00	$1.75
Men's black calf shoes	$2.50	$1.50
Boys' good shoes	$2.00	$1.50
Boys' shoes	$1.50	$1.00

	Reg Price	Sale Pr
Ladies' hand turned button shoes, Edwin C. Burt make, common sense toe	$3.00	$3.0
Ladies' hand sewed button shoes, extension edge, medium toe, Edwin C. Burt make	$3.00	$3.0
Ladies' oxfords, black vici kid, welted soles, Edwin C. Burt make, new lasts	$4.00	$2.9
Ladies' tan vici kid oxfords, Edwin C. Burt make, new toes	$3.50	$2.5
Ladies' tan vici kid lace shoes, Edwin C. Burt make, hand-sewed soles, new toes	$5.00	$3.2
Ladies' hand sewed shoes, button and lace, broken lines	$5.00	$1.0
Ladies' hand turned oxfords, broken lines	$3.00	$1.0
Ladies' black vici kid lace shoes, new toes, all sizes	$3.50	$2.2
Ladies' Black Vici Kid Lace Shoes, silk vesting tops, new toes, all sizes	$4.00	$2.5
Ladies' Tan Vici Kid Lace Shoes, silk vesting tops, new toes	$4.00	$2.5
Ladies' Strap Sandals	$1.50	9
Ladies' Button Shoes, welted soles, new toes	$4.00	$2.0
Misses' good Shoes	$2.00	$1.2
Misses' Shoes at	$1.50	$1.1

Hamilton & Baker

239 South Spring Street.

We Move Oct. 10th...

Up to that time you can buy Bicycles and Sundries at your own price—or nearly so. LACLEDE BICYCLES—$50.00 for $35.00 Wheel.

AVERY CYCLERY, 408 and 410 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Jewett Oil Co

Call and get information in regard to lands, etc. It can't be beat.

Office 309 W. Second st.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIA

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Sept. 29, 190

LOCAL CLEARANCES. The c
change brought into the local clearin
house last week amounted to $2,92
906.84, compared with $2,234,585.89 in t
preceding week, and $2,254,272.44 for t
week before that. For the correspon
ding week in 1899 the figures were $1,64
816.26. The increase is nearly 33 p
cent.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS. T
Los Angeles Stock and Bond Exchan
quotes local securities as follows:

LOS ANGELES BANKS.

Description—	Bid.	Ask.
Broadway	130	
Bank of Commerce		90
California	125	130
Citizens'	120	
*Columbia	54	
**Farmers' and Merchants'	2500	
First National	300	
German-American Savings	150	
Los Angeles National	120	
*Main-street Savings	90	
Merchants' National	165	
N'r'l Bank of California	110	
State Bank and Trust Co	95	
*Security Savings Bank	70	
*Sou. Cal. Savings	100	
Security Loan and Trust Co		90
Union Bank of Savings	150	
First National, Pasadena	175	190
Pasadena Nat'l, Pasadena	130	
San Gabriel Val., Pasadena	130	

*Shares $100, paid up $50.
**Par value, $1000, all paid up.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Edison Electric Co	90	95
Title Guarantee & Trust Co	105	110
Title Ins. & Trust Co. Com	60	75
Title Ins. & Trust Co. pfd	90	105

BONDS.

Con. Water Co. of Pomona	80	
Edison Electric Co. 5s	95	
L. A. Railway 6s	107	
L. A. Pacific Railway 5s	90	
Los Angeles and Pasadena Electric Railway 5s	104	
Redlands Elec. Light and Power Co	97	100
San Antonio Water Co. 6s	99	104
San Gabriel Electric Co. 5s	100	101
Traction Co. 5s		101
Traction Co. 6s	112	
Santa Ana Gas & Elec. Co.	100	
Redlands Elec. Railway Co. 6s	98	100
Visalia Water Co.		100
Bouton Water Co.		100

For the month of September the year the clearances were $10,530,423.0 and last year $7,345,777.80, showing increase of over 44 per cent.

The following sales of bonds are reported at San Francisco:

Southern Pacific of Arizona 6s, 1910, 2000 at $111.50; 16,000 at $111.87½. Last week, $111.75.

United States 4s new coupon, 1925, at $133.50. Last week, $134 bid, $1 asked.

Los Angeles Railway of California 1908, 7000 at $107.50. Last week, $107. bid, $108.50 asked.

COMMERCIAL.

HOG MARKET. The Cincinnati Price Current says: "The marketing of hogs continues on a fairly liberal basis. Total western packing, 345,000, compared with 345,000 the preceding week, and 325,000 two weeks ago. For the corresponding time last year the number was 305,000, and two years ago 325,000. From March 1 the total is 11,625,000, against 11,125,000 a year ago—an increase of 470,000, or over 4 per cent. Quality generally good. Prices well maintained, the average at the close being slightly lower than a week ago and 20 cents per 100 pounds higher than a year ago.

"There appears to be some increase in interest in hog products, and while the week has not developed any special change in prices there has prevailed more cheerfulness, there being a feeling that stocks of product for current deliveries are not excessive, and that the outlook does not justify as low prices for winter hogs and product as last year. There is little to indicate that the supplies of hogs for winter marketing will fall short of last year. It has been a season of more than usual freedom from ailments among such animals and of losses of spring pigs. There is a liberal distribution of product for domestic consumption. The week's exports of product were of moderate volume, reflecting considerable deficiency in lard in comparison with a year ago.

BUMPER APPLE CROP. Estimates of the apple crop run from 80,000,000 to 100,000,000 barrels, the lower figure being 10,000,000 larger than any season heretofore.

COFFEE STATISTICS. Visible supply of the world on September 1, 1900, says the Spice Mill, as compiled from figures received from Coffee Exchange and correspondents:

STOCKS.

	Tons.
Europe (all kinds)	3,883,1
Rio	564,0
Santos	344,0
Bahia	18,0
United States (all kinds)	360,5
	5,349,6

AFLOATS.

Afloat for United States from Brazil	343,0
Afloat for United States from Europe	
Afloat for United States from Java and East	81,0
Afloat for Europe from Java and East	121,0
Afloat for Europe from Brazil	721,0
Afloat for Europe from Untad States	21,0
Total	6,559,6
Against August 1	5,817,7
Against September 1, 1899	7,659,5

STOCKS OF ALL KINDS IN UNITED STATES.

	Bags.
Stocks of all kinds in United States August 1, 1900	947,6
Arrivals during August	252,1
	1,199,6
Deliveries during August	356,0
Total stock in United States, September 1, 1900	843,6
Against September 1, 1899	1,176,4

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

SPICE ISLANDS. The Philippine Islands are ours, and while there is bound to be some objection for a time to our retention of them, says the Wichita (Kan.,) Price Current, the country has never yet given up a foot of its landed possessions, and it is extremely unlikely that it ever will. And we are glad the Philippines belong to America. They promise to furnish us in the future the tropical products we need, and we will not have to go outside our own possessions for anything we need. There are wonderful possibilities in the Philippines for the raising of tropical products. The islands lie in the same latitude of Java and Sumatra, two of the world's garden spots. With cheap labor, fertile soil and the wonderful climate of the Philippines, it is not at all unlikely that coffee products of Java and the spice

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	Reg Price	Sale Price
...shoes, ...men	$5.00	$3.00
...shoes, ...toes	$5.00	$3.50
...kid,	$4.00	$2.50
...	$3.50	$2.50
...	$5.00	$3.25
...	$5.00	$1.00
...	$3.00	$1.00
...	$3.50	$2.25
...	$4.00	$2.50
...	$4.00	$2.50
...		95c
...	$1.30	$2.00
...	$4.00	$1.25
...	$2.00	$1.15
...	$1.50	

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...information in regard to ...
It can't be beat.
...309 W. Second St.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, Sept. 29, 1900.

LOCAL CLEARANCES. The exchanges brought into the local clearing-house last week amounted to $3,023,-..., compared with $2,224,885.60 in the ... week, and $2,264,272.44 for the ... before that. For the corresponding week in 1899 the figures were $1,647,-.... The increase is nearly 28 per cent.

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS. The Los Angeles Stock and Bond Exchange quotes local securities as follows:

LOS ANGELES BANKS.

Description—	Bid.	Asked.
Broadway	120	.....
Bank of Commerce	.....	98
California	125	130
Citizens'	130	.....
*Columbia	54	.....
**Farmers' and Merchants'	2500	.....
First National	200	205
German-American Savings	150	.....
Los Angeles National	123	130
*Main-street Savings	60	.....
Merchants' National	155	.....
N't'l Bank of California	110	.....
State Bank and Trust Co.	95	98
*Security Savings Bank	76	.....
*So. Cal. Savings	100	.....
Security Loan and Trust Co.	.....	80
Union Bank of Savings	108	.....
First National, Pasadena	175	180
Pasadena Nat'l, Pasadena	130	.....
San Gabriel Val., Pas'dena	130	.....

*Shares $100, paid up, $50.
**Par value, $1000, all paid up.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Edison Electric Co	60	60
Title Guarantee & Trust Co.	105	110
Title Ins. & Trust Co. Com.	68	75
Title Ins. & Trust Co. pfd.	98	102½

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Con. Water Co. of Pomona	90	.....
Edison Electric Co. 5s	95	100
L. A. Railway 5s	107	.....
L. A. Pacific Railway 5s	...	100
Los Angeles and Pasadena Electric Railway 5s	...	104½
Redlands Elec. Light and Power Co	97	100
San Antonio Water Co. 6s	98	100
San Gabriel Electric Co. 6s	100	101
Traction Co. 5s		101
Traction Co. 6s		113
Santa Ana Gas & Elec. Co.		100
Redlands Elec. Railway Co.	98	100
Visalia Water Co.		100
Boston Water Co.		102

For the month of September this year the clearances were $10,580,423.56, and last year $7,343,777.95, showing an increase of over 44 per cent.

The following sales of bonds are reported at San Francisco:

Southern Pacific of Arizona 6s, 1909-..., 2000 at $111.50; 16,000 at $111.37½. Last week, $111.75.

United States 4s new coupon, 1925, 2000 at $133.50. Last week, $134 bid, $135 asked.

Los Angeles Railway of California 5s, ..., ... at $107.50. Last week, $107.50 bid, $108.50 asked.

COMMERCIAL.

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COFFEE STATISTICS. Visible supply of the world on September 1, 1900, says the Spice Mill, as compiled from figures received from Coffee Exchange and correspondents:

STOCKS.

	Bags.
Europe (all kinds)	3,583,270
Rio	294,000
Santos	844,000
Bahia	16,000
United States (all kinds)	840,578
	5,548,448

AFLOATS.

Afloat for United States from Brazil	248,000
Afloat for United States from Europe	....
Afloat for United States from Java and East	....
Afloat for Europe from Java and East	61,000
Afloat for Europe from Brazil	721,000
Afloat for Europe from United States	21,000
Total	6,589,448
Against August 1	5,817,759
Against September 1, 1899	7,659,544

STOCKS OF ALL KINDS IN UNITED STATES.

	Bags.
Stocks of all kinds in United States August 1, 1900	847,457
Arrivals during August	282,181
	1,129,638
Deliveries during August	289,060
Total stock in United States, September 1, 1900	840,578
Against September 1, 1899	1,176,447

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

SPICE ISLANDS. The Philippine Islands are ours, and while there is bound to be some objection for a time to our retention of them, says the Wichita (Kan.) Price Current, this country has never yet given up a foot of its landed possessions, and it is extremely unlikely that it ever will. And we are glad the Philippines belong to America. They promise to furnish us in the future the tropical products we need, and we will not have to go outside our own possessions for anything we need. There are wonderful possibilities in the Philippines for the raising of tropical products. The islands lie in the same latitude of Java and Sumatra, two of the world's garden spots. With cheap labor, fertile soil and the wonderful climate of the Philippines, it is not at all unlikely the coffee products of Java and the spice products of Sumatra may not be duplicated ten times over in the fertile valleys of the Philippines. We hope to see the day when our island possessions will be furnishing us these few necessaries which we cannot produce in our own wonderful clime. Who knows but what we, in ten years from now, will have changed the name of the Philippines to Spice Islands.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

There have been quite a number of changes in provisions the past week. Some brands of bacon made an advance, and some hams declined a fraction of a cent. All pure lard went off, being quoted at 9½ cents for all brands.

Dried fruits, nuts and raisins are quiet. Apricots are about all marketed. Peaches are scarce and in small lots bring 5 to 6 cents to the growers. The northern prune market is active on eastern and foreign account. This week walnut shipping will commence in earnest.

Live stock and fresh meats are without change, very firm.

Corn, bran and cracked corn are firm at recent advance. Flour is firm, following a firm wheat market.

There are no new features to note in hides, wool or tallow. Quotations on wool are nominal here. Buyers are waiting until the markets East improve before they will operate.

Butter is very firm at quoted prices. The market is kept well cleaned up from day to day.

Ranch eggs are firmer at 27 to 28 cents. Eastern are firm at quoted prices.

Cheese is without change, steady.

Honey is scarce and firm.

Choice and fancy potatoes are firm at $1 to $1.25 a cental. Sweets are steady.

Yellow onions are $1 to $1.10, with some fancy bringing $1.25 a cental.

Scarcely any oranges are moving. Lemons are still moving freely.

Apples and grapes are the principal fresh fruits now in demand, and are active at quoted prices. Berries are scarce and firm.

The first new pink beans were put on this market yesterday at $3.15 to $3.25 a cental.

Live poultry is in pretty good demand. The market was cleaned up on everything but small hens yesterday. Turkeys are in demand, and wanted. Ducks are plentiful.

The game law goes wide open Monday. A good many ducks are reported to be flying down this way now and a good year is looked for by sportsmen.

Hay is firm under an active demand.

Citrus-fruit Shipments.

There were shipped out from Southern California Friday six carloads of lemons, making a total for the season of all citrus fruit of 17,741 carloads.

Provisions.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14; fancy, wrapped, 14¾; plain wrapped, 14½; mild cured, 13¾; medium, 10½; Gilbert bacon, 12; Winchester, 13½@14½; 4⁄0'er, 13½@15; Orange Blossom, 15½.

HAMS—Per lb., Rex brand, 12½; Gilbert hams, 11¾; picnic, 8½@10; Winchester, 12½@13; 4⁄0'er, 12½@13; Orange Blossom, 13½.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., clear bellies, 10¾@11½; short clears, 10¾@10½; clear backs, 10¼@10½.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 14½@15½.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 16.00; rump butts, 17.00.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 18.50.

LARD—Per lb., in tierces, Rex, pure leaf, 9½; Ivory compound, 7¼; Suetene, 7¼; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 9½; Silver Leaf, 9½; White Label, 9½; Orange Blossom, 9.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.25; London Layers, per box, 2.00; loose, 4 per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 7@8.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 8½@10; apricots, 7½@8; peaches, fancy, 8½; choice, 7½@8; pears, fancy evaporated, 12@15; plums, pitted, choice, 10@12; prunes, choice, 8; fancy, 6½; dates, 8@9; figs, sacks, California, white, per lb., 6@7; California black, per lb., 4; California, fancy layers, per lb., 10@12; imported Smyrna, 22½@25.

NUTS—Walnuts, paper-shells, 10½; fancy softshells, 10; hardshells, 9; almonds, softshells, 16½@17; paper-shells, 17@17½; hardshells, 10@11; pecans, 12@15; filberts, 13@14; Brazils, 9@10; Pinons, 9@10; peanuts, eastern, raw, 6@6½; roasted, 7@7½; California, 6.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@5.50.

CATTLE—Per cwt., 3.75@4.00 for prime steers; 3.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@5.00; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 2.50@2.75.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 3.80@4.00; northern, 3.80@4.00; Eastern Pillsbury's Best, 6.25; other brands, 4.25@6.00; Oregon, 3.50; graham flour, 1.90 per 100 lbs.

FEEDSTUFFS—Bran, per ton, 20.00; rolled barley, 20.00; cracked corn, 1.30 per cwt.

Hides, Wool and Tallow.

HIDES—Dry basis, 12½ per lb.; kip, 10; calf, 12½; bulls, 6½.

WOOL—Per lb., 8@10.

TALLOW—Per lb., No. 1, 3½; No. 2, 3.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 6¾@7.

VEAL—8@9.

MUTTON—Per lb., 8; lamb, 8½@9.

PORK—Per lb., 8¾.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 27@28; eastern standard, 21; extra select, 24.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 57½; southern creamery, 50@52½; dairy, 47½@50; other creamery, 52½@55; eastern in tubs, fancy, per lb., 25; local tub, 24.

CHEESE—Per lb., eastern, full cream, 10@16½; Coast, full cream, 11@11½; Anchor, 13½; Downey, 13½; Young America, 14½; 3-lb. hand, 15½; domestic Swiss, 16@17; imported Swiss, 26@27; Edam, fancy, per doz., 9.00@9.50.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 14@16; strained, 7@8½.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@23.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per cental; Choice to fancy, 1.00@1.25; River Burbank, 60@65; sweet, per cental, 1.50@1.75.

ONIONS—New, per cental, 1.00@1.25.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per cwt., 80@1.00; cabbage, 75@80; carrots, 85 per cwt.; green chiles, 4@5 per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 50@65; lettuce, per doz., 20@25; parsnips, 90@1.00 per cwt.; green peas, 6@7; radishes, per dozen bunches, 20@25; string beans, 3½; turnips, 85 per cwt.; garlic, 4@5; tomatoes, 30@50; summer squash, per box, 25@40; asparagus, per lb., 8@9; cucumbers, per box, 40@50; rhubarb, per box, 60@75; egg plant, per lb., 3½@4½; green corn, per sack, 1.25; melons, per dozen, 1.00@1.50; cantaloupes, 60@1.50; Lima beans, per lb., 5½; celery, per dozen, 50@60.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.50@3.25; green, 1.50@2.00.

ORANGES—Per box, Valencias, 2.50@3.50.

LIMES—Per 100, 1.00.

COCOANUTS—Per doz., 90@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.50.

STRAWBERRIES—Fancy, 7@8; common, 6@7.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 3.00@3.50.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 8@9.

RASPBERRIES—Per box, 10@12.

PEACHES—Per box, 75@1.00.

FIGS—Per lb., 3½@4.

APPLES—New, per box, 1.00@1.25.

GRAPES—Per box, 40@50; Cornichon, 1.00@1.25.

BANANAS—Per bunch, 1.75@2.25.

Beans.

BEANS—Pink, 3.15@3.25; Lima, 5.75@6.00; white, small, 4.00@4.25; Lady Washington, 3.50@3.65.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: 8@9 per lb. for poultry; ducks, 7@8; for turkeys, 14@15; geese, 8@9.

GAME—Doves, per doz., 75@1.00; plover, 1.00@1.25; rabbits, 1.00@1.25.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 1.00.

OATS—Jobbing price, 1.45@1.50.

CORN—1.30.

HAY—New barley, 13.00@15.00; alfalfa, 10.00@11.00; loose, 9.50@10.50.

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.30.

DECREASED DEPOSITS.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The Financier says: "The heavy decrease in deposits reported by the New York banks, amounting to $12,724,700 for the week ending September 29, operated to reduce legal-reserve requirements by $3,000,000 and over, and thus counteracted by half the loss of $6,800,900 in cash, which went out of banks to meet interior demands. The position of the banks, as a whole, is little better than indicated by the statement, for the reason that the receipts of nearly two and a half millions of specie from the Pacific Coast Friday, figure only slightly in the weekly compilation. The loan contraction of $5,668,400 was due to the efforts of banks to meet the demands of interior correspondents and at the same time to maintain their reserve percentages at the required legal point. The reduction in loans lessened deposits, and with the heavy loss in cash, brought about the shrinkage of $12,-764,700 in the deposit total, with the effect already noted. The deposit shrinkage at this season is not unusual. Last year during the week ending September 23, the banks lost nearly $20,000,00 of deposits and the decrease for the current week a year ago was $13,000,000. At the close of September, 1899, however, the banks held only $1,724,450 of excess reserve, as against $12,942,600 now, and they lost at least $65,000 of deposits in September 1899, compared with only $18,780,000 this month. The drain is, therefore, easier to meet this year than last, but it means higher money rates from now on. The current statement is complicated by the operations of one or two large banks, the decrease of which go far toward changing the totals. Last week $9,000,000, or 56 per cent. of the excess reserve of all the banks, was held by one institution. This week the same bank holds $5,727,400, or 44 per cent. of all the reserve, but its own loss in cash amounts to $5,307,000, or within $1,500,000 of the total loss in cash by all the banks. The position of the remaining institutions, therefore, has undergone no important change so far as cash is concerned, during the week."

THE WEEK'S CHANGES.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The weekly bank statement of averages of the associated banks shows: Loans, $817,472,-600; decrease, $5,668,400; deposits, $884,-706,800; decrease, $12,764,700; circulation, $29,865,700; increase, $203,200; legal tenders, $64,362,900; decrease, $2,158,500; specie, $169,156,400; decrease, $4,642,400; reserve, $234,119,300; decrease, $6,800,900; reserve requirements, $22,176,700; decrease, $3,191,175; surplus, $12,942,600; decrease, $3,600,275.

Money and Exchange.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Close: Money on call—Nominal; loans closed at 2 per cent.; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange—Weak, with actual business in bankers' bill at $4.85½@4.85¾ for demand, and $4.82¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4.83½ and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82¼@4.82¾.

Silver certificates, 63½@64.

Bar silver, 63¾.

Mexican dollars, 49¾.

Bonds—State, weak; railroad, irregular; governments, steady; refunding, 2s, when issued, registered, 104; coupon, 104½; 3s, registered and coupon, 109¾; new 4s, registered and coupon, 134½; old 4s, registered, 114¾; 5s, registered and coupon, 113¼.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The stock market was a narrow and professional affair today, which ended with a show of animation and strength on account of an active demand from the shorts who covered on the bank statement. This element saw encouragement in the fact that the inroad upon the banking surplus was restricted to less than $4,000,000, while a much heavier depletion was expected. This sentiment seemed not to be affected by the fact that a decline in the reserve requirements of over $3,000,000 was responsible for this condition, which was brought about by a contraction of $5,-668,400 in the outstanding loans of the banks. The actual decrease in cash was slightly in excess of that of last week, as had been expected. Besides the liquidation in the stock market, a large volume of time loans is said to be maturing at this time, and the proceeds of these banks are inclined to hold for higher rates, as explained below.

The prospect of favorable developments in the coal strike situation over Sunday increased the disposition of the bears to cover, and the recovery in prices from the early low level ran between one and two points for the principal stocks, not a few of which showed net gains of a point or more. The early selling of stocks was encouraged by selling for foreign account, and by rumors of financial difficulties in Berlin, where the exigencies of a settlement caused a jump of 2 per cent. in the rate for short discount bills. The steel stocks were firm throughout. Intimations from officials of several of the great trunk lines of an intention to provide for the year's need forthwith at the present price of $26 for steel rails, helped the group. Large receipts of raw sugars, doing away with some of the danger of a shortage, helped Sugar.

A feature was the further marking down of sterling exchange rates by the exchange bankers, in spite of the nominal character of the market. These prices have shown some violent fluctuations during the week, and mounted to a level considerably higher than on last Saturday. The feverishness has been almost wholly due to the difficulties in which the bear operators became involved through their great eagerness to discount the prospective decline in prices. The unwieldly proportions to which the bear account had attained made it vulnerable to attack, and when the probability became known of a settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike, there was a powerful and influential combination of speculators ready to take advantage of it, and help the upturn against the bears by every manipulative device known to the profession. The ready rout of the bears served to detract much from the prestige of that party, as it indicated a lack of confidence in their position not calculated to invite a large following.

Manipulation of the loan market played a powerful part in the week's campaign by the bulls, and stocks which have been abundant in the loan department on advantageous terms, were called in on a large scale, thus compelling the shorts to buy stocks to cover their contracts. Tens of thousands of shares of stocks were bought for this purpose, the bulls bidding up prices vigorously in competition with the distressed shorts and adding materially to their difficulties. The elimination of so large a short interest has weakened the technical position of the market to a material extent.

The money outlook has been lost sight of largely during the week, but still remains the dominant factor in the stock market outlook. The downward plunge in sterling exchange rates under the large offerings of bills against cotton and grain exports has given rise to renewed conjecture regarding the possibility of gold imports, but the London and continental discount rates, have risen promptly in response, showing that a movement of gold to New York would be resisted. News on Friday of a shipment of $5,000,000 in gold from Australia to San Francisco, suggested a source of additional relief for the money market. The excessive speculative inflation of last fall has no parallel in this market, but the consensus of opinion among bankers points to an active money market later in the season, and this prospect enjoined caution in speculative commitments. Bankers avow their intention to give first attention to the needs of their business customers, and they expect time money to loan at 6 per cent. Time loans now maturing are put into call loans to be readily available, which gives an illusory ease to the call money market. The bankers argue that much business held in abeyance until after election will make an active demand for money at that time. It is clear also that the interior demand for money is rather below the normal than above it as had been expected. This is due to the higher prices of cotton and grain, making necessary large sums of money to affect the marketing of crops.

Bonds were weak early in the week, but recoveries were made in some issues later, making the market irregular. Dealings were not large at any time. U.S. new 4s, registered, advanced ⅛ and the old 4s and the 5s declined ¼ in the bid price.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison	27⅝	U. Pacific pfd	73
Atchison pfd	69⅝	Wabash	6⅝
Balto. & Ohio	6⅛	Wabash pfd	17⅛
Can. Pacific	85⅞	W. & L. E.	8½
Can. Southern	49	W. & L. E. pfd.	23⅝
Chesa. & Ohio	27⅝	Wis. Central	10
Chicago G. W.	10	Third Ave.	103½
C. B. & Q.	122⅝	Express Co's—	
Chic. Ind. & L.	20½	Adams	123
C. I. & L. pfd.	54½	American	150
Chic. & E. Ill.	96	United States	48
C. & N. W.	160	Wells Fargo	122
C. R. I. & P.	104⅝	Miscellaneous—	
C. C. C. & St. L.	61⅞	Am. Cot. Oil	33
Colo. Southern	5	Am. Cot. Oil pfd.	89
Colo. So. 1st pfd.	37	Am. Malting	4
Colo. So. 2d pfd.	13⅝	Am. Malt. pfd	21⅛
Del. & Hudson	110	Am. S. & R.	36⅝
Del. L. & W.	177	Am. S. & R. pfd.	88⅝
Denver & R. G.	18½	Am. Spirits	1½
D. & R. G. pfd.	66⅝	Am. Spirits pfd	17
Erie	10⅝	Am. S. Hoop	18⅛
Erie 1st pfd	32⅝	Am. S. H. pfd	64½
G. Northern pfd.	149½	Am. S. & W.	30⅝
Hocking Coal	12½	Am. S. & W. pfd.	71⅛
Hocking Valley	31½	Am. Tin Plate	26
Ill. Central	115¼	Am. T. Plate pfd.	79
Iowa Central	17½	Am. Tobacco	88⅝
Iowa Cen. pfd.	37⅞	Am. Tob. pfd.	128
Lake E. & W.	26	Anaconda M. Co.	42
L. E. & W. pfd.	93	Brook. R. T.	50⅝
Lake Shore	205	Colo. Fuel & I.	31
L. & Nashville	71¼	Cont'l Tobacco	24½
Manhattan L.	86½	Cont'l Tob. pfd.	75½
Met. St. Ry.	147⅛	Fed. Steel	31⅝
Mex. Central	11	Fed. Steel pfd	62½
Minn. & St. L.	51¼	Gen. Electric	134½
M. & St. L. pfd.	91	Glucose Sugar	46⅝
Missouri Pacific	48¼	Glucose Sug. pfd	98½
Mobile & Ohio	33½	Int'l Paper	17½
M. K. & T.	9	Int'l Paper pfd.	66⅝
M. K. & T. pfd.	27⅛	Laclede Gas	68
N. J. Central	133	Nat'l Biscuit	32
N. Y. Central	127	Nat'l Bis. pfd	85
N. & Western	33¼	Nat'l Lead	17
N. & W. pfd	74	Nat'l Lead pfd	90
N. Pacific	46⅞	Nat'l Steel	24⅝
N. Pacific pfd	67⅞	Nat'l Steel pfd	81
Ontario & W.	20	N. Y. Air B.	113
Or. Ry. & Nav.	42	N. American	14½
O. R. & N. pfd.	76	P. Coast	53
Pennsylvania	127⅞	P. Coast 1st pfd.	89
Reading	15⅝	P. Coast 2d pfd.	62
Read. 1st pfd	58⅝	Pacific Mail	29
Read. 2d pfd.	25⅝	People's Gas	84½
Rio Grande W.	53	P. Steel Car	34
Rio G. W. pfd.	90	P. S. Car pfd	70⅝
St. L. & S. F.	9⅝	Pull. Pal. Car.	182
St. Louis 1st pfd.	63	S. Rope & T.	4⅞
St. Louis 2d pfd.	32⅝	Sugar	116½
St. L. S. W.	11½	Sugar pfd	114
St. L. S. W. pfd.	26⅝	Tenn. Coal & I.	55
St. Paul	113⅝	U. S. Leather	10¼
St. Paul pfd	172	U. S. Leath. pfd.	66⅝
St. Paul & O.	110	U. S. Rubber	28½
So. Pacific	31⅝	U. S. Rub. pfd.	92⅝
So. Railway	11	W. Union	78⅝
So. Ry pfd	53	R. I. & S. Co.	10½
Tex. & Pacific	14¼	R. I. & S. pfd.	11⅝
Union Pacific	56⅝	P. C. C. & St. L.	47⅝

Total sales, 125,900 shares

Bond List.

U. S. R. 2s reg	104	N. Y. Cen. 1sts	108½
U. S. R. 2s coup.	104½	N. J. Cen. 5s	122⅝
U. S. 3s reg	109⅝	N. Pacific 3s	65⅝
U. S. 3s coup	109⅝	N. Pacific 4s	103⅝
U. S. n. 4s reg.	134½	N. Y. C. & St. L.	107⅝
U. S. n. 4s coup.	134½	N. & W. con. 4s	96
U. S. old 4s reg	114½	Or. Nav. 1sts	109
U. S. old 4s coup.	115⅝	Or. Nav. 4s	103
U. S. 5s reg	113⅝	Or. S. Line 6s	127⅝
U. S. 5s coup	113⅝	Or. S. L. con. 5s	113
Dist. of C. 3 65s	123	Read. Gen. 4s	86½
Atch. Gen. 4s	100⅝	R. G. W. 1sts	98⅝
Atch. Adj. 4s	85¼	St. L. & I. M. 5s	112½
Can. So. 2nds	106	St. Louis 6s	122⅝
C. & O. 4½s	98⅝	St. Paul con.	168
C. & O. 5s	118	St. P. C. & P. 1s	117⅝
C. & N. W. 7s	139	St. P. C. & P. 5s	118½
C. & N. W. 5s	120	So. Pacific 4s	77
Chic. Ter. 4s	91	So. Ry. 5s	109⅝
Colo. So. 4s	79	S. Rope & T. 6s	66
D. & R. G. 1sts	103	Tex. & P. 1sts	113
D. & R. G. 4s	97⅛	Tex. & P. 2nds	60
Erie Gen. 4s	68	U. Pacific 4s	104⅝
F. W. & D. C. 1s	72	Wabash 1sts	117⅝
Gen. Electric 5s	118	Wabash 2nds	101
Iowa Cen. 1sts	113	W. Shore 4s	112⅝
L. & N. Un. 4s	98⅝	Wis. Cen. 1sts	88
M. K. & T. 2nds	65	Va. Centuries	89⅝
M. K. & T. 4s	91⅝		

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Pacific	56⅝
Call loans	3@4	West End	91⅝
Time loans	4@5	W. Electric	36
Stocks—		Wis. Central	10
A. T. & S. F.	27¼	Bonds—	
Atchison pfd	69⅝	Atchison 4s	99
Am. Sugar	116⅝	N. E. G. & C. 5s	60
Am. Sug. pfd	114	Mining shares—	
Bell Tel.	*136½	Adventure	3½
Bos. & Albany	245	Allouez M. Co.	1⅝
Bos. Elevated	146	Amal. Copper	85
Bos. & Maine	187	Atlantic	22½
C. B. & Q.	122⅝	Bos. & Mont.	**318
Dom. Coal	38	Butte & Bos.	58
Dom. Coal pfd	110	C. & Hecla	***745
Fed. Steel	32	Centennial	14
Fed. Steel pfd	62½	Franklin	13⅛
Fitchburg pfd	136	Humboldt	25
Gen. Electric	134⅝	Osceola	63½
Gen. Elec. pfd.	139⅝	Parrot	42⅝
Ed. Elec. Ill.	210	Quincy	142
Mex. Central	10⅝	S. F. Copper	4
Mich. Telephone	85	Tamarack	223
N. E. G. & C.	10½	Utah Mining	29⅛
Old Dominion	17	Winona	3⅛
Rubber	29	Wolverines	39

*Ex-dividend.
**Bid.
***Asked.

London Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The market here was lethargic and dull all around today. There was practically no tension because of the monetary and political apprehensions which prevail. Americans were featureless. Prices were lower, following the New York lead, though the quotations generally were above parity. Money was easier. Silver was stedy but quieter, at 29¼d."

Exchanges Against England.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Statist says any appreciable decline in the value of money next week or next month cannot be expected. It calls attention to the fact that all foreign exchanges are against England. "That America will be in a position to call gold from London is undoubted," it says, "and as we cannot afford to send gold to the United States, we may be obliged to offer higher interest to prevent gold shipments."

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Today's statement of the treasury balances shows: Available cash balance, $135,-062,372; gold, $80,211,245.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Wheat was dull. Liverpool was ⅜d lower at the close, the weather in the Northwest clear, and a Jones cable put the week's Danubian shipments at 1,736,000 bushels, and the world's shipments at 8,000,000 bushels. October opened at 76¼ to 76, and on selling by eleventh hour longs, dropped to 75⅝. On the dip elevator interests bought, and October recovered to 76¼, closing steady, ⅛@¼c lower at 76@76⅛.

Corn was dull and week on heavy receipts. October closed⅜c lower.

Oats were very dull. October closed a shade lower.

Provisions were quiet, but the market showed a strong undertone, based on a demand from shorts and buying by outside interests. The range of prices was narrow and the close unchanged from yesterday all around.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—	
September	75⅞
October	76⅛
November	77
Corn, No. 2—	
September	39
October	35⅝
November	36⅝
Oats, No. 2—	
September	21⅞
October	21⅞
November	22⅛

Cash quotatons were as follows: Flour was dull; winter patents, 3.90@4.10; straight, 3.20@3.80; patents, 3.20@3.60; spring specials, 1.70; patents, 3.60@4.10; straight, 3.10@3.60; bakers', 2.20@2.50; No. 2 spring wheat, 75@77⅛; No. 2 red, 76@78; No. 2 corn, 38½@39¼; No. 2 yellow 39@39½; No. 2 oats, 22½; No. 2 white, 26@27; No. 3 white, 24@25¼; No. 2 rye, 51½; fair to choice malting, 54@57; No. 1 flax seed, 1.47½; No. 1 Northwestern, 1.47½; prime timothy seed, 4.30@4.46; mess pork, per bbl., 12.30@12.35; lard, per 100 lbs., 7.12½@7.15; short ribs sides, (loose,) 8.10@8.25; dry salted shoulders, (boxed,) 6¼@6⅝; short clear sides, (boxed,) 8.30@8.30; whisky, basis of high wines, 1.27; sugars, cut, loaf, unchanged.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	20,000	20,000
Wheat, bushels	306,000	472,000
Corn, "	542,000	720,000
Oats, "	376,000	371,000
Rye, "	5,000	2,000
Barley, "	87,000	44,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was dull; creamery, 16@21½; dairy, 13@18; eggs, firm; fresh, 16½; cheese, dull; 10¼@11¾.

Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—The cotton market opened with prices 7@15 points higher, and scored additional gains immediately following the call on healthy buying for all branches of the trade.

The inabiliay of the railroads to meet the demands for shippers bids fair to be an important factor in the near future. Wall street appeared quite conspicuously as a buyer of the winter months; the South purchased the late deliveries. Fall River reported a firm but quiet market for cloths. The marcloset steady, prices net 10@19 points higher.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 29.—Cotton, uplands, 6⅛d.

New York General Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—Wheat—Spot easier; futures closed ⅜@⅝c net lower; March, 85⅛; May, 85⅛; September and October, 80⅝; December, 82⅝.

Hops—Quiet; Pacific Coast, 1899 crop, 10@13.

Hides—Firm; California, 21 to 25 pounds, 18½.

Wool—Quiet; domestic fleece, 25@28.

Copper—Steady; brokers', 16⅞.

Lead—Dull; brokers', 4.00.

Coffee—Spot Rio, dull; mild, quiet. Futures closed steady, 5@10 points net higher; December, 7.10; January, 7.15; March, 7.15@7.50.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 4⅛; centrifugal, 96 test, 5; molasses sugar, 4. Refined, firm; crushed, 6.55; powdered, 6.25; granulated, 6.25.

Butter—Receipts, 2500 packages; steady; creamery, 17@22; June creamery, 18@21½; factory, 13½@16½; imitation creamery, 15@18.

Eggs—Receipts, 5300 packages; steady; Western, regular packing, at mark, 12½@18; Western, loss off, 20.

Dried Fruits in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—California dried fruits were inactive. Prunes, 3½ to 7½. Apricots, Royal, 11@14; Moorpark, 15@16. Peaches, peeled, 14@18; unpeeled, 6@9. Evaporated apples ruled quiet and unchanged; State, common, 3@5; prime, 4¾@5½; choice, 5¼@6; fancy, 6@6½.

Exports and Imports.

NEW YORY, Sept. 29.—The exports of gold and silver from this port to all countries for this week aggregate $1,085,315 in silver bars and coins, and $34,402 gold. The imports of specie were $41,885 gold and $174,584 in silver. The imports of dry goods and merchandise were valued at $7,901,156.

Northwestern Wheat.

PORTLAND, Sept. 29.—Wheat easier, in sympathy with other markets. Walla Walla, 55½@56; Valley, 60; Bluestem, 59.

TACOMA, Sept. 29.—Wheat steady, unchanged; Bluestem, 59; club, 56, both for export.

Grain at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 29.—Wheat, spot, dull; No. 1 California, 6s 6½d@6s 7d. Futures, easy; December, 6s 3⅛d.

Corn, spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s 3½d. Futures, quiet; October, 4s 3⅛d; November, 4s 2⅝d; December, 4s 1⅞d.

LIVE-STOCK MARKETS.

RECEIPTS AND QUOTATIONS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Cattle receipts, 700; nominally steady; natives, good to prime steers, 5.45@5.85; poor to medium, 4.50@5.40; selected feeders, 3.80@4.80; mixed stockers, 3.50@3.65; cows, 2.70@4.20; heifers, 2.90@4.85; canners, 2.00@2.65; bulls, 2.75@4.75; calves, 4.70@6.50; Texas fed steers, 4.20@4.90; grassers, 3.25@4.10; bulls, 2.50@3.25.

Hogs receipts, 23,000; tomorrow, 15,-000; left over, 6500. Best light steady, others 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, 5.05@5.55; good to choice heavy, 5.05@5.42½; rough heavy, 4.90@5.00; light, 5.15@5.55; bulk of sales, 5.20@5.40.

Sheep receipts, 2500. Steady; good to choice wethers, 3.90@4.25; fair to choice mixed, 3.50@3.90; western, 4.00@4.15; Texas, 2.50@3.60; lambs, native, 4.25@5.50; western, 4.75@5.35.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 29.—Cattle receipts, 50; market unchanged.

Hogs receipts, 4500. Steady to easy; heavy, 5.20@5.30; packers, 5.22½@5.30; mixed, 5.17½@5.25; light, 5.05@5.30; porkers, 5.25@5.30; pigs, 4.80@5.15.

No sheep.

DENVER, Sept. 29.—Cattle receipts, 200. Market steady, quiet; beef steers, 3.75@5.40; cows, 3.00@4.00; feeders, freight paid to river, 3.00@4.40; stockers, freight paid to river, 3.50@4.50; bulls, stags, etc., 2.00@3.50.

Hogs receipts, 400. Five cents higher; light packers and mixed, 5.20@5.30; heavy, 5.25@5.35.

Sheep receipts, 1600. Quiet, good fat muttons, 3.25@3.75; lambs, 3.75@4.50.

OMAHA (Neb.,) Sept. 29.—Cattle receipts, 400. Nominaly steady; native beef steers, 4.40@5.70; western steers, 4.00@4.70; Texas steers, 3.25@4.00; cows, 4.00@4.25; canners, 1.50@3.00; stockers and feeders, 3.25@4.65; calves, 3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., 2.50@4.00.

Hogs receipts 6000. Active, strong; heavy, 5.10@5.20; mixed, 5.12½@5.17½; light, 5.17½@5.27½; pigs, 4.00@5.00, bulk of sales 5.15@5.20.

Sheep receipts, none. Firm; western muttons, 3.25@4.00; stock sheep, 3.00@3.70; lambs, 4.00@5.00.

Oil at Oil City.

OIL CITY (Pa.) Sept. 29.—Credit balances, $1.15; certificates, no bid.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Wheat, futures steady; spot wheat, quiet. Barley, inactive on call and firm in the spot market. Oats quiet but steady. Prices for grain hay were well sustained. Bran, middlings and feed stuffs, firm. Beans, weaker. Table grapes, easier. Fancy nutmeg melons and cantaloupes, higher. Choice watermelons, higher. Strawberries and raspberries, steady. Blackberries, higher. Huckleberries, unchanged. Choice apples, steady. Citrus fruits, moderately active. Potatoes and onions, without material change. Tomatoes, weak. Fancy green peas and string beans, firm. Choice egg plant, a shade higher. Fancy creamery butter firm. Cheese, unchanged. Fancy ranch eggs, firm. Poultry, quiet and steady.

Receipts—Flour, quarter sacks, 22,800; wheat, centals, 480; barley, centals, 1300; oats, centals, 1000; beans, sacks, 5600; potatoes, sacks, 3600; onions, sacks, 2100; bran, sacks, 375; middlings, sacks, 1200; hay, tons, 600; hops, bales, 200; hides, 367; raisins, boxes, 2000; wine, gallons, 8800.

Grain on call—Wheat, steady; December, 1.06⅝; May, 1.12⅛. Barley, no sales. Corn, large yellow, 1.20@1.22½. Bran, 16.00@17.00.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Flour—Net cash prices for family extras, 3.40@3.75 per bbl.; bakers' extras, 3.40@3.55; Oregon and Washington, 2.75@3.30 per bbl.

Wheat—Shipping wheat is quotable at 1.02½; milling, 1.05@1.07½.

Barley—Feed is quotable at 70@75 per ctl.; brewing, 77½@81¼ per ctl.; Chevalier, —.

Oats—Red, 1.10@1.20; black, 1.10@1.30; white, 1.15@1.35; gray, 1.12½@1.25.

Middlings—Quotable at 18@21.50.

Mixed feed—15.00@16.00.

Rolled barley—Quotable at 16.00@17.00 per ton.

Oatmeal—4.25@4.50 per 100 lbs.

Oat groats—4.50 per 100 lbs.

Rolled oats—6.00@7.25 per bbl. for wood and 5.75@7.00 for sacks.

Hay—Quotable as follows: Wheat, 9.00@12.00 per ton; wheat and oat, 8.50@11.50; oat, 7.50@10.50; barley, 6.00@9.00; alfalfa, 6.50@7.50; compressed hay, 8.50@12.50 per ton; new hay, 5.00@7.00 for volunteer.

Straw—Quotable at 25@37½ per bale.

Beans—Pink, 2.40@2.50; Lima, 5.10@5.25; small white, 3.25@3.50; large white, 2.15@2.25.

Potatoes — River Burbanks, 30@65; Salinas Burbanks, 70@1.05; Merced sweets, 75@1.25.

Onions—Common, 55.

Various—Green peas, 2½@3½; string beans, 2@3; egg plant, 30@50; green peppers, 25@50; tomatoes, 20@30; summer squash, 25@35; dried okra, —; asparagus, 75@2.50; rhubarb, —; garlic, 2½@3; cucumbers, 25@40; mushrooms, —.

Apples—Common, 35; crabapples, —.

Berries—Strawberries, 4.00@7.00; blackberries, 7.00; huckleberries, 5@7; raspberries, 5.00@6.00; cranberries, 2.50.

Grapes—Ordinary, 25.

Pomegranates—40@65.

Pears—Common, 50.

Quinces—35@40.

Plums—Common, 40.

Citrus fruits—Mexican limes, 5.00@5.50; common California lemons, 1.25@2.25; good to choice, 2.50@3.00; fancy, 3.25@3.50.

Melons—Watermelons, 3.00@20.00 per 100; nutmegs, 25@60; fancy cantaloupes, —; common cantaloupes, 75.

Tropical fruit — Bananas, 1.00@2.00; pineapples, 2.00@3.00; Smyrna figs, 14@17; Persian dates, 5½@6.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 23½@25; seconds, 17@20; fancy dairy, 24@25; seconds, 18@22.

Cheese—California flats, 10@11½; eastern, 14@15; Young America, 10½@11; western, —.

Eggs—Ranch, 28@35; store, 20@22; duck, —; eastern, 20@22.

Poultry — Live turkeys, 15@18; dressed, —; old roosters, 3.50@4.00; young roosters, 3.50@4.50; small broilers, 2.40@2.50; large broilers, 3.00@3.25; fryers, 3.00@3.50; hens, 3.50@5.00; ducks, old, 3.00@4.00; ducks, young, 3.50@4.50; geese, 1.25@1.50; goslings, 1.50@1.75; pigeons, 1.25; pigeons, young, 1.75@2.00.

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	2	Justice	[illegible]
Alpha Con.	3	Kentuck Con.	[illegible]
Andes	7	Mexican	[illegible]
Belcher	13	Occidental Con.	[illegible]
Best & Belcher	21	Ophir	[illegible]
Bullion	2	Overman	[illegible]
Caledonia	42	Potosi	[illegible]
Challenge Con.	20	Savage	[illegible]
Chollar	21	Seg. Belcher	[illegible]
Confidence	75	Sierra Nevada	[illegible]
Con. Cala. & Va.	126	Silver Hill	[illegible]
Crown Point	12	Standard	[illegible]
Gould & Gurrie	24	Union Con.	[illegible]
Hale & Norcross	27	Utah Con.	[illegible]
Julia	1	Yellow Jacet	[illegible]

Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Silver bars, 63½; Mexican dollars, 50½@51; drafts, sight, 7½; telegraph, 10.

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California Bank, Los Angeles, Cal.
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DIRECTORS—W. F. Botsford, Wm. H. Burnham, John M. Miller, E. W. Jones, E. F. Lockspeich, Homer Laughlin, I. B. Newton, W. S. Newhall, H. C. Witmer. Capital, $300,000. Surplus and undivided profits, $..,...

MAIN STREET SAVINGS BANK. Paid-up Capital, $100,000. Junction Main, Spring and Temple sts. (Temple Block.) Los Angeles. Money loaned on real estate. Interest paid on deposits. Officers: T. L. DUQUE, President; I. N. VAN NUYS, Vice-President; B. J. VAWTER, Jr., Cashier. Directors: H. W. Hellman, Kaspare Cohn, H. W. O'Melveny, L. Winter, O. T. Johnson, Abe Haas, W. G. Kerckhoff.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SAVINGS BANK.
—152 NORTH SPRING— —INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS—
DIRECTORS—J. H. Braly, J. M. Elliott, H. Jevne, Frank A. Gibson, W. D. Woolwine, W. C. Patterson. SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT. Loans on real estate.

GERMAN AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK, Corner Main and First streets.
—CAPITAL AND PROFITS, $150,000—
Interest paid on deposits ...... Money loaned on Real Estate.

A. H. Conger, Suite 321, Wilcox Bldg.
Dealer in Municipal, School and Corporation Bonds, Local Bank Stocks and negotiator of Real Estate Mortgages. Money to loan and financial trusts executed.

COLUMBIA SAVINGS BANK—106 SOUTH BROADWAY. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
President, A. P. West; Vice-President, Robert Hale; Cashier, R. H. Sanborn.

CORRESPONDENTS:
Lamson Bros. & Co., Chicago
Henry Clews & Co., New York
W. E. Baines, San Francisco

INVEST IN SILVER BULLION CERTIFICASES
IF YOU THINK
MR. BRYAN WILL BE ELECTED.

Silver bullion is now selling at 63 cents an ounce; coinage value at 16 to 1 is $1.29 an ounce. Only 10c an ounce is required to buy it on margin. $100 will control 1000 ounces and protect it against declines to 53. Every rise of 1 cent an ounce earns $10 on each 1000 ounces purchased.

If Mr. Bryan is elected and silver minted at 16 to 1 each 1000 ounces bought now at 63 cents will give net returns of over $700 without any manipulation, but if it is sold out, profits taken and entire proceeds reinvested on each advance of 10 cents an ounce, the returns will exceed $10,000 on each $100 invested now. If reinvested on every 5 cents advance, each $100 will produce just $21,408.65.

If Mr. Bryan is not elected silver should maintain a moderate advance in price owing to natural conditions of supply and demand. Buy Trust and Railroad stocks if you think Mr. McKinley will be elected. They can be traded in on margin same as silver and wheat and will prove as profitable if McKinley is elected.

If you don't know who will be elected, invest in wheat—Secretary Wilson of the National department of Agriculture at Washington predicts much higher prices owing to the shortage in the world's supply; he advises all farmers to hold their wheat for at least $1 a bushel, and there appears every reason for believing it will sell much higher before another crop can be raised.

$100 invested now at 65 cents and sold when the market reaches 85 cents would net you $1097.50; in other words, you can earn 100 per cent. every time wheat advances one cent a bushel. The Telegraph Company maintains a private wire and operator in our office, furnishing continuous market quotations direct from New York for the benefit of our customers. REMEMBER YOU CAN LIMIT YOUR LOSSES WITHOUT LIMITING YOUR PROFITS. Wheat offers greater inducements than any other speculative commodity. WHY NOT INVESTIGATE? If too busy, one of our firm will call if requested. If interested write for our "Market Manual;" it will be mailed with our compliments.

WENDT & COMPANY, 210 West Second Street, Hollenbeck Hotel Block.

ONE BOTTLE CURES
M'Burney's KIDNEY and Bladder Cure
Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM.
One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures. Send 25c to W. F. McBurney, 418 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for five days' treatment. Express prepaid. Druggists.

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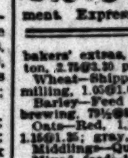
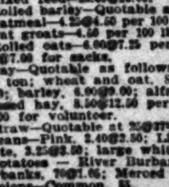
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO MARKETS
Direct Wires and Continuous Service
Tel. Main 942 212½ So. Spring St.



Mrs. Gervaise Graham's Quick Hair Restorer
Restores gray hair to its original color in a few days. Clear as water and as harmless; contains no lead, sulphur or other harmful ingredient; will not stain the skin or scalp. Its use cannot be detected.
For sale by MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON, 318 S. Spring St. All reliable druggists and dealers.



DR. KING & CO.,
Specialists for Men.
Varicocele, hydrocele, piles, skin and blood diseases, kidney, bladder and private diseases speedily cured. Call or write.
128 N. MAIN STREET, Los Angeles.

ARIZONA BUDGET

University Opened With Many Students.

Regents to Erect a New Machine Hall.

Phoenix Seeking More Water—Deming's Odd Commotion. George's Story.

TUCSON (Ariz.) Sept. 26.—[Regular Correspondence.] The University of Arizona has opened for the term with a larger attendance of students than ever before known in its history. It is appreciated that at this point can best be secured the practical, as well as theoretical, knowledge of a mining engineer, so an unusually large proportion of the matriculations have been in the College of Mines. As recognition of the policy that makes the mining department the preëminent one in the university, the Copper Queen Mining Company of Bisbee has donated $2000 to aid in the erection at the university of a machine hall. The new shop building to be erected by the regents of the university will cost about $4000, and afford the students all the practical instruction necessary in the operation of mining and shop machinery. The dormitory at the university is proving one of the best of the features of the institution. Sixty-six applications were made for admission to the boys' section before the fall term commenced.

AIDING GALVESTON.

A number of Tucson people were decidedly interested in the Galveston flood, owing to the presence of friends and relatives there, and in this city the expressions of commiseration for the sufferers have been followed by substantial donations of money. Mayor Hall appointed a committee to receive contributions, and $240 was telegraphed within a few days to Galveston. About as much more will be sent before the committee finishes its labors. Perhaps Jerome came next to Tucson in point of liberality, sending $235 for the same purpose. Flagstaff sent $200. The Yuma lodge of Elks telegraphed $25, and the Globe lodge of Elks has given a ball and fair for the purpose of raising funds. Small amounts have also been sent east from Phoenix and other points.

Mrs. Mary Shipley of Bisbee has started for the stricken city, in the hope of finding her daughter and her sister, both of whom are reported among the dead, but whom Mrs. Shipley believes to be living.

Prof. Rockfellow of Tombstone was on a Mallory line steamer in the gulf at the time of the disaster, and has brought home a graphic account of the sights he saw in the town, which he reached the day after the tidal wave.

TERRITORIAL NOTES.

J. D. Giger, Juan Chaves and Francisco Hermano were suffocated Thursday in a cesspool back of the Jacobs Block. Chaves was overcome by gas and Hermano and Giger went to his assistance, but were also stricken. The bodies were brought out by Frank Murphy, who risked his life in the hope that he might save at least one of the three.

Tucson has gotten over the uneasiness caused by the publication of a report that the machine shops of the Southern Pacific were to be moved to El Paso. The shops cause the disbursement of more than $60,000 per month in Tucson and their removal would be a positive calamity to the English-speaking section of the old pueblo. It now is definitely known that the Southern Pacific Company has no intention whatever of moving the shops from this point, but, on the contrary, is preparing for improvements and additions which will cost nearly $100,000.

General rains have been experienced during the past week in Southern Arizona and feed is springing up in most localities in quantity sufficient to carry the range cattle over the winter. The drought east of this point was the cause of a commotion in the town of Deming, where 2000 range cattle crowded into the burg to surround the railroad tank, wild for water. The citizens turned out and managed to drive the cattle away, though with much trouble.

There is now no doubt that a large body of artesian water underlies the town of Benson. The railroad well at that point is now flowing about seventy gallons a day, and other wells are to be sunk in the vicinity. The main flow was struck at a depth of 707 feet.

A man who calls himself Hiram George is held by the Sheriff under suspicion of insanity, though it is possible that his mind is only temporarily unhinged by privations. He tells that he left Baconachi, Mex., several weeks ago with $16,000 in coin, the proceeds of the sale of a mining property; that he was robbed by a man who had been with him as cook, and left on foot in the desert; that for fourteen days he lived on nothing but the fruit of the prickly pear and on the immense desert toads, which he caught and roasted upon the fire.

Superintendent Branch, the appointee of the Mayor, is temporarily in charge of the water supply, pending the acceptance of the water ordinance, and the appointee of the Council, L. Genner, is deposed, for the time being at least.

A case is pending in the land office involving a large number of town lots in Bisbee. Martin O'Hare has located several lots as mineral land and claims the right to work them, despite their prior appropriation as residence property. If the wins his case there will be trouble among the lot owners in Bisbee, for much of the camp is located on land with traces of mineral.

A curious charivari was that endured by Ed Williams and wife at Lordsburg lately. The usual serenade, with tin pans for instruments, was given Mr. Williams when he and his bride returned. Mr. Williams did the proper thing. The next night a large number of the ladies of Lordsburg congregated at the Williams residence and repeated the concert on much the same lines as the evening before. Whereupon Mrs. Williams appeared and squared things by inviting the ladies to the nearest soda fountain.

Dr. George Goodfellow denies the report that he is to take charge of the eating-houses along the Southern Pacific road.

The property of Rosario Brena has been turned over to A. Haas of Haas Bros. & Co. of Los Angeles in trust. The proceeds of the business as conducted by Mr. Haas will be turned over to Brena's creditors until 75 per cent of the claims has been paid.

Paul Hull, a Chicago newspaper man, who conducted the Weekly Grapple in Phoenix for about a year, and who lately has been editor of the Bisbee Herald, has relinquished his place upon the latter paper and has returned to Chicago, much improved in health by his sojourn in Arizona.

RIVERS RISE.

MORE WATER WANTED.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Sept. 26.—[Regular Correspondence.] Salt River has raised through the fall of rain in the mountains, though the Salt River Valley has been almost snubbed by the atmospheric disturbances common to the autumnal equinox. The promised rainfall turned out little more than a sandstorm. The Gila is atoning for years of aridity. Monday the stream rose five feet at the Maricopa railroad bridge in little over an hour. There were several small washouts along the line of the Southern Pacific, but the time card was joggled only a few days.

But the agitation for added water supply hasn't been switched by the temporary rise in the rivers. The Board of Trade has prepared a petition for added forest reserve areas in Arizona, on the headwaters of the streams that contribute to the local supply of irrigating water. Yesterday at the Board of Trade rooms was held a special meeting of the Storage Commission. The session was essentially a conference with F. M. Murphy, president of the Santa Fé, Prescott and Phoenix railway. Mr. Murphy is intimately associated with a number of important capitalists and has well-defined ideas concerning the manner in which capital may best be attracted to the scheme of furnishing this valley with water. His idea is the same as that advocated in the Republican a few months ago, that by private capital only may the Tonto Basin storage dam be built, and that for the encouragement of the enterprise the residents of the valley must go into their pockets. The enterprise would cost more than $2,000,000, and capital could not be expected to have confidence in it unless there was a showing that the community had confidence as well. Mr. Murphy's ideas were supported by a number of the largest taxpayers of the county, interested participants in the conference.

PHOENIX BREVITIES.

The case of the Halderman brothers has been presented again by Attorney Hopkins of Texas, assisted by several Arizona lawyers, retained in this novel appeal from the judgments of two Arizona courts. The Governor has the case under consideration, but has not announced when he will be able to reach a decision. The defense is urging that the prisoners may legally be tried for the second murder, if granted commutation of sentence to life imprisonment for the first.

Max Casaka, head salesman for Sam Korrick, one of the city's principal dry goods merchants, is gone and is believed to be in Mexico. With him went about $2000 of Korrick's money.

Late letters from Arisonians in Cape Nome tell a much pleasanter tale than those received during the early summer. The practical miners from Arizona report they are doing well in the diggings, though gold may not be had without labor and privation. The gamblers are not doing as well as they expected, and most of the Arizona contingent of sports have returned with depleted bank rolls.

There is fear that all the additions taken into the city during the past year have been illegally annexed and that the job will have to be done all over again. In the case of the annexation of Bennett addition, the City Attorney has assented to the contention that the majority of property-holders did not join in the petition for annexation and the city will be curtailed of eighty acres of domain, now entirely surrounded by territory whose residents believe and hope themselves legally citizens of the city.

One of the largest costs of the city government is that of street sprinkling, upon which $1250 was spent last month.

The Sturtevant contract for supplying Tempe with a municipal water system has expired. The townspeople will make another effort in the same direction when they have secured the assent of Congress to an issue of $15,000 in bonds.

The Phoenix Hospital, closed during the summer, has been reopened under the management of Miss Caroline Dittis.

Of the five games played at Phoenix Park, the Phoenix baseball team won only one from the Los Angeles visitors.

Members of the Phoenix Athletic Association are organizing a football association.

Pain's pyrotechnic show drew thousands to Phoenix Park Monday and Tuesday nights. The performances were managed locally by B. N. Pratt, of the Phoenix Street Railway Company. Indian cadets, from the Phoenix Indian school, furnished the soldiers for the San Juan spectacles.

E. M. Dorris has leased his theater to M. I. Crawford of Kansas, who will put it in a circuit of southwestern playhouses.

The Palace property, on East Washington street, has been sold by W. T. Smith to B. N. Pratt. The consideration named in the deed is $30,000.

Hirschfeld & Perkins, Democrats, have bet $1000 against $600 that McKinley will be elected.

Ferris Bros., late of Los Angeles, have sold the Phoenix merchandise business to C. W. McKee.

The Arizona Orange Association, a cooperative concern, embracing about all of the local growers of the fruit, has filed its articles of incorporation.

Gen. A. J. Sampson, Minister of the United States to Ecuador, is spending several weeks of his vacation in Phoenix among his old neighbors and friends. He is full of interesting anecdotes and descriptive stories concerning the country of his residence for the past three years. He considers Ecuador one of the most charming countries on the face of the earth, abounding in natural resources and with a climate of marvelous salubrity. The general speaks Spanish fluently and was entirely at home in the frequent ceremonial occasions in which the Spanish-American delights. The visitor will remain in the United States a large part of the winter. He will make several speeches in Arizona in support of the government, and may go to Los Angeles to speak.

H. Z. Zuck has returned to Tempe, after a year spent in northern New Mexico in search of health, and will resume the practice of law.

Miss Alice Mann, daughter of H. C. Mann of Peoria, Ariz., was wedded lately at Peoria, Ill., to Rev. Harry Thompson, formerly incumbent of a charge of the Presbyterian Church in Arizona.

Lindley H. Orme, for thirty years a resident of Arizona, three terms Sheriff of Maricopa county and several times the county's representative in the Legislature, died yesterday at his home near Phoenix.

From Manila comes word of the death in battle of Capt. D. D. Mitchell of the Fifteenth Infantry. Capt. Mitchell was well known to many Arizonans, as he served in the Spanish war as major of the First Battalion of the First Territorial Infantry, later being promoted to the lieutenant-colonelcy of the regiment.

Every Arizona household should have a Broadway Department Store catalogue on their reading table. The fall and winter edition has just been issued. It's been full of the brightest and newest bargains, but Broadway makes a strong feature of its out-of-town business, giving prompt and professional attention, even to the smallest order. They don't disappoint—that's it.

CIRCUS COMING.

Ringling Bros.' Great Show Will Parade in Los Angeles October Ninth—Wonderful Exhibition.

It is a curious fact that a circus is largely judged by the public from the character of its street parade. A circus with a small and shabby street display excites neither enthusiasm nor attention. The public judges, and judges wisely, that poorly-groomed horses, tawdry paraphernalia and unpainted cages are simply a reflex of the performance. On the other hand, fine stock, handsomely-costumed drivers, brilliant paraphernalia and massively-carved cages and tableaux cars are recognized as a promise of even better things under the big tents.

Ringling Bros., whose big show exhibits in Los Angeles, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 9 and 10, have taken advantage of this undeniable fact to organize a street parade that is thoroughly in keeping with the high character of their great exhibition. Those who have seen Ringling Bros.' parade in other cities declare that it is the finest display of the kind ever seen on the Pacific Coast.

There are mounted men and women, but the horses they ride are thoroughbred stock, and the best that money can buy, and instead of the conventional circus make-up, they are attired in brilliant costumes, representing the famous characters of different epochs in the world's history. This part of the display has a distinct military flavor. There is a mounted military band, dressed in the regulation United States cavalry uniform, and representations of the crack military organizations of the principal countries of the world, not forgetting Japan. An Egyptian caravan, crossing the Sahara, with its camels, dromedaries, fiery Arabian horses, Bedouins of the desert, Soudanese, Algerians and other strange people, brings that strange land of mystic interest close to the spectators' vision. The special children's section, with its prancing ponies, children's tableaux, children's hippodrome and miniature cages of rare wild beasts is a delight to the younger element, while the glimpses of imperial splendor given in the ancient Roman section, and the numberless new, novel and startling features in the other sections, including ten bands of music and over 100 tableau cars, dens and open cages of rare wild beasts, all combine to make this, it is declared, the most remarkable display of the kind ever attempted by a circus management. The parade, however, does not exhaust the possibilities of the great show. It is, in fact, simply an introduction to the splendid exhibition.

THE DIAMOND PALACE.

Art in jewelry is one of the most fascinating studies in fine arts and furnishes a wide scope for the artisan in the creation of beautiful designs appropriate to the various epochs of social and political life for ages past. The Diamond Palace, at 123 South Spring street, between First and Second streets, is one of the show places of the city, and is noted for the extent and rich assortment of a general line of diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverwire and silver novelties, which for value and beautiful designs are unexcelled in the city for the variety and distinguished effect in the artistic selection displayed. In diamonds, a choice assortment of set and unset stones are exhibited in the highest quality of steel-blue and blue-white diamonds in ear rings, crescents, solitaires, scarf pins and bar pins of exquisite designs. A superb line of ladies' and gentlemen's watches are displayed in all the standard lines of movements of Swiss, French, English and Mexican manufacture which are offered at current eastern prices, in every variety of watch cases made.

The constant demand for table silverware compels the steady importation of new patterns in silver service of which the Diamond Palace has a number of beautiful tea services and single pieces suitable for wedding presents.

The public are cordially invited to call and see this elegant new store.

A. BLASIUS & SONS' PIANO

Or any first-class make at Fitzgerald's, only $5 down and $5 monthly. No interest. 121 South Spring street.

ANY KIND OF HEADACHE

Leaves you quickly when you use Wright's Paragon Headache Remedy. Try it. 25 cents.

DRAMATIC sketches wanted for two, three or four characters. Los Angeles School of Dramatic Art.

The Grandest Treasure.

One of the fondest, happiest anticipations of a mother's heart is that by her husband's earnest toil, and by careful economy on both their parts they shall be able to lay by a little store which the baby when it is grown to manhood or womanhood shall have as its own private possession.

But every wife who expects to become a mother may provide a far more valuable treasure for her little one's future than can ever be contained in any savings bank if she will take the proper care of her own health and physical condition during the time when the baby is expected. And if every husband would feel it his bounden duty to see that all possible means are adopted to carry his wife safely through this critical time, he will help to bequeath to his offspring that health and natural vigor which is the grandest fortune a father can bestow.

"During the past year I found myself pregnant and in rapidly failing health," writes Mrs. W. J. Kidder, of Hill Dale Farm, (Enosburg Center) Enosburg, Vt., in a grateful letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. "I suffered dreadfully from bloating and urinary difficulty. I was growing perceptibly weaker each day and suffered much sharp pain at times. I felt that something must be done. I sought your advice and received a prompt reply. I followed your directions and took twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and also followed your instructions. I began to improve immediately, my health became excellent, and I could do all my own work (we live on a good sized farm). I walked and rode all I could, and enjoyed it. I had a short easy confinement and have a healthy baby boy."

"Favorite Prescription" is the only proprietary medicine in the world invented by an educated physician and scientific specialist for the one specific purpose of restoring health and strength to the distinctly feminine organism. It is a prompt relief and permanent cure for every form of female complaint or weakness.

No remedy relieves constipation so quickly and effectually as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Thunder and Lightning.

This is a rather **loud and vivid** expression to use, and would, in a climatic sense, indicate a storm, and that's just exactly the impression we wish to convey to your mind, from a business standpoint, **There is a storm brewing,** it will be upon us tomorrow in full blast, and will last during the whole week. It will develop into a regular **Hale storm,** and we expect to see a great many of our goods swept away, but, its been said, "it's an ill wind that blows nobody good," and you may depend upon it, it will **rain benefits** upon all whom this storm reaches. **A deluge of bargains.** Our stocks will be upheaved and tossed and tumbled about, but the only wreckage will be that of prices. Come in and view the grandeur of this tempest.

STYLISH

Where is the lady who does not wish to appear stylishly dressed? You will find it an easy matter to gratify that wish at a very little expense in this department.

Dressing Sacques

Fancy stripe of flannelette sacques, tucked back, full front, neatly trimmed all around with plain colored goods, they're nice..... $1.25

Plain blue and pink, also red polka dot flannelette sacque, tucked back, full front, a neat showy garment, for very little money ... $1.50

Collarettes.

Fine fur collarettes, made from electric seal, long tabs, trimmed in 8 martin tails and fancy lined..... $4.50

Fur and Plush Capes.

A seal plush cape, 18 inches long, edged all around with thibet fur, embroidered in braid, mercerized lining $3.50

A seal plush cape, several grades better than the other one, but similarly made and trimmed; worth all the difference in price..... $5.00

French coney fur cape, 18 inches long. Made from a good skin, silk serge lined, storm collar; a remarkable bargain at this price. $7.50

A Suit. An all-wool storm serge suit, in blue or black, fly front jacket, silk lined, new cut skirt, tailor stitched seams. It would be a very cheap suit at $10 ..... $7.50

A Suit. An all-wool homespun cloth suit, in black or gray, tight fitted Eton jacket, silk lined, velvet collars, flare skirt, tailor stitched seams, this one is pleasant to look upon..... $12

A Suit. All-wool English covert cloth suit, in tan color, new cut jacket, 6-button front, silk lined, flare bottom skirt, stitched seams, velvet collar..... $17.50

A Little Shower

Of fine bargains in fine dress goods for fine buyers. But it's only a drop in the bucket to what we can show you if you will allow us.

Fine Dress Fabrics.

Black.

42-inch Jacquard suitings, absolutely fast color, with very neat patterns 25c

56-inch Satin Sottel, in brocades. Very firm heavy weight, and high lustre finish..... 50c

60 inch peruvia cloth, one of the new black goods it comes in small figures, bright silk finished 75c

60 inch sibeline, another entirely new weave in black goods. It's beauty, and price will make it popular..... $1.00

Colored.

Granite homespuns, an all-wool, extra heavy cloth in plain and invisible plaids, stripes and checks..... 50c

40-inch Bannockburn suitings, a very fashionable goods in green, brown and red. You'll like it 85c

60-inch Zibeline. These come in grays and browns, and have the long shaggy effect which is the rage just now..... $1.75

54-inch tailor suitings, mixed Venetian effects, worth $1.25. Browns, tans and grays. Very serviceable $1.25

Silks.

24-inch taffetas, in black, white and a full line of colors, Swiss finish, all silk, very lustrous..... 50c

Black Peau de soie and Satin de Lyon, our regular $1.25 goods, very soft finish, extra heavy, all silk..... $1.10

27-inch $1.50 Taffetas in black and colors, Swiss finish and best made on the market..... $1.10

Panne Velvets, in all the new shades and prices. The $1.50 and $2.50 qualities are the best sellers..... $1.50

Corsets.

It's always understood that we have bargains for you in corsets all the time. Here are five specials for this week.

A misses' corset in drab or black, made of good sateen, medium length shoulder straps..... 50c

An extra good value, medium length long waist, 12-inch front, black, drab and fancy colors, an easy fitter..... $1.00

Kid fitting, long waist, high bust, short hip, steel filled, warranted not to punch through..... $1.50

A $4.00 corset, made extra long, best quality sateen, boned with whale bone, a big bargain at..... $2.75

A large line just in, of the Kabo bust perfectors, in white, drab or black..... $1.00

Stockings.

There is probably more beauties in hose this season than ever before. We can show a tremendous big assortment, but will only speak about six kinds today.

Child's fine ribbed, fast black, double sole and heel, regular 20c hose..... 12½c

Children's fine ribbed red cotton, warranted perfectly fast, a hose we sold for 25c..... 19c

Children's fast black, heavy ribbed, bicycle hose, elastic and a good size number..... 17c

Ladies' fine gauze fast black a 25c stocking, whole white foot, double sole..... 15c

Ladies' fast black, fancy dropped stitch, silk, formerly a $1.00 stocking. A wonderful bargain..... 50c

Ladies' fancy drop stitch, in new, soft shades of silk. No trouble to get $1.00 for them. We want you to see them..... 50c

Children's Hats

Nothing is more becoming on a little girl than a nice head covering. We mention these three and have many others.

A 75c Fancy Tam O' Shanter, boucle cloth in Scotch plaids, two feathers, fancy buckle; colors blue, brown and garnet..... for 50c

A $2.00 Hat, fancy ribbon silk with white feather and fancy rosette, colors, pink, light blue, royal, red, cream and brown..... for $1.25

A 2.50 Hat of fancy shirred ribbon silk, and baby ribbon with silk rosette; comes in all the popular shades..... for $1.90

A Whirlwind

Has already been at work with our rugs and carpets. We advertised them last Friday, and at these prices they are worth blowing about.

ART SQUARES AND RUGS.

A $5.00 art square, 9x9 feet, in handsome colors and patterns, for only..... $3.45

A $6.00 art square, size 9x10½ feet, in the newest designs and colorings, for..... $4.00

A $6.75 art square, size 9x10½ feet, a little better quality than the one just above mentioned, for..... $4.50

A $6.50 art square, size 9x12 feet, an extra large floor covering, and just look at the price..... $4.75

A $1.25 rug, best quality of moquette carpet, beautiful persian patterns, good size. A $1.75 rug. Smyrna, you know what they are, fringed and all new patterns, for..... 87c

$1.43

Head Rests.

We carry a line of sofa, cushion and chair pillows that would do your heart good to look at. Covered and uncovered, silk floss filled and down filled, little and big sizes, at any and all kinds of prices. Suppose you take a look at them.

Tales

807-809 North Spring St.

The Last Drop.

Just come down while we are writing this. We have somest line of dainty striped, light colored ever seen at this price. These ought to and will stir up quite a breeze.

NEW OUTINGS.....

Tempest Tossed

If a quan had passed through a stock fami n't have brushed off any more of the price than we have done for your benefit.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS.

A 10-4 half-wool fleecy white blanket, bordered in red, blue and pink, silk tape bound. This same as above, only in 11-4 size. These two blankets are so serviceable and as handsome as $5 all-wool ones..... $2.50 / $3.25 / $3.50

Another 10-4 white; when we describe one it almost answers for all, except the price.....

Here is a 10-4 all wool, extra heavy blanket; yellow, pink, blue or red borders, hard to duplicate at $5.00.....

Now we give you a heavy 11-4 size, fleecy and soft, pure white and a regular beauty..... This isn't our best, although it would pass for much higher priced 11-4 full size, worth about $

UNDERWEAR For Females.

If not already acquainted, we want to introduce to you the "Globe" brand of knit underwear, for which we have exclusive sale in this city. They stand head and shoulders above any other makes.

Knit.

Globe vest or pants, heavy ribbed gray wool, silk finished, and regular full fashioned..... $1.50

Globe vest or pants, soft, fine ribbed, soft gray wool, full and silk finished..... $1.75

Combination suits, heavy cord, cotton ribbed, silk and full regular finished..... $1.50

Combination suits, heavy, white and gray wool ribbed, open down fronts, extra quality..... $2.75

Combination suits, heavy silk and wool, light blue and white, full finished..... $4.00

Vests or pants, heavy cord, ribbed cotton, fleece lined, were 50c..... 35c

Flannelette.

Knee skirts, striped cotton ruffle, trimmed with feather braid..... 50

Knee skirts, in plain colors of flannel, hemstitched ruffle, full width..... 75

Gowns, for children, striped flannelette, mother hubbard style and blue, all sizes..... 50

Gowns, for ladies, striped, fine weight flannelette, mother hubbard style..... $1.25

Ladies' gowns, heavy white, mother hubbard, round yoke, trimmed in finishing braid..... $1.50

Ladies gowns, heavy pink striped flannelette, trimmed with torchon lace..... $1.50

Dress Flannels

This is a printed flannelette, made especially for dresses; dark colors, pretty patterns, 12½c goods..... 9c

Cotton French Flannels

Same colors, same patterns, as the all-wool ones. You wouldn't know they were cotton if you didn't handle them..... 20c

Wool French Flannels

Finest quality in all the newest shades, in plain, dotted and figures, they are sellers..... 75c

Outings

A big line of regular 10c flannels in new stripes and plaids, dark or light colors..... 8½c

Cream Flannel

A thick, heavy, all wool, cream flannel has been selling readily at 15c, this week for..... 19c

Towels

A blue checked cotton towel, selvedge edges; size 18x36, will not lint..... 4½c

Strange to say, this is an all linen huck, good size, hemmed with colored borders 14½x33 in..... 5c

A pure linen huck towel, size 19x39 inch, a former 15c one, hemmed and bordered..... 10c

This is our 20c one, a heavy piece of huck, 18x39 inch; a splendid towel to wear..... 15c

Table Linen

A 58-inch bleached damask, a floral pattern and linen finish.....

An all-linen damask, full bleached, 62 inches wide and a regular 85c quality.....

Our 75c bleached all-linen damask, 64 inches wide; a handsome assortment of patterns.....

This is a 70-inch, extra heavy bleached damask and makes a most durable cloth.....

A 70-inch bleached linen damask, extra nice quality, will compare favorably with any $1 linen.....

A 56-inch cream, all linen damask, a weighty piece of linen at the price of cotton.....

58-inch locomitive, heavy linen damask, especially adapted for roller towels and boarding houses.....

64-inch all-linen cream damask, splendid piece of goods, never had trouble in selling at 90c.....

Crashes.

Here is a good 10c crash, partly bleached, with colored and plain borders .....

A glass toweling, 20 inches wide, has been selling for 12½c, blue or red plaid .....

A 17-inch plain bleached linen crash, and one of the best wearing crashes we have.....

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If you are, let us help you to get them. We'll save you time and trouble and sell you the best linings, made and best wearing carpets in town—and save you money.

New Line of Rugs Just Received $2.50 and up.

I. T. Martin

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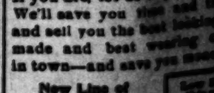

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Has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

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